

Junior Cabbagelang Programming

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```
1  ;Fibonacci
2  ;Define a variable called a
3  (func {a} 1)
4  ;Define a variable called b
5  (func {b} 1)
6  ;Loop
7  (while {true} {
8      ;Output a
9      (output a)
10     ;Output b
11     (output b)
12     ;a=a+b
13     (func {a} (+ a b))
14     ;b=b+a
15     (func {b} (+ b a))
16 })
17 ;DOS Attack
18 ;Loop
19 (while {true} {
20     ;Send a HTTP Request to www.example.com:80
21     ;Header:
22     ;GET / HTTP/1.1
23     ;Host: www.example.com
24     ;Connection: close
25     ;
26     (request "www.example.com" 80 "GET / HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: www.example.com\r\nConnection: close\r\n\r\n")
27 })
```

Menu

I. Introduction

- What is Cabbagelang
- What is Lisp
- What is this tutorial

II. Console Input & Output

- Output
- Input

III. Variables

- Define
- Variable types

IV. Mathematical Operations

- + and −
- * and /
- ^ and %
- >, < and ==

V. Logical Operations

- If
- While

- And or not

VI. Functions

- Define
- Calling

VII. Standard Output/Input Changing

- Stdout
- Stdin
- Stderr

VIII. Advanced

Introduction

What is Cabbagelang

Cabbagelang is a good programming language for web designing and math. Also, it is a lisp-like language.

- Is it hard to learn?

No, Cabbagelang is Easy to learn

What is lisp?.

Lisp is a declarative intra functional programming language. It looks like this:

```
(print "Hello, World!")
```

It is usually used for AI and math.

What is this Tutorial?

This is a tutorial for junior Cabbagelang programmers. Its author is Kangbo Hua – The Founder of Cabbagelang. This tutorial can tell you how to code with Cabbagelang. Now, let's get started.

Console Input & Output

Input

To get console input, use this function: `kin`.

For example:

```
(kin ">>")
```

Console:

```
>>_
```

It returns what you inputted.

Output

To output to the console, use this function: `output`.

For example:

```
(output "Hello, World!")
```

Console:

```
Hello, World!
```

Practice:

Output what you input.

Variables

Define

In Cabbagelang, we define variable like this:

```
(func {x} 0)
```

func: defines a function(actually, in Cabbagelang, we see everything as a function, includes variables)

x: the name of the variable

0: the value of the variable.

Types

1. Function
2. Number
3. String
4. Error
5. Symbol
6. S-Expression
7. Q-Expression
8. Unknown

Function: the functions you defined/builtin functions

Number: includes floats, doubles and integers.

String: just strings(like this: "I am a string")

Error: Errors caused by running.

Symbol: +, -, *, /, ...

S-Expression: expressions like this: (+ 1 1)

Q-Expression: expressions like this: {+ 1 1}

Unknown: unknown variables, usually caused by bugs and errors.

Type conversion:

1. String to number: (stn "1")
2. Number to string: (nts 1)
3. Everything to S-Expression: (1)
4. Everything to Q-Expression: {1}

Mathematical Operations

+ and –

For example:

(+ 1 1): 2

(- 2 1): 1

*** and /**

For example:

(* 1 2): 2

(/ 2 1): 2

^ and %

For example:

(^ 2 2): 4

(% 3 2): 1

>, < and ==

For example:

(> 2 1): 1

(< 2 1): 0

(== 2 1): 0

(<= 1 2): 1

(>= 2 1): 0

*0 means false, 1 means true.

Logical Operations

If

For example:

```
//Input a number as x
```

```
(func {x} (stn (kin ">>")))
```

```
(if (> x 10) {output "x > 10\n"} {output "x < 10\n"})
```

If x is greater than 10, execute the first Q-Expression, or else, execute the second Q-Expression.

While

For example:

```
(while {true} {output "Hi!\n"})
```

If the next Q-Expression is not 0(true), execute the second Q-Expression, or else, end this loop.

And or not

For example:

(and true true): true

(and true false): false

(and false false): false

(or true true): true

(or false true): true

(or false false): false

(not true): false

(not false): true

Functions

Define

```
(fun {function} {output "You called this function."})
```

Calling

```
(function {})
```

Standard Input/Output Changing

Stdout

(stdout "file.txt"): Changes the stdout to file.txt

(stdout "con"): Changes the stdout to console(Windows)

(stdout "/dev/console") Changes the stdout to console(Linux)

Stdin

(stdin "file.txt"): Changes the stdin to file.txt

(stdin "con"): Changes the stdin to console(Windows)

(stdin "/dev/console") Changes the stdin to console(Linux)

Stderr

(stderr "file.txt"): Changes the stderr to file.txt

(stderr "con"): Changes the stderr to console(Windows)

(stderr "/dev/console") Changes the stderr to console(Linux)

Advanced

- `W`: lambda function
- `=`: put value to variable
- `list`: set list
- `head`: get list head
- `tail`: get list tail
- `eval`: execute Q-Expression
- `join`: join list
- `//`: commenting
- `/(in S-Expression)`: Division by ... and make the result integer
- `import`: import a Cabbagelang script
- `throw`: throw errors
- `#`: connect strings
- `!`: get one character of the string
- `strlen`: get the length of the string
- `getall`: get all contents of the file
- `sizeof`: get the size of the file
- `system`: run system command
- `exit`: exit script
- `time`: get timestamp
- `srand`: set random seed

- rand: get a random number
- delay: delay the program for X seconds
- request: send http request to...

(request "www.example.com" 80 "GET / HTTP/1.1" wwwHost:

www.example.com" wwwConnection: close" www")