

Ocurrencia de Bromelias

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```
library(rmarkdown)
#Maps Script_ practice
# https://ourcodingclub.github.io/2016/12/11/maps\_tutorial.html
setwd("D:/USUARIO/Desktop/TRABAJOS R
erre/Lab_SISTE_practica_conR/PRoyecSISTE")

# Load packages
library(ggplot2) # ggplot() fortify()
library(dplyr) # %>% select() filter() bind_rows()

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(rgdal) # readOGR() spTransform()

## Loading required package: sp

## rgdal: version: 1.4-8, (SVN revision 845)
##   Geospatial Data Abstraction Library extensions to R successfully
loaded
##   Loaded GDAL runtime: GDAL 2.2.3, released 2017/11/20
##   Path to GDAL shared files: D:/USUARIO/Documents/R/win-
library/3.6/rgdal/gdal
##   GDAL binary built with GEOS: TRUE
##   Loaded PROJ.4 runtime: Rel. 4.9.3, 15 August 2016, [PJ_VERSION: 493]
##   Path to PROJ.4 shared files: D:/USUARIO/Documents/R/win-
library/3.6/rgdal/proj
##   Linking to sp version: 1.3-2

library(raster) # intersect()

##
## Attaching package: 'raster'
```

```

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      select

library(ggsn) # north2() scalebar()

## Loading required package: grid

##
## Attaching package: 'ggsn'

## The following object is masked from 'package:raster':
##
##      scalebar

library(rworldmap) # getMap()

## ### Welcome to rworldmap ###

## For a short introduction type :  vignette('rworldmap')

library(ggmap)

## Google's Terms of Service: https://cloud.google.com/maps-
platform/terms/.

## Please cite ggmap if you use it! See citation("ggmap") for details.

# Load species data
B.ACUM<- read.csv("B.acum.csv", sep = ";")
E.ERECTI<- read.csv("E.erect.csv", sep = ";")
D.STRO<- read.csv("D.strob.csv", sep = ";")

head(B.ACUM)
vars1 <- c("key", "scientificName", "decimalLongitude",
"decimalLatitude")
bacum_trim = B.ACUM %>% dplyr::select(one_of(vars1))
eerecti_trim =E.ERECTI%>% dplyr::select(one_of(vars1))
dstro_trim =D.STRO%>% dplyr::select(one_of(vars1))

write.table(bacum_trim)
write.table(eerecti_trim)
write.table(dstro_trim)

BROM_trim <- bind_rows(bacum_trim,eerecti_trim,dstro_trim)
str(BROM_trim)

# Check that species names are consistent
unique(BROM_trim$scientificName)
# Needs cleaning up
BROM_trim$scientificName <- BROM_trim$scientificName %>%

```

```

recode("Brocchinia acuminata L.B.Sm." = "Brocchinia acuminata",
"Encholirium erectiflorum L.B.Sm." = "Encholirium erectiflorum",
"Deuterocohnia strobilifera var. strobilifera" = "Deuterocohnia
strobilifera", "Deuterocohnia strobilifera var. inermis L.B.Sm." =
"Deuterocohnia strobilifera", "Deuterocohnia strobilifera Mez" =
"Deuterocohnia strobilifera")

```

Checking names

