Untitled

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2023-09-23

```
tus_datos <- data.frame(</pre>
  Estudiante = c(
    "Juan", "Ana", "Luis", "María", "Carlos", "Sofía", "Diego", "Elena",
    "Andrés", "Laura", "Pedro", "Valeria", "Ricardo", "Isabella",
    "Marta", "Javier", "Natalia", "Fernando", "Lorena"
  ),
  Amigos = I(list(
    c("Ana", "Luis", "Sofía"),
    c("Juan", "María", "Carlos"),
    c("María", "Sofía", "Valeria"),
    c("Luis", "Andrés"),
    c("Sofía", "Pedro", "Ricardo"),
    c("Carlos", "Isabella"),
    c("Laura", "Marta"),
    c("Andrés", "Valeria", "Lorena"),
    c("Marta", "Javier"),
    c("Diego", "Luis", "Fernando"),
    c("Valeria", "Ricardo"),
    c("Pedro", "Javier", "Natalia"),
    c("Isabella", "Lorena"),
    c("Ricardo", "Marta"),
c("Javier", "Natalia"),
    c("Natalia", "Fernando"),
    c("Fernando", "Lorena"),
    c("Lorena", "Elena"),
    c("Elena", "Andrés")
 ))
)
amigos_separados <- strsplit(as.character(tus_datos$Amigos), ", ")</pre>
for(i in 1:length(amigos_separados)){
  a[i] = length(amigos_separados[[i]])
}
a = max(a)
mat_nombres = matrix(ncol=a,nrow=length(amigos_separados))
for(i in 1:length(amigos_separados)){
 for(j in 1:a){
    bla = str_replace_all(amigos_separados[[i]][j],negated_char_class(WRD),"")
    mat_nombres[i,j] = str_replace_all(bla,START%R%"c","")
```

```
datos_socio = data.frame(cbind(Estudiante=tus_datos$Estudiante,mat_nombres)) %>% gather(key=bla,value=arfilter(is.na(amigo)==F) %>%
filter(!(Estudiante == amigo))
datos_socio <- unique(datos_socio[c("Estudiante", "amigo")])</pre>
```

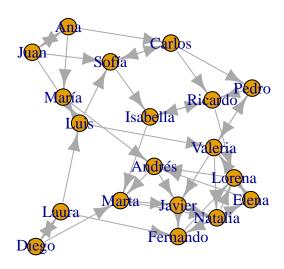
A través de igraph

```
social_net = graph.data.frame(datos_socio)
adjacency_matrix<-get.adjacency(social_net) ## obtener matriz:
data.frame(as.matrix(adjacency_matrix)) ## obtener dataframe:</pre>
```

##		Tuan	Δna	Luis	María	Carlos	Sofí	n Diego	Elena	Andrés	Laura	Pedro
##	Juan	0	1	1	0	0	50110			0	0	0
##	Ana	1	0	0	1	1	(0	0	0
##	Luis	0	0	0	1	0		L	0	0	0	0
##	María	0	0	1	0	0	() (0	1	0	0
##	Carlos	0	0	0	0	0	:	L C	0	0	0	1
##	Sofía	0	0	0	0	1	() (0	0	0	0
##	Diego	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	1	0
	Elena	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	1	0	0
##	Andrés	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	Laura	0	0	1	0	0	() 1	0	0	0	0
##	Pedro	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	Valeria	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	1
##	Ricardo	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	${\tt Isabella}$	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	Marta	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	Javier	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	Natalia	0	0	0	0	0	() (0	0	0	0
##	Fernando	0	0	0	0	0	() (1	0	0	0
##	Lorena	0	0	0	0	0	() (1	1	0	0
##		Vale		Ricard		oella M				a Fernar		rena
##	Juan		0		0	0	0	0)	0	0
##	Ana		0		0	0	0	0	(0	0
	Luis		1		0	0	0	0)	0	0
##	María		0		0	0	0	0)	0	0
##	Carlos		0		1	0	0	0)	0	0
##	Sofía		0		0	1	0	0)	0	0
##	Diego		0		0	0	1	0)	0	0
##	Elena		1		0	0	0	0)	0	1
##	Andrés		0		0	0	1	1)	0	0
##	Laura		0		0	0	0	0)	1	0
	Pedro		1		1	0	0	0)	0	0
##	Valeria		0		0	0	0	1	-		0	0
##	Ricardo Isabella		0		0	1 0	0 1	0)	0	1
##			0		1	-	_	0)	0	0
##	Marta		0		0	0	0	1	-	L	0	0

