

Presentation

mini-projects

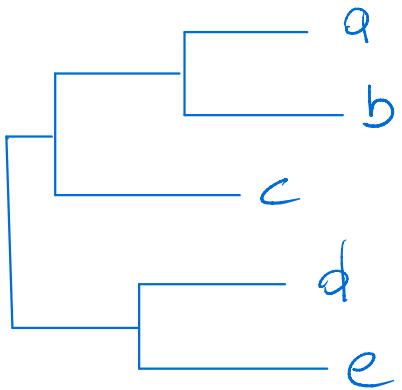


Goal : build a Python module to calculate
the likelihood of a phylogenetic tree

Step 1 : find a way to store in a Python object
1) the tree topology and branch lengths
2) an alignment

Step 2 : calculate the probability of the alignment
given the tree (and a model of evolution)

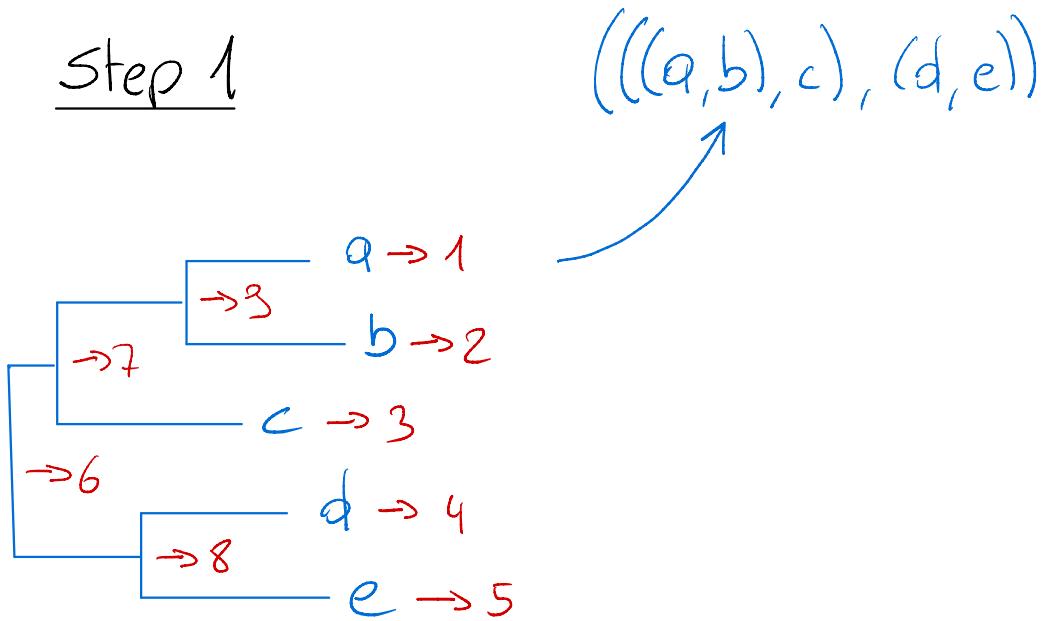
Step 1



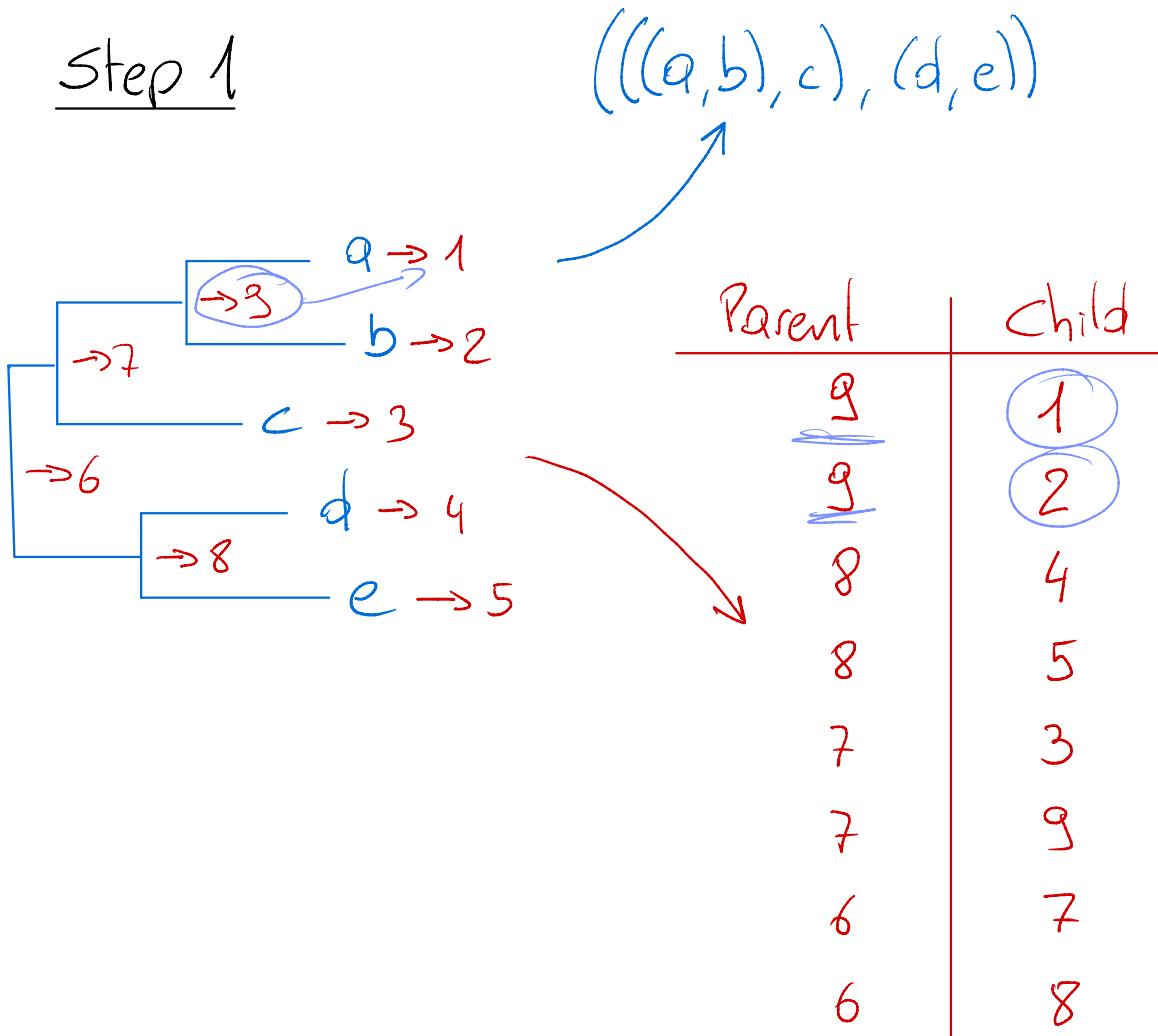
$((a,b),c),(d,e))$



Step 1