```
unique(BROM_trim$scientificName)
```

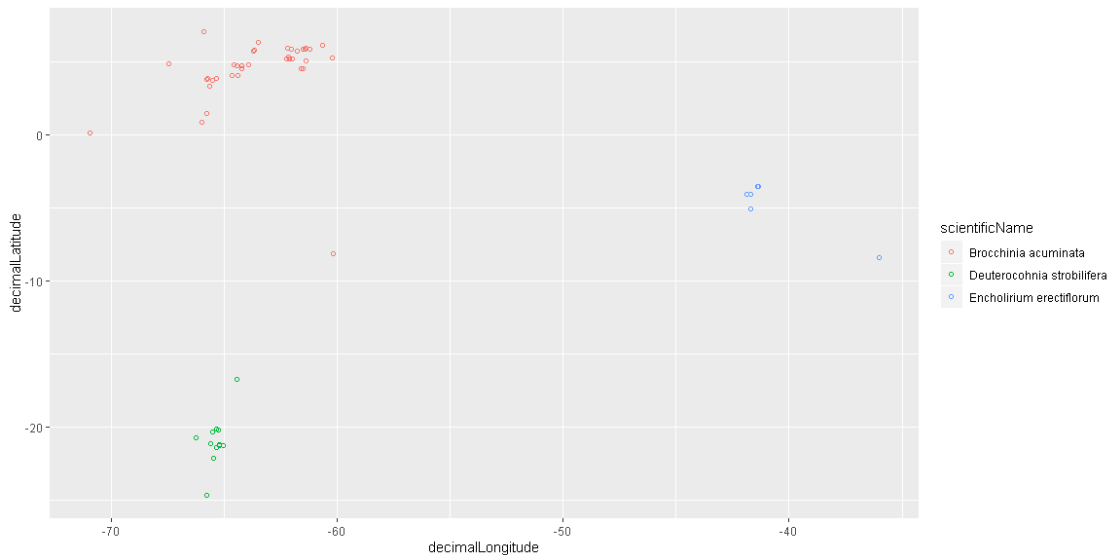
Done

gráfico- preliminar

```

ggplot(BROM_trim, aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude,
                      colour = scientificName)) +
  geom_point(shape = 1)

```



#?ggplot

#?geom_point

```
BROM_trim_us = BROM_trim %>% filter(decimalLongitude > 0)
```

Plot again

```

ggplot(BROM_trim_us, aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude,
                        colour = scientificName)) +
  geom_point()

```

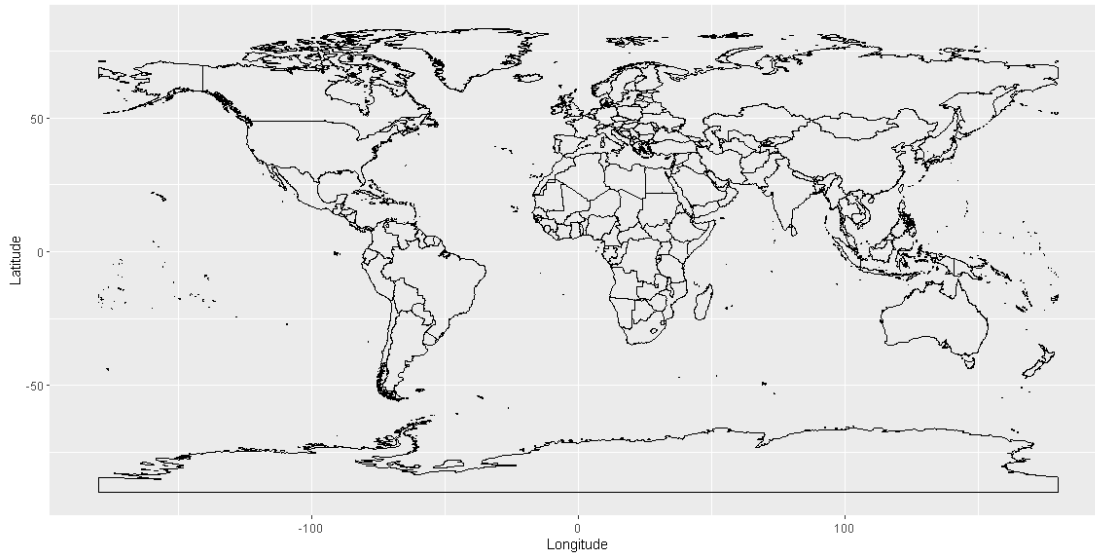
decimalLatitude

decimalLongitude

```
#get world map
world <- getMap(resolution = "low")
#BoLI <- getMap()

