//-----// ChatMessage.java //----import java.io.*; * This class defines the different type of messages that will be exchanged between the * Clients and the Server. * When talking from a Java Client to a Java Server a lot easier to pass Java objects, no * need to count bytes or to wait for a line feed at the end of the frame public class ChatMessage implements Serializable { protected static final long serialVersionUID = 1112122200L; // The different types of message sent by the Client // WHOISIN to receive the list of the users connected // MESSAGE an ordinary message // LOGOUT to disconnect from the Server static final int WHOISIN = 0, MESSAGE = 1, LOGOUT = 2; private int type; private String message; // constructor ChatMessage(int type, String message) { this.type = type; this.message = message; // getters

Source: http://www.dreamincode.net/forums/topic/259777-a-simple-chat-program-with-clientserver-qui-optional/

```
int getType() {
      return type;
   String getMessage() {
      return message;
//-----
// Server.java
//-----
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.*;
* The server that can be run both as a console application or a GUI
* /
public class Server {
   // a unique ID for each connection
   private static int uniqueId;
   // an ArrayList to keep the list of the Client
   private ArrayList<ClientThread> al;
   // if I am in a GUI
   private ServerGUI sg;
   // to display time
   private SimpleDateFormat sdf;
   // the port number to listen for connection
   private int port;
   // the boolean that will be turned of to stop the server
   private boolean keepGoing;
```

```
/*
   server constructor that receive the port to listen to for connection as parameter
   in console
public Server(int port) {
    this(port, null);
public Server(int port, ServerGUI sg) {
    // GUI or not
    this.sg = sg;
   // the port
    this.port = port;
    // to display hh:mm:ss
    sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm:ss");
    // ArrayList for the Client list
   al = new ArrayList<ClientThread>();
public void start() {
   keepGoing = true;
    /* create socket server and wait for connection requests */
    try
        // the socket used by the server
        ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(port);
        // infinite loop to wait for connections
        while(keepGoing)
            // format message saying we are waiting
            display("Server waiting for Clients on port " + port + ".");
            Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
                                                        // accept connection
            // if I was asked to stop
            if(!keepGoing)
```

```
break;
            ClientThread t = new ClientThread(socket); // make a thread of it
            al.add(t);
                                                         // save it in the ArrayList
            t.start();
        // I was asked to stop
        try {
            serverSocket.close();
            for(int i = 0; i < al.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                ClientThread tc = al.get(i);
                try {
                tc.sInput.close();
                tc.sOutput.close();
                tc.socket.close();
                catch(IOException ioE) {
                    // not much I can do
        catch(Exception e) {
            display("Exception closing the server and clients: " + e);
    // something went bad
    catch (IOException e) {
        String msg = sdf.format(new Date()) + " Exception on new ServerSocket: " + e + "\n";
        display(msg);
 * For the GUI to stop the server
protected void stop() {
   keepGoing = false;
   // connect to myself as Client to exit statement
   // Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();
   try {
```

```
new Socket("localhost", port);
    }
    catch(Exception e) {
        // nothing I can really do
/*
 * Display an event (not a message) to the console or the GUI
 * /
private void display(String msg) {
    String time = sdf.format(new Date()) + " " + msg;
   if(sq == null)
        System.out.println(time);
    else
        sq.appendEvent(time + "\n");
/*
    to broadcast a message to all Clients
private synchronized void broadcast(String message) {
    // add HH:mm:ss and \n to the message
    String time = sdf.format(new Date());
    String messageLf = time + " " + message + "\n";
    // display message on console or GUI
    if(sg == null)
        System.out.print(messageLf);
    else
        sg.appendRoom(messageLf);
                                      // append in the room window
    // we loop in reverse order in case we would have to remove a Client
    // because it has disconnected
    for(int i = al.size(); --i >= 0;) {
        ClientThread ct = al.get(i);
        // try to write to the Client if it fails remove it from the list
        if(!ct.writeMsq(messageLf)) {
            al.remove(i);
            display("Disconnected Client " + ct.username + " removed from list.");
```

```
// for a client who logoff using the LOGOUT message
synchronized void remove(int id) {
    // scan the array list until we found the Id
   for(int i = 0; i < al.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        ClientThread ct = al.get(i);
