Intro to Aggregation: From Query Components to Aggregation Stages

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Queries have implicit stages

```
cursor = db.laureates.find(
  filter={"bornCountry": "USA"},
  projection={"prizes.year": 1},
  limit=3
)
for doc in cursor:
  print(doc["prizes"])
```

```
[{'year': '1923'}]
[{'year': '1927'}]
[{'year': '1936'}]
```

```
cursor = db.laureates.aggregate([
   stage_1,
   stage_2,
   ...
])
```

```
cursor = db.laureates.aggregate([
     {"$match": {"bornCountry": "USA"}},
     {"$project": {"prizes.year": 1}},
     {"$limit": 3}
])
for doc in cursor:
    print(doc["prizes"])
```

```
[{'year': '1923'}]
[{'year': '1927'}]
[{'year': '1936'}]
```

Adding sort and skip stages

But can I count?

```
[{'n_USA-born-laureates': 269}]

db.laureates.count_documents({"bornCountry": "USA"})
```

What about db.laureates.distinct("bornCountry") ?

269

Let's practice!

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Back to Counting:

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Field paths

expression object?

expression: 1

- expression: {"\$size": "\$prizes"}
- field path: \$prizes

Operator expressions

```
db.laureates.aggregate([
   {"$project": {"n_prizes": {"$size": "$prizes"}}}
]).next()
operator expression: {"$size": "$prizes"}
   field path: $prizes
db.laureates.aggregate([
   {"$project": {"n_prizes": {"$size": ["$prizes"]}}}
]).next()
```

```
{'_id': ObjectId('5bd3a610053b1704219e19d4'), 'n_prizes': 1}
```



One more example: a multi-parameter operator

```
{'_id': ObjectId('5bd3a610053b1704219e19d4'), 'solo_winner': True}
```

Implementing .distinct()

True

- \$group must map _id , which must be unique (like any Mongo document)
- No \$match before \$group
 - All distinct "bornCountry" values captured
 - including "no value" (None)

How many prizes have been awarded in total?

```
[{'_id': None, 'n_prizes_total': 941}]
```

- {"_id": None"} ?one document out.
- \$sum operator acts as accumulator in \$group stage

Let's practice!

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Zoom into Array Fields with \$unwind

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Sizing and summing

```
[{'year': '2018', 'category': 'physics', 'n_laureates': 3},
{'year': '2018', 'category': 'chemistry', 'n_laureates': 3},
{'year': '2018', 'category': 'medicine', 'n_laureates': 2},
...]
```

```
[{'_id': 'medicine', 'n_laureates': 216},
    {'_id': 'physics', 'n_laureates': 210},
    {'_id': 'chemistry', 'n_laureates': 181},
    {'_id': 'peace', 'n_laureates': 133},
    {'_id': 'literature', 'n_laureates': 114},
    {'_id': 'economics', 'n_laureates': 81}]
```

How to \$unwind

```
[{'year': '2018',
    'category': 'physics',
    'laureates': {'surname': 'Ashkin', 'share': '2'}},
    {'year': '2018',
        'category': 'physics',
        'laureates': {'surname': 'Mourou', 'share': '4'}},
    {'year': '2018',
        'category': 'physics',
        'laureates': {'surname': 'Strickland', 'share': '4'}}]
```

Renormalization, anyone?

\$unwind and count 'em, one by one

```
[{'_id': 'medicine', 'n_laureates': 216},
    {'_id': 'physics', 'n_laureates': 210},
    {'_id': 'chemistry', 'n_laureates': 181},
    {'_id': 'peace', 'n_laureates': 133},
    {'_id': 'literature', 'n_laureates': 114},
    {'_id': 'economics', 'n_laureates': 81}]
```

\$lookup

```
[{'_id': None,
  'bornCountries': [
    'the Netherlands', 'British West Indies (now Saint Lucia)', 'Ita
    'Germany (now Poland)', 'Hungary', 'Austria', 'India', 'USA',
    'Canada', 'British Mandate of Palestine (now Israel)', 'Norway',
    'Russian Empire (now Russia)', 'Russia', 'Finland', 'Scotland',
    'France', 'Sweden', 'Germany', 'Russian Empire (now Belarus)',
    'United Kingdom', 'Cyprus'
```

```
bornCountries = db.laureates.distinct(
    "bornCountry", {"prizes.category": "economics"})
assert set(bornCountries) == set(agg[0]['bornCountries'])
```

Time to unwind... with exercises!

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Something Extra: \$addFields to Aid Analysis

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A somber \$project

```
OperationFailure: Error parsing date string '0000-00-00';
11: The parsed date was invalid ''
```

```
OperationFailure: Error parsing date string '1898-00-00';
11: The parsed date was invalid ''
```

splitandcond-itionally correct (with \$concat)

```
docs = list(db.laureates.aggregate([
    {"$match": {"died": {"$gt": "1700"}, "born": {"$gt": "1700"}}},
    {"$addFields": {"bornArray": {"$split": ["$born", "-"]},
                    "diedArray": {"$split": ["$died", "-"]}}},
    {"$addFields": {"born": {"$cond": [
        {"$in": ["00", "$bornArray"]},
        {"$concat": [{"$arrayElemAt": ["$bornArray", 0]}, "-01-01"]},
        "Sborn"
    ]}}},
    {"$project": {"died": {"$dateFromString": {"dateString": "$died"}},
                  "born": {"$dateFromString": {"dateString": "$born"}},
                  "_id": 0}}
```



A \$bucket list

```
docs = list(db.laureates.aggregate([
    {"$project": {"died": {"$dateFromString": {"dateString": "$died"}},
                  "born": {"$dateFromString": {"dateString": "$born"}}}},
    {"$project": {"years": {"$floor": {"$divide": [
        {"$subtract": ["$died", "$born"]},
       31557600000 # 1000 * 60 * 60 * 24 * 365.25
    ]}}},
    {"$bucket": {"groupBy": "$years",
                 "boundaries": list(range(30, 120, 10))}}
]))
for doc in docs: print(doc)
 '_id': 30, 'count': 1}
  _id': 40, 'count': 6}
```

Practice \$addFields

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Wrap-Up

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You know know how to...

- Create and compose query filters and use operators
- Use dot notation
- Fetch values, arrays, use regex
- Project, sort, index
- Aggregate

- MongoDB documentation
- PyMongo documentation

Thanks!

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