# Status of Pacific ocean perch (Sebastes alutus) along the US west coast in 2017



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#### DRAFT SAFE

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# ■ Executive Summary

executive-summary

 $_{ ext{ iny Stock}}$ 

This assessment reports the status of the Pacific ocean perch (Sebastes alutus) speciess off rockfish off the U.S. West Coast from Northern California to the Canadian Border using data through 2017. Pacific ocean perch are most abundant in the Gulf of Alaska and have observed off of Japan, in the Bering Sea, and south to Baja California, although they are sparse south of Oregon and rare in southern California. Composition data indicate that good recruitment years coincide in Oregon and Washington. To date, no significant genetic differences have been found in the range covered by this assessment.

# 97 Landings

landings

The first year that harvest of Pacific ocean perch exceeded 1 mt off the U.S. West Coast first occured in 1929. Catches ramped up in the 1940s with large removals in Washington waters. During the 1950s the removals primarly occured in Oregon waters with catches from Washington declining following the 1940s. The largest removals in 1966-1968 were largely a result of harvest by foreing vessels. The fishery proceed with more moderate removals ranging between 1,200 to 2,600 metric tons per year between 1969 to 1980. Removals generally decined from 1981 to 1994 to between 1,000 and 1,700 metric tons per year. Pacific ocean perch was declared overfished in 1999 resulting in large reduction in harvest in recent years since the declaration.

Table a: Landings (mt) for the past 10 years for Pacific ocean perch by fleet.

						tab:Exec_ca	tch
Year	California	Oregon	Washington	At-sea	Research	Total	
				Hake		Landings	
2007	0.15	83.65	45.12	4.05	0.58	133.55	
2008	0.39	58.64	16.61	15.93	0.80	92.37	
2009	0.92	58.75	33.22	1.56	2.72	97.17	
2010	0.14	58.00	22.29	16.87	1.68	98.98	
2011	0.12	30.26	19.66	9.17	1.94	61.14	
2012	0.18	30.41	21.79	4.52	1.62	58.51	
2013	0.08	34.86	14.83	5.41	1.71	56.89	
2014	0.18	33.92	15.82	3.92	0.57	54.41	
2015	0.12	38.12	11.41	8.71	1.59	59.95	
2016	0.19	34.15	13.12	10.30	0.12	57.87	

#### Data and Assessment

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data-and-assessment

This a new full assessment for Pacific ocean perch which was last assessed in 2011. In this assessment, all aspects of the model including catches, data, and modelling assumptions were re-evaluated as much as possible. The assessment was conducted using the length- and age-structured modeling software Stock Synthesis (version 3.30). The coastwide population was modeled assuming separate growth and mortality parameters for each sex (a two-sex model) from 1918 to 2017, and forecasted beyond 2017.

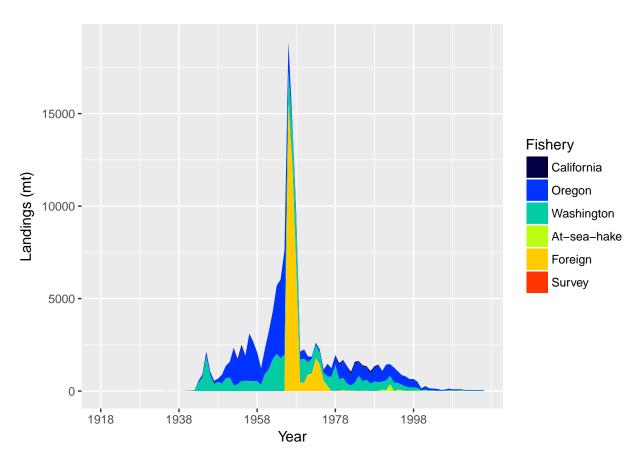


Figure a: Landings of Pacific ocean perch for California, Oregon, Washington, the Foriegn fishery (1966-1976), At-Sea Hake fishery, and fishery independent surveys.

Stock Biomass stock-biomass

Include: trends and current levels relative to virgin or historic levels, description of uncertainty-include table for last 10 years and graph with long term estimates.

Spawning output Figure: Figure b Spawning output Table(s): Table b Relative depletion Figure: Figure c

Example text (remove Models 2 and 3 if not needed - if using, remove the # in-line comments!!!)
The estimated relative depletion level (spawning output relative to unfished spawning output)
of the the base-case model in 2017 is 17.2% (~95% asymptotic interval:  $\pm$  -3.43%-37.9%)
(Figure c).

Table b: Recent trend in estimated spawning output (million eggs) and relative spawning output.

			ta	b:SpawningDeplete_mod1
Year	Spawning Output	~ 95% confidence	Estimated	~ 95% confidence
	(million eggs)	interval	depletion	interval
2008	541.00	-65 - 1146	0.10	-0.010 - 0.205
2009	565.00	-74 - 1204	0.10	-0.012 - 0.215
2010	581.00	-86 - 1248	0.10	-0.014 - 0.223
2011	594.00	-97 - 1286	0.11	-0.016 - 0.230
2012	610.00	-104 - 1324	0.11	-0.017 - 0.237
2013	627.00	-110 - 1364	0.11	-0.018 - 0.244
2014	666.00	-122 - 1453	0.12	-0.020 - 0.260
2015	752.00	-145 - 1649	0.14	-0.024 - 0.296
2016	861.00	-175 - 1897	0.15	-0.029 - 0.340
2017	955.00	-204 - 2114	0.17	-0.034 - 0.379

# Spawning output with ~95% asymptotic intervals Spawning output 2000 3000 Year

Figure b: Time series of spawning output trajectory (circles and line; median; light broken lines: 95% credibility intervals) for the base case assessment model. fig:Spawnbio\_all

#### Spawning depletion with ~95% asymptotic intervals

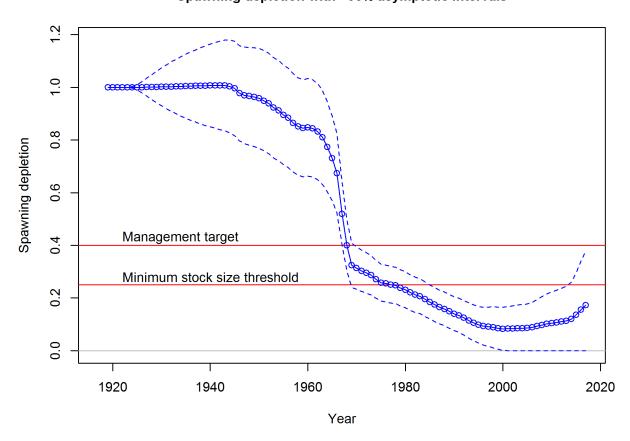


Figure c: Estimated relative depletion with approximate 95% asymptotic confidnce intervals (dashed lines) for the base case assessment model.  $\lceil$  fig:RelDeplete\_all

Recruitment recruitment

Include: trends and current levels relative to virgin or historic levels-include table for last 10 years and graph with long term estimates.

Recruitment Figure: (Figure d)
Recruitment Tables: (Tables c)

Table c: Recent estimated trend in recruitment with approximate 95confidence intervals determined from the base model

				<u>tab:Recruit_mod1</u>
Year	Estimated	~ 95% confidence	Estimated	$\sim 95\%$ confidence
	Recruitment	interval	Recruitment	interval
			Devs.	
2008	29804.00	9242 - 96115	2.98	2.580 - 3.389
2009	612.00	150 - 2489	-0.96	-1.948 - 0.027
2010	1322.00	308 - 5668	-0.23	-1.336 - 0.868
2011	1724.00	411 - 7240	-0.01	-1.045 - 1.030
2012	1478.00	338 - 6458	-0.20	-1.322 - 0.912
2013	2217.00	493 - 9971	0.16	-1.019 - 1.335
2014	1713.00	370 - 7935	-0.17	-1.406 - 1.061
2015	2272.00	463 - 11142	0.00	-1.372 - 1.372
2016	2558.00	525 - 12469	0.00	-1.372 - 1.372
2017	2799.00	689 - 11373	0.00	-0.970 - 0.970

#### Age-0 recruits (1,000s) with ~95% asymptotic intervals

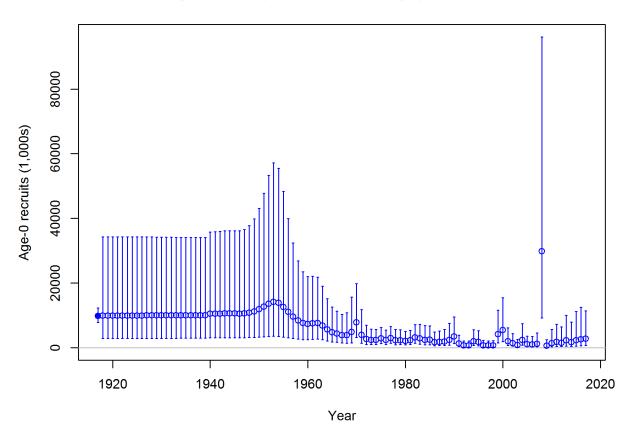


Figure d: Time series of estimated Pacific ocean perch recruitments for the base-case model with 95% confidence or credibility intervals. f ig:Recruits\_all

# 29 Exploitation status

exploitation-status

Include: exploitation rates (i.e., total catch divided by exploitable biomass, or the annual SPR harvest rate) include a table with the last 10 years of data and a graph showing the trend in fishing mortality relative to the target (y-axis) plotted against the trend in biomass relative to the target (x-axis).

- Exploitation Tables: Table d, Table ??, Table ?? Exploitation Figure: Figure e).
- A summary of Pacific ocean perch exploitation histories for base model is provided as Figure f.

Table d: Recent trend in spawning potential ratio (1-SPR) and summary exploitation rate for Pacific ocean perch.

				<u>tab:SPR_Exploi</u> t_mod1
Year	Fishing	~ 95% confidence	Exploitation	~ 95% confidence
	intensity	interval	rate	interval
2007	0.506	0.065 - 0.948	0.012	-0.001 - 0.025
2008	0.429	0.031 - 0.827	0.010	-0.001 - 0.021
2009	0.548	0.056 - 1.040	0.014	-0.002 - 0.031
2010	0.517	0.042 - 0.992	0.013	-0.002 - 0.029
2011	0.199	-0.014 - 0.412	0.004	-0.001 - 0.008
2012	0.184	-0.015 - 0.384	0.003	-0.001 - 0.007
2013	0.172	-0.016 - 0.361	0.003	-0.001 - 0.006
2014	0.151	-0.017 - 0.319	0.003	-0.001 - 0.006
2015	0.147	-0.019 - 0.313	0.003	-0.001 - 0.006
2016	0.128	-0.019 - 0.276	0.002	-0.001 - 0.005

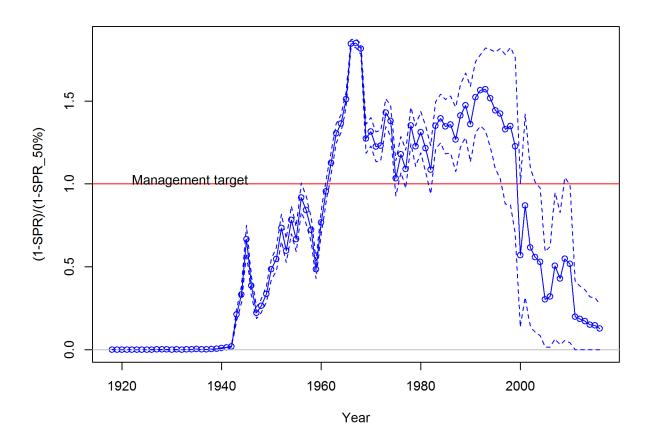


Figure e: Estimated spawning potential ratio (SPR) for the base-case model. One minus SPR is plotted so that higher exploitation rates occur on the upper portion of the y-axis. The management target is plotted as a red horizontal line and values above this reflect harvests in excess of the overfishing proxy based on the SPR $_{50\%}$  harvest rate. The last year in the time series is 2016.

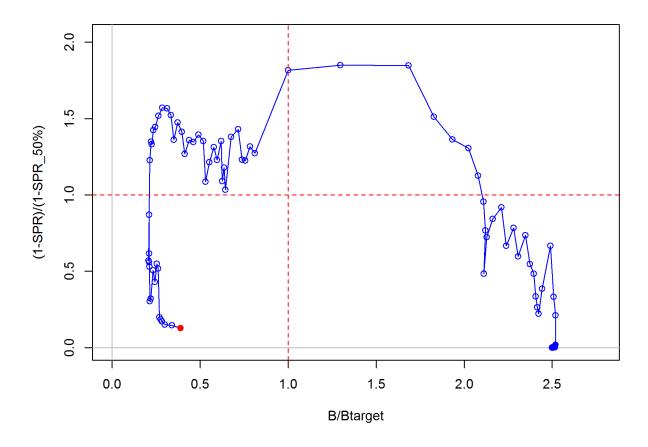


Figure f: Phase plot of estimated relative (1-SPR) vs. relative spawning biomass for the base case model. The relative (1-SPR) is (1-SPR) divided by 50% (the SPR target). Relative depletion is the annual spawning biomass divided by the unfished spawning biomass.

#### 137 Ecosystem Considerations

ecosystem-considerations

In this assessment, ecosystem considerations were.....

#### Reference Points

reference-points

Include: management targets and definition of overfishing, including the harvest rate that brings the stock to equilibrium at  $B_{40\%}$  (the  $B_{MSY}$  proxy) and the equilibrium stock size that results from fishing at the default harvest rate (the  $F_{MSY}$  proxy). Include a summary table that compares estimated reference points for SSB, SPR, Exploitation Rate and Yield based on SSBproxy for MSY, SPRproxy for MSY, and estimated MSY values

#### Write intro paragraph

This stock assessment estimates that Pacific ocean perch in the Base model are below the 146 biomass target, but below the minimum stock size threshold. Add sentence about spawning 147 output trend. The estimated relative depletion level for Model 1 in 2017 is 17.2% (~95%) 148 asymptotic interval:  $\pm$  -3.43%-37.9%, corresponding to an unfished spawning output of 955 149 million eggs (~95% asymptotic interval: -204.203617683797-2114.3436176838 million eggs) 150 of spawning output in the base model (Table e). Unfished age 3+ biomass was estimated 151 to be 119982 mt in the base case model. The target spawning output based on the biomass 152 target  $(SB_{40\%})$  is 2216.5 million eggs, which gives a catch of 756.9 mt. Equilibrium yield at the proxy  $F_{MSY}$  harvest rate corresponding to  $SPR_{50\%}$  is 0 mt.

Table e: Summary of reference points and management quantities for the base case.

0 111	T	tab:Ref_pts_mod1
Quantity	Estimate	95% Confidence
		Interval
Unfished spawning output (million eggs)	5541.4	4287.1 - 6795.6
Unfished age 3+ biomass (mt)	119982	93835.3 - 146128.7
Unfished recruitment (R0, thousands)	9768	7803.3 - 12227.4
Spawning output (2017 million eggs)	955.1	-204.204 - 2114.3
Depletion (2017)	0.172	-0.034 - 0.379
Reference points based on $\mathrm{SB}_{40\%}$		
Proxy spawning output $(B_{40\%})$	2216.5	1714.9 - 2718.2
SPR resulting in $B_{40\%}$ ( $SPR_{B40\%}$ )	0.711	0.588 - 0.834
Exploitation rate resulting in $B_{40\%}$	0.015	0.007 - 0.023
Yield with $SPR_{B40\%}$ at $B_{40\%}$ (mt)	756.9	341.7 - 1172
Reference points based on SPR proxy for MSY		
Spawning output	0	0 - 0
$SPR_{proxy}$	0.5	
Exploitation rate corresponding to $SPR_{proxy}$	0.033	0.033 - 0.034
Yield with $SPR_{proxy}$ at $SB_{SPR}$ (mt)	0	0 - 0
Reference points based on estimated MSY values		
Spawning output at $MSY$ $(SB_{MSY})$	2355.2	1703.1 - 3007.2
$SPR_{MSY}$	0.723	0.585 - 0.862
Exploitation rate at $MSY$	0.014	0.005 - 0.023
MSY  (mt)	758.8	349 - 1168.7

# 155 Management Performance

management-performance

# 160 Unresolved Problems And Major Uncertainties

unresolved-problems-and-major-uncertainties

161 TBD after STAR panel

Include: catches in comparison to OFL, ABC and OY/ACL values for the most recent 10 years (when available), overfishing levels, actual catch and discard. Include OFL(encountered), OFL(retained) and OFL(dead) if different due to discard and discard mortality.

<sup>159</sup> Management performance table: Table f

Table f: Recent trend in total catch and commercial landings (mt) relative to the management guidelines. Estimated total catch reflect the commercial landings plus the model estimated discarded biomass.

					t	<u>ab:mnmgt_perfor</u> m
	Year	OFL (mt; ABC	ABC (mt)	ACL (mt; OY	Total landings	Estimated total
		prior to 2011)		prior to 2011)	(mt)	catch (mt)
_	2007	=	-	150	134	158
	2008	-	-	150	92	134
	2009	-	_	189	97	195
	2010	-	-	200	99	184
	2011	-	_	180	61	61
	2012	-	-	183	59	59
	2013	-	-	150	57	58
	2014	-	-	153	54	55
	2015	-	-	158	60	60
	2016	-	-	164	58	58

# $_{52}$ Decision Table(s) (groundfish only)

decision-tables-groundfish-only

Include: projected yields (OFL, ABC and ACL), spawning biomass, and stock depletion levels for each year. Not required in draft assessments undergoing review.

 $^{165}$  OFL projection table: Table g

Decision table(s) Table h, Table ??, Table ??

167 Yield curve: Figure \ref{fig:Yield\_all}

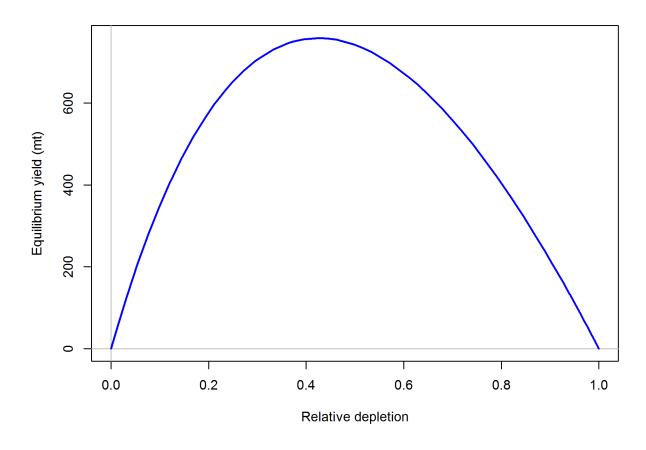


Figure g: Equilibrium yield curve for the base case model. Values are based on the 2016 fishery selectivity and with steepness fixed at... fig:Yield\_all

Table g: Projections of potential OFL (mt) and ACL (mt) and the estimated spawning output and relative biomass.

				tab:OFL_projection
Year	$\operatorname{OFL}$	ACL	Spawning Output (	Relative
			million eggs )	Biomass
2017	832	445	955	0.172
2018	877	504	1009	0.182
2019	898	536	1043	0.188
2020	899	549	1062	0.192
2021	892	549	1073	0.194
2022	880	545	1077	0.194
2023	869	539	1078	0.195
2024	861	533	1078	0.195
2025	855	529	1078	0.194
2026	851	527	1077	0.194
2027	850	526	1077	0.194
2028	849	526	1078	0.194

Table h: Summary of 10-year projections beginning in 2019 for alternate states of nature based on an axis of uncertainty for the base model. Columns range over low, mid, and high states of nature, and rows range over different assumptions of catch levels. An entry of "—" indicates that the stock is driven to very low abundance under the particular scenario.

 ${\tt tab:Decision\_table\_mod1}$  States of nature

			Low N	M = 0.05		M 0.07	High I	M 0.09
	Year	Catch	Spawning	Depletion	Spawning	Depletion	Spawning	Depletion
			Output		Output		Output	
	2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40-10 Rule,	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low M	2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2028	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40-10 Rule	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2028	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40-10 Rule,	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
High M	2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2028	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average	2022	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Catch	2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2024	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	2025	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2027	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	2028	_	_	_	_	_	_	-

Table i: Base model results summary.

689 - 11373	525 - 12469	463 - 11142	370 - 7935	493 - 9971	338 - 6458	411 - 7240	308 - 2668	150 - 2489	9242 - 96115	95% CI
2799	2558	2272	1713	2217	1478	1724	1322	612	29804	Recruits
-0.034 - 0.379	-0.029 - 0.340	-0.024 - 0.296	-0.020 - 0.260	-0.018 - 0.244	-0.017 - 0.237	-0.016 - 0.230	-0.014 - 0.223	-0.012 - 0.215	-0.010 - 0.205	62% CI
0.172	0.155	0.136	0.120	0.113	0.110	0.107	0.105	0.102	0.098	Depletion
-204 - 2114	-175 - 1897	-145 - 1649	-122 - 1453	-110 - 1364	-104 - 1324	-97 - 1286	-86 - 1248	-74 - 1204	-65 - 1146	95% CI
955	861	752	999	627	610	594	581	565	541	Spawning Output
24691.7	23842.4	22764.1	21551.5	20132.8	18608.1	17067.0	13792.6	13686.3	13473.2	Age 3+ biomass (mt)
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	Exploitation rate
	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.52	0.55	0.43	$(1-SPR)(1-SPR_{50\%})$
	28	09	55	28	59	61	184	195	134	ACL (mt)
	28	09	54	22	59	61	66	26	92	OFL (mt)
281	164	158	153	150	183	180	200	189	150	Potal Est. Catch (mt)
										Landings (mt)
2010	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	Quantity

### Research And Data Needs

research-and-data-needs

- Include: identify information gaps that seriously impede the stock assessment.
- 170 We recommend the following research be conducted before the next assessment:
- 1. List item No. 1 in the list
- 2. List item No. 2 in the list, etc.

