Backend & Data Layer

Advanced Programming

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Outline

Data Layer

2 Backend Layer





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Key Points of Data Systems



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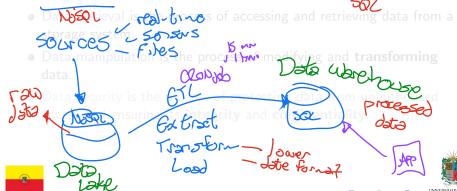




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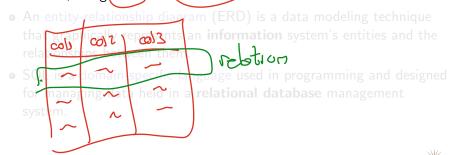
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- <u>SQL</u> is a <u>domain-specific language</u> used in programming and designed for managing data held in a <u>relational database</u> management system.





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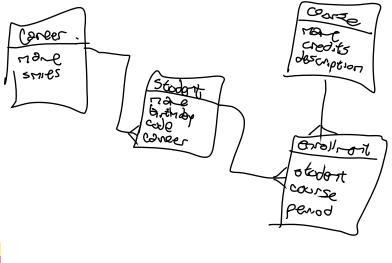


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Study Case: ER Diagram for an Academic System



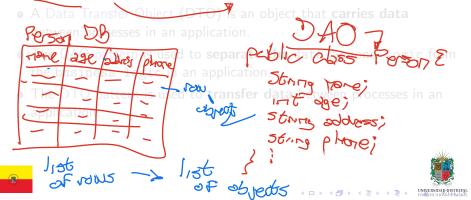




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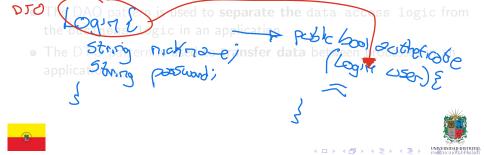
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- A Data Transfer Object (DTO) is an object that **carries data** between processes in an application.
- The DAO pattern is used to separate the data access logic from the business logic in an application.
- The DTO pattern is used to **transfer data** between processes in an application.

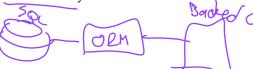




Object-Relational Mapping

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- Object-Relational Mapping (ORM) is a programming technique that converts data between incompatible type systems using object-oriented programming languages.
- An ORM framework is a tool that automates the process of mapping objects to relational databases.
- ORM frameworks include features such as data validation, data retrieval, and data manipulation.
- ORM frameworks lets you work with data in an object-oriented way, rather than in a relational way.



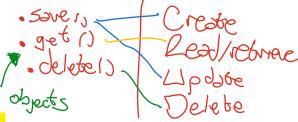




PostgreSQL and SQLAlchemy

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- PostgreSQL is a powerful, open-source object-relational database system.
- **SQLAIchemy** is an *open-source* SQL toolkit and Object-Relational Mapping (**ORM**) library for Python.
- **SQLAIchemy** provides a full stite of well-known enterprise-level persistence patterns, designed for *efficient* and *high-performing* database access.







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- A backend system typically consists of a server, a database, and an application server.
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- An application server is a software framework that provides an environment for running web applications.
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- The backend layer is responsible for managing the data layer and providing the logic and functionality to support the front-end of an application.
- The connection between the backend and data layers is typically managed through an application programming interface (API).
- An API is a set of rules and protocols that allows different software applications to communicate with each other.
- The API provides a way for the front-end of an application to interact with the backend and access the data stored in the database
- **ORM frameworks** such as SQLAlchemy are often used to manage the connection between the backend and data layers.





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- DDD domain layer is divided into domain objects, which represent the core concepts, and entities of the application.
- DDD application layer is divided into services, which are responsible for coordinating the domain objects and implementing the application logic.
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HTTP STATUS CODES



100 Continue The server has received the initial part of the request and the client should proceed.

101 Switching The server understands the request and is switching to a different protocol 102 Processing The server has accepted the request but has not yet completed it.

103 Early Hints The server provides some response headers before the final response.



The request was successful and the response contains the requested data

200 OK

201 Created The request was successful and resulted in the creation of a new resource.

202 Accepted The request has been accepted for processing, but the processing is not yet complete.

204 No Content The server has received the initial part of the request and the client should proceed.



301 Moved Perm. The requested resource has moved to a new URL permanently.

302 Found The requested resource can be found under a different URL.

303 See Other The response to the request can be found under a different LIRI using the GET method.

307 Temp. Redirect The request should be repeated with another URL, but future requests should still use the original URL



Avv Client Errors 400 Bad Request The server cannot understand the request due to

bad syntax.

401 Unauthorized The request requires authentication, and the client has not provided valid

403 Forbidden The server understood the request, but the client does not have permission to access resource

503 Service Unav.

404 Not Found The requested resource could not be found on the server.



5xx Server Errors 500 Internal Server Error An unexpected condition was encountered by the server, preventing it from fulfilling the request

502 Bad Gateway The server acting as

credentials.

The server is currently unable to a gateway received handle the request an invalid response from an upstream due to temporary overload or server maintenance.

504 Gateway Timeout

The server acting as a gateway did not receive a timely response from an upstream server.





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Thanks!

Questions?



Repo:

github.com/engandres/ud-public/tree/main/courses/ advanced-programming



