DATABASES INTRODUCTION

DataBase Foundations

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Outline

- Software Components and Applications
- ② Glosary
- OataBase Classification
- MER Diagrams
 - Study Case: Spotify





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- Software Components and Applications
- Q Glosary
- 3 DataBase Classification
- 4 MER Diagrams
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- Software Components are the building blocks of software systems.
- Modular Software is a software design technique that emphasizes separating the functionality of a program into independent, interchangeable modules.
- Software Applications are the final product of software development.
- Software Development is the process of creating software applications.





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DataBase Foundations

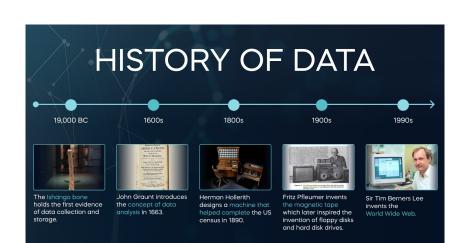
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DataBase Foundations

History of Data







Applications

- Software based on layers of abstraction and modularity lets implement different database strategies.
- Database Systems are fundamental for data management.
- Data analysis, data mining, data visualization, and data interpretation are applications of database systems.





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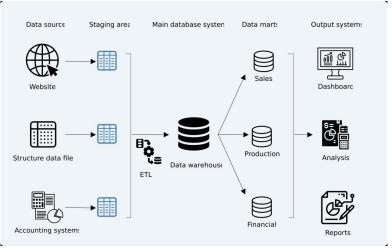
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Case of Study: DataBase System







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From Data to Information

- Data: is a set of values of qualitative or quantitative variables.
- Data Management: is the process of collecting, storing, processing, and analyzing data.
- Data Analysis: is a process of inspecting, cleansing, transforming, and modeling data with the goal of discovering useful information, informing conclusions, and supporting decision-making.





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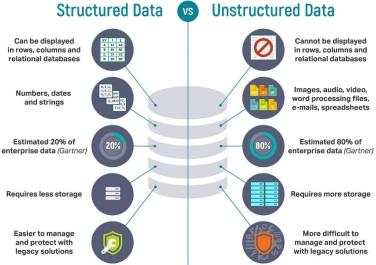
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Structured and Unstructured Data







Tables, Columns and Rows

- Table is a collection of related data held in a structured format within a database.
- Column is a set of data values of a particular simple type, one for each row of the table.
- Row is a set of data values of a particular relationship, one for each column of the table.





Key-Value Data Structures

- Key-Value Data Structures are a type of data structure that can map keys to values.
- **Key** is a unique identifier for a record in a data fragment. **Value** is the data that is associated with the key.





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Primary and Foreign Keys

- **Primary Key** is a unique identifier for a record in a data set.
- Foreign Key is a column or group of columns in a table that links to a primary key in another table.





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CRUD Operations

- CRUD is an acronym for Create, Read, Update, and Delete.
- Create is the process of adding new records to a data set.
- Read is the process of retrieving records from a data set.
- Update is the process of modifying records in a data set.
- Delete is the process of removing records from a data set.





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DataBase Classification

- DataBase is a collection of data that is organized so that it can be easily accessed, managed, and updated.
- Relational DataBase is a type of database that stores and provides access to data points that are related to one another.
- NoSQL DataBase is a type of database that provides a mechanism for storage and retrieval of data that is modeled in means other than the tabular relations used in relational databases.





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Types of Database

How Many Types of Database Do You Know?



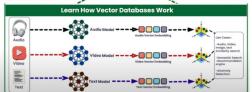
















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Entity-Relationship Model

Entity-Relationship Model is a data model for describing the data or information aspects of a business domain or its processes.





Entity Definition

Entity is a thing or object in the real world that is distinguishable from other





Relationship between Entities

Relationship is a connection between entities. This connection could be one-to-one, one-to-many, and many-to-many.





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Creating our own Espotifai





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Thanks!

Questions?



Repo: https://github.com/EngAndres/ud-public/tree/main/courses/databases-foundations



