Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions.

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version. The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the **proposal** class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, and public.

 ${\tt submit}$

The **submit** option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.5).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.5).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys

The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the margin.

svninfo

The svninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the svninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the svninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [Lon] for this to work.

public
private

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output.

This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata and Title page

• title for the proposal title (used on the title page),

The acronym will also be used in the page headings.

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it.

start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length

• If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to

specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to

• instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,

title

instrument acronym acrolong

since

fundsuntil

discipline PΤ

site

\pn \pnlong

start months

> specify a date until which the funds last. • discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.

of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.

- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of personal metadata, see [Koh14c] or the file proposal.tex for details.
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project nname) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internallly, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a top-down approach where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a bottom-up approach, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.5).

topdownPM botupPM

2.3Proposal Appearance

EdN:1compactht EdN:2

The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. ¹

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables² are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

²EDNOTE: describe them somewhere and reference here

2.4 Objectives

objective

\OBJref

\OBJtref

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

2.5 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \mathbb{wpfig} macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.8).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work group, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases

requires

id

• The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.

• The wphases key is used according to Section 2.7

• The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires=\taskin{\lambda rid\rangle}{\lambda wp\rangle} is given in a task with id=\lambda t\rangle, then task \lambda rid\rangle in work package \lambda wp\rangle must be completed for task \lambda t\rangle to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task \lambda rid\rangle to \lambda t\rangle. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM

• In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM

• In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM (and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM) where $\langle site \rangle$ is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work groups is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

• In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work group lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collab-

workarea

orative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.6 **Tasks**

tasklist task In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphrases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.7). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

\tasktref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.7Work Phase Metadata

wphases

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.8).

2.8 **Gantt Charts**

gantt xscale yscale step

draft

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

\milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone[$\langle keys \rangle$] { $\langle title \rangle$ } { $\langle desc \rangle$ }, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration), and verif for specifying a means of verification² Mile\milestone@labedones are numbered with labels whose shape can be customized by redefining \milestone@label \mileref and referenced by the \mileref{ $\langle id \rangle$ } and \miletref{ $\langle id \rangle$ } for a reference with milestone title. \miletref \phatacount{all}{miles} gives the number of milestones.

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.5) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref{ $\langle wp \rangle$ }{ $\langle id \rangle$ } where $\langle wp \rangle$ is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle delivtref\{\langle wp \rangle\}\{\langle id \rangle\}$ for a reference with title. \d datacount{ $\langle wp \rangle$ }{delivs} gives the number of milestones of the work package $\langle wp \rangle$ \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in LaTeX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$.delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$.deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro.

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

2.10 Referencing and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work groups, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file $\langle proposal \rangle$. aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

For a partner $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be one of number (partner number), short (partner acronym), long (official partner name), nationality (partner nationality).

For a work package $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work groups we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

The \pdataRef macro is a variant of \pdataref that also carries a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

wpdelivs

wpdeliv

\inputdelivs

wadelivs

wadeliv

\pdataref

\pdataRef

²Arguably, this set of keys is inspired by EU proposals, but can be extended in class instances.

\pdatacount

\jorga

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$. pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and \WPref areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \WPref $\{\langle id \rangle\}$ abbreviates \pdataRef $\{\psi\}\{\langle id \rangle\}\{1abel\}$. The \WPtref macro is similar, but also prints out the (short) title: \WPref $\{\langle id \rangle\}$ abbreviates \pdataRef $\{\psi\}\{\langle id \rangle\}\{1abel\}$: \pdataRef $\{\psi\}\{\langle id \rangle\}\{1abel\}$: \\WAref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work \\WAtref areas.

2.11 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class offers \coherencematrthe macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications and joint projects by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, and \jointorga macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of \jointorga site identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with \coherencetable he identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration.

\jpub The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga.

2.12 Localization

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Koh14b] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The proposal is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.

- calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

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4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