## 73 Rebuilding Projections

rebuilding-projections

Include: reference to the principal results from rebuilding analysis if the stock is overfished.

This section should be included in the Final/SAFE version assessment document but is not required for draft assessments undergoing review. See Rebuilding Analysis terms of reference

for detailed information on rebuilding analysis requirements.

## 1 Introduction

introduction

#### 1.1 Basic Information

basic-information

Pacific ocean perch (Sebastes alutus) are most abundant in the Gulf of Alaska, and have been 180 observed off of Japan, in the Bering Sea, and south to Baja California, although they are 181 sparse south of Oregon and rare in southern California. While genetic studies have found 182 three populations of Pacific ocean perch off of British Columbia (Seeb and Gunderson 1988, 183 Withler et al. 2001) with, notably, a separate stock off of Vancouver Island, no significant 184 genetic differences have been found in the range covered by this assessment. Pacific ocean 185 perch show dimorphic growth, with females reaching a slightly large size than males. Males 186 and females are equally abundant on rearing grounds at age 1.5. 187

The Pacific ocean perch population has been modeled as a single stock off of the U.S. West
Coast (essentially northern California to the Canadian border, since Pacific ocean perch are
seen extremely rarely in central and southern California). Good recruitments show up in
size-composition data throughout all portions of this area, which supports the single stock
hypothesis. This assessment includes landings and catch data for Pacific ocean perch from
the states of Washington, Oregon and California, along with records from foreign fisheries,
the at-sea hake fleet, and surveys.

Prior to 1966, the Pacific ocean perch resource off of the northern portion of the U.S. West 195 Coast was harvested almost entirely by Canadian and United States vessels. Harvest was 196 negligible prior to 1940, reached 1,300 mt in 1950, 3,200 mt in 1961 and exceeded 7,600 mt in 197 1965. Catches increased dramatically after 1965, with the introduction of large distant-water 198 fishing fleets from the Soviet Union and Japan. Both nations employed large factory stern trawlers as their primary method for harvesting Pacific ocean perch. Peak removals by all 200 foreign nations combined are estimated at over 15,000 mt in 1966 and remained over 12,000 mt 201 in 1967. These numbers are based upon a re-analysis of the foreign catch data (Rogers 2003), 202 which focused on deriving a more realistic species composition for catches previously identified 203 only as Pacific ocean perch. Catches declined rapidly following these peak years, and Pacific 204 ocean perch stocks were considered to be severely depleted throughout the Oregon-Vancouver Island region by 1969 (Gunderson 1977, Gunderson et al. 1977). Landed harvest averaged 206 1,350 mt over the period 1977-94. Landings have continued to decline since 1994, primarily 207 due to more restrictive management (Figure 2). 208

Prior to 1977, Pacific ocean perch in the northeast Pacific were managed by the Canadian Government in its waters and by the individual states in waters off of the United States. With implementation of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MFCMA) in 1977, U.S. territorial waters were extended to 200 miles from shore, and primary responsibility for management of the groundfish stocks off Washington, Oregon and California shifted from the states to the Pacific Fishery Management Council (PFMC) and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). At that time, however, a Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for the

west coast groundfish stocks had not yet been approved. In the interim, the state agencies worked with the PFMC to address conservation issues. In 1981, the PFMC adopted a 217 management strategy to rebuild the depleted Pacific ocean perch stocks to levels that would 218 produce Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) within 20 years. On the basis of cohort analysis 219 (Gunderson 1978), the PFMC set Acceptable Biological Catch (ABC) levels at 600 mt for 220 the US portion of the Vancouver INPFC area and 950 mt for the Columbia INPFC area. To 221 implement this strategy, the states of Oregon and Washington each established landing limits 222 for Pacific ocean perch. Trawl trip limits of various forms remained in effect through 2010 223 (Table 1). 224

Age estimates for Pacific ocean perch prior to the 1980s were made via surface ageing of 225 otoliths, which misses the very tight annuli at the edge of the otolith once the fish reaches near 226 maximum size. Ages are biased by around age 10-12, and maximum age was estimated to be 227 in the 20s, which lead to an overestimate of the natural mortality rate and the productivity of the stock. Using break and burn methods, Pacific ocean perch have been aged to over 229 100 years, and we now know that the underlying assumptions of the early models were overly optimistic about productivity. Research surveys have been used to provide fishery-231 independent information about the abundance, distribution, and biological characteristics 232 of Pacific ocean perch. A coast-wide survey of the rockfish resource was conducted in 1977 233 (Gunderson and Sample 1980) and was repeated every three years through 2004 (referred to 234 as the 'Triennial Survey'). The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) coordinated a 235 cooperative research survey of the Pacific ocean perch stocks off Washington and Oregon 236 with the Washington Department of Fisheries (WDFW) and the Oregon Department of 237 Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) in March-May 1979 (Wilkins and Golden 1983). This survey 238 was repeated in 1985 (referred to as the Pacific ocean perch Survey). Two slope surveys 239 have been conducted on the West Coast in recent years, one using the research vessel Miller 240 Freeman, which ended in 2001 (referred to as the 'AFSC Slope Survey'), and another ongoing 241 cooperative survey using commercial fishing vessels which began in 1998 as a DTS (Dover 242 sole, thornyhead and sablefish) survey, was expanded to other groundfish in 1999 (referred to 243 as the 'NWFSC Slope Survey'). In 2003, this survey was expanded spatially to include the 244 shelf. This last survey, conducted by the NWFSC, continues to cover depths from 30-700 fathoms (55-1280 meters) on an annual basis (referred to as the 'NWFSC shelf-slope Survey'). 246

# 1.2 Summary of Management History

summary-of-management-history

Include: Summary of management history (e.g., changes in mesh sizes, trip limits, or other management actions that may have significantly altered selection, catch rates, or discards).

Include: Management performance, including a table or tables comparing Overfishing Limit (OFL), Annual Catch Limit (ACL), Harvest Guideline (HG) [CPS only], landings, and catch (i.e., landings plus discard) for each area and year.

3 Management performance table: (Table f)

248

240

A summary of these values as well as other base case summary results can be found in Table i.

#### <sup>256</sup> 1.3 Fisheries off Canada, Alaska, and/or Mexico

fisheries-off-canada-alaska-andor-mexico

Pacific ocean perch can be found in waters off the US west coast and northward through
Alaskan waters. The subset of the stock off the US west coast represents the tail of the
species distribution with little to no Pacific ocean perch being encountered south of northern
California. Pacific ocean perch are harvested both in Canada and Alaska. The most recent
updated assessments for the Bering Sea and the Gulf of Alaska stocks determined that neither
stock are in an overfished state and recommended and acceptable biological catch of 43,723
mt and 23,918 mt, respectively, for 2017.

In Canadian waters Pacific ocean perch has the largest single-species quota, accounting for approximately 25% of all rockfish landings by weight in the bottom trawl fleet. The Canadian Pacific ocean perch stock is broken into three seperate areas that are individually assessed.

The status of the stock within each area are above Canadian management targets.

## 268 **2** Data

data

Data used in the Pacific ocean perch assessment are summarized in Figure 1. A description of each data source is provided below.

## 2.1 Fishery-Independent Data:

fishery-independent-data

# 2.1.1 Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC) shelf-slope survey northwest-fisheries-science-center-nwfsc-shelf-slope-survey

The NWFSC shelf-slope survey is based on a random-grid design; covering the coastal waters from a depth of 55 m to 1,280 m (Bradburn et al. 2011). This design uses four chartered industry vessels in most years, assigned to a roughly equal number of randomly selected grid cells. The survey, which has been conducted from late-May to early-October each year, is divided into two 2-vessel passes of the coast, which are executed from north to south. This design therefore incorporates both vessel-to-vessel differences in catchability as well as variance associated with selecting a relatively small number (~700) of cells from a very large population of possible cells (greater than 11,000) distributed from the Mexican to the Canadian border.

The data from the NWFSC shelf-slope survey was analyzed using a spatial delta-generalized linear mixed model (delta-GLMM) (Thorson and Barnett 2017). Predicted fish biomass density is derived as the product of a "delta" portion for the probability of a non-zero catch and a second portion for the magnitude of the non-zero catches. Further, the geostatistical GLMM framework can accommodate spatial autocorrelation. Additional information about the approach and the software package it is implemented in are available from www.fishstats.org. describe VAST

The estimated index of abundance is shown in Table 18.

# 2.1.2 Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC) slope survey northwest-fisheries-science-center-nwfsc-slope-survey

The NWFSC slope survey covered waters throughout the summer from 183 m to 1280 m north of 34°30′ S, which is near Point Conception. The survey strata used to expand the biomass data for this assessment are shown in Table 5.

The estimated index of abundance is shown in Table 18.

# 2.1.3 Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC) slope survey alaska-fisheries-science-center-afsc-slope-survey

The AFSC slope survey operated during autumn (October-November) aboard the R/V Miller Freeman. Partial survey coverage of the U.S. west coast occurred during 1988-96 and complete coverage (north of 34°30′ S) during 1997, 1999, 2000, and 2001. Only the four years of consistent and complete surveys plus 1996, which surveyed north of 43° N latitude to the U.S.-Canada border, were used in this assessment. The number of tows with length data ranged from 19 in 2000 to 48 in 1996 8. Because a large number of positive tows occurred in 1996, it was decided to include that year, which surveyed from 43° N latitude to the U.S.-Canada border. Therefore, only tows from 43° N latitude to the U.S.-Canada border were used.

The estimated index of abundance is shown in Table 18.

#### of 2.1.4 Triennial Bottom Trawl Survey

triennial-bottom-trawl-survey

The triennial survey was first conducted by the AFSC in 1977 and spanned the time-frame from 1977-2004. The survey's design and sampling methods are most recently described in (Weinberg et al. 2002). Its basic design was a series of equally-spaced transects from which searches for tows in a specific depth range were initiated (Figure 5). The survey design has changed slightly over the period of time (Table 4, Figure 3). In general, all of the surveys were conducted in the mid-summer through early fall: the 1977 survey was conducted from

early July through late September; the surveys from 1980 through 1989 ran from mid-July to late September; the 1992 survey spanned from mid-July through early October; the 1995 survey was conducted from early June to late August; the 1998 survey ran from early June through early August; and the 2001 and 2004 surveys were conducted in May-July (Figure 4).

Haul depths ranged from 91-457 m during the 1977 survey with no hauls shallower than 91 m.
The surveys in 1980, 1983, and 1986 covered the West Coast south to 36.8° N latitude and a
depth range of 55-366 meters. The surveys in 1989 and 1992 covered the same depth range
but extended the southern range to 34.5° N (near Point Conception). From 1995 through
2004, the surveys covered the depth range 55-500 meters and surveyed south to 34.5° N. In
the final year of the triennial series (2004), the NWFSC's Fishery Resource and Monitoring
division (FRAM) conducted the survey and followed very similar protocols as the AFSC.

Given the different depths surveyed during 1977, the data from that year were not included in this assessment. Water hauls (Zimmermann et al. 2003) and tows located in Canadian waters were also excluded from the analysis of this survey. The survey was analyzed as an early series (1980-1992) and a late series (1995-2004), as has been done in other West Coast rockfish assessments.

#### Describe whether the time-series was split or retained as one index

The estimated index of abundance is shown in Table 18.

#### 2.1.5 Pacific ocean perch Survey

pacific-ocean-perch-survey

A survey targeted designed to sample Pacific ocean perch was conducted in 1979 and again in 1985. The estimated index of abundance is shown in Table 18.

# 334 2.2 Fishery-Dependent Data

fishery-dependent-data

#### 5 2.2.1 Commercial Fishery Landings

commercial-fishery-landings

#### 336 Washington

Historical commercial fishery landigns of Pacific ocean perch from Washington for the years
1918-2016 were obtained from Theresa Tsou (WDFW) and Phillip Weyland (WDFW). This
assessment is the first Pacific ocean perch assessment to include a state provide historical
catch reconstruction and hence, the historical catches for Washington vary markedly from
those used in the 2011 assessment. Due to Recent landings (1981-2016) were obtained directly
from Washington state rather than from PacFIN (Pacific Fisheries Information Network

(PacFIN) due to identified missing catches not available within PacFIN for Pacific ocean perch.

#### Oregon Oregon

Historical commercial fishery landings of Pacific ocean perch from Oregon for the years 1892-1986 were obtained from Alison Dauble (ODFW). A description of the methods can be found in Karnowski et al. (2014). Recent landings (1987-2016) were obtained from PacFIN retrieval dated March 3, 2015, Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission, Portland, Oregon; www.psmfc.org). The catch data in from the POP and POP2 categories contained within PacFIN for Pacific ocean perch were used for this assessment. Additional cathes from 1987-1999 for Pacific ocean perch under the UROCK category not yet available in PacFIN were received directly from the state and combined with the catch data available for that period within PacFIN.

#### 355 California

Historical commercial fishery landings of Pacific ocean perch were obtained from the online database of the California Cooperative Groundfish Survey, also known as CALCOM
(128.114.3.187) for the years 1916-1980. A description of the methods can be found in (Ralston
et al. 2010). Recent landings (1981-2016) were obtained from PacFIN (Pacific Fisheries
Information Network (PacFIN) retrieval dated March 3, 2015, Pacific States Marine Fisheries
Commission, Portland, Oregon; www.psmfc.org).

#### $_{62}$ At-Sea Hake Fishery

Catches of Pacific ocean perch are monitored aboard the vessel by observers in the At-Sea 363 hake Observer program (ASHOP) and were available for the years of 1975-2016. Observers 364 use a spatial sample design, based on weight, to randomly choose a portion of the haul to 365 sample for species composition. For the last decade, this is typically 30-50\% of the total 366 weight. The total weight of the sample is determined by all catch passing over a flow scale. 367 All species other than hake are removed and weighed, by species, on a motion compensated 368 flatbed scale. Observers record the weights of all non-hake species. Non-hake species total 369 weights are expanded in the database by using the proportion of the haul sampled to the 370 total weight of the haul. The catches of non-hake species in unsampled hauls is determined 371 using bycatch rates determined from sampled hauls. Since 2001, more than 97% of the hauls 372 have been observed and sampled. 373

#### 374 Foreign Catches

From the 1960s through the early 1970s, foreign trawling enterprises harvested considerable amounts of rockfish off Washington and Oregon, and along with the domestic trawling fleet, landed large quantities of Pacific ocean perch. Foreign catches of individual species were estimated by Rogers (2003) and attributed to INPFC areas for the years of 1966-1976 for Pacific ocean perch. The foreign catches were combined across areas for a coastwide removal total.

 $_{
m 381}$  2.2.2  ${
m Discards}$  discards

Data on discards of Pacific ocean perch are available from two different data sources. The earliest source is called the Pikitch data and comes from a study organized by Ellen Pikitch 383 that collected trawl discards from 1985-1987 (Pikitch et al. 1988). The northern and southern 384 boundaries of the study were 48°42′ N latitude and 42°60′ N. latitude respectively, which is 385 primarily within the Columbia INPFC area (Pikitch et al. 1988, Rogers and Pikitch 1992). 386 Participation in the study was voluntary and included vessels using bottom, midwater, and 387 shrimp trawl gears. Observers of normal fishing operations on commercial vessels collected 388 the data, estimated the total weight of the catch by tow and recorded the weight of species retained and discarded in the sample. Results of the Pikitch data were obtained from John 390 Wallace (NWFSC, personal communication) in the form of ratios of discard weight to retained weight of Pacific ocean perch and sex-specific length frequencies. Discard estimates are shown 392 in Table 3.

The second source is from the West Coast Groundfish Observer Program (WCGOP). This program is part of the NWFSC and has been recording discard observations since 2003. 395 Table 3 shows the discard ratios of Pacific ocean perch from the WCGOP. Since 2011, when 396 the trawl rationalization program was implemented, observer coverage rates increased to 397 nearly 100% for all the limited entry trawl vessels in the program and discard rates declined 398 compared to pre-2011 rates. Discard rates were obtained for both the catch-share and the 390 non-catch share sector for Pacific ocean perch. A single discard rate was calculated by 400 weighting discard rates based on the commercial landings by each sector. Discard length 401 composition for the trawl fleet varied by year, with larger fish being discarded prior to 2011 402 (Figure ??).

#### 4 2.2.3 Historical Commercial Catch-per-unit effort

historical-commercial-catch-per-unit-effort

Data on catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) in mt/hr from the domestic fishery were combined for the INPFC Vancouver and Columbia areas (Table 17 from Gunderson (1977)). Although these data reflect catch rates for the US fleet, the highest catch rates coincided with the beginning of removals by the foreign fleet. This suggest that, barring unaccounted changes in fishing efficiency during this period, the level of abundance was high at that time. A CV of 0.40 was used in this assessment to be consistent with the CV observed in the survey data.

#### 1 2.2.4 Fishery Length And Age Data

fishery-length-and-age-data

## 412 2.3 Biological Data

biological-data

#### <sup>413</sup> 2.3.1 Natural mortality

natural-mortality

Historic Pacific ocean perch ages determined using scales and surface reading methods of 414 otoliths, resulted in estimates of natural mortality of between 0.10 and 0.20yr<sup>-1</sup> with a longevity 415 less than 30 years (Gunderson 1977). Based on break-and-burn method of age determination 416 using otoliths, the maximum age of Pacific ocean perch was revised to be 90 years (Chilton 417 and Beamish 1982). The updated understanding concerning Pacific ocean perch longevity 418 reduced the estimate of natural mortality based on Hoenig's (1983) relationship to 0.059yr<sup>-1</sup>. 419 The previous assessment applied a prior distribution on natural mortality based upon multiple 420 life history correlates (including Hoenig's method, Gunderson gonadosomatic index (1997), 421 and McCoy and Gillooly's (2008) theoretical relationship) developed separately for female and 422 male Pacific ocean perch. This assessment also applied a prior on natural mortality. However, 423 the prior and standard deviation were generated as a non-linear function of maximum age as 424 developed by Then et al. (2015) and modified by Owen Hamel which greatly improved the 425 fit to the underlying age data to create the 'Hamel-Then' prior. A maximum age of 100 was used in the development of the prior where female natural memorability was set equal to 427 0.054 and male natural mortality estimated as an offset from females at 0.053.

#### $_{429}$ 2.3.2 Sex ratio, maturation, and fecundity

sex-ratio-maturation-and-fecundity

Examining all biological data sources, the sex ratio of young fish are within 5% of 1:1 by either 430 length or age (Figure 3 and 4), and hence this assessment the sex ratio at birth was assumed 431 to be 1:1. This assessment assumed a logistic maturity-at-length curve based on analysis of 432 537 fish maturity samples collected from the NWFSC shelf-slope survey. This is revised from 433 the previous assessment which assumed maturity-at-age based on the work of Hannah and 434 Parker (Hannah and Parker 2007). Additionally, the new maturity-at-length curve is based 435 on the estimate of functional maturity an approach that classifies rockfish maturity with 436 developing oocytes as mature or immature based on the proportion of vitellogenin in the 437 cytoplasm and the measured frequency of atretic cells (M. Head, personal communication). 438 The 50% size-at-maturity was estimated at 32.1 cm with maturity asymptoting to one for larger fish. 440

The fecundity-at-age has also been updated from the previous assessment based on new research. Dick (2017) estimated new fecundity relationships for select West Coast stocks where fecundity for Pacific ocean perch was estimated equal to  $0L^{4.98}$  in millions of eggs. Spawning output at length is shown in Figure 7.

#### <sup>45</sup> 2.3.3 Length-weight relationship

length-weight-relationship

The length-weight relationship for Pacific ocean perch was estimated outside the model using all biological data available from fishery and fishery-independent data sources where the female weight-at-length in grams was estimated at  $0.0000098L^{3.11}$  and males at  $0.0000094L^{3.12}$  where L is length in cm (Figures 19 and 20).

#### $_{450}$ 2.3.4 Growth (length-at-age)

growth-length-at-age

The length-at-age was estimated for male and female Pacific ocean perch using data collected from both fishery-dependent and -independent data sources that were collected from 19812016. Figure 21 shows the lengths and ages for all years and all data as well as predicted von Bertalanffy fits to the data. Females grow larger than males and sex specific growth parameters were estimated at the following values:

```
Females L_{\infty} = 42.32; k = 0.169; t_0 = -1.466
```

Males  $L_{\infty} = 39.03$ ; k = 0.212;  $t_0 = -1.02$ 

#### 458 2.3.5 Ageing Precision And Bias

ageing-precision-and-bias

Uncertainty surrounding the ageing-error process for Pacific ocean perch was incorporated by 459 estimating ageing error by age. Age-composition data used in the model were from break-460 and-burn otolith reads aged by the Cooperative Ageing Project (CAP) in Newport, Oregon. 461 Break-and-burn double reads of more than 1500 otoliths were provided by the CAP lab. An 462 ageing error estimate was made based on these double reads using a computational tool 463 specifically developed for estimating ageing error (Punt et al. 2008), and using release 1.0.0 of the R package nwfscAgeingError (Thorson et al. 2012) for input and output diagnostics, 465 publicly available at: https://github.com/nwfsc-assess/nwfscAgeingError. A non-linear standard error was estimated by age where there is more variability in the estimated age of 467 older fish was estimated (Table 19, Figure 22).

