**CTF Write-up**

ssh [bandit@bandit.labs.overthewire.org](mailto:bandit@bandit.labs.overthewire.org) -p 2220

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# OverTheWire – Bandit

## Bandit0

Text

Description automatically generated

After ssh with bandit0 and password bandit0, I used ‘ls’ command and saw a ‘readme’ file. I used ‘cat’ command to see info in ‘readme’ file, and it shows a line of character. That will be the password to bandit1, which is NH2SXQwcBdpmTEzi3bvBHMM9H66vVXjL

## Bandit1

Text

Description automatically generated

In bandit1, I used ‘ls’ command and saw a file named ‘-‘. I used ‘./’ and followed the filename and successfully open the file, then I got the password, which is rRGizSaX8Mk1RTb1CNQoXTcYZWU6lgzi

## Bandit2

Text

Description automatically generated

I used ‘ls’ command and saw the file named with spaces. So, when I cat the file, I used back slash ‘\’ at behind of the file before the spaces. But we also can first type spaces then press “Tab” to let it finish by itself, it’s extremely useful. aBZ0W5EmUfAf7kHTQeOwd8bauFJ2lAiG

## Bandit3

Text

Description automatically generated

The questions said the password stored inside the ‘inhere’ folder. After cd in, I used ‘ls -a’ to see all files including hidden file. Then I ‘cat’ to get the password. 2EW7BBsr6aMMoJ2HjW067dm8EgX26xNe

## Bandit4

Text

Description automatically generatedText

Description automatically generated

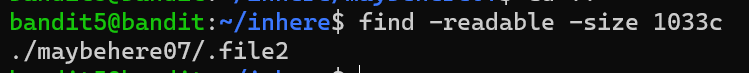
Its not a good idea to check them one by one, but luckily there just 10 files, I probably should use find command.

Up: I got a new solution, using “file ./\*” can check the info in all of the file. lrIWWI6bB37kxfiCQZqUdOIYfr6eEeqR

## Bandit5

Text

Description automatically generated



Used ‘ls’ command and saw too much of directory in it, I got a hint from the question, it said maybe can use find command, and go to google and someone said man the find. After searching, I used ‘find’ command with ‘-readable’ to filter out human-readable file, ‘-size 1033c’ to find the file size with 1033 bytes. And I got a file named ‘-file2’.

Text

Description automatically generated

And I got a long line of human-readable characters. In case it’s wrong I opened another file

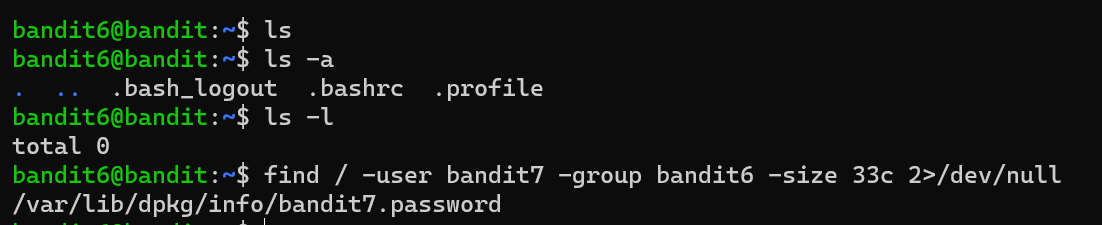
Text

Description automatically generated

And it’s not readable…So -file2 should be storing password.

P4L4vucdmLnm8I7Vl7jG1ApGSfjYKqJU

## Bandit6



After using series of ls commands, there’s no file or directory to do. After doing some research on Medium, I got this command. “/” after find is to let find command search the entire file system from root. “2>/dev/null” is to prevent ‘permission denied” error display in the screen.



z7WtoNQU2XfjmMtWA8u5rN4vzqu4v99S

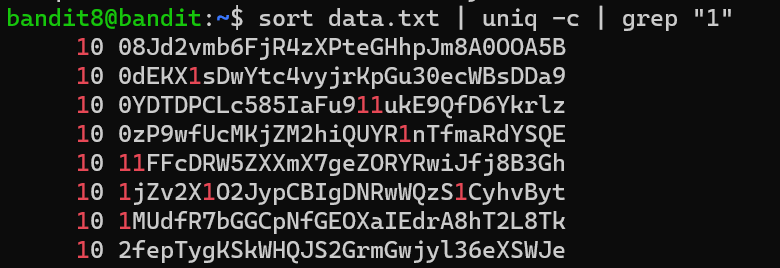
## Bandit7

Text

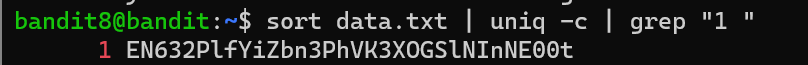
Description automatically generated

Used “ls – l” to check the size of the text file. Used “grep” to know the password TESKZC0XvTetK0S9xNwm25STk5iWrBvP is beside the word that said in the question.

## Bandit8



Using “sort” command to sort data.txt, and “uniq -c” command to count the repeated lines. Then used grap “1” to get that have 1. But we need to write with “grep “1 “ “ to ensure it’s 1 not everything that has 1.



EN632PlfYiZbn3PhVK3XOGSlNInNE00t

## Bandit9