# Plot data with map
ggplot() +
  geom_polygon(data = world,
    aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group),
    fill = NA, colour = "black") +
  geom_point(data = BROM_trim_us, # Add and plot species data
    aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude,
    colour = scientificName)) +
  coord_quickmap() + # Prevents stretching when resizing
  theme_gray() + # Remove ugly grey background
  xlab("Longitude") +
  ylab("Latitude") +
  guides(colour=guide_legend(title="Species"))

## Regions defined for each Polygons
```



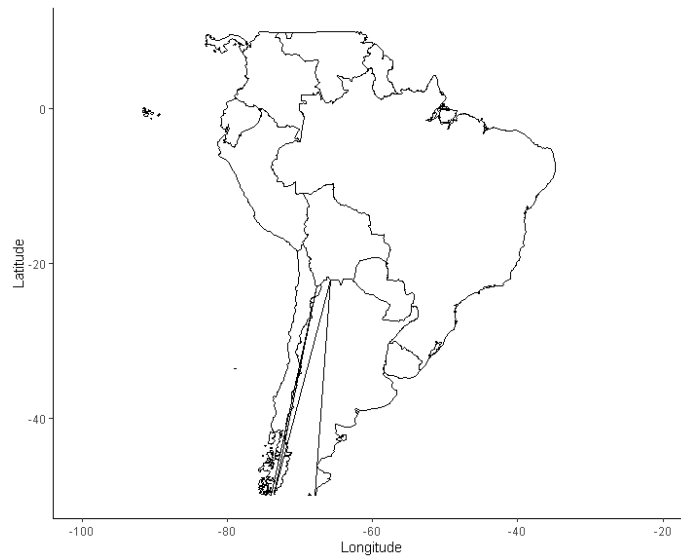
#hacer un vector de Nombres de paises

```
saf_countries1 <- c("Brazil", "Bolivia", "Argentina", "Peru", "Colombia",  
"Ecuador", "Venezuela", "Paraguay", "Uruguay", "Guyana", "Chile",  
"Panama")
```

```
world_saf1 <- world[world@data$ADMIN %in% saf_countries1, ]
```

```
ggplot() +  
  geom_polygon(data = world_saf1,  
    aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group),  
    fill = NA, colour = "black") +  
  geom_point(data = BROM_trim_us, # Add and plot speices data  
    aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude,  
      colour = scientificName)) +  
  coord_quickmap() +  
  xlim(-100, -20) + # Set x axis Limits, xlim(min, max)  
  ylim(-50, 10) + # Set y axis Limits  
  theme_classic() + # Remove ugly grey background  
  xlab("Longitude") +  
  ylab("Latitude") +  
  guides(colour=guide_legend(title="Species"))
```

```
## Regions defined for each Polygons
```

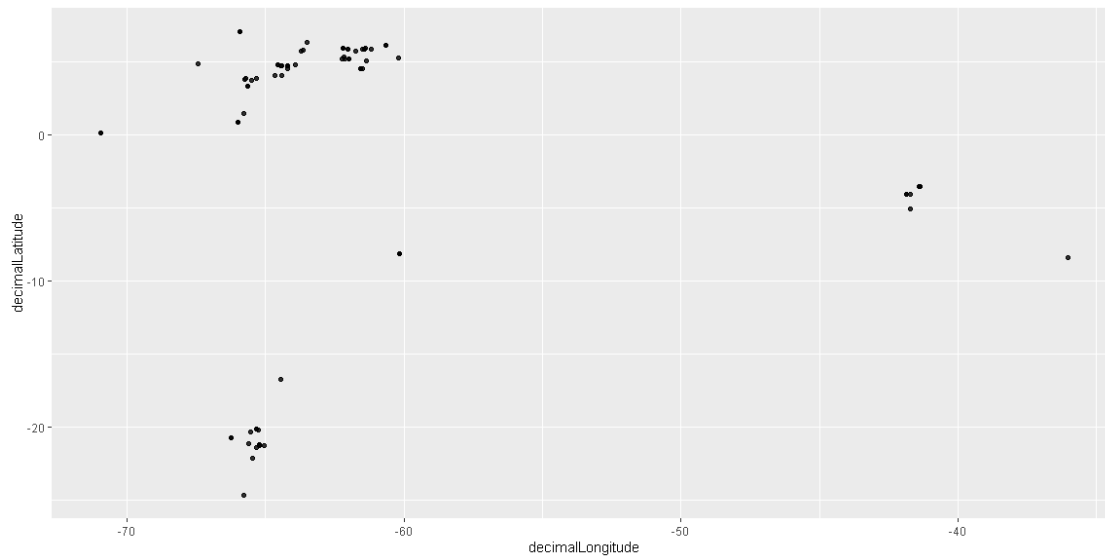