# 2.3.6 Environmental Or Ecosystem Data Included In The Assessment environmental-or-ecosystem-data-included-in-the-assessment

#### 470 2.4 History Of Modeling Approaches Used For This Stock

history-of-modeling-approaches-used-for-this-stock

#### 2.4.1 Previous Assessments

previous-assessments

#### 472 2.4.2 Previous Assessment Recommendations

previous-assessment-recommendations

Include: Response to STAR panel recommendations from the most recent previous assessment.

Recommendation 1: blah blah blah.

STAT response: blah blah blah....

Recommendation 2: blah blah blah.

STAT response: blah blah blah....

<sup>480</sup> Recommendation 3: blah blah blah., etc.

STAT response: Continue recommendations as needed

## 3 Assessment

481

assessment

## 484 3.1 Model Description

model-description

# 485 3.1.1 Transition To The Current Stock Assessment transition-to-the-current-stock-assessment

- 486 Include: Complete description of any new modeling approaches
- Below, we describe the most important changes made since the last full assessment and explain rationale for each change.:
- 1. Change No. 1. Rationale: blah blah blah.
- 2. Change No. 2. Rationale: blah blah blah.
- 3. Change No. 3. Rationale: Continue list as needed.

#### 492 3.1.2 Definition of Fleets and Areas

definition-of-fleets-and-areas

- We generated data sources for each of the models. Fleets by model include:
- 494 Commercial: The commercial fleets include...
- <sup>495</sup> Recreational: The recreational fleets include...
- 496 Research: Research derived-data include...

#### 497 3.1.3 Summary of Data for Fleets and Areas

summary-of-data-for-fleets-and-areas

#### 498 3.1.4 Modeling Software

modeling-software

- The STAT team used Stock Synthesis version 3.30.01.13 by Dr. Richard Methot at the NWFSC (Methot and Wetzel 2013). This most recent version was used, since it included improvements and corrections to older versions.
- 502 3.1.5 Data Weighting

data-weighting

- 503 Citation for Francis method (Francis and Hilborn 2011)
- <sup>504</sup> Citation for Ianelli-McAllister harmonic mean method (McAllister and Ianelli 1997)

505 3.1.6 Priors priors

506 Citation for Hamel prior on natural mortality (Hamel 2015)

#### 507 3.1.7 General Model Specifications

general-model-specifications

- Citation for posterior predictive fecundity relationship from Dick (2009) and (2017)
- Model data, control, starter, and forecast files can be found in Appendices A-D.

#### 510 3.1.8 Estimated And Fixed Parameters

estimated-and-fixed-parameters

A full list of all estimated and fixed parameters is provided in Tables.... Estimated and fixed parameters tables currently read in from .csv file, EXAMPLE: Table ??

#### 3.2 Model Selection and Evaluation

model-selection-and-evaluation

#### 514 3.2.1 Key Assumptions and Structural Choices

key-assumptions-and-structural-choices

- Include: Evidence of search for balance between model realism and parsimony.
- <sup>516</sup> Comparison of key model assumptions, include comparisons based on nested models (e.g.,
- asymptotic vs. domed selectivities, constant vs. time-varying selectivities).

#### 518 3.2.2 Alternate Models Considered

alternate-models-considered

Include: Summary of alternate model configurations that were tried but rejected.

#### 520 3.2.3 Convergence

529

533

537

convergence

Include: Randomization run results or other evidence of search for global best estimates.

Convergence testing through use of dispersed starting values often requires extreme values to actually explore new areas of the multivariate likelihood surface. Jitter is a SS option that generates random starting values from a normal distribution logistically transformed into each parameter's range (Methot and Wetzel 2013). Table 23 shows the results of running 100 jitters for each pre-STAR base model....

#### 3.3 Response To The Current STAR Panel Requests

response-to-the-current-star-panel-requests

Request No. 1: Add after STAR panel.

Rationale: Add after STAR panel.

STAT Response: Add after STAR panel.

Request No. 2: Add after STAR panel.

Rationale: Add after STAR panel.

STAT Response: Add after STAR panel.

536 Request No. 3: Add after STAR panel.

Rationale: Add after STAR panel.

STAT Response: Add after STAR panel.

# Request No. 4: Example of a request that may have a list: 541 • Item No. 1 542 • Item No. 2 543 • Item No. 3, etc. 544 Rationale: Add after STAR panel. 545 **STAT Response:** Continue requests as needed. Base Model Results 3.4 base-model-results Table ?? Uncertainty and Sensitivity Analyses uncertainty-and-sensitivity-analyses Table 24 3.4.2Retrospective Analysis retrospective-analysis Likelihood Profiles 3.4.3likelihood-profiles 3.4.4 Reference Points reference-points-1 Intro sentence or two....(Table 25). Equilibrium yield at the proxy $F_{MSY}$ harvest rate corresponding to $SPR_{50\%}$ is 0 mt. Table e 555 shows the full suite of estimated reference points for the northern area model and Figure g shows the equilibrium yield curve. Harvest Projections and Decision Tables 4 harvest-projections-and-decision-tables Table f

Model 1 Projections and Decision Table (groundfish only) (Table 26

Table h

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571

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- Model 2 Projections and Decision Table (groundfish only)
- Model 3 Projections and Decision Table (groundfish only)

### 5 Regional Management Considerations

regional-management-considerations

- 1. For stocks where current practice is to allocate harvests by management area, a recommended method of allocating harvests based on the distribution of biomass should be provided. The MT advisor should be consulted on the appropriate management areas for each stock.
  - 2. Discuss whether a regional management approach makes sense for the species from a biological perspective.
  - 3. If there are insufficient data to analyze a regional management approach, what are the research and data needs to answer this question?

#### 573 6 Research Needs

research-needs

- 1. Research need No. 1
- 2. Research need No. 2
- 3. Research need No. 3
- 577 4. etc.

### $_{\scriptscriptstyle{78}}$ 7 Acknowledgments

acknowledgments

Teresa Tsou (WDFW), Philip Wyland (WDFW), Ali Whitman (ODFW), Patrick Mirrick (ODFW), Patrick McDonald (CAPS), Vanessa Tuttle (ASHOP), Beth Horness (NWFSC), Kayleigh Sommers (NWFSC), Jason Jannot (NWFSC)

## 582 8 Tables

tables

Table 1: West Coast history of regulations.

tab:Regs Date Regulation Area 11/10/1983 Columbia Closed Columbia area to Pacific ocean perch fishing until the end of the year, as 950 mt OY for this species has been reached; 11/10/1983 Vancouver retained 5,000-pound trip limit or 10% of total trip weight on landings of Pacific ocean perch in the Vancouver area. 1/1/1984 ALL Continued 5,000-pound trip limit or 10% of total trip weight on Pacific ocean perch as specified in FMP. Fishery to close when area OYs are reached (see action effective November 10, 1983 above). 8/1/1984 Vancouver Reduced trip limit for Pacific ocean perch in the Vancouver and Columbia areas to 20% by weight of all fish on board, not to exceed 5,000 pounds Columbia per vessel per trip. 8/16/1984 Columbia Commercial fishing for Pacific ocean perch in the Columbia area closed for remainder of the year. 1/10/1985 Vancouver Established Vancouver and Columbia areas Pacific ocean perch trip limit Columbia of 20% by weight of all fish on board (no 5,000-pound limit as specified in last half of 1984). Reduced the Vancouver and Columbia areas Pacific ocean perch trip limit 4/28/1985 Vancouver Columbia to 5,000 pounds or 20% by weight of all fish on board, whichever is less. 4/28/1985 ALLLandings of Pacific ocean perch less than 1,000 pounds will be unrestricted. The fishery for this species will close when the OY in each area is reached. 6/10/1985 ALL Landings of Pacific ocean perch up to 1,000 pounds per trip will be unrestricted regardless of the percentage of these fish on board. 1/1/1986 Cape Blanco Established the Pacific ocean perch trip limit north of Cape Blanco (4250) North at 20% (by weight) of all fish on board or 10,000 pounds whichever is less; 1/1/1986 ALL landings of Pacific ocean perch unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board; Vancouver area OY = 600 mt; Columbia area OY = 950 mt.12/1/1986 Vancouver OY quota for Pacific ocean perch reached in the Vancouver area; fishery closed until January 1, 1987. ALL 1/1/1987 Established coastwide Pacific ocean perch limit at 20% of all legal fish on board or 5,000 pounds whichever is less (in round weight); landings of Pacific ocean perch unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board; Vancouver area OY =500 mt; Columbia area OY = 800 mt. 1/1/1988 ALL Established the coastwide Pacific ocean perch trip limit at 20% (by weight) of all fish on board or 5,000 pounds, whichever is less; landings of Pacific ocean perch unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board; ALL Established the coastwide Pacific ocean perch trip limit at 20% (by 1/1/1989 weight) of all fish on board or 5,000 pounds whichever is less; 1/1/1989 ALL landings of Pacific ocean perch unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board (Vancouver area OY =500 mt; Columbia area OY =800 mt). 7/26/1989 ALL Reduced the coastwide trip limit for Pacific ocean perch to 2,000 pounds or 20% of all fish on board, whichever is less, with no trip frequency restriction. Columbia Closed the Pacific ocean perch fishery in the Columbia area because 1,040 12/13/1989 mt OY reached. 1/1/1990 ALL Established the coastwide Pacific ocean perch trip limit at 20% (by weight) of all fish on board or 3,000 pounds whichever is less; landings of Pacific ocean perch be unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board. (Vancouver area OY = 500 mt; Columbia area OY = 1,040 mt). 1/1/1991 ALLEstablished the coastwide Pacific ocean perch trip limit at 20% (by weight) of all groundfish on board or 3,000 pounds whichever is less; landings of Pacific ocean perch be unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board (harvest guideline for combined Vancouver and Columbia areas = 1,000 mt). 1/1/1992 ALL For Pacific ocean perch, established the coastwide trip limit at 20% (by weight) of all groundfish on board or 3,000 pounds whichever is less; landings of Pacific ocean perch be unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds regardless of percentage on board (harvest guideline for combined Vancouver and Columbia areas = 1,550 mt).

Date	Area	Regulation
1/1/1993	Cape	For Pacific ocean perch, continued the coastwide trip limit at 20% (by
	Mendocino	weight) of all groundfish on board or 3,000 pounds whichever is less;
	Coos Bay	landings of Pacific ocean perch unrestricted if less than 1,000 pounds
		regardless of percentage on board (harvest guideline for combined
1 /1 /1004	АТТ	Vancouver and Columbia areas = 1,550 mt).
1/1/1994	$\operatorname{ALL}$	Pacific Ocean Perch trip limit of 3,000 pounds or 20% of all fish on board,
1 /1 /1005	A T T	whichever is less, in landings of Pacific ocean perch above 1,000 pounds.
1/1/1995	$\operatorname{ALL}$	For Pacific Ocean Perch, established a cumulative trip limit of 6,000 pounds
1 /1 /1000	A T T	per month
1/1/1996	$\operatorname{ALL}$	Pacific Ocean Perch cumulative trip limit of 10,000 pounds per two-month
7 /1 /1000	4090 N 41	period.
7/1/1996	4030 North	Reduced the cumulative 2-month limit for Pacific ocean perch to 8,000
		pounds, and established the cumulative 2-month limit for Dover sole north
1 /1 /1007	ALL	of Cape Mendocino at 38,000 pounds
1/1/1997	ALL	Pacific Ocean Perch limited entry fishery cumulative trip limit of 8,000
1 /1 /1000	АТТ	pounds per two-month period
1/1/1998	ALL	Pacific Ocean Perch: limited entry fishery Cumulative trip limit of 8,000
7 /1 /1000	АТТ	pounds per two-month period.
7/1/1998	$\operatorname{ALL}$	Open Access Rockfish: removed overall rockfish monthly limit and replaced
		it with limits for component rockfish species: for Sebastes complex,
		monthly cumulative limit is 33,000 pounds, for widow rockfish, monthly
		cumulative trip limit is 3,000 pounds, for Pacific Ocean Perch, monthly
1/1/1999	ALL	cumulative trip limit is 4,000 pounds. for the limited entry fishery A new three phase cumulative limit period
1/1/1999	ALL	system is introduced for 1999. Phase 1 is a single cumulative limit period
		that is 3months long, from January 1 - March 31. Phase 2 has 3 separate 2
		month cumulative limit periods of April 1 - May 31, June 1 - July 31, and
		August 1 - September 30. Phase 3 has 3 separate 1 month cumulative limi
		periods of October 1-31, November 1-30, and December 1-31. For all
		species except Pacific ocean perch and Bocaccio, there will be no monthly
		limit within the cumulative landings limit periods. An option to apply
		cumulative trip limits lagged by 2 weeks (from the 16th to the 15th) was
		made available to limited entry trawl vessels when their permits were
		renewed for 1999. Vessels that are authorized to operate in this "B"
		platoon may take and retain, but may not land, groundfish during January 1-15, 1999.
		1-15, 1999.
1 /1 /1000	АТТ	for the limited entry fighery Pacific Ocean Parch, cumulative limit Phase 1
1/1/1999	ALL	
1/1/1999	$\operatorname{ALL}$	for the limited entry fishery Pacific Ocean Perch: cumulative limit, Phase 1 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3:
		4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month.
1/1/1999 1/1/1999	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{ALL} \\ \end{array}$	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per
1/1/1999	$\operatorname{ALL}$	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.
1/1/1999 1/1/2000	$rac{ ext{ALL}}{ ext{ALL}}$	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000	$\operatorname{ALL}$	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000	ALL ALL ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000	ALL ALL ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per 2 months
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000 5/1/2000	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per 2 months Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 2500 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000 5/1/2000 1/1/2000	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per 2 months Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 2500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000 5/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per 2 months Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 2500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000 5/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2001	ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 2500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, open access, 100 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000 5/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2001 1/1/2001 1/1/2001	ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 2500 lbs per month Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, open access, 100 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry trawl, 1500 lbs per month
1/1/1999 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 5/1/2000 5/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2001 1/1/2001 1/1/2001 1/1/2001	ALL	4,000 pounds per month; Phase 2: 4,000 pounds per month; Phase 3: 4,000 pounds per month. for open access gear: Pacific Ocean Perch: coastwide, 100 pounds per month.  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, Open Access gear except exempted trawl, 100 lbs per month  Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 2500 lbs per month Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 2500 lbs per month  Limited entry trawl, Pacific Ocean Perch, 500 lbs per month  Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 500 lbs per month  Pacific Ocean Perch, open access, 100 lbs per month  Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry trawl, 1500 lbs per mont  Pacific Ocean Perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1500 lbs per mont
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Date	Area	Regulation		
1/1/2003	3800 South	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
1/1/2003	3800 South	gear, 30000 lbs per 2 months Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
1/1/2003	5000 South	trawl, 30000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2003	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, open access gear		
		per trip no more than 25% (by weight) of sablefish landed		
1/1/2003	3800 4010	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
1 /1 /2002	0000 4010	gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2003	3800 4010	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
1/1/2003	4010 North	trawl, 1800 lbs per 2 months pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month		
1/1/2003	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2003	4010 North	Pacific Ocean Perch, Limited entry trawl gear, 3000 lbs per 2 months		
3/1/2003	3800 4010	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
		gear, no more than 25% of the weight of sablefish landed per trip		
11/1/2003	3800 4010	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
		gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2004	3800 South	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, open access gear,		
1 /1 /0004	9000 C 41	10000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2004	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south inclding pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
1/1/2004	3800 South	gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
1/1/2004	3000 South	trawl, 40000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2004	3800 4010	Minor slope rockfish south including Pacific ocean perch, open access gear,		
-/ -/ -00 -	3000 -0-0	per trip no more than 25% of the weight of sablefish landed		
1/1/2004	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
		gear, 7000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2004	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
		trawl, 7000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2004	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gear, 100 lbs per month		
1/1/2004	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2004 5/1/2004	4010 North 3800 South	pacific ocean perch, limited entry trawl, 3000 lbs per 2 months minor slope rockfish south inclding pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
0/1/2004	3000 South	gear, 50000 lbs per 2 months		
5/1/2004	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
, ,		trawl, 50000 lbs per 2 months		
5/1/2004	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
		gear, 50000 lbs per 2 months		
5/1/2004	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
11/1/2004	2000 C41-	trawl, 50000 lbs per 2 months		
11/1/2004	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south inclding pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
11/1/2004	3800 South	gear, 50000 lbs per 2 months minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
11/1/2004	5000 South	trawl, 50000 lbs per 2 months		
11/1/2004	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed		
, ,		gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months		
11/1/2004	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch, limited entry		
		trawl, 10000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2005	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including darkblotched and pacific ocean perch,		
1 /1 /2005	0000 C 41	open access gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2005	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including darkblotched rockfish and pacific		
1/1/2005	2000 4010	ocean perch, limited entry trawl, closed		
1/1/2005	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including darkblotched and pacific ocean perch, open access gear, per trip no more than 25% of weight of sablefish onboard		
1/1/2005	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including darkblotched rockfish and pacific		
-/ -/ <b>-</b> 000	3000 1010	ocean perch, limited entry trawl, 4000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2005	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month		
1/1/2005	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry trawl gear, 3000 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2005	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months		
1/1/2005	4010 South	minor slope rockfish south including darkblotched and pacific ocean perch,		
	3800 4010	limited entry fixed gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months		
5/1/2005		minor slope rockfish south including darkblotched rockfish and pacific		

Date	Area	Regulation
1/1/2008	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 15000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2008	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry trawl, 1500 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2009	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2009 $1/1/2009$	4010 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched, limited entry fixed gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2009	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched
1 /1 /2000	2000 4010	rockfish, open access gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched
1/1/2009	3800 4010	rockfish, open access gear, per trip no more than 25% (by weight) of sablefish landed
1/1/2009	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2009	3800 South	minor slope rockfish southincluding pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 55000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2009	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 15000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2009	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry trawl, 1500 lbs per 2 months
7/1/2009	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 10000 lbs per 2 months
11/1/2009	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 15000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2010	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2010	4010 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched, limited entry fixed gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2010	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2010	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, per trip no more than 25% (by weight) of sablefish landed
1/1/2010	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2010	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 55000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2010	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, limited entry trawl, 15000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2010	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry trawl, 1500 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2011	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2011	4010 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched, limited entry fixed gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2011	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2011	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, per trip no more than 25% (by weight) of sablefish landed
1/1/2011	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2011	$\operatorname{ALL}$	Pacific Ocean Perch managed in part by IFQ
1/1/2012	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2012	4010 South	minor slope rockfish southincluding pacific ocean perch and darkblotched, limited entry fixed gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2012	3800 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2012	3800 4010	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, per trip no more than 25% (by weight) of sablefish landed
1/1/2012	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2013	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, open access gears, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2013	4010 North	pacific ocean perch, limited entry fixed gear, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2013	4010 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched, limited entry fixed gear, 40000 lbs per 2 months no more than 1375 lbs may be blackgill
1/1/2013	4010 South	minor slope rockfish south including pacific ocean perch and darkblotched rockfish, open access gear, 10000 lbs per 2 months no more than 475 lbs of which may be blackgill rockfish
1/1/2014	4010 North	non-trawl, limited entry, pacific ocean perch, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2014	4010 South	non-trawl, limited entry, minor slope rockfish and darkblotched rockfish
-, -, <b>-</b>	-5-5 554011	and pacific ocean perch, 40000 lbs per 2 months of which no more than 1375 lbs may be blackgill rockfish

Date	Area	Regulation
1/1/2014	4010 North	non-trawl, open access, pacific ocean perch, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2014	4010 South	non-trawl, open access, minor slope rockfish including darkblotched
		rockfishand pacific ocean perch, 10000 lbs per 2 months of which no more
		than 475 lbs may be blackgill rockfish
1/1/2015	4010  North	non-trawl, limited entry, pacific ocean perch, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2015	4010 South	non-trawl, limited entry, minor slope rockfish and darkblotched rockfish
		and pacific ocean perch, 40000 lbs per 2 months of which no more than
		1375 lbs may be blackgill rockfish
1/1/2015	4010 North	non-trawl, open access, pacific ocean perch, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2015	4010 South	non-trawl, open access, minor slope rockfish including darkblotched
		rockfishand pacific ocean perch, 10000 lbs per 2 months of which no more
		than 475 lbs may be blackgill rockfish
7/1/2015	4010 South	non-trawl, limited entry, minor slope rockfish and darkblotched rockfish
		and pacific ocean perch, 40000 lbs per 2 months of which no more than
		1600 lbs may be blackgill rockfish
7/1/2015	4010 South	non-trawl, open access, minor slope rockfish including darkblotched
		rockfishand pacific ocean perch, 10000 lbs per 2 months of which no more
		than 550 lbs may be blackgill rockfish
1/1/2016	4010  North	non-trawl, limited entry, pacific ocean perch, 1800 lbs per 2 months
1/1/2016	4010  North	non-trawl, open access, pacific ocean perch, 100 lbs per month
1/1/2016	4010 South	non-trawl, open access, minor slope rockfish including darkblotched
		rockfishand pacific ocean perch, 10000 lbs per 2 months of which no more
		than 475 lbs may be blackgill rockfish
7/1/2016	4010 South	non-trawl, open access, minor slope rockfish including darkblotched
		rockfishand pacific ocean perch, 10000 lbs per 2 months of which no more
		than 550 lbs may be blackgill rockfish

Table 2: Landings for each state (all gears combined), the At-Sea Hake fishery, the Foreign fleet, and research.