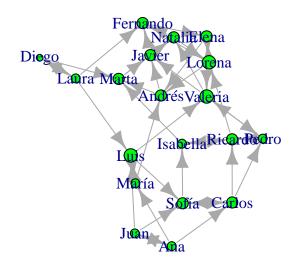
## Javier	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
## Natalia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
## Fernando	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
## Lorena	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-1-+(i-1)									

plot(social_net)



Algunas funciones y atributos dentro de objetos tipo graph

```
V(social_net) # nombre de los vertices
## + 19/19 vertices, named, from 386556a:
   [1] Juan
                 Ana
                           Luis
                                    María
                                              Carlos
                                                       Sofía
                                                                 Diego
                                                                          Elena
## [9] Andrés
                                    Valeria Ricardo Isabella Marta
                                                                          Javier
                 Laura
                           {\tt Pedro}
## [17] Natalia Fernando Lorena
degree(social_net) # conexiones
##
       Juan
                  Ana
                          Luis
                                  María
                                           Carlos
                                                     Sofía
                                                               Diego
                                                                        Elena
##
                             6
                                       4
                                                5
                                                                   3
                                                                            5
##
     Andrés
               Laura
                         Pedro
                                Valeria
                                         Ricardo Isabella
                                                               Marta
                                                                       Javier
##
                                       6
                                                5
                                                                   5
                                                                            5
##
    Natalia Fernando
                        Lorena
                    5
##
          5
```



A través de tidyverse

Desde los datos podemos pasar a algo graficable y utilizables a través de tbl_graph. Esta función permite en edges especificar los vinculos, en nodes, especificar información acerca de los nodos. Está el argumento directed, si es igual a treu, solo va a indicar la cantidad de votos favorables que tuvo la persona, y si lo ponemos como false, va a indicar el total de votos emitidos y el total. En este caso, vamos a poner información de los nodos adicional, que no se genera en la tabla misma. Esta información será una variable aleatoria de puntaje en nivel socioemocional por ejemplo, que va de 0 a 5. También vamos a ver cuántos votos emitió cada uno:

Acá generamos información de cada nodo:

```
Estudiante = unique(datos_socio$Estudiante)
bienestar = rbinom(n=length(Estudiante), size = 5,prob = 0.8)
votos_emitidos = datos_socio %>% count(Estudiante) %>% rename(votos_emitidos = n)
info_nodos = data.frame(cbind(Estudiante, bienestar))
info_nodos = info_nodos %>% left_join(votos_emitidos)
```

```
## Joining with 'by = join_by(Estudiante)'
```

Acá podemos generar el tipo de base que es procesable. En ella vamos a calcular la popularidad

```
social_net_tbls <- tbl_graph(edges = datos_socio, directed = TRUE, nodes = info_nodos) ## el directed = True,
#social_net_tbls_directed <- tbl_graph(edges = datos_socio, directed = TRUE) ## esto parece que es el en
social_net_tbls = social_net_tbls %>% mutate(popularidad = centrality_degree(mode = 'in'))
data.frame(social_net_tbls)
```

```
##
      Estudiante bienestar votos_emitidos popularidad
## 1
            Juan
                          4
## 2
                          5
             Ana
                                         3
                                                      1
## 3
            Luis
                          3
                                         3
                                                      3
## 4
           María
                          5
                                         2
                                                      2
                          5
                                         3
## 5
          Carlos
                                                      2
## 6
           Sofía
                          4
                                         2
                                                      3
## 7
                          3
                                         2
           Diego
                                                      1
## 8
                          5
                                         3
           Elena
                                                      2
## 9
          Andrés
                          5
                                         2
                                                      3
## 10
          Laura
                          2
                                          3
                                                      1
                                          2
                          5
                                                      2
## 11
           Pedro
## 12
         Valeria
                          3
                                          3
                                                      3
                                         2
                          4
                                                      3
## 13
         Ricardo
                          4
                                         2
## 14
        Isabella
                                                      2
                                         2
## 15
          Marta
                          4
                                                      3
## 16
          Javier
                          3
                                         2
                                                      3
                                          2
## 17
         Natalia
                          4
                                                      3
## 18
        Fernando
                          4
                                         2
                                                      3
                          3
## 19
          Lorena
```

```
## tipos de layout: stress, auto,
social_net_tbls %>% ggraph(layout = "auto") +
  geom_node_point(aes(size = factor(votos_emitidos), color=factor(popularidad))) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = Estudiante), nudge_y = 0.05, nudge_x = 0.2) +
  geom_edge_link(arrow = arrow(length = unit(2,"mm"))) +
  theme_void() +
  labs(size = "Votos emitidos", color = "Votos recibidos") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
## Using "stress" as default layout
```