```
# Read in fosterellaaa data
```

```
Foste_rella = BROM_trim
```

```
# Preliminary plot
```

```
ggplot(Foste_rella, mapping = aes(x = decimalLongitude , y =  
decimalLatitude)) +  
  geom_point(alpha = 0.8)
```



```
library(raster)
```

```
# Get map data
```

```
Clip_BROM <- as(extent(-90, -20, -50, 40), "SpatialPolygons")
```

```
proj4string(Clip_BROM) <- CRS(proj4string(world))
```

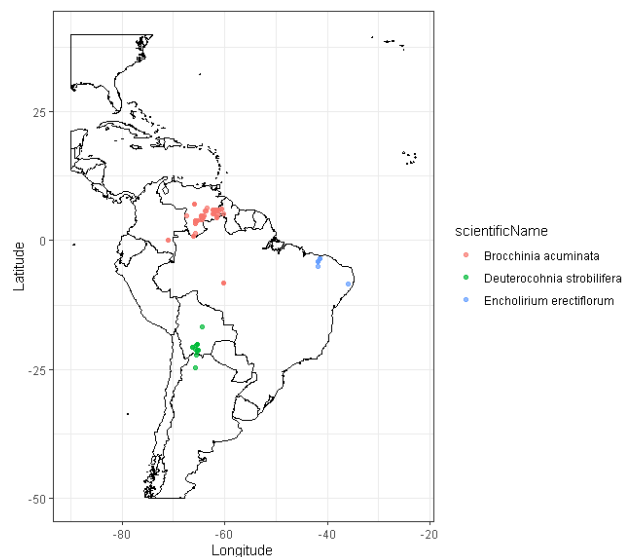
```
world_clip <- raster::intersect(world, Clip_BROM)
```

```
## Loading required namespace: rgeos

world_clip_f <- fortify(world_clip)

## Regions defined for each Polygons

#PLOT MAP
ggplot(Foste_rella, aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude,
                        colour = scientificName)) +
  geom_polygon(data = world_clip_f,
    aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group),
    fill = NA, colour = "black") +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.7,
    aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude, colour = scientificName),
    data = Foste_rella) +
  theme_bw() +
  xlab("Longitude") +
  ylab("Latitude") +
  coord_quickmap()
```



```
#####
# Read shapefile
SHP_dataaBRO <- readOGR(dsn = "Lowenberg_Neto_2014_shapefile", layer =
"Lowenberg_Neto_2014")
# Check CRS
proj4string(SHP_dataaBRO)

