

RWorksheet_Castillano4a

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```
#1
# Create data frame
shoe_data <- data.frame(
  ShoeSize = c(6.5, 9.0, 8.5, 8.5, 10.5, 7.0, 9.5, 7.0, 7.5, 7.5, 8.5, 10.5,
              13.0, 11.5, 8.5, 5.0, 10.0, 6.5, 7.5, 10.5, 8.0, 11.0, 9.0, 13.0),
  Height = c(66.0, 68.0, 64.5, 65.0, 70.0, 70.0, 71.0, 72.0, 64.0, 64.0, 67.0, 71.0,
            77.0, 72.0, 59.0, 60.0, 72.0, 66.0, 64.0, 69.0, 67.0, 70.0, 69.0, 70.0),
  Gender = c('F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'M', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'M',
            'M', 'M', 'F', 'F', 'M', 'F', 'F', 'M', 'F', 'M', 'M', 'M')
)
shoe_data
```

##	ShoeSize	Height	Gender
## 1	6.5	66.0	F
## 2	9.0	68.0	F
## 3	8.5	64.5	F
## 4	8.5	65.0	F
## 5	10.5	70.0	M
## 6	7.0	70.0	F
## 7	9.5	71.0	F
## 8	7.0	72.0	F
## 9	7.5	64.0	F
## 10	7.5	64.0	F
## 11	8.5	67.0	F
## 12	10.5	71.0	M
## 13	13.0	77.0	M
## 14	11.5	72.0	M
## 15	8.5	59.0	F
## 16	5.0	60.0	F
## 17	10.0	72.0	M
## 18	6.5	66.0	F
## 19	7.5	64.0	F
## 20	10.5	69.0	M
## 21	8.0	67.0	F
## 22	11.0	70.0	M
## 23	9.0	69.0	M
## 24	13.0	70.0	M

```
# A, Describe data
summary(shoe_data)
```

```
##      ShoeSize      Height      Gender
## Min.   : 5.000   Min.   :59.00   Length:24
## 1st Qu.: 7.500   1st Qu.:64.88   Class :character
## Median : 8.500   Median :68.50   Mode  :character
## Mean   : 8.917   Mean   :67.81
## 3rd Qu.:10.500   3rd Qu.:70.25
## Max.   :13.000   Max.   :77.00
```

```
# B
```

```
# Subset for females
```

```
female_data <- subset(shoe_data, Gender == "F", select = c(ShoeSize, Height))
female_data
```

```
##      ShoeSize Height
## 1          6.5   66.0
## 2          9.0   68.0
## 3          8.5   64.5
## 4          8.5   65.0
## 6          7.0   70.0
## 7          9.5   71.0
## 8          7.0   72.0
## 9          7.5   64.0
## 10         7.5   64.0
## 11         8.5   67.0
## 15         8.5   59.0
## 16         5.0   60.0
## 18         6.5   66.0
## 19         7.5   64.0
## 21         8.0   67.0
```

```
# Subset for males
```

```
male_data <- subset(shoe_data, Gender == "M", select = c(ShoeSize, Height))
male_data
```

```
##      ShoeSize Height
## 5          10.5    70
## 12         10.5    71
## 13         13.0    77
## 14         11.5    72
## 17         10.0    72
## 20         10.5    69
## 22         11.0    70
## 23          9.0    69
## 24         13.0    70
```

```
# C
```

```
# Mean of all respondents
```

```
mean_shoe <- mean(shoe_data$ShoeSize)
mean_height <- mean(shoe_data$Height)
```

```
mean_shoe
```

```
## [1] 8.916667
```

```
mean_height
```

```
## [1] 67.8125
```

```
# D
# Correlation test
correlation <- cor(shoe_data$ShoeSize, shoe_data$Height)
correlation
```

```
## [1] 0.6723337
```

```
#2
# Character vector of months (copied exactly)
months_vector <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January",
                  "September", "October", "September", "November", "August",
                  "January", "November", "November", "February", "May", "August",
                  "July", "December", "August", "August", "September", "November",
                  "February", "April")
```

```
# Convert to factor
factor_months_vector <- factor(months_vector)
```

```
# Print the factor vector
factor_months_vector
```

```
## [1] March      April      January   November  January   September October
## [8] September  November  August    January   November  November  February
## [15] May        August     July      December  August    August    September
## [22] November  February  April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September
```

```
#3
# Summary of character vector
summary(months_vector)
```

```
##      Length      Class      Mode
##         24 character character
```

```
# Summary of factor vector
summary(factor_months_vector)
```

```
##      April      August  December  February  January      July      March      May
##         2         4         1         2         3         1         1         1
## November  October  September
##         5         1         3
```

