DATA QUERY LANGUAGE Structured Query Language (SQL)

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Outline

1 Data Query Language (DQL)





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Data Query Language (DQL)





DQL (*Data Query Language*) is a subset of **SQL** that is used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

SELECT * **FROM** myTable;

MySQL Example

SELECT * **FROM** myTable;





DQL statements are used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

```
SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE name = 'John';
```

```
SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE name = 'John';
```





DQL statements are used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

```
SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE name LIKE 'J%';
```

```
SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE name LIKE 'J%';
```





DQL statements are used to guery and retrieve data from a database.

DataBase Foundations

PostgreSQL Example

SELECT name **AS** full_name **FROM** myTable;

MySQL Example

SELECT name AS full name **FROM** myTable;





7/16

DQL statements are used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

SELECT COUNT(*)

FROM myTable;

MySQL Example

SELECT COUNT(*)

FROM myTable;





DQL statements are used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

```
SELECT SUM(salary) FROM myTable;
```

```
SELECT SUM(salary) FROM myTable;
```





DQL statements are used to guery and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

```
SELECT AVG(salary), MAX(salary), MIN(salary)
FROM myTable;
```

MySQL Example

```
SELECT AVG(salary), MAX(salary), MIN(salary)
FROM myTable;
```

DataBase Foundations





10 / 16

DQL statements are used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

```
SELECT * FROM myTable LIMIT 10;
```

```
SELECT * FROM myTable LIMIT 10;
```





DQL statements are used to query and retrieve data from a database.

PostgreSQL Example

SELECT * **FROM** myTable **ORDER BY** name **ASC**:

MySQL Example

SELECT * FROM myTable ORDER BY name ASC;





DQL statements are used to guery and retrieve data from a database.

DataBase Foundations

PostgreSQL Example

```
SELECT country, COUNT(*)
FROM myTable GROUP BY country;
```

MySQL Example

```
SELECT country, COUNT(*)
FROM myTable GROUP BY country;
```





13 / 16

PostgreSQL Example

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{SELECT} & \texttt{myTable.name}, & \texttt{myOtherTable.email} \\ \textbf{FROM} & \texttt{myTable} \\ \textbf{JOIN} & \texttt{myOtherTable} & \textbf{ON} & \texttt{myTable.id} & = \texttt{myOtherTable.id}; \\ \end{array}
```

```
 \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{SELECT} & \textbf{myTable.name}, & \textbf{myOtherTable.email} \\ \textbf{FROM} & \textbf{myTable} \\ \textbf{JOIN} & \textbf{myOtherTable} & \textbf{ON} & \textbf{myTable.id} & = & \textbf{myOtherTable.id}; \\ \end{array}
```





Outline

Data Query Language (DQL)





Thanks!

Questions?



Repo: github.com/engandres/ud-public/courses/databases-foundations

