SWARM INTELLIGENCE

Systems Analysis

Author: Eng. Carlos Andrés Sierra, M.Sc.

cavirguezs@udistrital.edu.co

Lecturer Computer Engineer School of Engineering Universidad Distrital Francisco José de Caldas

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Foundations

2 Artificial Agents

3 Algorithms





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- Swarm intelligence is the collective behavior of decentralized, self-organized systems, natural or artificial.
- The concept is employed in work on artificial intelligence
- The expression was introduced by Gerardo Beni and Jing Wang in 1989, in the context of cellular robotic systems. For example, let's watch this video





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- The idea is: if you see an individual, a part, it looks not interesting, even like random; however, several individuals interacting between each other and the environment show pretty smart behaviors.
- Yu Takeuchi said: one colombian guy is most intelligent than one japanese guy, but two japanese guys are smarter than two colombians
- There is some interesting population behaviors in nature, in special at insects: bees, ants, termites, among others.
- However, in nature there are a lot of examples: school fish, birds, wolfs.





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Emergent Behaviors

- Emergent behavior is the appearance of complex patterns and behaviors from a multiplicity of relatively simple interactions.
- The emergent behavior is the result of the collective behavior of the individuals of the system.
- The emergent behavior is not planned or designed by any individual, but arises from the interactions of the individuals.
- The emergent behavior is not the sum of the individual behaviors, but something more. In summary: synergy.
- Swarm intelligence makes reference to some interesting emergent behaviors.





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- Intelligence is the ability to learn, understand, and make decisions.
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- Artificial agents are software or hardware systems that act autonomously, typically in a dynamic environment.
- Artificial agents are intelligent if they are able to learn, understand and make decisions.





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Systems Analysis





- Reactive agents are simple and fast agents that react to the environment.
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- A multi-agent system is a group of intelligent agents that interact with each other and the environment.
- The agents in a multi-agent system are independent and autonomous.
- The agents in a multi-agent system are able to learn, understand, and make decisions
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- The idea is pretty simple: don't touching me, don't be so close to me but stay a little bit close.
- This behavior is a chain of action/reaction, it confuses predators, helps to move uniformly.
- Do you remember Nemo? Fish with sword nose, or the pirates, or the imitation of Marlin talking. That is something similar, look here.
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Bird Flock Algorithm

- Birds are pretty interesting. They are able to fly in a group without colliding.
- Bird flock is a multi-agent system that simulates the behavior of a flock of birds.
- Bird flock algorithm just emulates movements, following leaders, but in a stochastic way.





- Particle swarm is a multi-agent system that simulates the behavior of a swarm of particles.
- Particle swarm algorithm is a stochastic optimization algorithm.
- Particle swarm algorithm is based on the social behavior of birds and fish
- Particle swarm algorithm is used to solve optimization problems
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Thanks!

Questions?



Repo: https://github.com/EngAndres/ud-public/tree/main/courses/systems-analysis