Year	California	Oregon	Washington	At-Sea Hake	Foreign	ab:Comm_Cato Research
1892	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1893	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1894	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1895	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1896	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1897	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1898	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1899	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1900	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1901	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1902	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1903	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1904	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1905	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1906	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1907	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1908	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	0.0
1909	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	0.0
1910	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	0.0
1911	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	0.0
1912	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1913	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1914	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1915	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0
1916	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0	0.0
1917	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0	0.0
1918	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0	0.0
1919	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0	0.0
1920	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0	0.0
1921	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0	0.0
1922	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	0.0
1923	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0	0.0
1924	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0	0.0
1925	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0	0.0
1926	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0	0.0
1927	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0	0.0
1928	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0	0.0
1929	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	0	0.0
1930	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	0	0.0
1930 $1931$	0.0	0.1	$0.9 \\ 0.4$	0.0	0	0.0

Year	California	Oregon	Washington	At-Sea Hake	Foreign	Research
1932	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0	0.0
1933	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0	0	0.0
1934	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0	0.0
1935	0.0	0.1	7.7	0.0	0	0.0
1936	0.0	0.2	1.6	0.0	0	0.0
1937	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.0	0	0.0
1938	0.0	0.1	5.1	0.0	0	0.0
1939	0.0	0.4	8.7	0.0	0	0.0
1940	0.9	9.1	12.2	0.0	0	0.0
1941	1.3	14.0	13.6	0.0	0	0.0
1942	0.5	26.6	18.6	0.0	0	0.0
1943	1.0	94.3	453.6	0.0	0	0.0
1944	2.8	164.5	739.3	0.0	0	0.0
1945	6.7	247.1	1887.1	0.0	0	0.0
1946	7.3	193.2	845.9	0.0	0	0.0
1947	2.6	167.2	385.3	0.0	0	0.0
1948	4.0	177.8	491.1	0.0	0	0.0
1949	2.0	472.9	409.5	0.0	0	0.0
$1950 \\ 1951$	$1.5 \\ 4.3$	$690.1 \\ 840.1$	675.7 $735.1$	$0.0 \\ 0.0$	$0 \\ 0$	$0.0 \\ 0.0$
1951 $1952$	$\frac{4.5}{2.9}$	2030.5	755.1 305.6	0.0	0	0.0
1952 $1953$	145.9	1223.5	361.6	0.0	0	0.0
1953 $1954$	143.9 $123.5$	1837.5	538.8	0.0	0	0.0
1954 $1955$	23.0	1346.4	555.6	0.0	0	0.0
1956	3.8	2563.8	548.2	0.0	0	0.0
1957	1.4	2128.1	538.5	0.0	0	0.0
1958	2.9	1564.9	530.4	0.0	0	0.0
1959	1.5	892.6	337.0	0.0	0	0.0
1960	10.5	1358.8	928.1	0.0	0	0.0
1961	1.1	2061.9	1179.8	0.0	0	0.0
1962	0.6	2584.9	1725.2	0.0	0	0.0
1963	3.9	3693.9	2006.0	0.0	0	0.0
1964	7.7	4261.6	1770.7	0.0	0	0.0
1965	17.7	5627.8	1972.1	0.0	0	0.0
1966	1.9	1591.2	1725.5	0.0	15561	0.0
1967	9.5	354.7	1861.0	0.0	12357	0.0
1968	11.5	466.4	2501.2	0.0	6639	0.0
1969	8.4	422.3	1236.0	0.0	469	0.0
1970	8.7	507.4	1293.3	0.0	441	0.0
1971	12.2	290.4	673.6	0.0	902	0.0
1972	11.4	105.3	796.5	0.0	950	0.0
1973	12.0	121.2	713.1	0.0	1773	0.0
1974	15.7	136.7	641.8	0.0	1457	0.0
1975	11.4	181.3	413.9	62.3	496	0.0
1976	17.2	663.7	$521.1_{41}$	31.9	239	0.0

Year	California	Oregon	Washington	At-Sea Hake	Foreign	Research
1977	16.8	457.1	752.0	3.8	0	11.9
1978	42.6	498.7	1391.5	15.4	0	0.0
1979	137.0	735.9	581.4	15.1	0	34.5
1980	19.3	948.6	666.2	47.0	0	4.6
1981	10.8	929.7	390.3	15.4	0	0.0
1982	145.9	584.0	273.0	28.3	0	0.0
1983	102.0	1032.7	437.7	10.9	0	4.4
1984	47.6	750.4	815.7	2.3	0	0.9
1985	70.9	789.5	503.2	11.4	0	13.6
1986	52.8	676.5	588.9	19.8	0	1.4
1987	120.9	550.0	399.4	5.4	0	0.0
1988	75.4	749.8	509.8	4.5	0	0.5
1989	29.5	927.8	466.2	4.3	0	4.2
1990	18.3	567.8	427.2	80.9	0	0.0
1991	8.4	853.2	530.1	46.1	0	0.0
1992	15.3	623.8	435.2	373.3	0	4.9
1993	11.0	797.8	464.7	0.9	0	0.2
1994	6.7	626.4	352.0	83.8	0	0.0
1995	9.2	515.0	289.8	46.6	0	2.8
1996	18.4	531.1	236.7	6.3	0	1.2
1997	15.8	439.1	184.9	6.4	0	0.1
1998	21.6	436.6	172.4	22.3	0	3.8
1999	19.8	326.8	145.8	16.5	0	1.4
2000	6.8	95.1	33.0	10.1	0	0.6
2001	0.5	193.4	51.8	21.0	0	2.8
2002	0.8	107.1	39.5	3.9	0	0.3
2003	0.2	94.6	30.2	6.3	0	3.6
2004	2.1	97.7	22.3	1.1	0	2.5
2005	0.1	51.2	10.4	1.7	0	1.8
2006	0.2	52.2	15.8	3.1	0	1.2
2007	0.2	83.6	45.1	4.0	0	0.6
2008	0.4	58.6	16.6	15.9	0	0.8
2009	0.9	58.7	33.2	1.6	0	2.7
2010	0.1	58.0	22.3	16.9	0	1.7
2011	0.1	30.3	19.7	9.2	0	1.9
2012	0.2	30.4	21.8	4.5	0	1.6
2013	0.1	34.9	14.8	5.4	0	1.7
2014	0.2	33.9	15.8	3.9	0	0.6
2015	0.1	38.1	11.4	8.7	0	1.6
2016	0.2	34.1	13.1	10.3	0	0.1

Table 3: Summary of discard rates used in the model by each data source.

tab:Discard

Year	Source	Discard	Standard Error
1985	Pikitch	0.027	0.068
1986	Pikitch	0.024	0.063
1987	Pikitch	0.039	0.083
1992	Management	0.100	0.300
	Restrictions		
2002	WCGOP	0.150	0.164
2003	WCGOP	0.183	0.268
2004	WCGOP	0.203	0.206
2005	WCGOP	0.175	0.346
2006	WCGOP	0.148	0.243
2007	WCGOP	0.171	0.261
2008	WCGOP	0.362	0.172
2009	WCGOP	0.504	0.153
2010	WCGOP	0.487	0.195
2011	WCGOP	0.015	0.053
2012	WCGOP	0.028	0.054
2013	WCGOP	0.027	0.054
2014	WCGOP	0.035	0.050
2015	WCGOP	0.010	0.053

Table 4: Summary of commercial fishery length samples used in the stock assessment.

\_tab:Comm\_Lengths

Year         Trips         Fish         Sample Size           1966         1         238         7           1967         5         1020         35           1968         3         912         21           1969         4         1213         28           1970         13         1830         92           1971         22         4698         155           1972         23         4561         162           1973         17         4134         120           1974         20         4806         141           1975         19         3637         134           1976         21         3677         148           1977         32         4846         226           1978         52         7715         367           1979         34         3414         240           1980         55         5426         388           1981         40         3921         282           1982         48         4824         339           1983         39         3944         275           1984         31         3103 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>~</th>				~
1967       5       1020       35         1968       3       912       21         1969       4       1213       28         1970       13       1830       92         1971       22       4698       155         1972       23       4561       162         1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
1968       3       912       21         1969       4       1213       28         1970       13       1830       92         1971       22       4698       155         1972       23       4561       162         1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
1969       4       1213       28         1970       13       1830       92         1971       22       4698       155         1972       23       4561       162         1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
1970       13       1830       92         1971       22       4698       155         1972       23       4561       162         1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991 </td <td>1968</td> <td></td> <td>912</td> <td></td>	1968		912	
1971       22       4698       155         1972       23       4561       162         1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994 <td>1969</td> <td>4</td> <td>1213</td> <td>28</td>	1969	4	1213	28
1972       23       4561       162         1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995 <td></td> <td>13</td> <td>1830</td> <td>92</td>		13	1830	92
1973       17       4134       120         1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996 <td>1971</td> <td>22</td> <td>4698</td> <td>155</td>	1971	22	4698	155
1974       20       4806       141         1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997 <td>1972</td> <td>23</td> <td>4561</td> <td>162</td>	1972	23	4561	162
1975       19       3637       134         1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998 <td>1973</td> <td>17</td> <td>4134</td> <td>120</td>	1973	17	4134	120
1976       21       3677       148         1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999 <td>1974</td> <td>20</td> <td>4806</td> <td>141</td>	1974	20	4806	141
1977       32       4846       226         1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1975	19	3637	134
1978       52       7715       367         1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1976	21	3677	148
1979       34       3414       240         1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1977	32	4846	226
1980       55       5426       388         1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1978	52	7715	367
1981       40       3921       282         1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1979	34	3414	240
1982       48       4824       339         1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1980	55	5426	388
1983       39       3944       275         1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1981	40	3921	282
1984       31       3103       219         1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1982	48	4824	339
1985       45       4509       318         1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1983	39	3944	275
1986       40       4005       282         1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1984	31	3103	219
1987       43       3056       304         1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1985	45	4509	318
1988       9       602       64         1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1986	40	4005	282
1989       16       798       113         1990       12       599       85         1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1987	43	3056	304
1990     12     599     85       1991     8     216     38       1994     43     2608     304       1995     49     3161     346       1996     64     3085     452       1997     76     3570     537       1998     56     3450     395       1999     58     2812     409	1988	9	602	64
1991       8       216       38         1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1989	16	798	113
1994       43       2608       304         1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1990	12	599	85
1995       49       3161       346         1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1991	8	216	38
1996       64       3085       452         1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1994	43	2608	304
1997       76       3570       537         1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1995	49	3161	346
1998       56       3450       395         1999       58       2812       409	1996	64	3085	452
1999 58 2812 409	1997	76	3570	537
	1998	56	3450	395
2000 49 2004 326	1999	58	2812	409
2000 40 2004 920	2000	49	2004	326
2001 59 1696 293	2001	59	1696	293
2002 50 1666 280	2002	50	1666	280

Year	Trips	Fish	Sample Size
2003	68	1685	301
2004	53	1202	219
2005	50	1270	225
2006	59	1486	264
2007	81	2248	391
2008	101	3058	523
2009	108	3208	551
2010	131	2829	521
2011	100	1944	368
2012	97	1873	355
2013	117	2168	416
2014	140	2850	533
2015	107	2459	446
2016	92	1271	267

Table 5: Summary of At-Sea hake fishery length samples used in the stock assessment.

\_tab:ASHOP\_Lengths

Year	Trips	Fish	Sample Size
2003	153	805	263
2004	128	329	172
2005	221	734	321
2006	210	751	312
2007	319	1119	470
2008	26	2491	162
2009	12	366	63
2010	22	1794	155
2011	36	1748	226
2012	26	881	148
2013	26	834	140
2014	31	532	103
2015	23	925	150
2016	35	1947	240

Table 6: Summary of Pacific ocean perch survey length samples used in the stock assessment.

tab:POP\_Lengths

Year	Tows	Fish	Sample Size
1979	125	2375	303
1985	126	2558	306

Table 7: Summary of Triennial survey length samples used in the stock assessment.

tab: Triennial Lengths Year Tows Fish Sample Size 

Table 8: Summary of AFSC slope survey length samples used in the stock assessment.

tab: AFSC\_Lengths Year Tows Fish Sample Size 

Table 9: Summary of NWFSC slope survey length samples used in the stock assessment.

 tab: NWslope\_Lengths

 Year
 Tows
 Fish
 Sample Size

 2001
 18
 27
 43

 2002
 24
 54
 58

Table 10: Summary of NWFSC shelf-slope survey length samples used in the stock assessment.

tab: NWcombo\_Lengths Year Tows Fish Sample Size 

Table 11: Summary of commercial fishery age samples used in the stock assessment.

tab:Comm\_Ages

Year	Trips	Fish	Sample Size
1981	11	1027	78
1982	40	2776	282
1983	33	3320	233
1984	27	2625	191
1985	21	2097	148
1986	17	1696	120
1987	24	1196	169
1988	4	200	28
1994	8	238	41
1999	18	863	127
2000	14	677	99
2001	40	1349	226
2002	38	1414	233
2003	41	1333	225
2004	30	854	148
2005	37	1018	177
2006	49	1259	223
2007	63	1825	315
2008	44	1129	200
2009	76	1549	290
2010	53	1258	227
2011	86	1251	259
2012	7	331	49

Table 12: Summary of At-sea hake fishery age samples used in the stock assessment.

tab:ASHOP\_Ages

Year	Trips	Fish	Sample Size
2003	142	378	194
2006	198	410	255
2007	297	620	383

Table 13: Summary of Pacific ocean perch survey age samples used in the stock assessment.

tab:POP\_Ages

Year	Tows	Fish	Sample Size
1985	29	1635	70

Table 14: Summary of Triennial survey age samples used in the stock assessment.

tab:Triennial\_Ages

			υα
Year	Tows	Fish	Sample Size
1989	15	577	36
1992	10	373	24
1995	12	275	29
1998	28	352	68
2001	43	342	104
2004	57	416	138

Table 15: Summary of NWFSC slope survey age samples used in the stock assessment.

\_tab:NWslope\_Ages

				_ cab.nwsio
Year	Tows	Fish	Sample Size	
2001	17	125	41	_
2002	24	216	58	
				_

Table 16: Summary of NWFSC shelf-slope survey age samples used in the stock assessment.

\_tab:NWFcombo\_Ages

Year         Tows         Fish         Sample Size           2003         45         265         109           2004         34         149         82           2005         38         192         92           2006         33         170         80           2007         50         228         121           2008         39         218         94           2009         45         190         109           2010         53         292         128           2011         53         258         128				0.0
2004       34       149       82         2005       38       192       92         2006       33       170       80         2007       50       228       121         2008       39       218       94         2009       45       190       109         2010       53       292       128	Year	Tows	Fish	Sample Size
2005     38     192     92       2006     33     170     80       2007     50     228     121       2008     39     218     94       2009     45     190     109       2010     53     292     128	2003	45	265	109
2006       33       170       80         2007       50       228       121         2008       39       218       94         2009       45       190       109         2010       53       292       128	2004	34	149	82
2007       50       228       121         2008       39       218       94         2009       45       190       109         2010       53       292       128	2005	38	192	92
2008       39       218       94         2009       45       190       109         2010       53       292       128	2006	33	170	80
2009       45       190       109         2010       53       292       128	2007	50	228	121
2010 53 292 128	2008	39	218	94
	2009	45	190	109
2011 53 258 128	2010	53	292	128
	2011	53	258	128

Table 17: Summary of the commercial catch-per-unit effort time-series used in the stock assessment.

tab:CPUE\_Summary

Year	Obs	SE
1956	0.40	0.40
1957	0.30	0.40
1958	0.32	0.40
1959	0.29	0.40
1960	0.28	0.40
1961	0.31	0.40
1962	0.29	0.40
1963	0.34	0.40
1964	0.35	0.40
1965	0.55	0.40
1966	0.47	0.40
1967	0.30	0.40
1968	0.17	0.40
1969	0.18	0.40
1970	0.17	0.40
1971	0.20	0.40
1972	0.20	0.40
1973	0.11	0.40

Table 18: Summary of the fishery-independant biomass/abundance time-series used in the stock assessment. The standard error includes the input annual standard error and model estimated added variance.

	PO	P	Trien	nial	AFSC	Slope	NWFSO	C Slope	tab:Inde NWFS(	x_Summary C Shelf-Slope
Year	Obs	SE	Obs	SE	Obs	SE	Obs	$\overline{\mathrm{SE}}$	Obs	SE
1979	56461	0.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
1980	-	-	10384	0.39	-	-	-	-	-	-
1983	-	-	8974	0.34	-	-	-	-	-	-
1985	34645	0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1986	-	-	2977	0.40	-	-	-	-	-	-
1989	-	-	4873	0.40	-	-	-	-	-	-
1992	-	-	3207	0.39	-	-	-	-	-	-
1995	-	-	2724	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	-
1996	-	-	-	-	7621	0.51	-	-	-	-
1997	-	-	-	-	3807	0.51	-	-	-	-
1998	-	-	4163	0.38	-	-	-	-	-	_
1999	-	-	-	-	4694	0.50	2201	0.48	-	-
2000	-	-	-	-	4243	0.53	2010	0.50	-	_
2001	-	-	1494	0.38	4187	0.49	2290	0.57	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-	-	1646	0.58	-	_
2003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9940	0.41
2004	-	-	2922	0.42	-	-	-	-	4870	0.44
2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7782	0.44
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5722	0.46
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5913	0.41
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3710	0.44
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2754	0.41
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4943	0.39
2011	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	7417	0.39
2012	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	8326	0.40
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7566	0.39
2014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4720	0.39
2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5317	0.36

Table 19: Estimated ageing error from the CAPS lab used in the assessment model

tab:Age\_Error True Age (yr) SD of Observed True Age (yr) SD of Observed Age (yr) Age (yr) 0.5 0.156238 31.5 2.77229 1.5 0.15623832.52.853942.5 33.5 0.248852.935263.5 0.34107334.5 3.01623 4.5 0.4329135.53.096875.5 0.52436336.5 3.17717 6.5 0.61543237.5 3.25713 7.5 0.7061238.5 3.33675 8.5 0.79642939.5 3.416059.5 0.88635940.5 3.49501 10.5 0.97591341.53.5736442.5 11.5 1.06509 3.65194 12.5 43.53.729911.1539 13.5 1.24233 44.5 3.8075614.5 45.5 1.33039 3.8848815.5 1.41809 46.53.96188 16.5 1.50542 47.54.0385517.5 1.59238 48.5 4.1149118.5 1.67897 49.54.1909419.5 1.76521 50.5 4.2666620.551.54.342051.85108 21.5 52.5 1.9366 4.4171422.5 2.02175 53.54.4919123.52.1065554.54.5663624.5 55.5 2.191 4.6405125.5 2.27509 56.5 4.7143426.5 2.3588357.5 4.7878627.52.4422158.5 4.8610828.52.52525 59.5 4.9339929.52.6079460.55.0066 30.5 2.69029

Table 20: Specifications of the base model for 'r spp'.

Model Specification	tab: Base Model
Starting year	1918
Population characteristics	
Maximum age	60
Gender	$\frac{2}{2}$
Population lengths	5-50  cm by  1  cm bins
Summary biomass (mt)	Age 3+
Data characteristics	
Data lengths	11-47  cm by  1  cm bins
Data ages	1-40
Minimun age for growth calculations	3
Maximum age for growth calculations	20
First mature age	0
Starting year of estimated recruitment	1940
Fishery characteristics	
Fishery timing	mid-year
Fishing mortality method	discrete
Maximum F	0.9
Catchability	Analytical estimate
Fishery selectivity	Double Normal
At-Sea Hake selectivity	Double Normal
POP survey selectivity	Logistic
Triennial survey	Double Normal
AFSC slope survey	Double Normal
NWFSC slope survey	Double Normal
NWFSC shelf/slope survey	Double Normal
Fishery time blocks	
Fishery selectivity	none
Fishery retention	1918-1991, 1992-2001,
	2002-2007, 2008, 2009-2010,
	2011-2016

Table 21: List of parameters used in the base model, including estimated values and standard deviations (SD), bounds (minimum and maximum), estimation phase (negative values indicate not estimated), status (indicates if parameters are near bounds, and prior type information (mean, SD).

F		- 1	7	t	-	5	. d	4 14
No.	Parameter	Value	Phase	Bounds	$\operatorname{status}$	SD	Prior (Exp. Val, SD)	NA
1	${ m NatM_{-}p_{-}1\_Fem\_GP\_1}$	0	-2.000	(0.02, 0.1)			$_{ m Log-Norm}$	$Log_Norm$ (-2.9)
2	L_at_Amin_Fem_GP_1	21	-3.000	(15, 25)			No-prior	None
3	L_at_Amax_Fem_GP_1	42	2.000	(35, 45)	OK	0	No-prior	None
4	VonBert_K_Fem_GP_1	0	3.000	(0.1, 0.4)	OK	0	No_prior	None
ಬ	CV_young_Fem_GP_1	Π	5.000	(0.03, 5)	OK	0	No_prior	None
9	$CV_old_Fem_GP_1$	က	5.000	(0.03, 5)	OK	0	No_prior	None
7	Wtlen_1_Fem	0	-50.000	(0,3)			No_prior	None
$\infty$	Wtlen_2_Fem	က	-50.000	(2, 4)			No_prior	None
6	$ m Mat50\%\_Fem$	32	-50.000	(20, 40)			No_prior	None
10	Mat_slope_Fem		-50.000	(-2, 4)			No-prior	None
11	Eggs_scalar_Fem	0	-50.000	(0, 6)			No_prior	None
12	Eggs-exp_len_Fem	ಬ	-50.000	(-3, 5)			No-prior	None
13	$NatM_p_1Mal_GP_1$	0	2.000	(0, 0.3)	OK	0	Normal	Normal (0.05,
14	L_at_Amin_Mal_GP_1	21	-2.000	(6, 68)			No-prior	None
15	$L_at_Amax_Mal_GP_1$	39	2.000	(13, 122)	OK	0	No-prior	None
16	VonBert_K_Mal_GP_1	0	3.000	(0.04, 1.09)	OK	0	No-prior	None
17	$CV_{-young\_Mal\_GP\_1}$	$\vdash$	5.000	(0, 742.07)	OK	0	No_prior	None
18	CV_old_Mal_GP_1	2	5.000	(0, 742.07)	OK	0	No-prior	None
19	Wtlen_1_Mal	0	-50.000	(0,3)			No_prior	None
20	Wtlen_2_Mal	3	-50.000	(2, 4)			No-prior	None
24	CohortGrowDev	$\vdash$	-50.000	(0, 2)			No_prior	None
25	FracFemale_GP_1	0	-99.000	(0.000001, 0.999999)			No-prior	None
26	$SR_LN(R0)$	6	1.000	(5, 20)	OK	0	No_prior	None
27	SR_BH_steep	0	2.000	(0.2, 1)	OK	0	Full_Beta	Full_Beta (0.76
28	SR_sigmaR	$\vdash$	-6.000	(0.5, 1.2)			No-prior	None
29	SR_regime	0	-50.000	(-5, 5)			No-prior	None
Conti	Continued on next nage							

Continued on next page

Table 21: List of parameters used in the base model, including estimated values and standard deviations (SD), bounds (minimum and maximum), estimation phase (negative values indicate not estimated), status (indicates if parameters are near bounds, and prior type information (mean, SD).

