

9/18

How to calculate $f'(x)$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

more easily than directly from definition.

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} - 7}{\sqrt{x} + 7} = \left(\frac{u}{v} \right) : \quad \frac{d}{dx} u \cdot v^{-1}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+h} - 7}{\sqrt{x+h} + 7} \right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{x} - 7}{\sqrt{x} + 7} \right)}{h} = ?$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{v u' - u v'}{v^2} : \quad \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 7)(\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}) - (\sqrt{x} - 7)(\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2})}{(\sqrt{x} + 7)^2}$$

$$= \frac{7\sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x} + 7)^2}$$

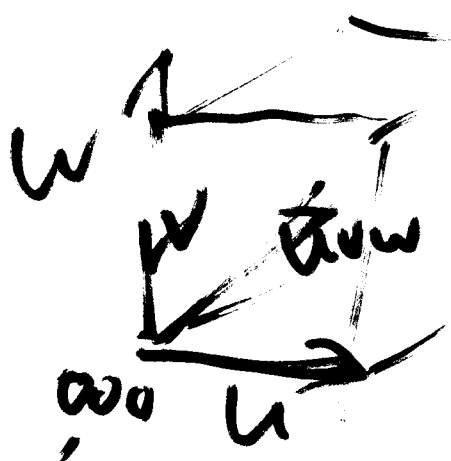
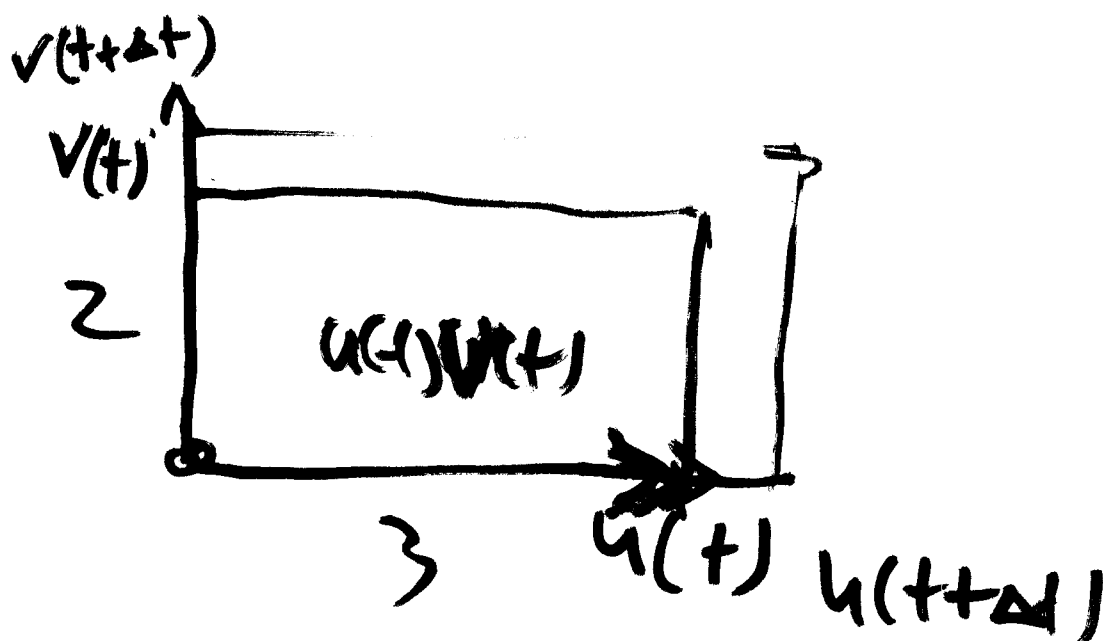
$$f(x) = u(x) \cdot v(x)$$

