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Approximate

$$\sqrt[3]{8.1} = \sqrt[3]{8+0.1}$$

2/8  $y = x^3$

$y = x^{1/3}$

$\frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3} = \frac{1}{3x^{2/3}}$

$m = 1/12$

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$(8, 2)$

Zoom

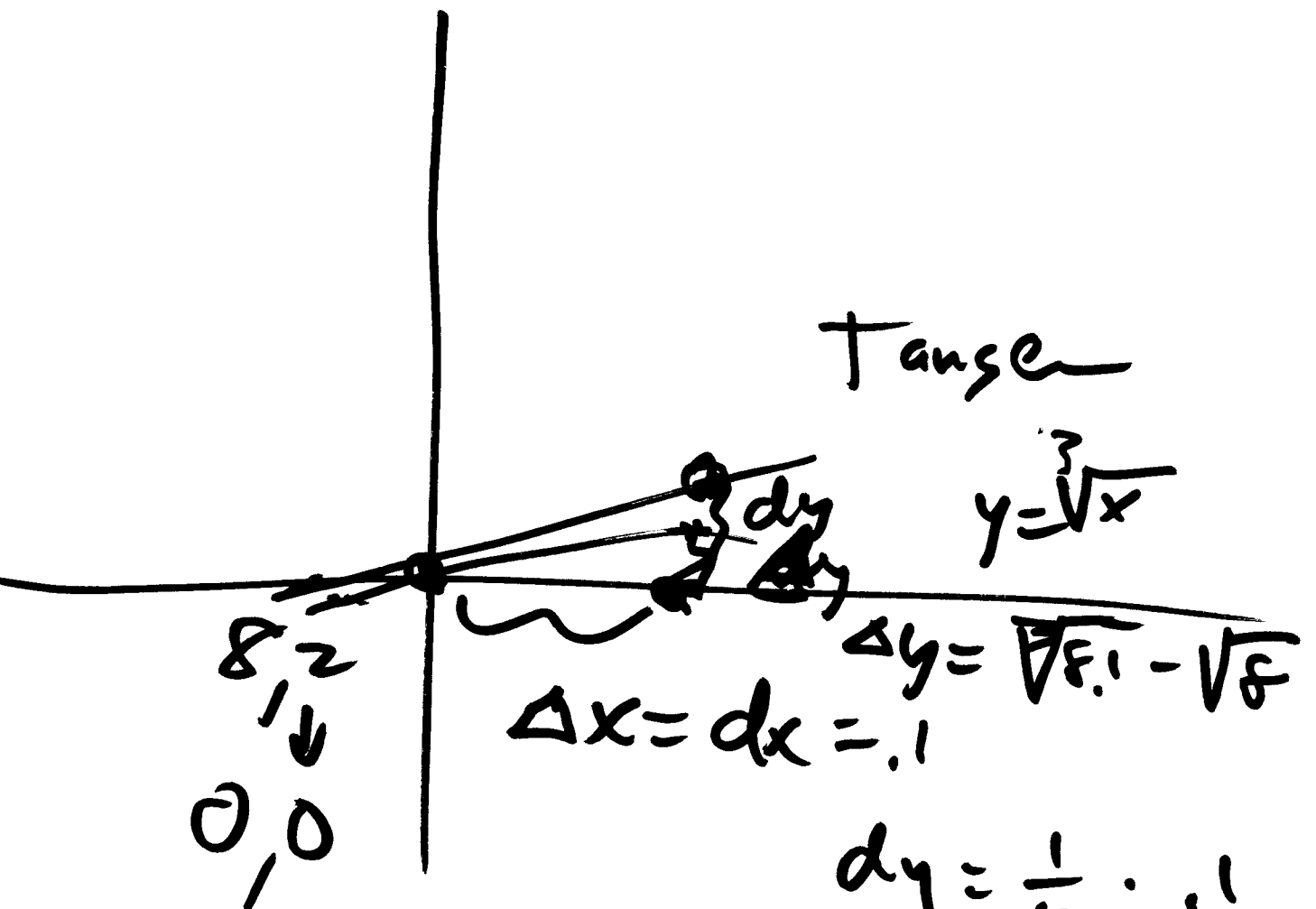
$\frac{dy}{dx} \frac{dx}{dr}$   
rise = slope. run  
 $\frac{1}{12} : 1$

