/SU/FSI/MASTER/INFO/MU4IN503 APS

Formulaire

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1 APS0: noyau fonctionnel

1.1 Syntaxe

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Lexique
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Symboles réservés

[]();:,*->

Mots clef

CONST FUN REC ECHO if and or bool int

Constantes numériques

num défini par ('-'?)['0'-'9']+

Identificateurs

ident défini par (['a'-'z"A'-'Z'])(['a'-'z"A'-'Z"0'-'9'])* dont on exclut les mots clef.

Remarque: les symboles primitifs true false not eq lt add sub mul div sont des identificateurs.

Grammaire

Programme

PROG ::= [CMDS]

Suite de commandes

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Cmds} & ::= & \text{Stat} \\ & & \text{Def} \text{ ; Cmds} \end{array}$

Définition

Type

TYPE ::= bool | int | (TYPES -> TYPE)

TYPES ::= TYPE | TYPE * TYPES

^{*}Avec la précieuse relecture de W.S. et V.M. Qu'ils en soient remerciés.

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Paramètres formels
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ARGS ::= ARG

ARG , ARGS

ARG ::= ident : TYPE

Instruction

STAT ::= ECHO EXPR

Expression

EXPR ::= num
| ident
| (if EXPR EXPR EXPR)

(and EXPR EXPR)
(or EXPR EXPR)
(EXPR EXPR)
(EXPR EXPRS)
[ARGS] EXPR

Suite d'expressions

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \operatorname{Exprs} & ::= & \operatorname{Expr} \\ & | & \operatorname{Expr} \operatorname{Exprs} \end{array}$

1.2 Typage

Contexte initial

 $\Gamma_0(\mathsf{true})$ = bool $\Gamma_0(\mathtt{false})$ bool $\Gamma_0(\mathtt{not})$ = bool -> bool $\Gamma_0(\mathsf{eq})$ = int * int -> bool $\Gamma_0(\mathtt{lt})$ = int * int -> bool $\Gamma_0(\text{add})$ = int * int -> int $\Gamma_0(\mathtt{sub})$ int * int -> int $\Gamma_0(\mathtt{mul})$ int * int -> int $\Gamma_0(\text{div})$ int * int -> int

Programmes $\vdash [cs]$: void

(PROG) si $\Gamma_0 \vdash_{CMDS} cs$: void $alors \vdash [cs]$: void

Suite de commandes $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs$: void

(DEFS) si $d \in \text{DEF}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEF}} d : \Gamma'$, si $\Gamma' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs : \text{void}$ alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) : \text{void}$.

(END) si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$ alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s) : \text{void}$.

Définitions $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEF}} d : \Gamma'$

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 \begin{split} & (\text{CONST}) \text{ si } \Gamma \vdash_{\text{Expr}} e : t \\ & \text{alors } \Gamma \vdash_{\text{Def}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) : \Gamma[x : t] \\ & (\text{FUN}) \text{ si } \Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \ldots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{Expr}} e : t \\ & \text{alors } \Gamma \vdash_{\text{Def}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \ldots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 \ * \ \ldots \ * \ t_n \ -> \ t)] \\ & (\text{FUNREC}) \text{ si } \Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \ldots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 \ * \ \ldots \ * \ t_n \ -> \ t] \vdash_{\text{Expr}} e : t \\ & \text{alors } \Gamma \vdash_{\text{Def}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \ldots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : t_1 \ * \ \ldots \ * \ t_n \ -> \ t] \\ \end{aligned}
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Intruction \Gamma \vdash_{STAT} s: void
        (ECHO) si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e: int
               alors \Gamma \vdash_{\text{Stat}} (\texttt{ECHO}\ e) : \texttt{void}
Expressions \Gamma \vdash_{\text{Expr}} e : t
       (NUM) si n \in \text{num}
              \text{alors }\Gamma \vdash_{\mathsf{Expr}} n: \mathtt{int}
       (ID) si x \in ident, si \Gamma(x) = t
               alors \Gamma \vdash_{\text{\tiny EXPR}} x : t
       (IF) si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \text{bool}, si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t, si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 : t
               alors \Gamma dash_{	ext{\tiny EXPR}} (if e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) : t
       (AND) si \Gamma \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{EXPR}}} e_1: bool, si \Gamma \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{EXPR}}} e_2: bool
               alors \Gamma \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{EXPR}}} (and e_1 \ e_2) : bool
       (OR) si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1: bool, si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2: bool
               alors \Gamma \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{EXPR}}} (or e_1 e_2) : bool
       (APP) si \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (t_1 * \ldots * t_n \rightarrow t),
              \operatorname{si} \Gamma \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{EXPR}}} e_1 : t_1, \, \ldots, \, \operatorname{si} \Gamma \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{EXPR}}} e_n : t_n
              alors \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) : t
       (ABS) si \Gamma[x_1:t_1;\ldots;x_n:t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e:t
               alors \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1:t_1,\ldots,x_n:t_n]e:(t_1 * \ldots * t_n \rightarrow t)
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1.3 Sémantique

