UNIVERSITY OF Baguio
SCHOOL OF INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY

NAME:	DATE PERFORMED:	
Section:	DATE SUBMITTED:	

SYSADM1 – Managing Services in Linux

Requirement:

- A virtual machine running Linux

Important Commands:

- systemctl start <service_name.service>
- systemctl stop <service_name.service>
- systemctl restart <service_name.service>
- systemctl status <service_name.service>

Complete this lab as follows:

1. Use the service –status-all command to list all active and inactive services.
   List down active and inactive services in the table below. Provide five (5) services for each column.

Active	Inactive

   SS:

2. Start the Bluetooth service using the systemctl command.
   Ex. sudo systemctl start httpd

   In this command:

   - sudo tells Linux you are running the command as the root user.
   - systemctl manages systemd services.
   - start tells the systemctl command to start the Apache service.
   - httpd is the name of the Apache web server service.

3. Check the status of the Bluetooth service. What is its status?
   SS:

4. Check the status of the cups services. Since when was it running?
   SS:
5. Stop cups services.
6. Verify if the service was stopped.
7. Restart the cups services
8. Verify if the service was restarted.