```
#4
# Create vector
direction <- c("East", "West", "North")
frequency <- c(1, 4, 3)
```

```

# Create factor with specific order
factor_data <- factor(direction, levels = c("East", "West", "North"))

# Print the ordered factor
print(factor_data)

## [1] East  West  North
## Levels: East West North

# Combine into a data frame
table_data <- data.frame(Direction = factor_data, Frequency = frequency)
print(table_data)

```

```

##   Direction Frequency
## 1      East          1
## 2      West          4
## 3     North          3

```

```

#5
data <- read.table("import_march.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
data

```

```

##   Students  Sex Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
## 1         1  Male          8         10          8
## 2         2  Male          4          8          6
## 3         3  Male          6          6         12
## 4         4 Female         14          4         15
## 5         5 Female         10          2         12
## 6         6 Female          6          0          9

```

```

#6
if (interactive()) {
  mode <- tolower(trimws(readline("Enter mode ('r' for random, 'm' for manual): ")))
} else {
  mode <- "r"
}

if (mode == "r") {
  chosen <- sample(1:50, 1)
  cat("Randomly chosen number:", chosen, "\n")
} else if (mode == "m") {
  if (interactive()) {
    input <- readline("Enter an integer: ")
    chosen_num <- suppressWarnings(as.integer(input))
    if (is.na(chosen_num)) stop("Invalid input: please enter an integer.")
    chosen <- chosen_num
  } else {
    chosen <- 20
    cat("Default number selected for knitting:", chosen, "\n")
  }
} else {
  stop("Invalid mode. Use 'r' or 'm'.")
}

```

```
## Randomly chosen number: 20
```

```
if (chosen < 1 || chosen > 50) {  
  cat("The number selected is beyond the range of 1 to 50\n")  
} else if (chosen == 20) {  
  cat("TRUE\n")  
} else {  
  cat("Selected number:", chosen, "\n")  
}
```

```
## TRUE
```

```
#7  
min_bills <- function(price) {  
  bills <- c(1000, 500, 200, 100, 50)  
  count <- 0  
  
  remaining <- price  
  
  for (b in bills) {  
    if (remaining >= b) {  
      n <- remaining %/% b      # how many of that bill  
      count <- count + n  
      remaining <- remaining - n*b  
    }  
  }  
  
  return(count)  
}  
  
# ---- RUN PROGRAM ----  
  
# generate random price divisible by 50  
price <- sample(seq(50, 5000, by = 50), 1)  
cat("Price of snack:", price, "\n")
```

```
## Price of snack: 4400
```

```
cat("Minimum bills needed:", min_bills(price), "\n")
```

```
## Minimum bills needed: 6
```

```
#8  
Name <- c("Annie", "Thea", "Steve", "Hanna")  
Grade1 <- c(85, 65, 75, 95)  
Grade2 <- c(65, 75, 55, 75)  
Grade3 <- c(85, 90, 80, 100)  
Grade4 <- c(100, 90, 85, 90)  
  
df <- data.frame(Name, Grade1, Grade2, Grade3, Grade4)  
df
```

```
##      Name Grade1 Grade2 Grade3 Grade4
## 1 Annie      85      65      85      100
## 2 Thea       65      75      90      90
## 3 Steve      75      55      80      85
## 4 Hanna      95      75     100      90
```

```
cat("\n--- b. average > 90 ---\n")
```

```
##
## --- b. average > 90 ---
```

```
# b. without rowMeans
avg <- (df$Grade1 + df$Grade2 + df$Grade3 + df$Grade4) / 4

for(i in 1:nrow(df)){
  if(avg[i] > 90){
    cat(df$Name[i], "'s average grade this semester is ", avg[i], ".\n", sep="")
  }
}

cat("\n--- c. test average < 80 ---\n")
```

```
##
## --- c. test average < 80 ---
```

```
# c. without mean()
testAvg <- c(
  sum(df$Grade1)/4,
  sum(df$Grade2)/4,
  sum(df$Grade3)/4,
  sum(df$Grade4)/4
)

for(i in 1:4){
  if(testAvg[i] < 80){
    cat("The", i, "th test was difficult.\n")
  }
}
```

```
## The 2 th test was difficult.
```

```
cat("\n--- d. highest > 90 ---\n")
```

```
##
## --- d. highest > 90 ---
```

```
# d. without max()
for(i in 1:nrow(df)){
  highest <- sort(c(df$Grade1[i], df$Grade2[i], df$Grade3[i], df$Grade4[i]))[4]
  if(highest > 90){
    cat(df$Name[i], "'s highest grade this semester is ", highest, ".\n", sep="")
  }
}
```

```
## Annie's highest grade this semester is 100.  
## Hanna's highest grade this semester is 100.
```