$m = \frac{1}{12}$

$(8, 2)$   
 $(8.1, \sqrt[3]{8.1})$

$y - 2 = \frac{1}{12} (x - 8)$

$dy = \frac{dy}{dx} dx$



$$dy = \frac{1}{12} \cdot .1$$

$$f'(8) \cdot \Delta x$$

$$2 + \frac{1}{12} \cdot .1 = 2.00833 \dots$$

$$\sqrt[3]{8.1} = (8.1)^{1/3} = \underline{\underline{2.008298}}$$

$$b^{x+y} = b^x b^y = \underbrace{1 \cdot b \cdot b \dots b}$$

$$2^{\underline{2+3}} = \underline{2^2} \cdot \underline{2^3}$$

$$2^5 = 32 = 4 \cdot 8$$

$$\underbrace{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}_5 = \underbrace{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}_2 \cdot \underbrace{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}_3$$

$$\log_2(\underline{32}) = \log_2(\underline{4 \cdot 8})$$

$$\log_2(\underline{2^5}) = \log_2(2^2) + \log_2(2^3)$$

$$\underline{5} = \underline{2} + 3$$

$$2^{\log_2(2^5)} = 2^5 = \log_2(4) + \log_2(8)$$

The log of the product is the sum of the logs  
 The exponential of the sum is the product of the exponentials

$$10^2 \cdot 10^3 = 10^{2+3}$$

$$\log_{10}(100 \cdot 1000) = \log_{10}(100) + \log_{10}(1000)$$


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$$\log_{10}(100 \cdot 100 \cdot 100 \cdot 100 \cdot 100)$$

$$= \log_{10}(100^5)$$

$$= \log_{10} 100 + \log_{10} 100 + \log_{10} 100 + \log_{10} 100 + \log_{10} 100$$

$$= 5 \log_{10}(100)$$

$$(10^2)(10^2)(10^3) = 10^{2+2+2} = 10^{3 \cdot 2}$$

$$\left\{ b^x b^y = b^{x+y} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \log_b(xy) = \log_b(x) + \log_b(y) \right.$$

$$\left\{ (b^x)^y = b^{x \cdot y} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \log_b(x^y) = y \log_b x \right.$$


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$$\left\{ \log_b\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \log_b(xy^{-1}) = \log_b x + \log_b y^{-1} \right.$$

$$= \log_b x - \log_b y$$


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$$b^{\log_b x} = x$$

$$\log_b(b^x) = x$$

$$f(x) = 2^x$$

$$x^y = \text{pow}(x, y)$$

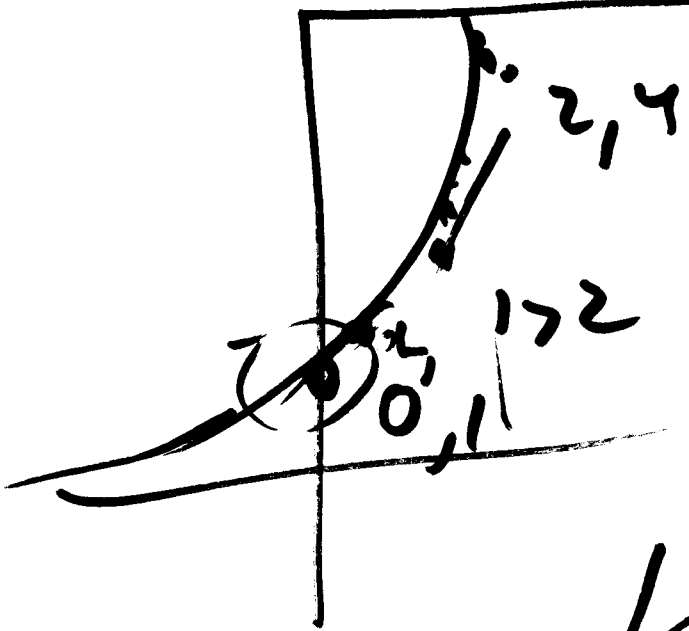
$$f'(x) \neq x \cdot 2^{x-1}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{x+h} - 2^x}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^x \cdot 2^h - 2^x}{h}$$

$$= 2^x \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^h - 1}{h}$$

$$= f'(0) \cdot 2^x$$



$$t=3 \quad y=5$$

$$t=7 \quad y=10$$

$$(3, 5) \quad (7, 10)$$

$$y = 5 \cdot \left( \frac{10}{5} \right)^{\frac{t-3}{7-3}}$$

$$= 5 \cdot 2^{(t-3)/4}$$

$$= 5 \left( e^{\ln 2} \right)^{(t-3)/4} = \underline{5e^{\frac{(t-3)\ln 2}{4}}}$$