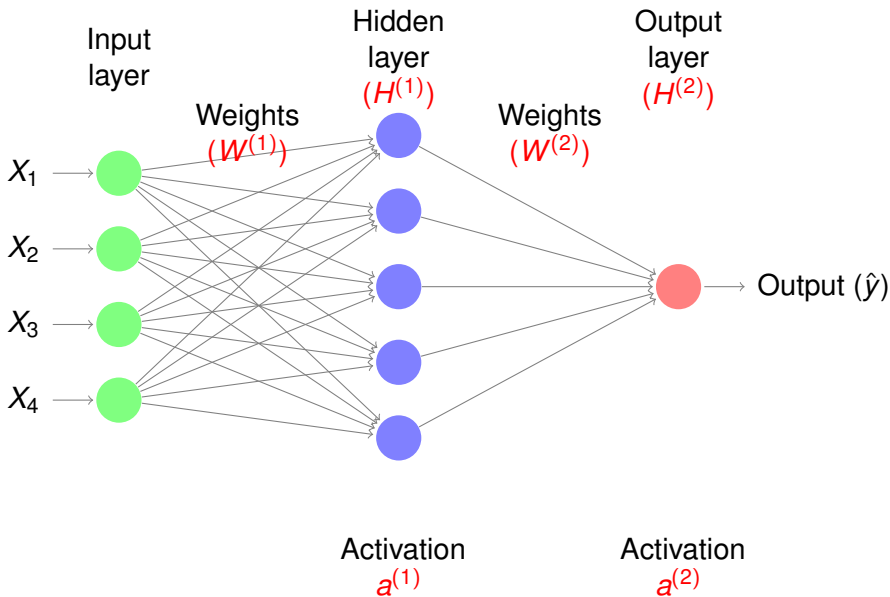
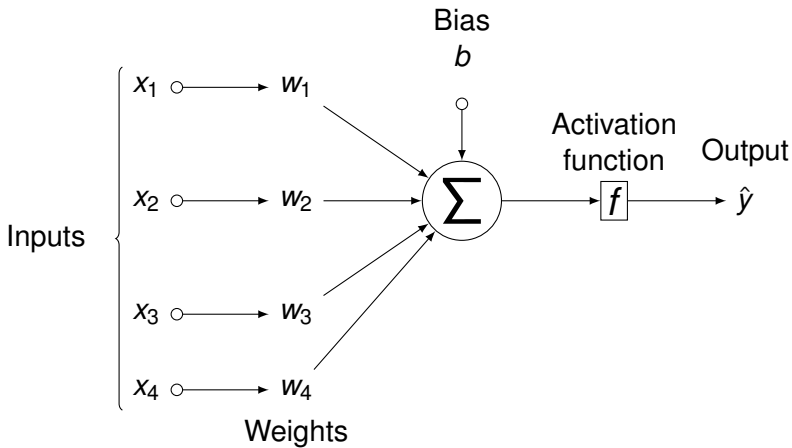


Neural Networks

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Components

- ▶ **Layers** - Input, Hidden and Output
 - ▶ **Neuron/Node/Unit** - Receives input and **computes** and output
- ▶ **Synapse** - Associated weights.
- ▶ **Activation function** - Introduces **nonlinearity** into the neuron output.
 - ▶ Sigmoid (Logistic Activation Function)
$$a(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-x)}$$
 - ▶ Tanh (hyperbolic tangent Activation Function)
$$a(x) = \tanh(x) = \frac{2}{1 + \exp(-2x)} - 1 = 2\text{sigmoid}(2x) - 1$$
 - ▶ ReLU (Rectified Linear Unit Activation Function)
$$a(x) = \max(0, x)$$

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from
'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from
'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
## -- Attaching packages
```

```
tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v tibble 2.0.0      v purrr 0.2.5
## v readr 1.3.1      v stringr 1.3.1
## v tibble 2.0.0      v forcats 0.3.0
## -- Conflicts
```

```
tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

Feed-forward

Consider,

$$H_1^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,1}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,1}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,1}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,1}^{(1)}$$

