Package 'damr'

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I ,
Title Read Drosophila Activity Monitor Data
Date 2017-07-26
Version 0.0.0.9000
Description Retreive behavioural data from the widely used Drosophila Activity Monitors.
Depends R (>= 2.10)
Imports behavr, data.table, dplyr, readr, hms, tidyr, magrittr
Suggests testthat
License GPL-3
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damr_example

Get path to damr example

Description

damr comes with a sample DAM2 files in its inst/extdata directory. damr_example allow make them easy to access.

Usage

```
damr_example(path = NULL)
damr_example_dir()
```

Arguments

path

Name of file. If NULL, the example files will be listed.

Author(s)

Hadley Wickham (modified from readr)

Examples

```
# list all files
damr_example()
# get path to one file
damr_example("M014.txt")
# get the directory wih all the files
damr_example_dir()
```

query_dam2

Retrieves DAM2 data from one or several continuous files

Description

Uses a query mechanism to get data from a DAM2 array. This is useful when using the default behaviour of TriKinetics software where data is simply appended to a single long file per monitor.

Usage

```
query_dam2(result_dir, query, FUN = NULL, ...)
```

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Arguments

result_dir the root directory where all daily data are saved
query data.frame representing a formatted query used to request data (see detail)

FUN function (optional) to transform the data from each animal immediately after is has been loaded.

... extra arguments to be passed to FUN

Details

query must be a data.frame (or data.table) object. Conceptually, each row of the query describes one animal with one set of conditions (when region_id is specified), or in each monitor (when it is not). It must have the following columns:

- file the location of a data file (e.g. "Monitor3.txt").
- start_datetme the first day and time of the requested experiment (e.g. "2014-12-28 18:00:00").
- stop_datetime the last day and time of the requested experiment (e.g. "2014-12-30 19:00:00" or simply "2014-12-30").
- region_id the channel (between 1 and 32) in which the animal was in (e.g. "20"). region_id is optional. If not provided, all 32 channels are loaded with the same conditions.
- ??? any number of arbitrary columns to associate conditions/treatments/genotypes/... to the previous columns.

The time in data is expressed relatively to start_date. In other words, if you do circadian analysis, and your D-L transitions are at 10:00:00, you want to set start_datetime = "YYY-MM-DD 10:00:00".

The root directory is the folder where your files live. For instance, result_dir = "C:/where/I/Store/my/txt/files/"

Value

A behavr table. The metadata contains all the query columns and an autogenerated id per animal. The data has the columns:

- id autogenerated unique identifier, one per animal
- t time
- activity number of beam crosses

See Also

read_dam2_file to to load data from a single file (without a query).

Examples

```
# This is where our data lives
root_dir <- damr_example_dir()

# A query already made for us.
# It defines condition and genotype of each animal
data(single_file_query)
print(single_file_query)</pre>
```

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```
# we find and load the matching data
dt <- query_dam2(root_dir,single_file_query)
print(dt)

# genotype and condition to our metadata:
print(dt[meta=TRUE])

# Just the first few reads, we run `head()` on each animal
dt <- query_dam2(root_dir, single_file_query, FUN=head)
print(dt)</pre>
```

read_dam2_file

Reads data from a single DAM2 file

Description

This function retreives activity data in a DAM2 file. It allows selection of a date range and channels (i.e. regions).

Usage

```
read_dam2_file(path, region_id = 1:32, start_datetime = -Inf,
  stop_datetime = +Inf, tz = "UTC")
```

Arguments

```
path location of the file to read (character)

region_id vector of unique regions to read

start_datetime, stop_datetime
the start and the end of an the experiment (see details)

tz the timezone (see OlsonNames for a list)
```

Details

start_datetime and stop_datetime are formated as "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS". start_datetime is used as the reference time (ZT0). Therefore, if you are interested in circadian analysis and D->L transitions are at 10:00:00, you probably want to set $start_datetime = "YYYY-MM-DD 10:00:00"$.

Value

A behavr table. The metadata contains an autogenerated id per animal. The data has the columns:

- id autogenerated unique identifier, one per animal
- t time
- activity number of beam crosses

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See Also

query_dam2 to load data from many files and biological conditions using a query system

Examples

```
path <- damr_example("M064.txt")
dt <- read_dam2_file(path, region_id=c(1:3), start_datetime="2017-06-30 15:00:00")
print(dt)</pre>
```

single_file_query

A simple toy query defining the experimental conditions of 32 animals monitored at the same time in a single DAM2 monitor. Each animal has its own channel (region_id), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for query_dam2.

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Usage

```
single_file_query
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 32 rows and 6 columns.

Author(s)

Quentin Geissmann

two_files_query

A toy query defining the experimental conditions of 64 animals monitored at the same time in two separate DAM2 monitors. Each animal has its own channel (region_id), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for query_dam2.

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A toy query defining the experimental conditions of 64 animals monitored at the same time in two separate DAM2 monitors. Each animal has its own channel (region_id), as well as a condition and genotype. It serves as an example for query_dam2.

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Usage

two_files_query

Format

An object of class $\mbox{\tt data.frame}$ with $64\ rows$ and $6\ columns.$

Author(s)

Quentin Geissmann

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