Fonctions primitives

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \pi_1(\mathsf{not})(0) & = & 1 \\ \pi_1(\mathsf{not})(1) & = & 0 \\ \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{eq})(n_1,n_2) & = & 1 & \text{si } n_1 = n_2 \\ & = & 0 & \text{sinon} \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{lt})(n_1,n_2) & = & 1 & \text{si } n_1 < n_2 \\ & = & 0 & \text{sinon} \\ \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{add})(n_1,n_2) & = & n_1 + n_2 \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{sub})(n_1,n_2) & = & n_1 + n_2 \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{sub})(n_1,n_2) & = & n_1 - n_2 \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{mul})(n_1,n_2) & = & n_1 \times n_2 \\ \pi_2(\mathsf{div})(n_1,n_2) & = & n_1 \div n_2 \\ \end{array}$$

Programmes
$$\vdash [cs] \leadsto \omega$$

$$(PROG) \text{ si } \varepsilon, \varepsilon \vdash_{CMDS} cs \leadsto \omega$$

$$\text{alors} \vdash [cs] \leadsto \omega$$

Suites de commandes
$$\rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \leadsto \omega'$$

$$(\text{DEFS}) \text{ si } d \in \text{DEF, si } \rho \vdash_{\text{DEF}} d \leadsto \rho' \text{ et si } \rho', \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \leadsto \omega'$$

$$\text{alors } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) \leadsto \omega'$$

$$(\text{END}) \text{ si } s \in \text{STAT, si } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \leadsto \omega'$$

$$\text{alors } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s) \leadsto \omega'$$

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Définitions \rho \vdash_{\text{DEF}} d \leadsto \rho'
      (CONST) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \leadsto v
             \text{alors } \rho \vdash_{\text{\tiny DEF}} (\mathtt{CONST} \ x \ t \ e) \leadsto \rho[x=v]
      (FUN) \rho \vdash_{\text{DEF}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1,\ldots,x_n:t_n] \ e) \leadsto \rho[x = inF(e,(x_1;\ldots;x_n),\rho)]
      (FUNREC) \rho \vdash_{\text{DEF}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1,\ldots,x_n:t_n] \ e) \leadsto \rho[x = inFR(e,x,(x_1;\ldots;x_n),\rho)]
Instruction \rho, \omega \vdash_{STAT} s \leadsto \omega'
      (ECHO) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \leadsto inZ(n)
             \text{alors } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{\tiny STAT}} (\texttt{ECHO}\ e) \leadsto (n \cdot \omega)
Expressions \rho \vdash_{\text{Expr}} e \leadsto v
      (TRUE) \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{true} \leadsto inZ(1)
      (FALSE) \rho \vdash_{\mathtt{Expr}} \mathtt{false} \leadsto inZ(0)
      (NUM) si n \in \text{num alors } \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n \leadsto inZ(\nu(n))
      (ID) si x \in \text{ident et } \rho(x) = v
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{Expr}} x \leadsto v
      (PRIM1) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \leadsto inZ(n), et si \pi_1(\text{not})(n) = n'
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{Expr}} (not e) \leadsto inZ(n')
       (PRIM2) si x \in \{\text{eq lt add sub mul div}\},
             si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \leadsto inZ(n_1), si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \leadsto inZ(n_2) et si \pi_2(x)(n_1,n_2) = n
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (x \ e_1 \ e_2) \leadsto inZ(n)
       (AND1) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \leadsto inZ(1) et si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \leadsto v
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (and e_1 \ e_2) \leadsto v.
      (AND0) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \leadsto inZ(0)
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (and e_1 \ e_2) \leadsto in Z(0).
      (OR1) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \leadsto inZ(1)
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (or e_1 \ e_2) \leadsto in Z(1).
      (OR0) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \leadsto inZ(0) et si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \leadsto v
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 \ e_2) \leadsto v.
      (IF1) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \leadsto inZ(1) et si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \leadsto v
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (if e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \leadsto v
      (IF0) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow inZ(0) et si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 \rightsquigarrow v
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (if e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \leadsto v
      (ABS) \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1:t_1,\ldots,x_n:t_n]e \leadsto inF(e,(x_1;\ldots;x_n),\rho)
      (APP) si \rho \vdash_{\text{Expr}} e \leadsto inF(e', (x_1; \ldots; x_n), \rho'),
             \operatorname{si} \rho \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{EXPR}}} e_1 \leadsto v_1, \, \ldots, \, \operatorname{si} \rho \vdash_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{EXPR}}} e_n \leadsto v_n,
             si \rho'[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \leadsto v
             alors \rho \vdash (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) \leadsto v
      (APPR) si \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \leadsto inFR(e', x, (x_1; \dots; x_n), \rho'),
             \operatorname{si} \rho \vdash_{\operatorname{Expr}} e_1 \leadsto v_1, \ldots, \operatorname{si} \rho \vdash_{\operatorname{Expr}} e_n \leadsto v_n,
             si \rho'[x_n = v_1, \dots, x_n = v_n, x = inFR(e', x, (x_1; \dots; x_n), \rho')] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \leadsto v
             alors \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) \leadsto v
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