Warning: Using size for a discrete variable is not advised.

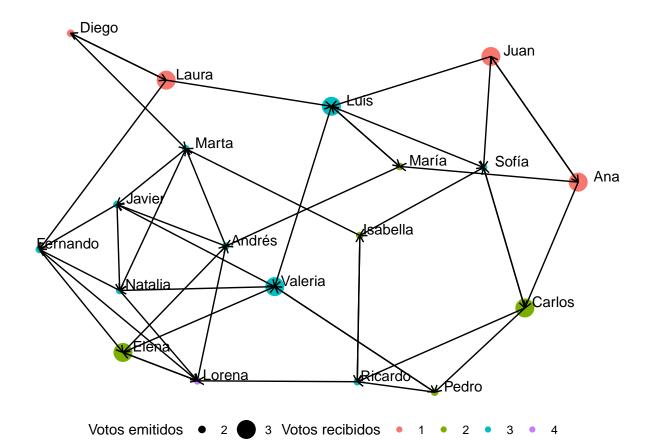
```
## Warning: Using the 'size' aesthetic in this geom was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
```

^{##} i Please use 'linewidth' in the 'default_aes' field and elsewhere instead.

^{##} This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.

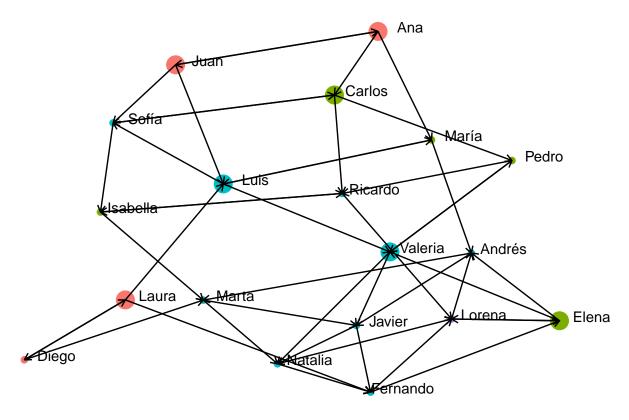
^{##} Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was

^{##} generated.



```
## tipos de layout: stress, auto,
social_net_tbls %>% ggraph(layout = "kk") +
  geom_node_point(aes(size = factor(votos_emitidos), color=factor(popularidad))) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = Estudiante), nudge_y = 0.05, nudge_x = 0.2) +
  geom_edge_link(arrow = arrow(length = unit(2,"mm"))) +
  theme_void() +
  labs(size = "Votos emitidos", color = "Votos recibidos") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

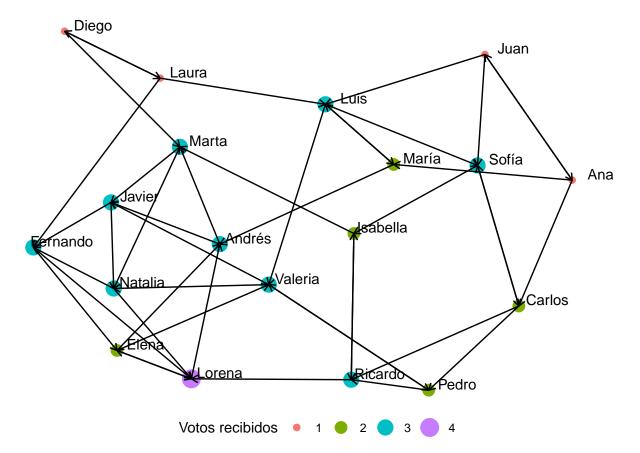
Warning: Using size for a discrete variable is not advised.