        // found it
        if(ct.id == id) {
            al.remove(i);
            return;
   To run as a console application just open a console window and:
 * > java Server
 * > java Server portNumber
 * If the port number is not specified 1500 is used
 * /
public static void main(String[] args) {
    // start server on port 1500 unless a PortNumber is specified
    int portNumber = 1500;
    switch(args.length) {
        case 1:
            try {
                portNumber = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
            catch(Exception e) {
                System.out.println("Invalid port number.");
                System.out.println("Usage is: > java Server [portNumber]");
                return;
        case 0:
            break;
        default:
```

```
System.out.println("Usage is: > java Server [portNumber]");
            return;
    // create a server object and start it
    Server server = new Server(portNumber);
    server.start();
/** One instance of this thread will run for each client */
class ClientThread extends Thread {
    // the socket where to listen/talk
    Socket socket;
    ObjectInputStream sInput;
    ObjectOutputStream sOutput;
    // my unique id (easier for deconnection)
    int id;
    // the Username of the Client
    String username;
    // the only type of message a will receive
    ChatMessage cm;
    // the date I connect
    String date;
    // Constructore
    ClientThread(Socket socket) {
        // a unique id
        id = ++uniqueId;
        this.socket = socket;
        /* Creating both Data Stream */
        System.out.println("Thread trying to create Object Input/Output Streams");
        try
            // create output first
            sOutput = new ObjectOutputStream(socket.getOutputStream());
            sInput = new ObjectInputStream(socket.getInputStream());
            // read the username
            username = (String) sInput.readObject();
```

```
display(username + " just connected.");
    catch (IOException e) {
        display("Exception creating new Input/output Streams: " + e);
        return;
    // have to catch ClassNotFoundException
    // but I read a String, I am sure it will work
    catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
    date = new Date().toString() + "\n";
// what will run forever
public void run() {
    // to loop until LOGOUT
    boolean keepGoing = true;
    while(keepGoing) {
        // read a String (which is an object)
        try {
            cm = (ChatMessage) sInput.readObject();
        catch (IOException e) {
            display(username + " Exception reading Streams: " + e);
            break;
        catch(ClassNotFoundException e2) {
            break;
        // the messaage part of the ChatMessage
        String message = cm.getMessage();
        // Switch on the type of message receive
        switch(cm.getType()) {
        case ChatMessage.MESSAGE:
            broadcast(username + ": " + message);
            break;
```

```
case ChatMessage.LOGOUT:
            display(username + " disconnected with a LOGOUT message.");
            keepGoing = false;
            break;
        case ChatMessage.WHOISIN:
            writeMsg("List of the users connected at " + sdf.format(new Date()) + "\n");
            // scan al the users connected
            for(int i = 0; i < al.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                ClientThread ct = al.get(i);
                writeMsg((i+1) + ") " + ct.username + " since " + ct.date);
            break;
    // remove myself from the arrayList containing the list of the
    // connected Clients
    remove(id);
    close();
// try to close everything
private void close() {
    // try to close the connection
    try {
        if(sOutput != null) sOutput.close();
    catch(Exception e) {}
    try {
        if(sInput != null) sInput.close();
    catch(Exception e) {};
    try {
        if(socket != null) socket.close();
    catch (Exception e) {}
/*
```

```
* Write a String to the Client output stream
        * /
      private boolean writeMsg(String msg) {
          // if Client is still connected send the message to it
          if(!socket.isConnected()) {
              close();
              return false;
          // write the message to the stream
          try {
              sOutput.writeObject(msg);
          // if an error occurs, do not abort just inform the user
          catch(IOException e) {
              display("Error sending message to " + username);
              display(e.toString());
          return true;
//-----
// Client.java
import java.net.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
/*
* The Client that can be run both as a console or a GUI
* /
```

```
public class Client {
   // for T/O
   private ObjectOutputStream sOutput;
                                      // to write on the socket
   private Socket socket;
   // if I use a GUI or not
   private ClientGUI cg;
   // the server, the port and the username
   private String server, username;
   private int port;
   /*
       Constructor called by console mode
       server: the server address
       port: the port number
       username: the username
   Client(String server, int port, String username) {
