Algorithm 1 K-Nearest Neighbor Classification (K-NNC)

- 1: **Input:** Training dataset $D = \{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_n, y_n)\}$, test sample x, integer K
- 2: Output: Predicted label y for test sample x
- 3: for each training sample (x_i, y_i) in D do
- 4: Compute the Euclidean distance d_i between x and x_i
- 5: end for
- 6: Sort all distances in ascending order
- 7: Select the K training samples with the smallest distances
- 8: Count the frequency of each label among the K neighbors
- 9: Assign the label with the highest frequency to \boldsymbol{x}
- 10: **return** predicted label y