48 \RequirePackage{pdata}

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
 2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
5 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
6 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
7 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
8 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
9 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
10 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
11 \def\proposal@class{article}
12 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
13 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
14 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\@gitinfotrue}
15 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
16 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
17 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
18 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
19 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
20 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
21 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
22 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
23 \ProcessOptions
   Then we load the packages we make use of
24 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
25 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
26 \RequirePackage{url}
27 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
28 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
29 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
30 \RequirePackage{rotating}
31 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
32 \RequirePackage{array}
33 \RequirePackage{xspace}
34 \RequirePackage{comment}
35 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
36 \RequirePackage{tikz}
37 \RequirePackage{paralist}
38 \RequirePackage{a4wide}
39 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
40 % so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
41 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
42 \ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \{\ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \{\ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \} \{\ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \} \} 
43 \RequirePackage[scaled=.90]{helvet}
44 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
45 \RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=numeric,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,backref=true,firstinits=true,max
46 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
47 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
```

in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.

- 49 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
- $50 \label{lem:color_darkblue} \else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi$
- 51 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
- 52 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
- 53 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}

the ed package [Koh14a] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing messages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the options for the svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.

- 54 \ifsubmit
- 55 \RequirePackage[hide] {ed}
- 56 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
- 57 \else
- 58 \RequirePackage[show]{ed}
- 59 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
- 60 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
- 61 \fi
- 62 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}

We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the status of the public option.

63 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi

And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.

64 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}

We specify the page headings.

- 65 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
- 66 \fancyhead[RE,LO]{\prop@gen@acronym}
- 67 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
- 68 \fancyfoot[C]{}
- 69 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2] {page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
- $70 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num\{prop\}\{page\}\{last\}\}}}$
- 71 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
- 72 (/cls | reporting)

4.2 Proposal Metadata

pdata Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

- 73 (*pdata)
- 74 \RequirePackage{workaddress} [2011/05/03]
- 75 \RequirePackage{eurosym}

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argument in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used. Furthermore site= $\langle site \rangle$ makes new keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM (if the RAM option was set) for the workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.

- 76 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
- 77 \newcounter{@site}%
- 78 $\ensuremath{\mbox{define@key{prop@gen}{site}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{sitestrue}\ensuremath{\mbox{dmp}{site=#1}}\%}$
- 79 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
- 80 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
- 81 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%

```
82 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
83 \define@key{workpackage}{#1RM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RM}{##1}}%
84 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RAM}{##1}}\fi
85 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
86 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
87 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
88 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines \wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnew]
If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
(assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \if@sites conditional here,
since that is only set at runtime.
89 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%
90 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
91 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RM}{#1}\fi}
92 \define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}{\@dmp{RAM=#1}\if@sites%
93 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
94 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}
similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
95 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
96 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
97 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
98 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
99 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
The rest of the keys just store their value.
100 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
101 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
102 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
103 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
104 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\qdef\prop@gen@acronym{\#1}\%}}
105 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
106 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
107 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
108 \define@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\def\prop@gen@discipline{#1}%
109 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
111 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
112 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
113 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
114 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
115 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
117 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
118 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
119 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
120 \define@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\def\prop@gen@fundsuntil{#1}%
121 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
122 \define@key{prop@gen}{topdownPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@topdownPM{#1}}
123 \define@key{prop@gen}{botupPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@botupPM{#1}}
and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
124 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
125 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
126 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{????months???}
127 \ \ def\ \ prop@gen@months {prop@gen@months@default}
```

```
129 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
         130 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
         131 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
\prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
         132 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
         133 \@for\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
         134 \tab@line}
          4.3
                Proposal Appearance
          We define the keys for the proposal appearance
         135 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
         136 \define@key{prop@gen}{compactht}[true] {\def\prop@gen@compactht{#1}}
         137 (/pdata)
emphbox
         138 (*cls)
         139 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
```

128 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}

4.4 Title Page

prop@proposal

This internal environment is called in the **proposal** environment from the **proposal** class. The implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.

```
140 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
141 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
142 \begin{center}
                {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
143
                {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
144
               {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
145
                {\large\today}\\[1em]
146
                 \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
147
                        \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
148
                        \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
149
150 \end{tabular}\\[2cm]
151 \end{center}
152 \end{figure} 152 
  Now we come to the end of the environment:
153 {\section{List of Attachments}
154 \begin{itemize}
155 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
156 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
                \wa@ref{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref{person}\@I{name}
158 \end{itemize}}\newpage
159 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
```

proposal

The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys, then it defines keys RM and RAM (unless the noRAM package option was given) for the workpackage environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out, which it also closes at the end.

The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be customized by the specializing classes.