       // which calls the common constructor with the GUI set to null
       this(server, port, username, null);
   /*
    * Constructor call when used from a GUI
    * in console mode the ClienGUI parameter is null
    * /
   Client(String server, int port, String username, ClientGUI cg) {
       this.server = server;
       this.port = port;
       this.username = username;
       // save if we are in GUI mode or not
       this.cq = cq;
   /*
```

```
* To start the dialog
 * /
public boolean start() {
    // try to connect to the server
    try {
        socket = new Socket(server, port);
    // if it failed not much I can so
    catch(Exception ec) {
        display("Error connectiong to server:" + ec);
        return false;
    String msg = "Connection accepted " + socket.getInetAddress() + ":" + socket.getPort();
    display(msg);
    /* Creating both Data Stream */
    try
        sInput = new ObjectInputStream(socket.getInputStream());
        sOutput = new ObjectOutputStream(socket.getOutputStream());
    catch (IOException eIO) {
        display("Exception creating new Input/output Streams: " + eIO);
        return false;
    // creates the Thread to listen from the server
    new ListenFromServer().start();
    // Send our username to the server this is the only message that we
    // will send as a String. All other messages will be ChatMessage objects
    try
        sOutput.writeObject(username);
    catch (IOException eIO) {
        display("Exception doing login : " + eIO);
        disconnect();
```

```
return false;
    // success we inform the caller that it worked
    return true;
/*
 * To send a message to the console or the GUI
 * /
private void display(String msg) {
   if(cg == null)
                                     // println in console mode
       System.out.println(msg);
    else
        cg.append(msg + "\n");
                                    // append to the ClientGUI JTextArea (or whatever)
 * To send a message to the server
void sendMessage(ChatMessage msg) {
    try {
        sOutput.writeObject(msq);
    catch(IOException e) {
       display("Exception writing to server: " + e);
 * When something goes wrong
 * Close the Input/Output streams and disconnect not much to do in the catch clause
private void disconnect() {
   try {
       if(sInput != null) sInput.close();
    catch(Exception e) {} // not much else I can do
   try {
```

```
if(sOutput != null) sOutput.close();
    }
    catch(Exception e) {} // not much else I can do
    try{
        if(socket != null) socket.close();
    catch(Exception e) {} // not much else I can do
    // inform the GUI
    if(cq != null)
        cg.connectionFailed();
 * To start the Client in console mode use one of the following command
 * > java Client
 * > java Client username
 * > java Client username portNumber
 * > java Client username portNumber serverAddress
 * at the console prompt
 * If the portNumber is not specified 1500 is used
 * If the serverAddress is not specified "localHost" is used
 * If the username is not specified "Anonymous" is used
 * > java Client
 * is equivalent to
 * > java Client Anonymous 1500 localhost
 * are eqquivalent
 * In console mode, if an error occurs the program simply stops
 * when a GUI id used, the GUI is informed of the disconnection
 * /
public static void main(String[] args) {
    // default values
    int portNumber = 1500;
    String serverAddress = "localhost";
    String userName = "Anonymous";
    // depending of the number of arguments provided we fall through
```

```
switch(args.length) {
    // > javac Client username portNumber serverAddr
    case 3:
        serverAddress = args[2];
    // > javac Client username portNumber
    case 2:
        try {
            portNumber = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        catch(Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Invalid port number.");
            System.out.println("Usage is: > java Client [username] [portNumber] [serverAddress]");
            return;
    // > javac Client username
    case 1:
        userName = args[0];
    // > iava Client
    case 0:
        break;
    // invalid number of arguments
    default:
        System.out.println("Usage is: > java Client [username] [portNumber] {serverAddress]");
    return;
// create the Client object
Client client = new Client(serverAddress, portNumber, userName);
// test if we can start the connection to the Server
// if it failed nothing we can do
if(!client.start())
   return;
// wait for messages from user
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
// loop forever for message from the user
while(true) {
   System.out.print("> ");
   // read message from user
```

```
String msg = scan.nextLine();
        // logout if message is LOGOUT
        if(msq.equalsIgnoreCase("LOGOUT")) {
            client.sendMessage(new ChatMessage(ChatMessage.LOGOUT, ""));
            // break to do the disconnect
            break;
        // message WhoIsIn
        else if(msg.equalsIgnoreCase("WHOISIN")) {
            client.sendMessage(new ChatMessage(ChatMessage.WHOISIN, ""));
        else {
                            // default to ordinary message
            client.sendMessage(new ChatMessage(ChatMessage.MESSAGE, msg));
    // done disconnect