Feed-forward

Consider,

$$H_1^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,1}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,1}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,1}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,1}^{(1)}$$

$$H_2^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,2}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,2}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,2}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,2}^{(1)}$$

Feed-forward

Consider,

$$H_1^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,1}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,1}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,1}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,1}^{(1)}$$

$$H_2^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,2}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,2}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,2}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,2}^{(1)}$$

\vdots

Feed-forward

Consider,

$$H_1^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,1}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,1}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,1}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,1}^{(1)}$$

$$H_2^{(1)} = X_1 W_{1,2}^{(1)} + X_2 W_{2,2}^{(1)} + X_3 W_{3,2}^{(1)} + X_4 W_{4,2}^{(1)}$$

\vdots

H^2 'component' is the **sum of weighted inputs** to each neuron.

$$H^{(1)} = XW^{(1)} \tag{1}$$

Feed-forward

Apply activation function to 1

$$a^{(1)} = a(H^{(1)}) \quad (2)$$

Propagate 2 to the output layer

$$H^{(2)} = a^{(1)} W^{(2)} \quad (3)$$

$$\implies \hat{y} = a^{(2)} = a(H^{(2)}) \quad (4)$$

Back propagation

- Estimate weights that ensures the model fits the training data well.

$$J = \sum \frac{1}{2} (y - \hat{y})^2 \quad (5)$$

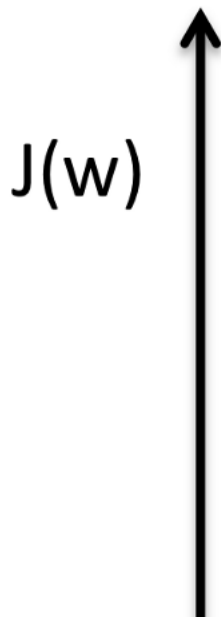
Back propagation

- Estimate weights that ensures the model fits the training data well.

$$J = \sum \frac{1}{2} (y - \hat{y})^2 \quad (5)$$

$$J(W) = \frac{1}{2} \sum \left(y - a(a(XW^{(1)})W^{(2)}) \right)^2 \quad (6)$$

Gradient descent



Initial
weight

Gradient descent

$$W_{t+1} = W_t - \gamma \Delta J(W_t)$$

Compute $\frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(1)}}$ and $\frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}} &\approx -(y - \hat{y}) \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \\ &= -(y - \hat{y}) \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial H^{(2)}} \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \\ &= -(y - \hat{y}) \mathbf{a}'(H^{(2)}) \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \\ &= -(y - \hat{y}) \mathbf{a}'(H^{(2)}) \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \\ \implies \frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}} &= -\mathbf{a}^{(1)T} (y - \hat{y}) \mathbf{a}'(H^{(2)})\end{aligned}$$

Gradient descent

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(1)}} &\approx -(y - \hat{y}) \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\&= -(y - \hat{y}) \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial H^{(2)}} \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\&= -(y - \hat{y}) a'(H^{(2)}) \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\&= -(y - \hat{y}) a'(H^{(2)}) \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial a^{(1)}} \frac{\partial a^{(1)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\&= -(y - \hat{y}) a'(H^{(2)}) W^{(2)T} \frac{\partial a^{(1)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\&= -(y - \hat{y}) a'(H^{(2)}) W^{(2)T} \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial H^{(2)}} \frac{\partial H^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\ \implies \frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(1)}} &= -X^T (y - \hat{y}) a'(H^{(2)}) W^{(2)T} a'(H^{(1)})\end{aligned}$$

Remarks

1. Starting values
2. Overfitting and Stopping Criterion
 - ▶ Reduce training error to some predetermined threshold \longrightarrow overfitting.
 - ▶ Regularization

$$J(W) = \sum \frac{1}{2}(y - \hat{y})^2/n + \frac{1}{2}\lambda \left(\sum w_1 + \sum w_2 \right)$$

λ - Regularization hyper parameter

Remarks

3. Convergence and Local Minima