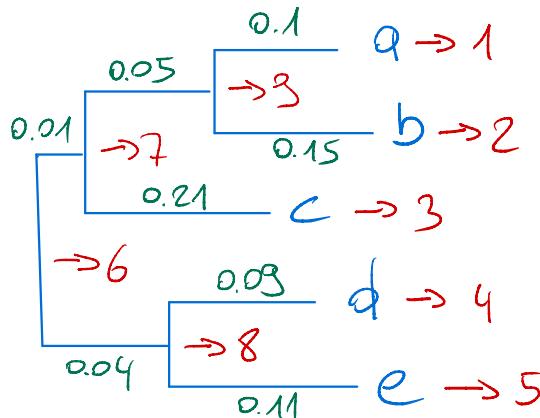


Step 1



Step 1

$((((a,b),c), (d,e))$



Parent	Child
9	1
9	2
8	4
8	5
7	3
7	9
6	7
6	8

Branch lengths

0.1

0.15

0.08

0.11

0.21

0.05

0.01

0.04

+

Step 1

- 1) create a tree object to store the phylogenetic tree
- 2) import the parent-child table and the branch lengths vector into Python
- 3) populate the tree object with each node of the tree

Tips : a tree is a list of nodes, and nodes have attributes like branch length, parent, children, etc...