    client.disconnect();
/*
 * a class that waits for the message from the server and append them to the JTextArea
 * if we have a GUI or simply System.out.println() it in console mode
 * /
class ListenFromServer extends Thread {
   public void run() {
        while(true) {
            try {
                String msg = (String) sInput.readObject();
                // if console mode print the message and add back the prompt
                if(cg == null) {
                    System.out.println(msg);
                    System.out.print("> ");
                else {
                    cq.append(msq);
```

```
catch(IOException e) {
                 display("Server has close the connection: " + e);
                  if(cq != null)
                     cq.connectionFailed();
                  break;
              // can't happen with a String object but need the catch anyhow
              catch(ClassNotFoundException e2) {
//-----
// ServerGUI.Java
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
 * The server as a GUI
 * /
public class ServerGUI extends JFrame implements ActionListener, WindowListener {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
   // the stop and start buttons
   private JButton stopStart;
   // JTextArea for the chat room and the events
   private JTextArea chat, event;
   // The port number
```

```
private JTextField tPortNumber;
// my server
private Server server;
// server constructor that receive the port to listen to for connection as parameter
ServerGUI(int port) {
    super("Chat Server");
    server = null;
    // in the NorthPanel the PortNumber the Start and Stop buttons
   JPanel north = new JPanel();
   north.add(new JLabel("Port number: "));
    tPortNumber = new JTextField(" " + port);
   north.add(tPortNumber);
    // to stop or start the server, we start with "Start"
    stopStart = new JButton("Start");
    stopStart.addActionListener(this);
   north.add(stopStart);
    add(north, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    // the event and chat room
    JPanel center = new JPanel(new GridLayout(2,1));
    chat = new JTextArea(80,80);
    chat.setEditable(false);
    appendRoom("Chat room.\n");
    center.add(new JScrollPane(chat));
    event = new JTextArea(80,80);
    event.setEditable(false);
    appendEvent("Events log.\n");
    center.add(new JScrollPane(event));
    add(center);
    // need to be informed when the user click the close button on the frame
    addWindowListener(this);
    setSize(400, 600);
    setVisible(true);
```

```
// append message to the two JTextArea
// position at the end
void appendRoom(String str) {
    chat.append(str);
    chat.setCaretPosition(chat.getText().length() - 1);
void appendEvent(String str) {
    event.append(str);
    event.setCaretPosition(chat.getText().length() - 1);
// start or stop where clicked
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
    // if running we have to stop
    if(server != null) {
        server.stop();
        server = null;
        tPortNumber.setEditable(true);
        stopStart.setText("Start");
        return;
    // OK start the server
    int port;
    try {
        port = Integer.parseInt(tPortNumber.getText().trim());
    catch(Exception er) {
        appendEvent("Invalid port number");
        return;
    // ceate a new Server
    server = new Server(port, this);
    // and start it as a thread
    new ServerRunning().start();
    stopStart.setText("Stop");
    tPortNumber.setEditable(false);
```

```
// entry point to start the Server
public static void main(String[] arg) {
    // start server default port 1500
   new ServerGUI(1500);
/*
 * If the user click the X button to close the application
 * I need to close the connection with the server to free the port
 * /
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
    // if my Server exist
    if(server != null) {
        try {
                                    // ask the server to close the conection
            server.stop();
        catch(Exception eClose) {
        server = null;
    // dispose the frame
    dispose();
    System.exit(0);
// I can ignore the other WindowListener method
public void windowClosed(WindowEvent e) {}
public void windowOpened(WindowEvent e) {}
public void windowIconified(WindowEvent e) {}
public void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent e) {}
public void windowActivated(WindowEvent e) {}
public void windowDeactivated(WindowEvent e) {}
/*
 * A thread to run the Server
 * /
class ServerRunning extends Thread {
   public void run() {
```

```
server.start();
                                // should execute until if fails
          // the server failed
          stopStart.setText("Start");
          tPortNumber.setEditable(true);
          appendEvent("Server crashed\n");
          server = null;
// ClientGUI.java
//-----
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
 * The Client with its GUI
public class ClientGUI extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
   // will first hold "Username:", later on "Enter message"
   private JLabel label;
   // to hold the Username and later on the messages
   private JTextField tf;
   // to hold the server address an the port number
   private JTextField tfServer, tfPort;