NA	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	
Prior (Exp.Val, SD) N	No_prior N	ū			No-prior N			No-prior N						No-prior N	No_prior N	No_prior N	No_prior N	No-prior N		No_prior N	No-prior	No-prior	No-prior	No-prior			
SD					0				0	Н		0	ಬ	0	0	0	0	31441		0		0	6113	2		3	
Status					OK				OK	OK		OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK		HI		OK	OK	OK		OK	
Bounds	(0, 2)	(-15, 15)	(-15, 15)	(-15, 15)	(0, 0.5)	(-15, 15)	(-15, 15)	(-15, 15)	(0, 0.5)	(20, 45)	(-6, 4)	(-1, 9)	(-9, 9)	(-5, 9)	(-5, 9)	(15, 45)	(0.1, 10)	(-10, 10)	(0,0)	(20, 49.5)	(-6, 4)	(-1, 9)	(-1, 9)	(-9, 9)	(-5,999)	(20, 70)	
Phase	-50.000	-1.000	-1.000	-1.000	2.000	-1.000	-1.000	-1.000	2.000	2.000	-2.000	3.000	3.000	4.000	2.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	-3.000	2.000	-2.000	3.000	3.000	4.000	-2.000	2.000	
Value	0	-12	1	-1	0	-1	-	-1	0	38	ij	4	-2	-4	1	29		1	0	20		5	1	5	666	24	
No. Parameter	30 SR_autocorr	154  LnQ-base-Fishery(1)	155 $\operatorname{LnQ-base-POP}(4)$	156 $LnQ_base_Triennial(5)$	157 Q-extraSD_Triennial(5)	158 $LnQ_base_AFSCSlope(6)$	159 LnQ_base_NWFSCSlope(7)	160 LnQ_base_NWFSCcombo(8)	161 Q_extraSD_NWFSCcombo(8)	162 SizeSel_P1_Fishery(1)	163 SizeSel_P2_Fishery(1)	164 SizeSel_P3_Fishery $(1)$	165 SizeSel $P4$ Fishery(1)	166 SizeSel_P5_Fishery(1)	167 SizeSel_P6_Fishery(1)	168 Retain_P1_Fishery(1)	169 Retain_P2_Fishery $(1)$	170 Retain_P3_Fishery $(1)$	171 Retain_P4_Fishery $(1)$	172 $SizeSelPlASHOP(2)$	173 $SizeSelP2ASHOP(2)$	174 $SizeSel_{-}P3\_ASHOP(2)$	175 $SizeSelP4ASHOP(2)$	176 $SizeSel_{D5}ASHOP(2)$	177 $SizeSelP6ASHOP(2)$	178 $SizeSel_Pl_POP(4)$	Continued on next news

Continued on next page

Table 21: List of parameters used in the base model, including estimated values and standard deviations (SD), bounds (minimum and maximum), estimation phase (negative values indicate not estimated), status (indicates if parameters are near bounds, and prior type information (mean,  $\mathrm{SD}$ ).

No.	Parameter	Value	Phase	Bounds	Status	SD	Prior (Exp.Val, SD)	NA
179	SizeSel_P2_POP(4)	12	3.000	(0.001, 50)	OK	ಬ	No-prior	None
180	SizeSel_P1_Triennial(5)	56	2.000	(20, 45)	OK	4	No-prior	None
181	SizeSel_P2_Triennial(5)	ç	-2.000	(-6, 4)			No_prior	None
182	SizeSel_P3_Triennial(5)	4	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	2	No-prior	None
183	SizeSel_P4_Triennial(5)	2	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	က	No-prior	None
184	SizeSel_P5_Triennial(5)		4.000	(-5, 9)	OK	$\vdash$	No-prior	None
185	SizeSel_P6_Triennial(5)		2.000	(-5, 9)	OK		No-prior	None
186	$SizeSel_P1\_AFSCSlope(6)$	37	2.000	(20, 45)	OK	4	No-prior	None
187	$SizeSel_P2\_AFSCSlope(6)$	5-	-2.000	(-6, 4)			No_prior	None
188	$SizeSel_P3\_AFSCSlope(6)$	ಬ	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	Н	No_prior	None
189	SizeSel_P4_AFSCSlope(6)	$\vdash$	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	6113	No-prior	None
190	SizeSel_P5_AFSCSlope(6)	6-	-4.000	(-9, 9)			No-prior	None
191	SizeSel_P6_AFSCSlope(6)	666	-2.000	(-5, 999)			No-prior	None
192	$SizeSel_P1\_NWFSCSlope(7)$	36	2.000	(20, 45)	OK	2	No-prior	None
193	$SizeSel_P2\_NWFSCSlope(7)$	ಭ	-2.000	(-6, 4)			No_prior	None
194	$SizeSel_P3\_NWFSCSlope(7)$	2	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	2	No-prior	None
195	$SizeSel_P4\_NWFSCSlope(7)$	$\vdash$	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	6113	No-prior	None
196	$SizeSel_{-}P5_{-}NWFSCSlope(7)$	6-	-4.000	(-9, 9)			No_prior	None
197	$SizeSel_P6_NWFSCSlope(7)$	666	-2.000	(-5, 999)			No_prior	None
198	SizeSel_P1_NWFSCcombo(8)	20	2.000	(20, 49.5)	HI	0	No-prior	None
199	SizeSel_P2_NWFSCcombo(8)	5	-2.000	(-6, 4)			No-prior	None
200	SizeSel_P3_NWFSCcombo(8)	_	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	$\vdash$	No-prior	None
201	SizeSel_P4_NWFSCcombo(8)	П	3.000	(-1, 9)	OK	6310	No_prior	None
202	SizeSel_P5_NWFSCcombo(8)	-4	4.000	(-9, 9)	OK	7	No-prior	None
203	SizeSel_P6_NWFSCcombo(8)	666	-2.000	(-5, 999)			No-prior	None
204	Retain_P3_Fishery $(1)$ _BLK1repl_1918	4	1.000	(-10, 10)	OK	0	No-prior	None
Cont	Continued on next page							

Continued on next page

Table 21: List of parameters used in the base model, including estimated values and standard deviations (SD), bounds (minimum and maximum), estimation phase (negative values indicate not estimated), status (indicates if parameters are near bounds, and prior type information (mean, SD).

No.	No. Parameter	Value	Phase	Bounds	Status	SD	Prior (Exp.Val, SD) NA	NA
205	205 Retain_P3_Fishery(1)_BLK1repl_1992	2	1.000	(-10, 10)	OK	0	No_prior	None
206	Retain_P3_Fishery(1)_BLK1repl_2002	2	1.000	(-10, 10)	OK	0	No_prior	None
207	Retain_P3_Fishery(1)_BLK1repl_2008	П	1.000	(-10, 10)	OK	0	No_prior	None
208	208 Retain_P3_Fishery(1)_BLK1repl_2009	0-	1.000	(-10, 10)	OK	0	No_prior	None
209	Retain_P3_Fishery(1)_BLK1repl_2011	_	1.000	(-10, 10)	OK	2	No_prior	None
<u></u>	tab:model_params							

Table 22: Likelihood components from the base model

Likelihood Component Value Total 1328.59 Survey -28.92 Discard -38.1 Length-frequency data 175.01 Age-frequency data 1208.1 Recruitment 8.86 Forecast Recruitment 0 Parameter Priors 3.64

Table 23: Results from 100 jitters from the base model.

		•						
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u	а	$\sim$	•	- 1	_	U	u	-

tab:like

Status	Base.Model
Returned to base case	-
Found local minimum	-
Found better solution	-
Error in likelihood	-
Total	100

Table 25: Time-series of population estimates from the base model.

Year	Total	Spawning	Summary	Relative	Age-0	Estimated	1 CDD	Evp. rata
rear	biomass	output	biomass	biomass	re-	total	1-81 IV	Exp. rate
	(mt)	(million	3+	DIOIIIASS	cruits	catch		
	(1116)	eggs)	$_{0}\pm$		Crurts	(mt)		
		(mt)				(1116)		
1918	119983	5541	119351	1.00	9915	0.0	0.00	0
1919	119984	5541	119351 $119350$	1.00	9918	1.3	0.00	0
1920	119990	5541	119350 $119350$	1.00	9921	0.5	0.00	0
1920	120006	5541	119366	1.00	9923	0.4	0.00	0
1921	120031	5541	119390	1.00	9926	0.4	0.00	0
1923	120063	5541	119422	1.00	9929	0.3	0.00	0
1924	120102	5541	119461	1.00	9931	0.3	0.00	0
1925	120102	5542	119506	1.00	9934	0.6	0.00	0
1926	120198	5543	119557	1.00	9937	0.8	0.00	0
1927	120253	5545	119611	1.00	9940	1.2	0.00	0
1928	120311	5547	119669	1.00	9943	1.6	0.00	0
1929	120372	5549	119730	1.00	9945	1.4	0.00	0
1930	120436	5551	119793	1.00	9947	1.4	0.00	0
1931	120500	5554	119858	1.00	9948	1.3	0.00	0
1932	120565	5557	119923	1.00	9949	1.4	0.00	0
1933	120631	5560	119988	1.00	9949	1.1	0.00	0
1934	120695	5562	120053	1.00	9948	1.8	0.00	0
1935	120758	5565	120115	1.00	9948	3.2	0.00	0
1936	120814	5568	120171	1.00	9950	8.8	0.00	0
1937	120875	5571	120232	1.01	9955	2.3	0.00	0
1938	120934	5574	120291	1.01	9965	3.4	0.00	0
1939	120988	5577	120345	1.01	9980	6.5	0.00	0
1940	121037	5579	120392	1.01	10472	11.3	0.01	0
1941	121080	5581	120428	1.01	10500	23.6	0.01	0
1942	121133	5582	120456	1.01	10532	31.1	0.02	0
1943	121203	5583	120525	1.01	10563	47.3	0.21	0
1944	120789	5559	120108	1.00	10568	564.2	0.33	0
1945	120053	5517	119371	1.00	10564	933.0	0.67	0.01
1946	118109	5416	117426	0.98	10523	2203.8	0.39	0.02
1947	117368	5372	116686	0.97	10602	1081.3	0.22	0.01
1948	117189	5355	116507	0.97	10826	572.3	0.26	0
1949	116930	5336	116240	0.96	11218	694.7	0.34	0.01
1950	116509	5309	115801	0.96	11826	909.8	0.48	0.01
1951	115671	5260	114935	0.95	12640	1405.0	0.55	0.01
1952	114736	5204	113956	0.94	13558	1621.4	0.74	0.01
1953	113188	5113	112355	0.92	14146	2401.3	0.60	0.02
1954	112480	5055	111595	0.91	13828	1777.2	0.78	0.02

Table 25: Time-series of population estimates from the base model.

Year	Total	Spawning	Summary	Relative	Age-0	Estimated	1-SPR	Exp. rate
	biomass	output	biomass	biomass	re-	total		1
	(mt)	(million	3+		cruits	$\operatorname{catch}$		
	<b>\</b>	eggs)				(mt)		
		(mt)				,		
1955	111211	4963	110306	0.90	12608	2567.3	0.67	0.02
1956	110719	4903	109850	0.88	11092	2004.5	0.92	0.02
1957	109165	4794	108380	0.87	9576	3202.8	0.84	0.03
1958	108120	4718	107433	0.85	8388	2743.7	0.72	0.03
1959	107600	4682	107004	0.84	7618	2158.0	0.48	0.02
1960	107811	4700	107282	0.85	7338	1266.0	0.77	0.01
1961	106695	4675	106207	0.84	7483	2370.8	0.96	0.02
1962	104400	4609	103924	0.83	7585	3331.5	1.13	0.03
1963	100827	4486	100345	0.81	6798	4426.2	1.31	0.04
1964	95665	4285	95192	0.77	5579	5883.4	1.36	0.06
1965	90047	4053	89631	0.73	4764	6237.0	1.51	0.07
1966	82732	3734	82387	0.67	4313	7833.8	1.85	0.1
1967	64276	2876	63979	0.52	3841	18970.1	1.85	0.3
1968	50324	2217	50055	0.40	3821	14651.6	1.82	0.29
1969	41444	1796	41195	0.32	4861	9713.6	1.27	0.24
1970	40135	1739	39864	0.31	7857	2184.2	1.32	0.05
1971	38719	1679	38365	0.30	3981	2302.2	1.22	0.06
1972	37770	1635	37331	0.30	2628	1905.8	1.23	0.05
1973	36895	1587	36661	0.29	2338	1888.8	1.43	0.05
1974	35149	1501	34984	0.27	2331	2643.3	1.38	0.08
1975	33670	1429	33519	0.26	2855	2274.5	1.03	0.07
1976	33187	1411	33029	0.25	2330	1183.0	1.18	0.04
1977	32281	1386	32104	0.25	2998	1507.7	1.09	0.05
1978	31532	1374	31372	0.25	2236	1270.3	1.35	0.04
1979	29977	1321	29796	0.24	2285	1999.6	1.23	0.07
1980	28842	1281	28697	0.23	2062	1533.2	1.31	0.05
1981	27450	1224	27306	0.22	2232	1726.8	1.21	0.06
1982	26366	1179	26228	0.21	3164	1381.5	1.09	0.05
1983	25583	1147	25424	0.21	2820	1057.9	1.35	0.04
1984	24240	1086	24043	0.20	2369	1627.7	1.39	0.07
1985	22910	1023	22735	0.18	2420	1659.9	1.35	0.07
1986	21839	969	21688	0.17	1661	1422.1	1.36	0.07
1987	20827	917	20683	0.17	1799	1375.3	1.27	0.07
1988	20086	877	19976	0.16	1906	1106.0	1.41	0.06
1989	19054	828	18936	0.15	2392	1378.4	1.47	0.07
1990	17940	776	17807	0.14	3431	1471.1	1.36	0.08
1991	17204	742	17038	0.13	1241	1123.2	1.52	0.07

Table 25: Time-series of population estimates from the base model.

Year	Total		Summary		Age-0	Estimated	1-SPR	Exp. rate
	biomass	output	biomass	biomass	re-	total		
	(mt)	(million	3+		cruits	catch		
		eggs)				(mt)		
		(mt)						
1992	16155	692	15972	0.12	676	1477.3	1.57	0.09
1993	15055	633	14984	0.11	643	1568.0	1.57	0.1
1994	14027	584	13981	0.11	1939	1414.9	1.52	0.1
1995	13198	545	13135	0.10	1802	1178.5	1.44	0.09
1996	12574	520	12454	0.09	672	952.9	1.42	0.08
1997	12029	501	11932	0.09	623	880.1	1.33	0.07
1998	11613	490	11570	0.09	629	715.9	1.35	0.06
1999	11136	473	11087	0.09	4111	723.1	1.23	0.07
2000	10817	460	10715	0.08	5420	563.4	0.57	0.05
2001	10980	466	10701	0.08	1963	160.2	0.87	0.01
2002	11191	465	10900	0.08	1359	295.1	0.62	0.03
2003	11616	469	11501	0.08	751	179.1	0.56	0.02
2004	12027	471	11945	0.09	2363	157.4	0.53	0.01
2005	12424	474	12352	0.09	1049	148.1	0.30	0.01
2006	12862	489	12732	0.09	950	77.1	0.32	0.01
2007	13277	514	13210	0.09	1143	85.5	0.51	0.01
2008	13608	541	13473	0.10	29804	157.8	0.43	0.01
2009	14167	565	13686	0.10	612	133.8	0.55	0.01
2010	15232	581	13793	0.10	1322	194.8	0.52	0.01
2011	17119	594	17067	0.11	1724	184.1	0.20	0.01
2012	18700	610	18608	0.11	1478	61.5	0.18	0
2013	20242	627	20133	0.11	2217	59.1	0.17	0
2014	21658	666	21552	0.12	1713	57.8	0.15	0
2015	22900	752	22764	0.14	2272	55.4	0.15	0
2016	23963	861	23842	0.16	2558	60.1	0.13	0
2017	24844	955	24692	0.17	2799	58.3	0.67	0
2018	25207	1009	25037	0.18	2935	_	_	_
2019	25400	1043	25216	0.19	3018	_	_	_
2020	25481	1062	25290	0.19	3066	_	_	_
2021	25498	1073	25302	0.19	3091	_	_	_
2022	25484	1077	25286	0.19	3102	_	_	_
2023	25462	1078	25262	0.19	3105	_	_	_
2024	25442	1078	25241	0.19	3104	_	_	_
2025	25430	1078	25229	0.19	3103	=	_	_
2026	25428	1077	25227	0.19	3103	=	_	_
2027	25435	1077	25235	0.19	3103	-	_	_
2028	25450	1078	25250	0.19	3103	_	_	_

Table 25: Time-series of population estimates from the base model.

Year	Total	Spawning	Summary	Relative	Age-0	Estimated 1-SPR	Exp. rate
	biomass	output	biomass	biomass	re-	total	
	(mt)	(million	3+		cruits	catch	
		eggs)				(mt)	
	<b>.</b>	(mt)					
tab	:Timeseri	es_mod1					

ty\_model1 Table 24: Sensitivity of the base model to dropping or down-weighting data sources and alternative assumptions about growth.

Label	Base	Harmonic	Drop	Drop	Down-	Free size	Free CV	CV External
	(Francis	mean	index	ages	weight	Age0	Amin	$\operatorname{growth}$
	weights)	weights			$_{ m lengths}$			
TOTAL_like	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	ı
Catch_like	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Equil_catch_like	,	ı	,	ı	1	,	ı	,
Survey_like	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı
Length-comp_like	1	I	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı
Age_comp_like	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Parm_priors_like	ı	I	1	ı	1	I	ı	ı
SSB_Unfished_thousand_mt	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı
TotBio_Unfished	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı
SmryBio_Unfished	,	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	1
Recr_Unfished_billions	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı
SSB_Btgt_thousand_mt	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	I
SPR_Btgt	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	Ī
Fstd_Btgt	ı	ı	1	,	ı	ı	1	ı
TotYield_Btgt_thousand_mt	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
SSB_SPRtgt_thousand_mt	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı
Fstd_SPRtgt	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1
$TotYield\_SPRtgt\_thousand\_mt$	,	ı	1		ı	,	1	ı
SSB_MSY_thousand_mt	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı
SPR_MSY	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı
Fstd_MSY	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
TotYield_MSY_thousand_mt	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
RetYield_MSY	,	,	,	1	1	1	1	1
Bratio_2015	,	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı
F_2015	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı
SPRratio_2015	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	Ī
Recr_2015	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Recr_Virgin_billions	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
L-at_Amin_Fem_GP_1	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı
L_at_Amax_Fem_GP_1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
VonBert_K_Fem_GP_1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı
CV_young_Fem_GP_1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı
CV_old_Fem_GP_1	ı	ı	,	ı	ı	I	1	1

Table 26: Projection of potential OFL, spawning biomass, and depletion for the base case model.

