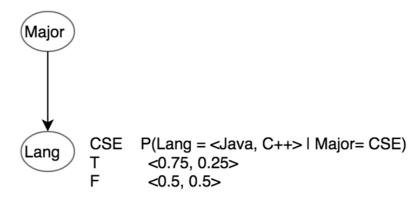
1.

1.





It Is more likely to be from a CSE student

2.

1. P(MIJ,K,L,N) = P(M,J,K,L,N) / P(J,K,L,N)= P(LIJ,K,M,N) P(J,K,M,N) / P(J,K,L,N) = P(LIJ,K) P(J,K,M,N) / P(J,K,L,N) = P(LIJ,K) P(KIJ,M,N) P(J,M,N) / P(J,K,L,N)

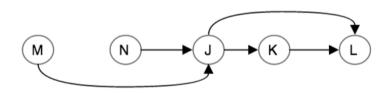
* given P(LIJ,K,M,N)=P(LIJ,K)

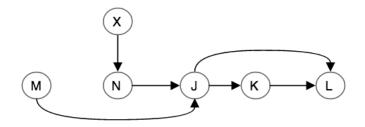
= P(LIJ,K) P(KIJ) P(J,M,N) / P(J,K,L,N) = P(LIJ,K) P(KIJ) P(JIM,N) P(M,N)/ P(J,K,L,N) = P(LIJ,K) P(KIJ) P(JIM,N) P(MIM) P(M)/ P(J,K,L,N) * given P(KIJ,M,N)=P(KIJ)

= P(LIJ,K) P(KIJ) P(JIM,N) P(N) P(M) / P(J,K,L,N) $= \alpha \dot{P}(L\dot{I}J,\dot{K}) \dot{P}(K\dot{I}J) \dot{P}(J\dot{I}M,\dot{N}) \dot{P}(\dot{N}) \dot{P}(\dot{M})$

* given P(NIM) = P(N).

2.





3.

BAR/BAR/BAR pays 25 coins	$(1/5)^3 = .008$
BELL/BELL pays 10 coins	$(1/5)^3 = .008$
ORANGE/ORANGE pays 5 coins	$(1/5)^3 = .008$
LEMON/LEMON pays 4 coins	$(1/5)^3 = .008$
CHERRY/CHERRY pays 3 coins	$(1/5)^3 = .008$
CHERRY/CHERRY/? pays 2 coins	$(1/5)^2008 = .032$
CHERRY/?/? pays 1 coin	1/5032008= .16

- 1. (25 * .008) + (10*.008) + (5*.008) + (4*.008) + (3*.008) + (2*.032) + (1*.16) = 0.6 coin 2. (X * .008) + (10*.008) + (5*.008) + (4*.008) + (3*.008) + (2*.032) + (1*.16) = 1 .008X = .6
- X = .6/.008 = 75 coins 3. P(win) = (.008)*5 + .032 + .16 = 0.232 4. 100000 trials: mean=25.02354, median=15
- python wood.py agaricus-lepiota.data.train.txt agaricus-lepiota.data.test1.txt 4.