   // to Logout and get the list of the users
```

```
private JButton login, logout, whoIsIn;
// for the chat room
private JTextArea ta;
// if it is for connection
private boolean connected;
// the Client object
private Client client;
// the default port number
private int defaultPort;
private String defaultHost;
// Constructor connection receiving a socket number
ClientGUI(String host, int port) {
    super("Chat Client");
    defaultPort = port;
    defaultHost = host;
    // The NorthPanel with:
    JPanel northPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(3,1));
    // the server name anmd the port number
    JPanel serverAndPort = new JPanel(new GridLayout(1,5, 1, 3));
    // the two JTextField with default value for server address and port number
    tfServer = new JTextField(host);
    tfPort = new JTextField("" + port);
    tfPort.setHorizontalAlignment(SwingConstants.RIGHT);
    serverAndPort.add(new JLabel("Server Address: "));
    serverAndPort.add(tfServer);
    serverAndPort.add(new JLabel("Port Number: "));
    serverAndPort.add(tfPort);
    serverAndPort.add(new JLabel(""));
    // adds the Server an port field to the GUI
   northPanel.add(serverAndPort);
    // the Label and the TextField
    label = new JLabel("Enter your username below", SwingConstants.CENTER);
    northPanel.add(label);
```

```
tf = new JTextField("Anonymous");
    tf.setBackground(Color.WHITE);
    northPanel.add(tf);
    add(northPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    // The CenterPanel which is the chat room
    ta = new JTextArea("Welcome to the Chat room\n", 80, 80);
   JPanel centerPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(1,1));
    centerPanel.add(new JScrollPane(ta));
    ta.setEditable(false);
    add(centerPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
    // the 3 buttons
    login = new JButton("Login");
    login.addActionListener(this);
    logout = new JButton("Logout");
    logout.addActionListener(this);
    logout.setEnabled(false);
                                    // you have to login before being able to logout
    whoIsIn = new JButton("Who is in");
    whoIsIn.addActionListener(this);
    whoIsIn.setEnabled(false);
                                    // you have to login before being able to Who is in
    JPanel southPanel = new JPanel();
    southPanel.add(login);
    southPanel.add(logout);
    southPanel.add(whoIsIn);
    add(southPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setSize(600, 600);
    setVisible(true);
    tf.requestFocus();
// called by the Client to append text in the TextArea
void append(String str) {
    ta.append(str);
```

```
ta.setCaretPosition(ta.getText().length() - 1);
// called by the GUI is the connection failed
// we reset our buttons, label, textfield
void connectionFailed() {
    login.setEnabled(true);
    logout.setEnabled(false);
    whoIsIn.setEnabled(false);
    label.setText("Enter your username below");
    tf.setText("Anonymous");
    // reset port number and host name as a construction time
    tfPort.setText("" + defaultPort);
    tfServer.setText(defaultHost);
    // let the user change them
    tfServer.setEditable(false);
    tfPort.setEditable(false);
    // don't react to a <CR> after the username
    tf.removeActionListener(this);
    connected = false;
/*
* Button or JTextField clicked
* /
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
    Object o = e.getSource();
   // if it is the Logout button
   if(o == logout) {
        client.sendMessage(new ChatMessage(ChatMessage.LOGOUT, ""));
        return;
    // if it the who is in button
    if(o == whoIsIn) {
        client.sendMessage(new ChatMessage(ChatMessage.WHOISIN, ""));
        return;
    // ok it is coming from the JTextField
```

```
if(connected) {
    // just have to send the message
    client.sendMessage(new ChatMessage(ChatMessage.MESSAGE, tf.getText()));
    tf.setText("");
    return;
if(o == login) {
    // ok it is a connection request
    String username = tf.getText().trim();
    // empty username ignore it
    if(username.length() == 0)
       return;
    // empty serverAddress ignore it
    String server = tfServer.getText().trim();
    if(server.length() == 0)
        return;
    // empty or invalid port numer, ignore it
    String portNumber = tfPort.getText().trim();
    if(portNumber.length() == 0)
       return;
    int port = 0;
    try {
        port = Integer.parseInt(portNumber);
    catch(Exception en) {
       return; // nothing I can do if port number is not valid
    // try creating a new Client with GUI
    client = new Client(server, port, username, this);
    // test if we can start the Client
    if(!client.start())
        return;
    tf.setText("");
    label.setText("Enter your message below");
    connected = true;
```

```
// disable login button
login.setEnabled(false);
// enable the 2 buttons
logout.setEnabled(true);
whoIsIn.setEnabled(true);
// disable the Server and Port JTextField
tfServer.setEditable(false);
tfPort.setEditable(false);
// Action listener for when the user enter a message
tf.addActionListener(this);
}

// to start the whole thing the server
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new ClientGUI("localhost", 1500);
}
```