Year	OFL contriubtion	ACL landings (mt)	Age 3+ biomass (mt)	Spawning Output	tab:Forecast_mod1 Depletion
	(mt)				
2017	832	326	24692	955	0.17
2018	877	370	25037	1009	0.18
2019	898	394	25216	1043	0.19
2020	899	404	25290	1062	0.19
2021	892	406	25302	1073	0.19
2022	880	403	25286	1077	0.19
2023	869	399	25262	1078	0.19
2024	861	396	25241	1078	0.19
2025	855	393	25229	1078	0.19
2026	851	391	25227	1077	0.19
2027	850	391	25235	1077	0.19
2028	849	391	25250	1078	0.19

# 9 Figures

figures

#### Data by type and year

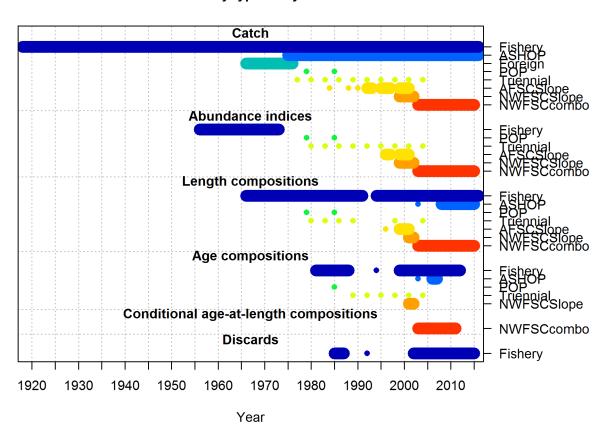


Figure 1: Summary of data sources used in the Base model. fig:data\_plot

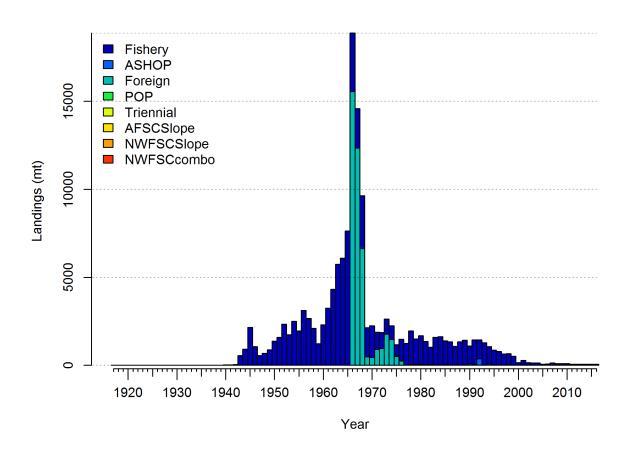


Figure 2: Total catches Pacific ocean perch through 2016. fig:Catch

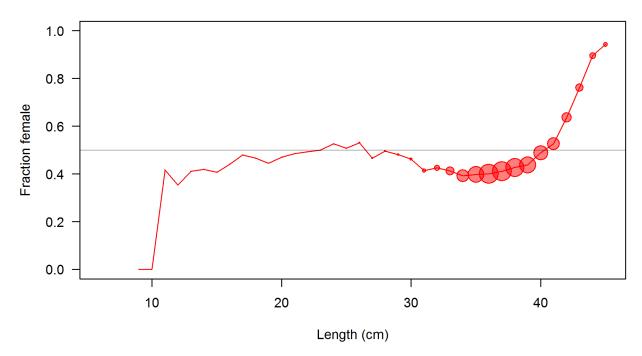


Figure 3: The estimated sex ratio of Pacific ocean perch at length from all biological data sources.

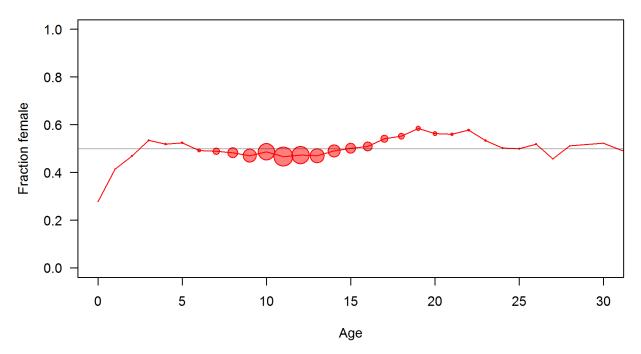


Figure 4: The estimated sex ratio of Pacific ocean perch at age from all biological data sources.

## POP functional maturity

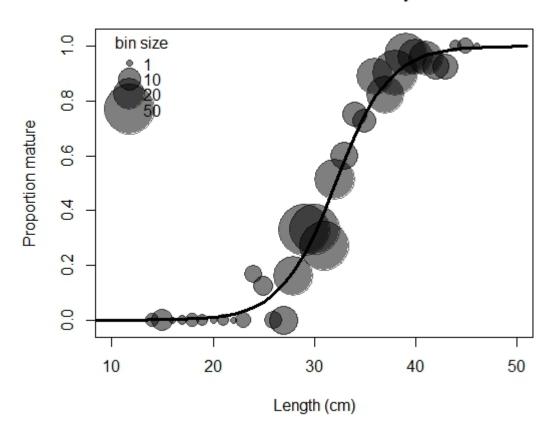
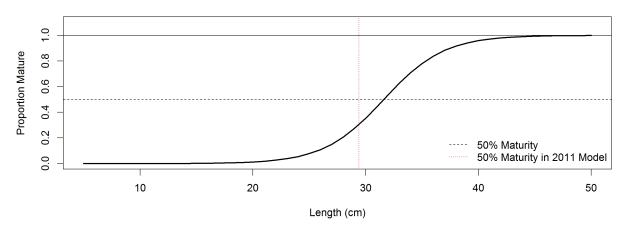


Figure 5: The estimated functional maturity Pacific ocean perch at length.  $f_{ig:mat}$ 

## **Functional Maturity by Length (2017 Assessment)**



## Maturity by Age (2011 Assessment)

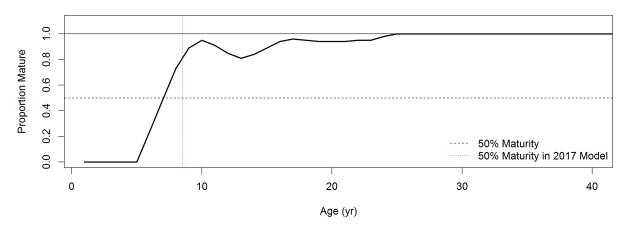


Figure 6: Comparison between estimated maturity-at-length used in this assessment and maturity-at-age applied in the 2011 assessment of Pacific ocean perch.

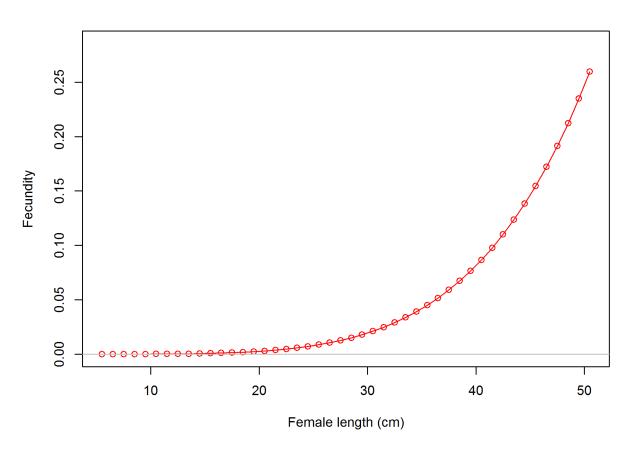
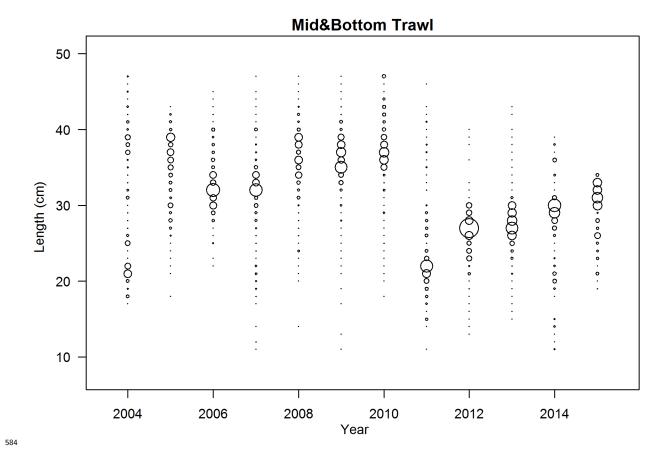


Figure 7: Fecundity at length of Pacific ocean perch in the Base model. fig:fecundity



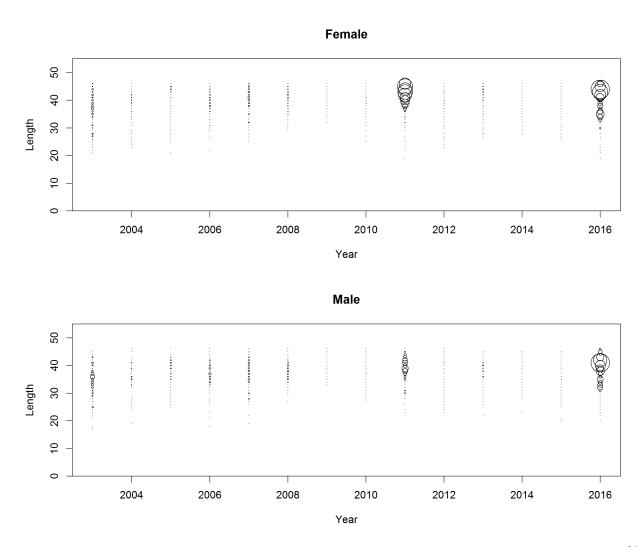


Figure 8: At-Sea hake fishery length frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:ASHOP\_Length

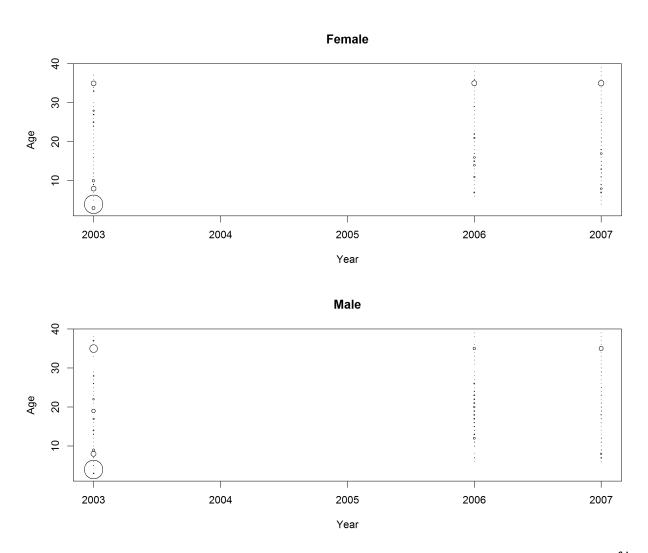


Figure 9: At-Sea hake fishery age frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:ASHOP\_Age

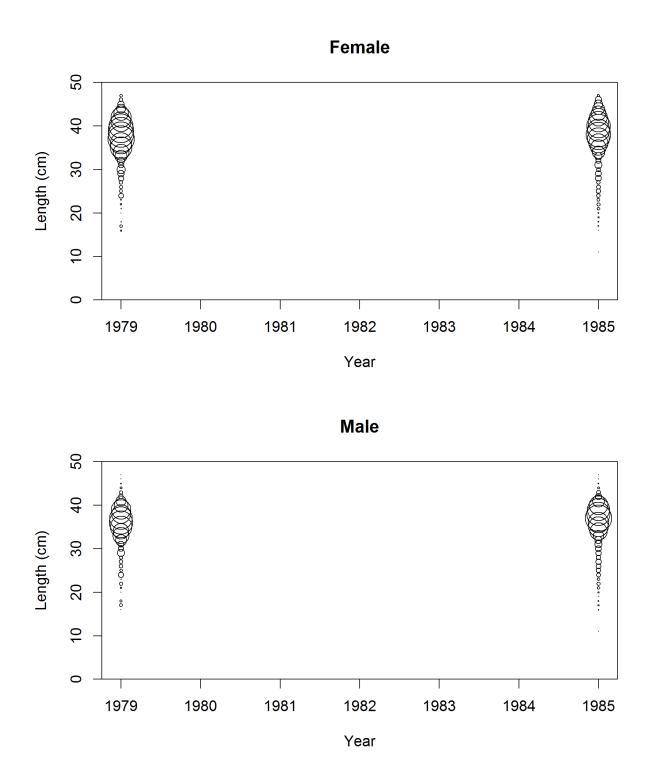


Figure 10: Pacific ocean perch survey length frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:POP\_Length

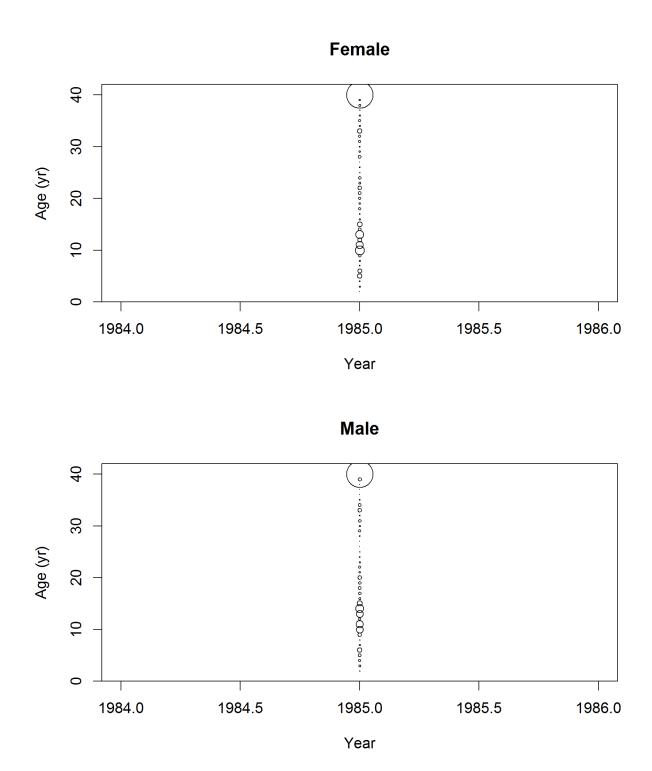
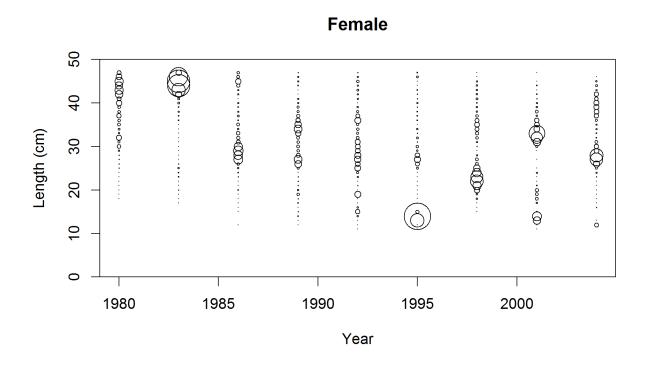


Figure 11: Pacific ocean perch survey age frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:POP\_Age



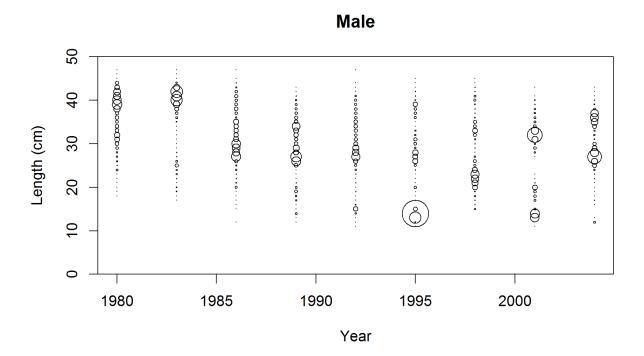
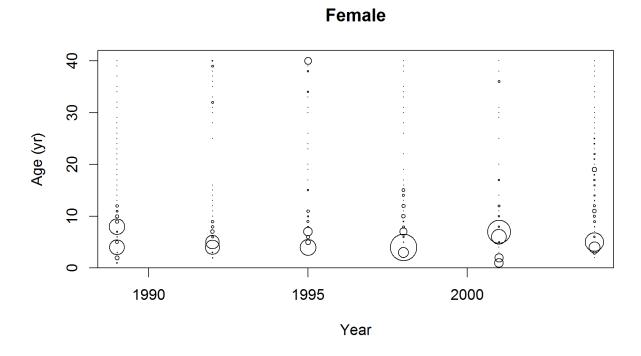


Figure 12: Triennial survey length frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:Tri\_Length



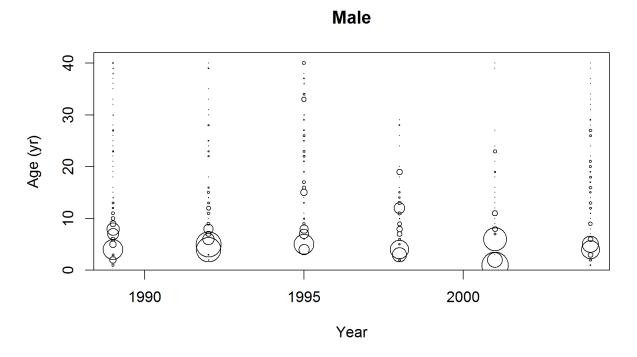
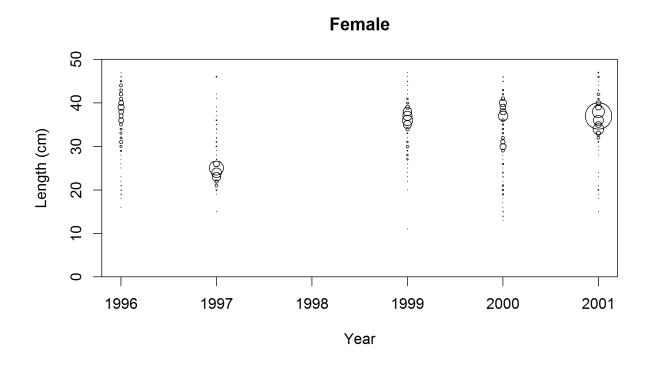


Figure 13: Triennial survey age frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:Tri\_Age



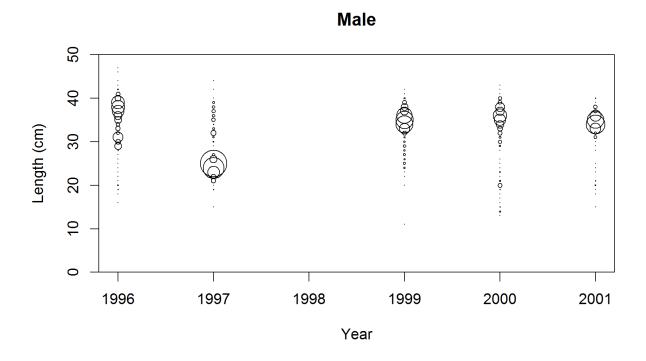
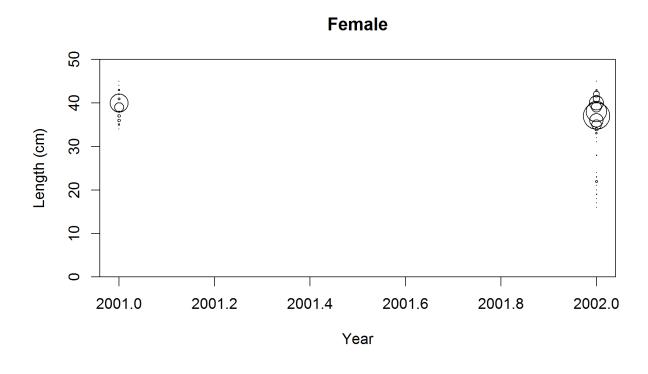


Figure 14: AFSC slope survey length frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:afsc\_Length



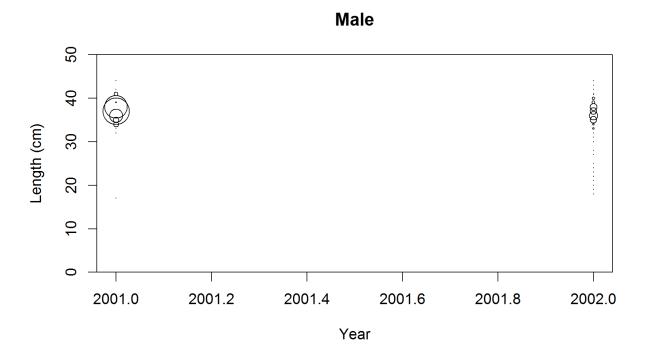
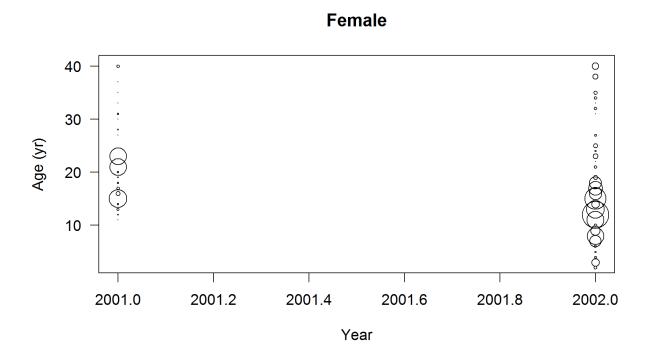


Figure 15: NWFSC slope survey length frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:nw\_slope\_L



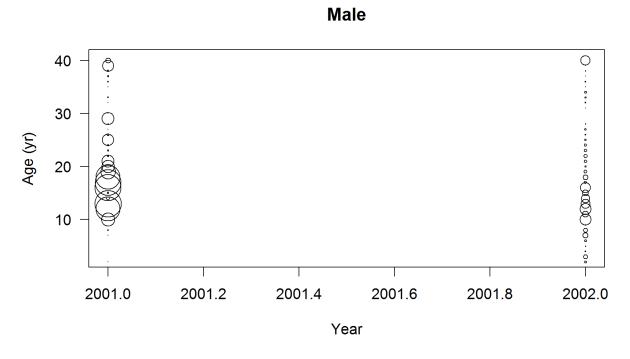
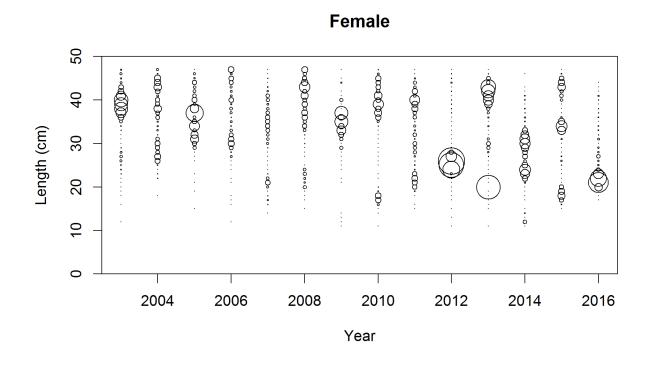


Figure 16: NWFSC slope survey age frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:nw\_slope\_Ag