Step 1

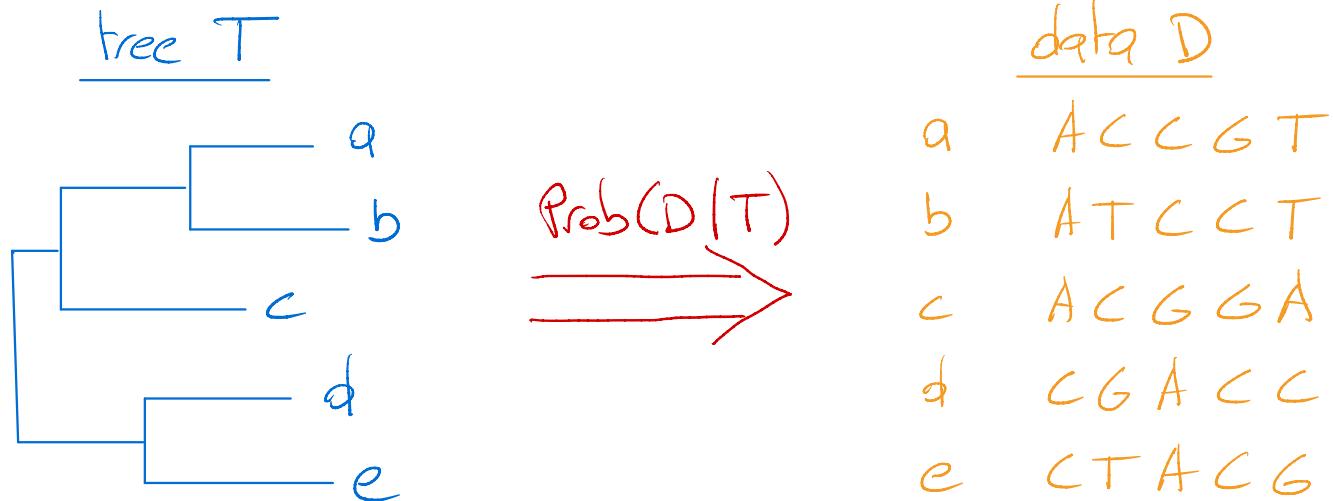
- 4) each node will have data coming from an alignment

a ACCGT
b ATCCT
c ACGGA
d CGAAC
e CTACG

- 5) import the alignment and store it in the nodes

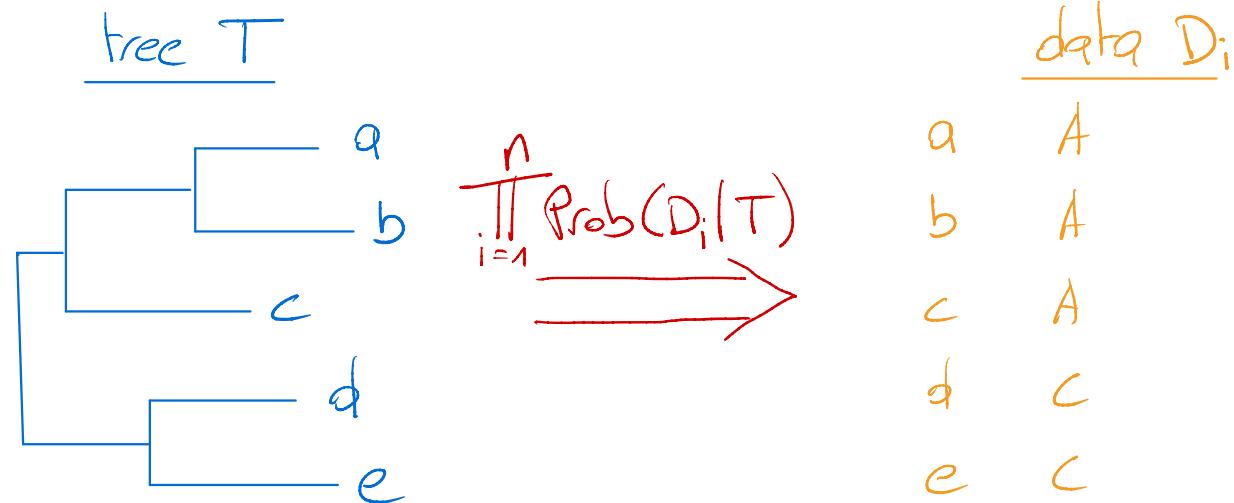
Step 2 :

- once you have a tree object, calculate the probability of the alignment given the tree

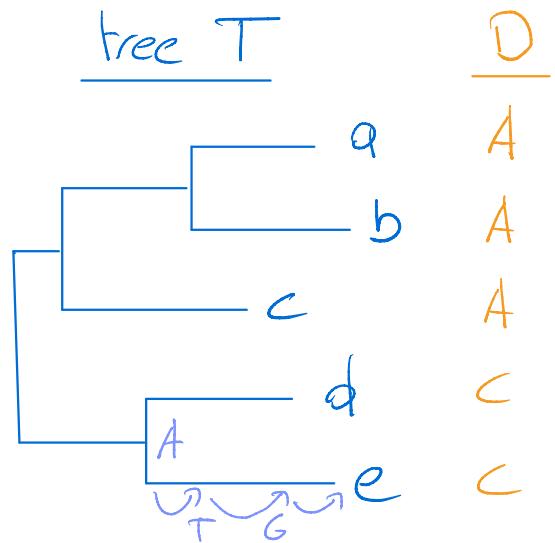


Step 2 :

- 1) once you have a tree object, calculate the probability of the alignment given the tree