```
Votos emitidos • 2 • 3 Votos recibidos • 1 • 2 • 3 • 4
```

```
## tipos de layout: stress, auto,
social_net_tbls %>% ggraph(layout = "auto") +
  geom_node_point(aes(size = factor(popularidad), color=factor(popularidad))) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = Estudiante), nudge_y = 0.05, nudge_x = 0.2) +
  geom_edge_link(arrow = arrow(length = unit(2,"mm"))) +
  theme_void() +
  labs(size = "Votos recibidos", color = "Votos recibidos") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

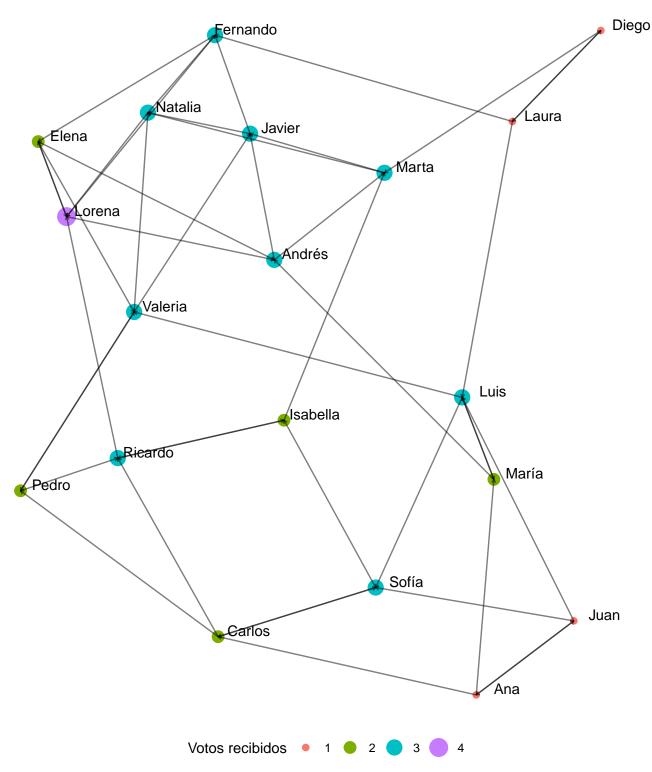
- ## Using "stress" as default layout
- ## Warning: Using size for a discrete variable is not advised.



```
## tipos de layout: stress, auto,
social_net_tbls %>% ggraph(layout = igraph_layouts[9]) +
  geom_node_point(aes(size = factor(popularidad), color=factor(popularidad))) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = Estudiante), nudge_y = 0.05, nudge_x = 0.2) +
  geom_edge_link(arrow = arrow(length = unit(1,"mm")),alpha=0.5,size=2) +
  theme_void() +
  labs(size = "Votos recibidos", color = "Votos recibidos") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
## Warning in geom_edge_link(arrow = arrow(length = unit(1, "mm")), alpha = 0.5, :
## Ignoring unknown parameters: 'edge_size'
```

Warning: Using size for a discrete variable is not advised.



La función geom_edge_fan (0,2) permite que los vínculos recíprocos sean observables

```
## tipos de layout: stress, auto,
social_net_tbls %>% ggraph(layout = igraph_layouts[9]) +
  geom_node_point(aes(size = factor(popularidad), color=factor(popularidad))) +
```

```
geom_node_text(aes(label = Estudiante), nudge_y = 0.05, nudge_x = 0.2) +
geom_edge_fan2(arrow = arrow(length = unit(1, "mm")), alpha=0.5, size=2) +
theme_void() +
labs(size = "Votos recibidos", color = "Votos recibidos") +
theme(legend.position = "bottom")

## Warning in geom_edge_fan2(arrow = arrow(length = unit(1, "mm")), alpha = 0.5, :
## Ignoring unknown parameters: 'edge_size'

## Warning: Using size for a discrete variable is not advised.
```