$$u \cdot (v)'$$

$$u'v''$$

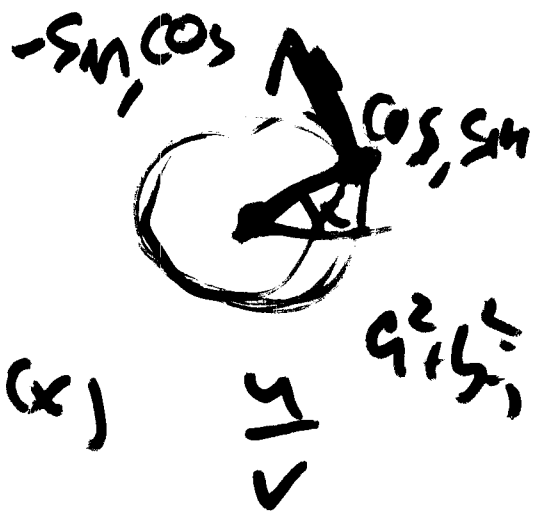
$$\frac{u'}{v} + -1v \cdot v''$$

$$f'(x) = u'(x) \cdot v(x) + u(x) v'(x)$$



$$f(x) = u(x) \cdot v(x) \cdot w(x)$$

$$f'(x) = u'v w + u v' w + u v w'$$



$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} = \tan(x)$$

$$\langle \cos, \sin \rangle' = \langle -\sin, \cos \rangle$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\overbrace{\cos(x)\cos(x) - \sin(x)(-\sin(x))}^{(\cos^2 + \sin^2)}}{\cos(x)^2} = \frac{v u' - u v'}{v^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\cos(x))^2} = \sec^2(x)$$

$$f_1(x) = x \quad f'_1(x) = 1$$

$$f_2(x) = x \cdot x \quad f'_2(x) = 1 \cdot x + x \cdot 1 = \underline{2x}$$

$$f_3(x) = x^2 \cdot x : f'_3(x) = 2x \cdot x + x^2 \cdot 1 = 3x^2$$

$$f_3(x) = x \cdot x \cdot x \quad f'_3(x) = 1 \cdot x \cdot x + x \cdot 1 \cdot x + x \cdot x \cdot 1$$

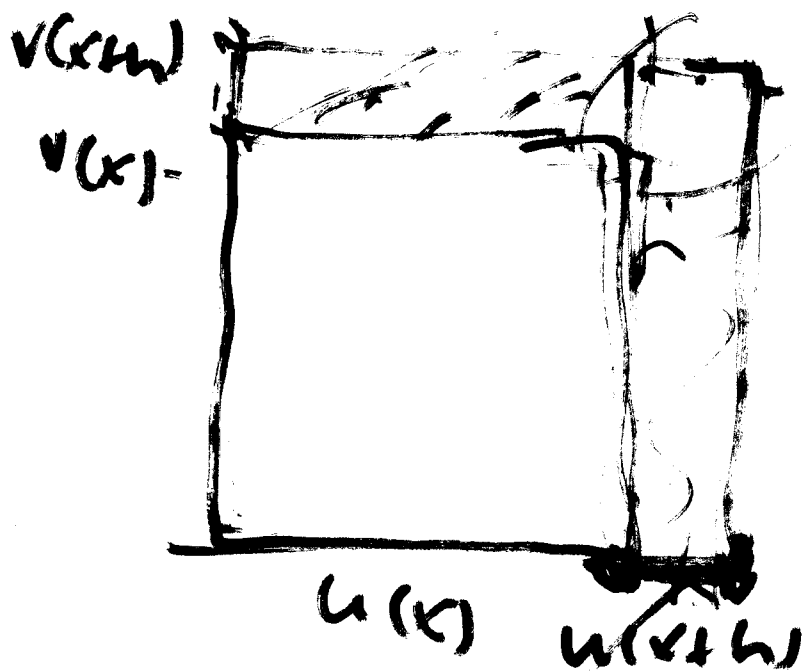
$$(C, S)' = (-S, C)$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \cdot \sin x + \cos x \cdot \cos x = 1$$

$$f'(x) \quad C \cdot S + S \cdot C + (-S) \cdot C + C \cdot -S = 0$$

$$f(x) = u(x)v(x) \quad f'(x) =$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{u(x+h)v(x+h) - u(x)v(x)}{h}$$



$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\underbrace{(u(x+h) - u(x))v(x+h)}_h + \underbrace{u(x)(v(x+h) - v(x))}_h \right)$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \underbrace{v(x+h)}_h \underbrace{(u(x+h) - u(x))}_h + \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \underbrace{u(x)}_h \underbrace{(v(x+h) - v(x))}_h$$

Sum rule of limits

Product of lim: k

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{V(x+h) \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (u(x+h) - u(x))}{h}$$

$$\downarrow \text{ since } u(x) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{V(x+h) - V(x)}{h} = V(x) u'(x) + u(x) V'(x)$$

if V' exists -

denominator $h \rightarrow 0$ Numerator $\rightarrow 0$

$$\Rightarrow V(x+h) \rightarrow V(x)$$