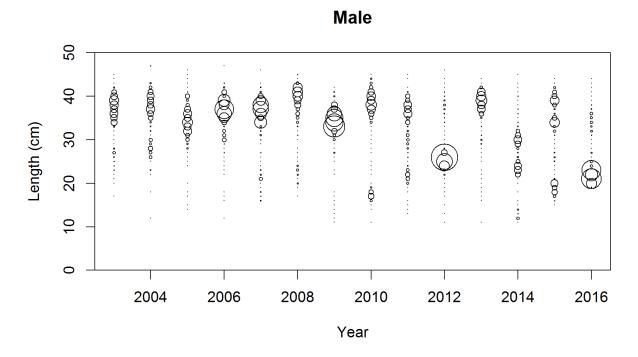
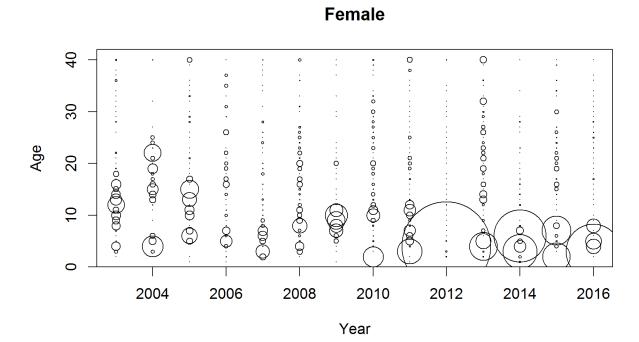


Figure 17: NWFSC shelf/lope survey length frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:nw\_Length



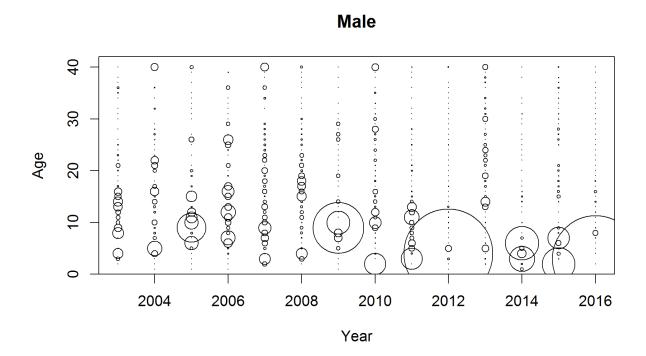


Figure 18: NWFSC shelf/slope survey age frequency distributions for Pacific ocean perch. fig:nw\_Age

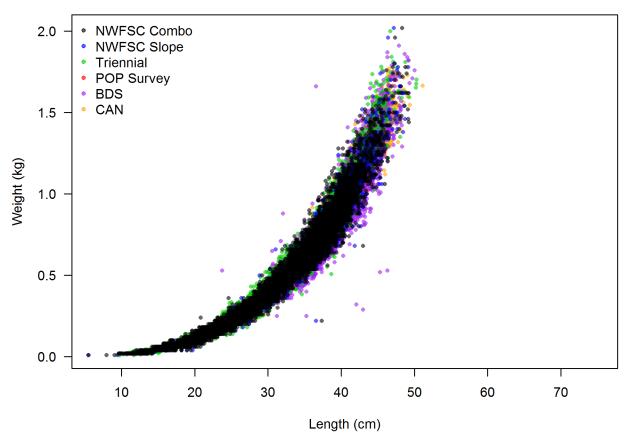


Figure 19: Weight-at-length for Pacific ocean perch from all data sources.  $fig:Wt_len$ 

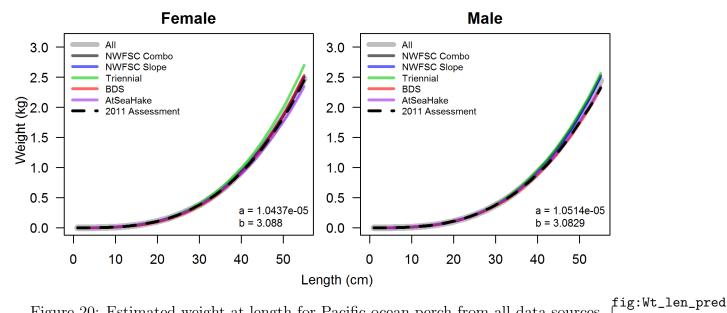


Figure 20: Estimated weight-at-length for Pacific ocean perch from all data sources.

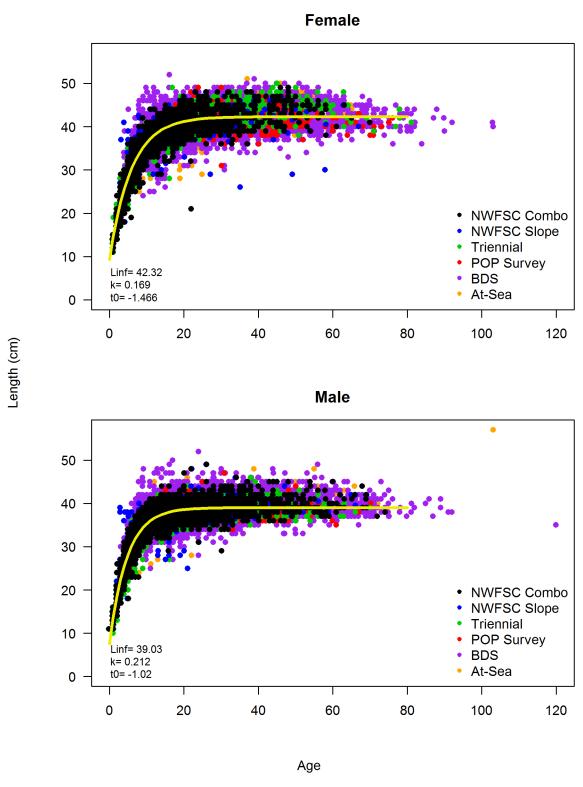


Figure 21: Estimated length-at-age for Pacific ocean perch from all data sources. fig:Len\_Age

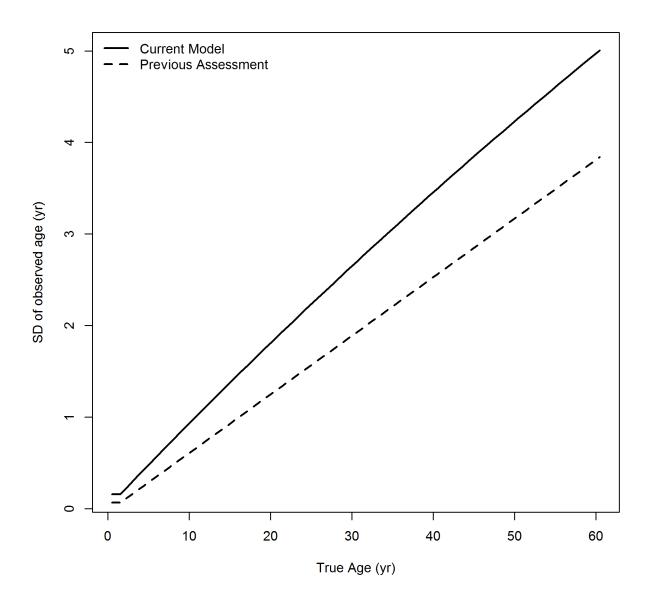


Figure 22: The estimated ageing error used in this assessment compared to the ageing error assumed in the previous assessment for Pacific ocean perch. fig:Age\_Error

# length comps, discard, Fishery

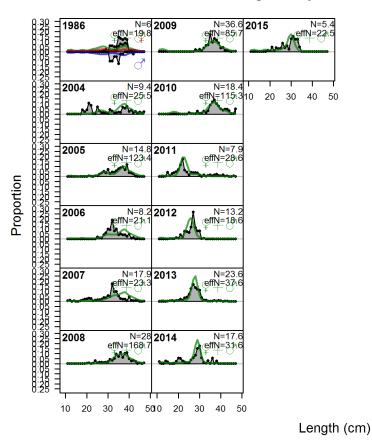


Figure 23: length comps, discard, Fishery [fig:mod1\_1\_comp\_lenfit\_flt1mkt1

#### Pearson residuals, discard, Fishery (max=4.73)

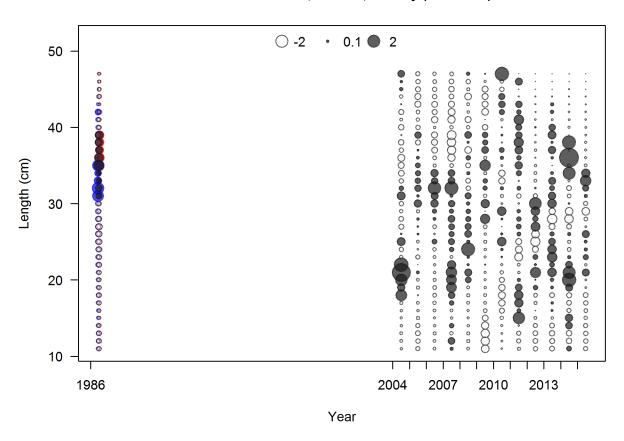


Figure 24: Pearson residuals, discard, Fishery (max=4.73)
Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_2\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt1mkt1

# N-EffN comparison, length comps, discard, Fishery

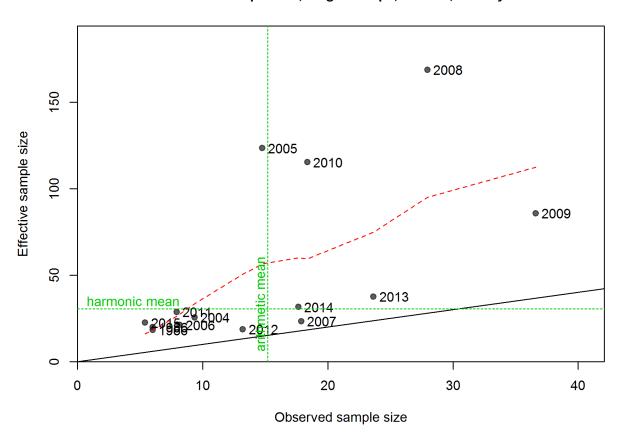


Figure 25: N\_EffN comparison, length comps, discard, Fishery fig:mod1\_3\_comp\_lenfit\_sat

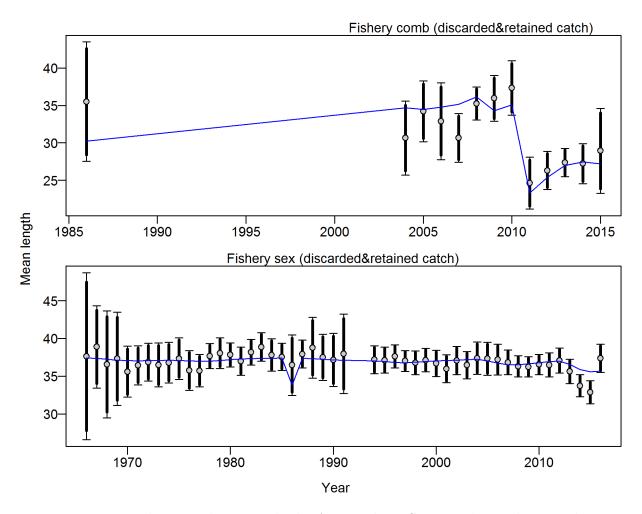


Figure 26: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 Fishery Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from Fishery: 0.7915 (0.5121\_1.5052) fig:mod1\_4\_comp\_lenfit\_data\_weighting figure 26: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 Fishery Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from Fishery: 0.7915 (0.5121\_1.5052)

#### length comps, retained, Fishery

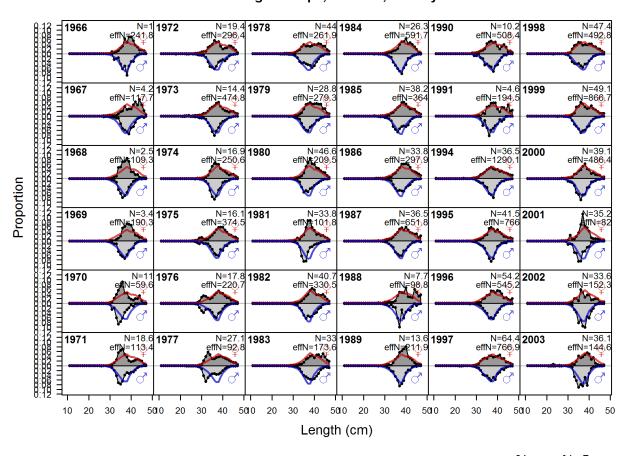


Figure 27: length comps, retained, Fishery (plot 1 of 2) fig:mod1\_5\_comp\_lenfit\_flt1m

# length comps, retained, Fishery

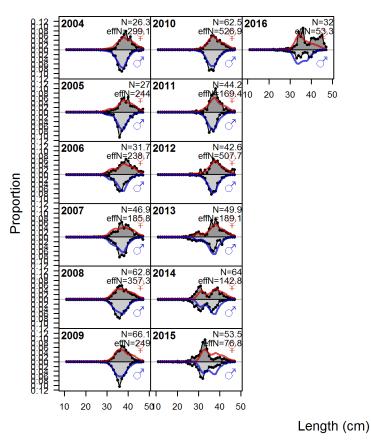


Figure 28: length comps, retained, Fishery (plot 2 of 2) | fig:mod1\_6\_comp\_lenfit\_flt1m

## Pearson residuals, retained, Fishery (max=4.34)

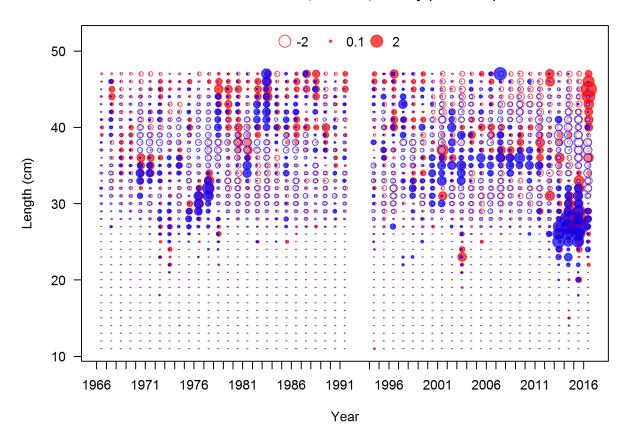


Figure 29: Pearson residuals, retained, Fishery (max=4.34) (plot 2 of 2) Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_7\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt1mkt2\_page2

## N-EffN comparison, length comps, retained, Fishery

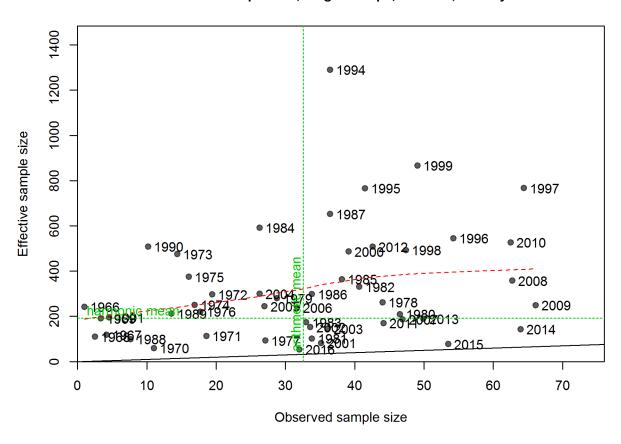


Figure 30: N\_EffN comparison, length comps, retained, Fishery [fig:mod1\_8\_comp\_lenfit\_sa

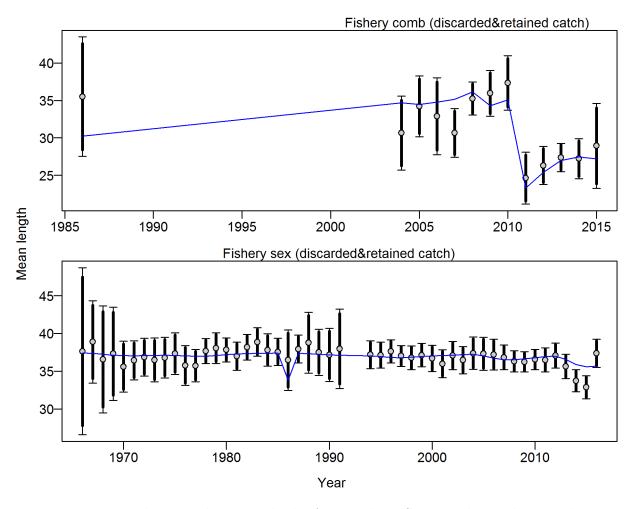
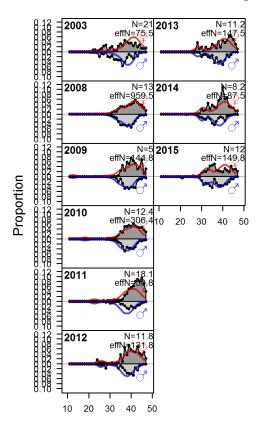


Figure 31: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 Fishery Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from Fishery: 0.7915 (0.5023\_1.512) fig:mod1\_9\_comp\_lenfit\_data\_weighting figure 31: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 Fishery Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from Fishery: 0.7915 (0.5023\_1.512)

# length comps, whole catch, ASHOP



Length (cm)

Figure 32: length comps, whole catch, ASHOP fig:mod1\_10\_comp\_lenfit\_flt2mkt0

#### Pearson residuals, whole catch, ASHOP (max=2.1)

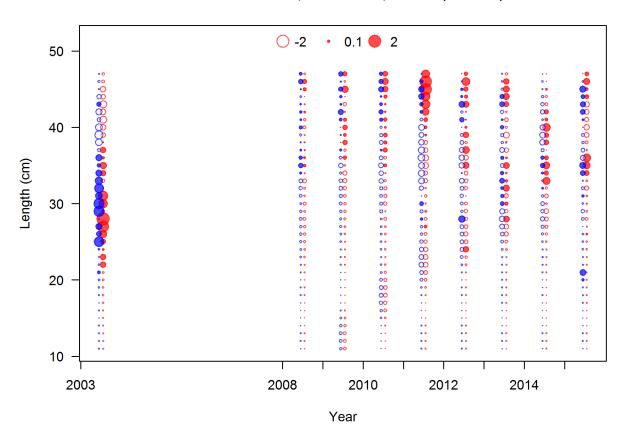


Figure 33: Pearson residuals, whole catch, ASHOP (max=2.1) Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_11\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt2mkt0

# N-EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, ASHOP

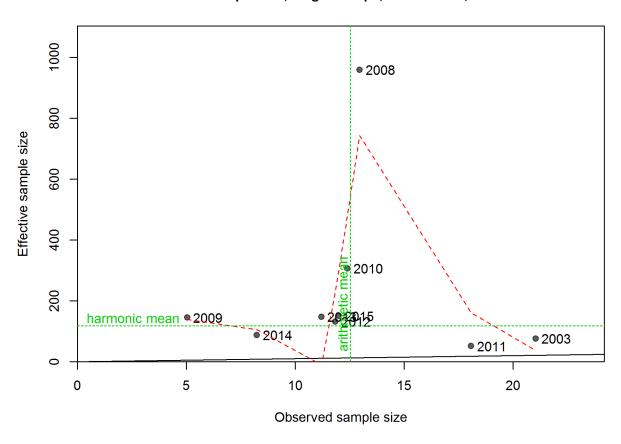


Figure 34: N\_EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, ASHOP  $^{\text{fig:mod1\_12\_comp\_lenfit}}$ 

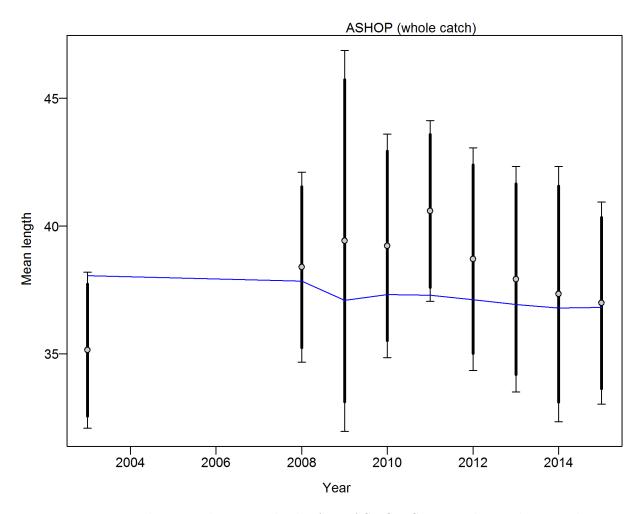
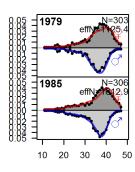


Figure 35: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 ASHOP Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from ASHOP: 0.7167 (0.3546\_12.9798) | fig:mod1\_13\_comp\_lenfit\_data\_weighting method TA1.8 ASHOP Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from ASHOP: 0.7167 (0.3546\_12.9798) |

# length comps, whole catch, POP



Proportion

# Length (cm)

Figure 36: length comps, whole catch, POP  $\lceil \text{fig:mod1\_14\_comp\_lenfit\_flt4mkt0} \rceil$ 