# Transform CRS
SHP_dataaBRO <- spTransform(SHP_dataaBRO, CRS("+proj=longlat
+datum=WGS84"))

# Clip spatial polygons
s_clip <- raster::intersect(SHP_dataaBRO, Clip_BROM)
```

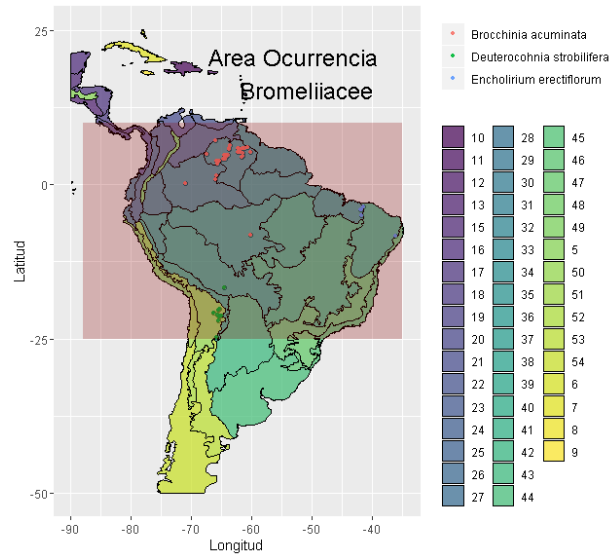
```
# Test plot  
plot(s_clip)
```



```
str(s_clip)  
names(s_clip)  
# Fortify for ggplot2  
  
s_clip_fo <- fortify(s_clip, region = "NUMB")  
  
library(RColorBrewer)  
library("viridis")  
  
## Loading required package: viridisLite  
  
# ggplot of ecoregions  
map_BROM <- ggplot(Foste_rella, aes(x = decimalLongitude, y =  
decimalLatitude)) +  
  geom_point(shape = 1 )+  
  geom_polygon(data = s_clip_fo,  
    aes(x = long, y = lat, group = group, fill = id),  
    color = "black", size = 0.5) + scale_fill_viridis(discrete = TRUE,  
alpha = 0.7)+  
  geom_point(alpha = 0.9, size = 1,  
    aes(x = decimalLongitude, y = decimalLatitude, colour = scientificName),  
    data = Foste_rella) +  
  theme_grey() +  
  theme(legend.position="right") +  
  theme(legend.title=element_blank()) +  
  xlab("Longitud") +  
  ylab("Latitud") +  
  coord_quickmap()  
  
# Add annotations
```



```
(map_BROM_annot <- map_BROM +
  annotate("rect", xmin = -88 , xmax = -35, ymin = -25, ymax = 10,
    fill="red4", alpha=0.25) +
  annotate("text", x = -53, y = 18, size = 6.3, label = "Area
Ocorrência
Bromeliaceae"))
```

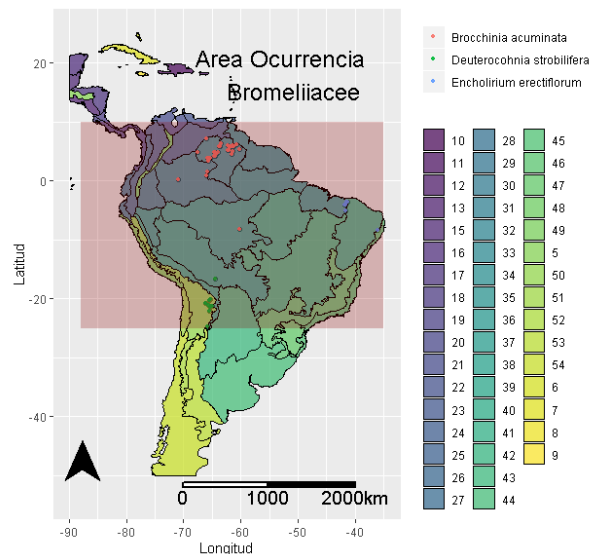


Add scalebar

```
map_BROM_scale <- map_BROM_annot +
  scalebar(data = s_clip_fo,
    transform = TRUE, dist = 1000, dist_unit = "km", model='WGS84',
    height = 0.01,
    location = "bottomleft", anchor = c(x = -70, y = -52))
```

Add north arrow

```
north2(map_BROM_scale, x = 0.3, y = 0.18, scale = 0.1, symbol = 12)
```



R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.