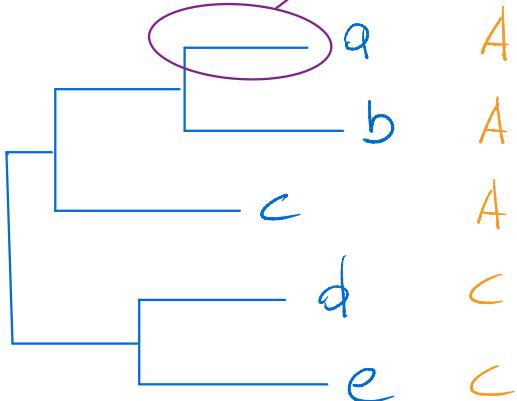
Step 2 : How to calculate the probability ?



model of evolution Q

A	C	G	T
A	-3μ	μ	μ
C	μ	-3μ	μ
G	μ	μ	-3μ
T	μ	μ	-3μ

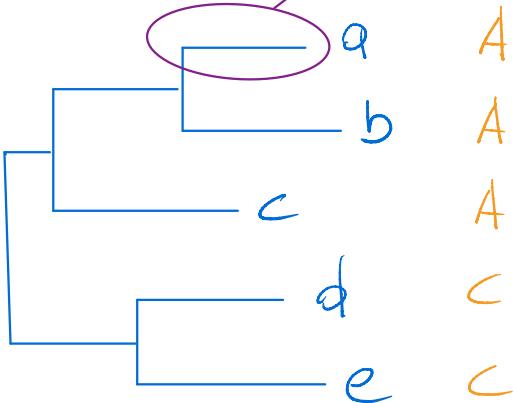
Step 2



Probability of evolving
a A along this
branch if we do not
know the nucleotide
of the ancestor

$$P(A|x) = e^{-Q \cdot t} \times \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} A & C & G & T \end{bmatrix}}_A \times \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1, 0, 0, 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{branch length}}$$

Step 2



Probability of evolving
a A along this
branch if we do not
know the nucleotide
of the ancestor

$$P(A|x) = e^{Q \cdot t} \times \underbrace{[1, 0, 0, 0]}_A$$

$$[0, 1, 0, 0] = c$$

etc...

Step 2

$$\begin{aligned} & e^{Q \times 0.1} \times [1, 0, 0] \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & \begin{bmatrix} z \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \\ & e^{Q \times 0.15} \times [1, 0, 0] \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & [x_a, y_a, \psi_a, z_a] \times [x_b, y_b, \psi_b, z_b] \\ & = \\ & [x_2, y_2, \psi_2, z_2] \end{aligned}$$

Step 2

$$[x_a, y_a, \psi_a, z_a]$$

\times

$=$

$$[x_a, y_a, \psi_a, z_a]$$

$$\begin{array}{c} e^{Q \times 0.1} \times [1, 0, 0] \\ \boxed{\quad} \\ b \\ e^{Q \times 0.15} \times [1, 0, 0] \end{array}$$

A

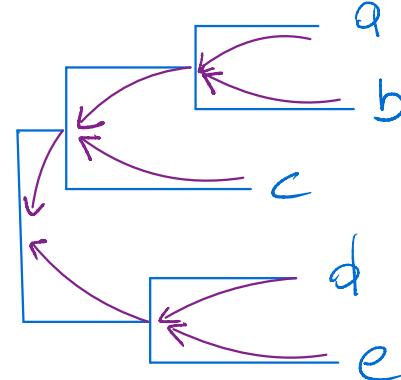
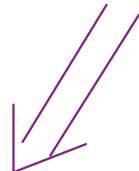
A



Keep
going down
the tree until
the root

Step 2

$$[x_r, y_r, \psi_r, z_r]$$



$$L(D|T) = \sum [x_r, y_r, \psi_r, z_r]$$

→ transform into $\ln L$ and add up each $\ln L$ per site to get the global likelihood

What is expected in the mini-project :

- 1) find a way to store a tree and alignment in a Python object.
- 2) calculate the $\ln L$ for an alignment
 - a) with a fixed μ parameter
 - b) by estimating μ (if you can)
 - c) think about the efficiency of the algorithm
- 3) should be able to take any tree and alignment

Schedule :

- 1) start working in pairs today
→ contact us by Teams anytime (@team1,...)
- 2) send by Teams an overview of your approach
→ deadline : Fri Nov 8th 5 pm
- 3) come with some code on Fri Nov 11th
→ presentation of code versioning
- 4) work on your own (but contact us to ask questions)
- 5) Nov 25th → presentation of your code + feedbacks