## Pearson residuals, whole catch, POP (max=1.53)

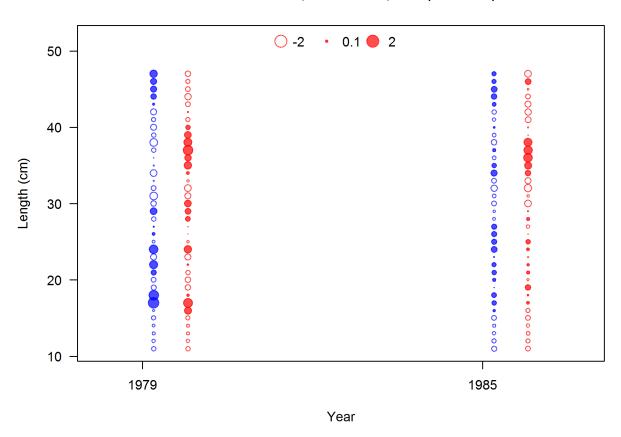
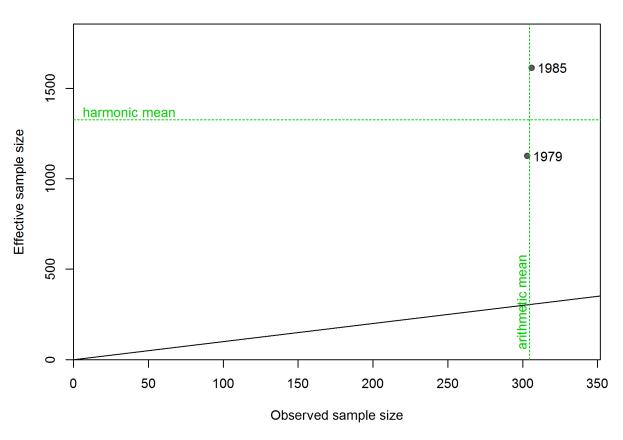


Figure 37: Pearson residuals, whole catch, POP (max=1.53) Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). fig:mod1\_15\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt4mkt0

# N-EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, POP



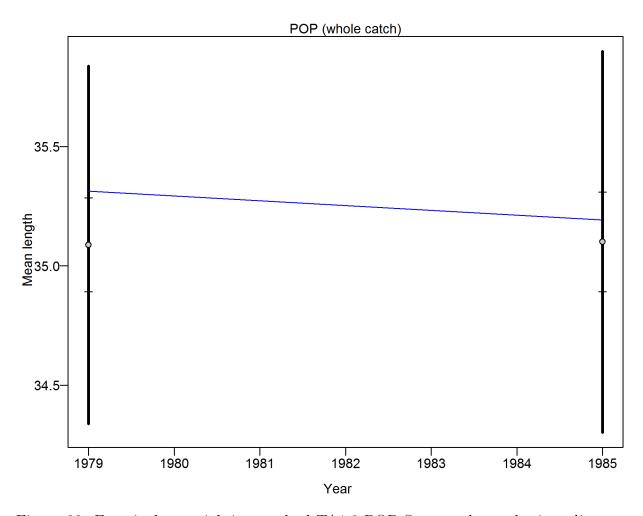
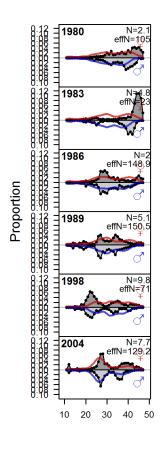


Figure 39: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 POP Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from POP: 14.5452 (14.5452\_Inf) | fig:mod1\_17\_comp\_lenfit\_data\_weight

# length comps, whole catch, Triennial



Length (cm)

Figure 40: length comps, whole catch, Triennial fig:mod1\_18\_comp\_lenfit\_flt5mkt0

#### Pearson residuals, whole catch, Triennial (max=2.39)

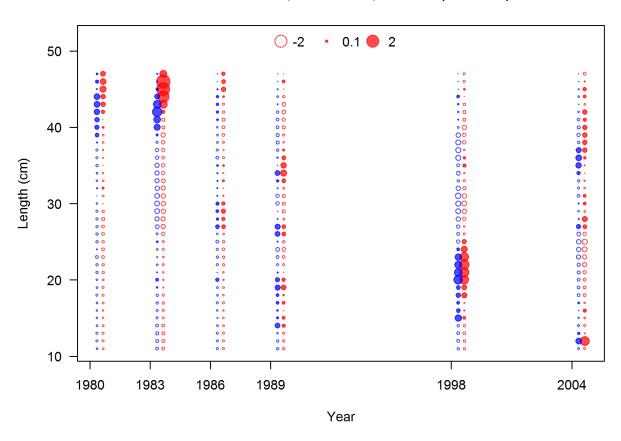
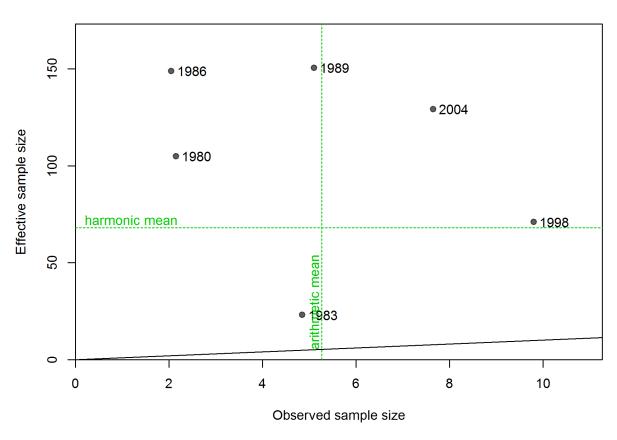


Figure 41: Pearson residuals, whole catch, Triennial (max=2.39)
Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_19\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt5mkt0

## N-EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, Triennial



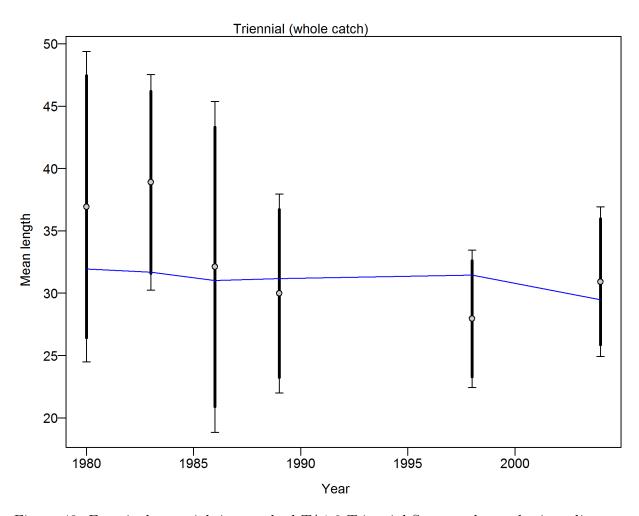
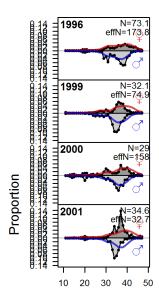


Figure 43: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 Triennial Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from Triennial: 0.7141 (0.3985\_7.591) fig:mod1\_21\_comp\_lenfit\_data\_weighting method TA1.8 Triennial: 0.7141 (0.3985\_7.591)

# length comps, whole catch, AFSCSlope



## Length (cm)

Figure 44: length comps, whole catch, AFSCSlope fig:mod1\_22\_comp\_lenfit\_flt6mkt

#### Pearson residuals, whole catch, AFSCSlope (max=3.42)

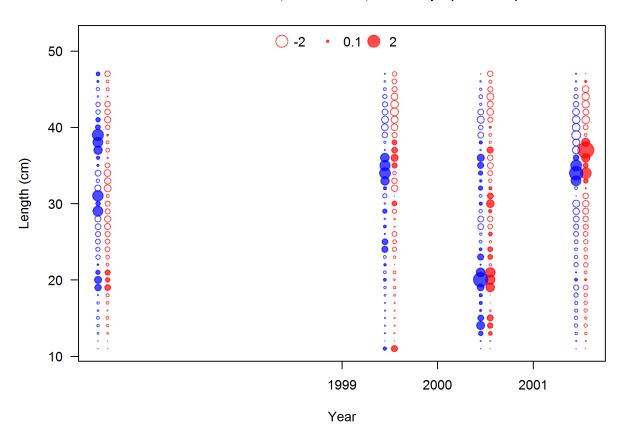
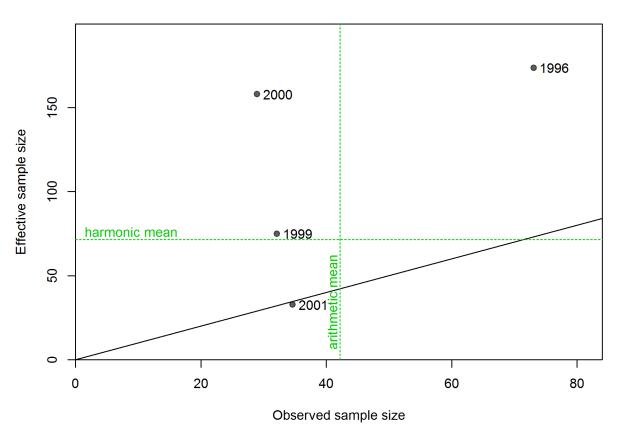


Figure 45: Pearson residuals, whole catch, AFSCSlope (max=3.42)
Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_23\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt6mkt0

## N-EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, AFSCSlope



 $Figure~46:~N\_EffN~comparison,~length~comps,~whole~catch,~AFSCSlope~\\ | fig:mod1\_24\_comp\_lenffrequent | fig:mod1\_24\_comp\_len$ 

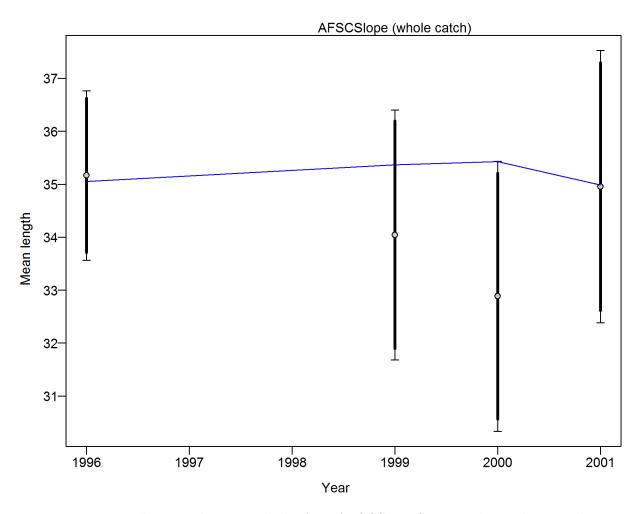
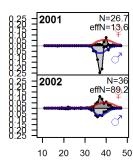


Figure 47: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 AFSCSlope Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from AFSCSlope: 0.8305 (0.5489\_130.952) | fig:mod1\_25\_comp\_lenfit\_data

# length comps, whole catch, NWFSCSlope



Proportion

## Length (cm)

Figure 48: length comps, whole catch, NWFSCSlope fig:mod1\_26\_comp\_lenfit\_flt7ml

### Pearson residuals, whole catch, NWFSCSlope (max=3.61)

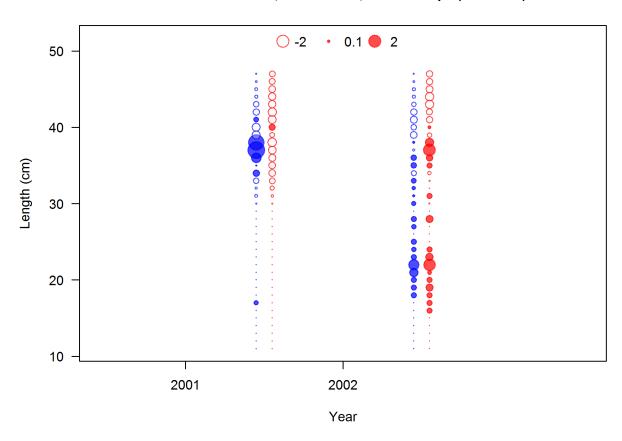


Figure 49: Pearson residuals, whole catch, NWFSCSlope (max=3.61)
Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_27\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt7mkt0

## N-EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, NWFSCSlope

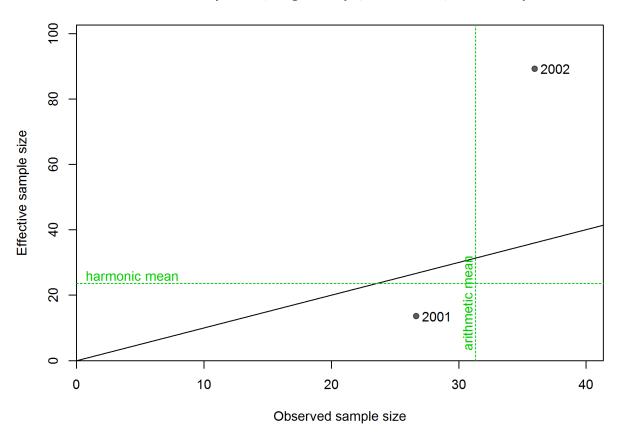


Figure 50: N\_EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, NWFSCSlope fig:mod1\_28\_comp\_length comps.

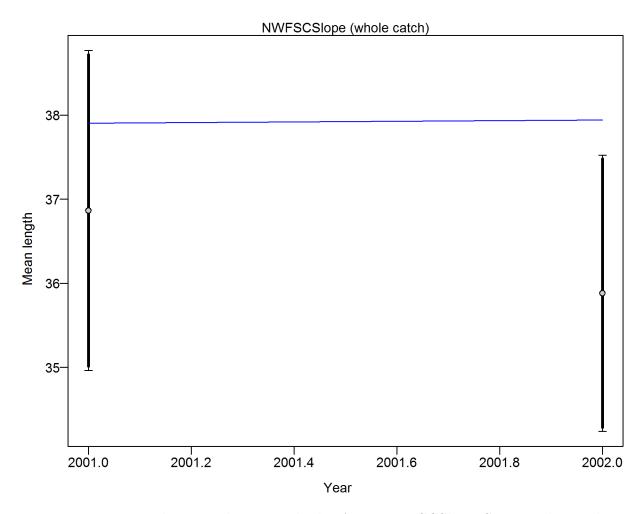


Figure 51: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 NWFSCSlope Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from NWFSCSlope: 0.9488 (0.9488\_Inf) fig:mod1\_29\_comp\_1

### length comps, whole catch, NWFSCcombo

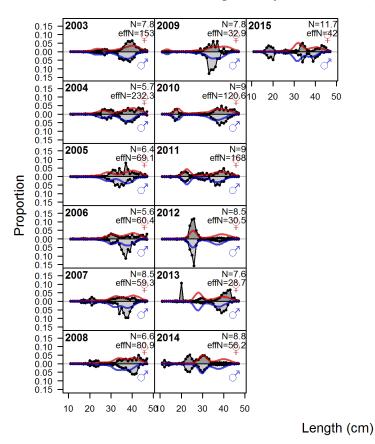


Figure 52: length comps, whole catch, NWFSCcombo fig:mod1\_30\_comp\_lenfit\_flt8m

#### Pearson residuals, whole catch, NWFSCcombo (max=6.38)

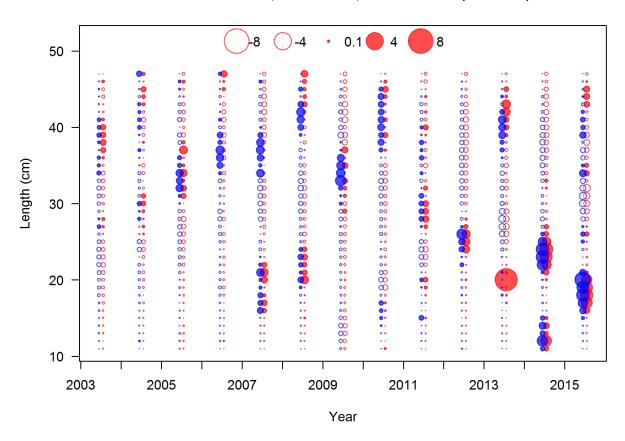
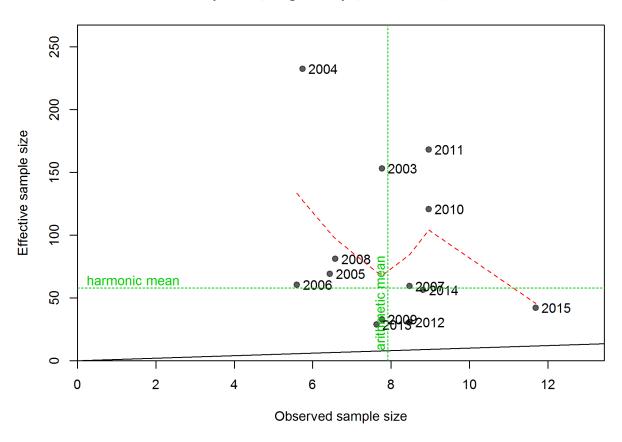


Figure 53: Pearson residuals, whole catch, NWFSCcombo (max=6.38) Closed bubbles are positive residuals (observed > expected) and open bubbles are negative residuals (observed < expected). | fig:mod1\_31\_comp\_lenfit\_residsflt8mkt0

## N-EffN comparison, length comps, whole catch, NWFSCcombo



 $Figure~54:~N\_EffN~comparison,~length~comps,~whole~catch,~NWFSCcombo~\\ | fig:mod1\_32\_comp\_length~comps,~whole~catch,~NWFSCcombo~\\ | fig:mod1\_32\_comp\_length~comps,~whole~catch$ 

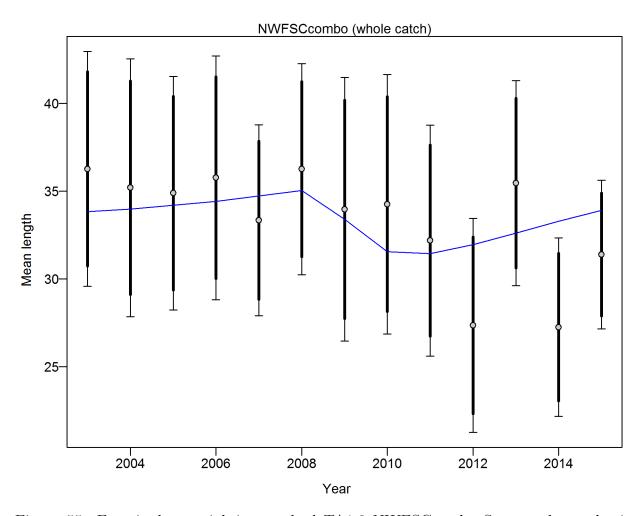


Figure 55: Francis data weighting method TA1.8 NWFSCcombo Suggested sample size adjustment (with 95% interval) for len data from NWFSCcombo: 0.686 (0.4115\_4.3289) fig:mod1\_33\_com

### length comps, discard, aggregated across time by fleet

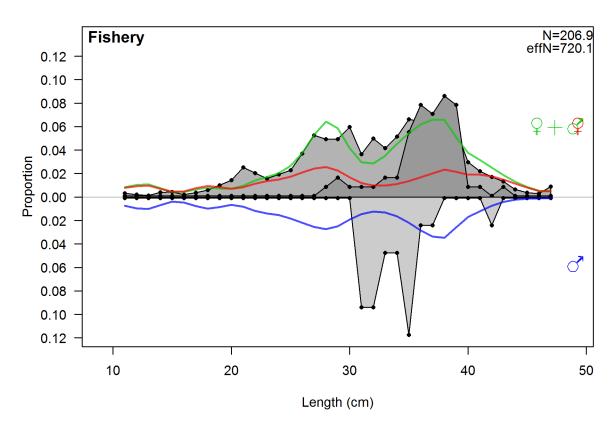


Figure 56: length comps, discard, aggregated across time by fleet  $[fig:mod1_34\_comp\_lenfit\_]$ 

### length comps, retained, aggregated across time by fleet

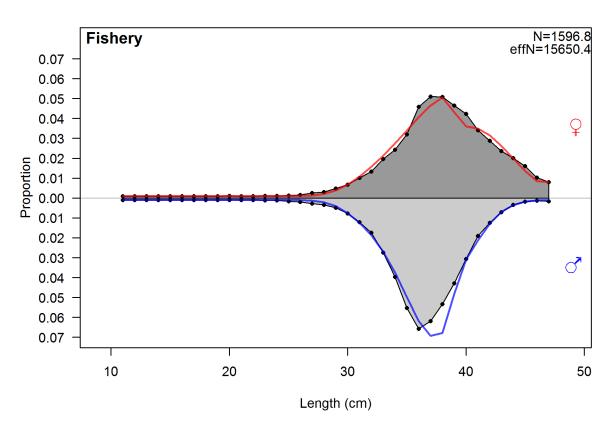


Figure 57: length comps, retained, aggregated across time by fleet fig:mod1\_35\_comp\_lenfit.

### length comps, whole catch, aggregated across time by fleet

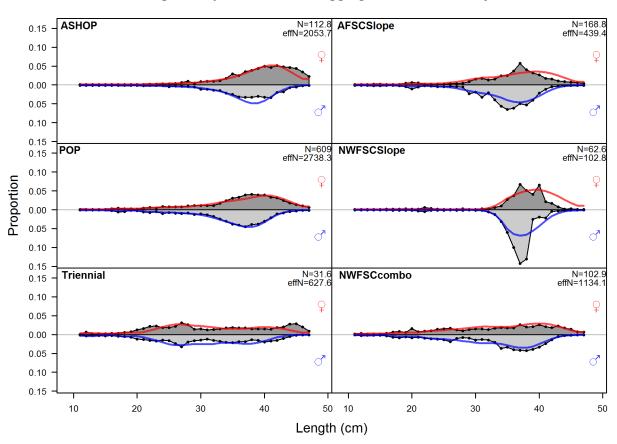


Figure 58: length comps, whole catch, aggregated across time by fleet  $\lceil \texttt{ig:mod1\_36\_comp\_lenfi} \rceil$ 

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  +Linear+interpolation+algorithms%22+%22for+yellowtail+rockfish+(S.+flavidus)
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