```
160 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
```

 $161 \verb| ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}|$

162 \pdata@open\jobname

```
164 \end{fine} workpackage $$\{RM}_{\pounds} \end{fine} wp\wp@id_{RM}_{\#\#1}\\\end{fine} end{fine} end{fine
                                                             \label{local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_loc
                                                             166 \fi
                                                             167 \newcounter{@PIs}
                                                             168 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
                                                             169 \newcounter{@sites}
                                                             170 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}
                                                             171 \setcounter{page}{0}
                                                             172 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                                                                Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                                                             173 {\end{prop@proposal}
                                                             174 \end{frop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\colored{frop}{pagefalse}
                                                             175 \pdata@close}
                                                             176 (/cls)
                                                                                 The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
                        report
                                                             177 (*reporting)
                                                             178 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                                                             179 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                                                             180 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                                                             181 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                                                             182 \pdata@open\jobname%
                                                             183 \end{firstylength} $$183 \end{firstyleng
                                                             184 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                                                             185 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                                                             186 \begin{prop@report}}
                                                             187 {\end{prop@report}%
                                                             188 \q fprop}{page}{last}{\thepage} of page false \new page 
                                                             189 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                                                             190 \pdata@close}
prop@report
                                                             191 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                                                             192 {\begin{center}
                                                                                      {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                                                                                      {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                                                             194
                                                                                     {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                                                             195
                                                                                      {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                                             196
                                                                                       \begin{tabular}{c*{\tt C*{\tt CPIs}{c}}}
                                                             197
                                                                                                 \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                                             198
                                                                                                  \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                                             199
                                                             200 \end{tabular}\ [2cm]
                                                             201 \end{center}
                                                             203 {}
                                                             204 (/reporting)
                         \site*
                                                             205 (*cls)
                                                             206 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{acronym}}}
                                                             207 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{name}}}
```

4.5 Objectives

163 \if@sites\else

We first define a presentation macro for objectives

```
\objective@label
                                                           208 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                                                              We define the keys for the objectives environment
                                                           209 \end{fine} $$ \end{fine}
                                                           210 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}\@dmp{title=#1}}
                                                           211 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                                                              And a counter for numbering objectives
                                                           212 \newcounter{objective}
                        objective
                                                           213 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                                                           214 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                                                           215 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                                                           216 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                                                           217 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                                                           218 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                                                           219 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                                                           220 \@ifundefined{obj@title}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                                                           221 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                                                           222 {}
                              \OBJref
                                                           223 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                                                           224 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{obj}{#1}{title}}
                                                                                    Work Packages and Work Groups
                                                              We first define keys for work groups (if we are in an IP).
                                                           225 \ifwork@areas
                                                           226 \end{fine@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}}
                                                           227 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                                                           228 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                                                           229 \define@key{workarea}{lead}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{lead}{#1}}
                                                           230 \fi
                                                             work packages have similar ones.
                                                           231 \define@key{workpackage}{id}{\def\wp@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                           232 \define@key{workpackage}{title}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title}{#1}}
                                                           233 \end{fine} \label{lead} $$ a define @key \{ \end{fine} \end{f
                                                           234 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                                                           235 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                                           237 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                                                              We define the constructors for the work package and work group labels and titles.
                                                           238 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                                           239 \newcommand\wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}
                                                           240 \ifwork@areas
                                                           241 \newcommand\wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}
                                                           242 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                                           243 \fi
                                                             The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work groups, the counter deliv-
                                                           244 \enskip areas \enskip wa] else \enskip wa] \ensk
                                                           245 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                                                           246 \newcounter{allwp}
```

update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work groups for the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise extend it.³ EdN:3 $247 \end{update@wps[1]} {\end{@wps}{\xdef\end{wps}{\xdef\end{@wps}{\xdef\end{wps}}}} } \end{update@wps} $$ (\end{update@wps}) $$ ($ $249 \newcommand \update @deps [1] {\cifundefined {task@deps {task@deps {#1}}} {\citu{task@deps {task@deps {t$ $250 \ f(\c) {\c} \ \c) $$ 250 \ f(\c) {\c} \c) $$$ \decode@wphase \decode@wphase decodes a string of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$ and defines the macros \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number), and passes on to \decode@p@end, which passes out the end (another number) and the force string, which is either empty (if the $!\langle force \rangle$ part is omitted) or of the form $!\langle force \rangle$. In the first case the default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \(\frac{force}{\). 251 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1]{\expandafter\decode@p@start#10% 252 $\local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start% -\wphase@$ 253 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}} $254 \end{area} $$254 \end{area} $$254$ $255 \end{#1} \end{#1} \end{#1} \end{#1} \end{#2} \%$ $256 \ \texttt{\fin} \ \texttt{\fin}$ 257 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}} We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains, \startend@wphases then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start 258 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}} 259 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1] ${\def\def\def\#1}$ $260 \ \texttt{\footnote{0}\def\wphase@start{0}\def\wphase@end{0}\else{\%}} \\$ 261 \@for\@I:=#1\do{\expandafter\decode@p@start\@I @} 262 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi} with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros. The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to work@package the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number \wp@num. 263 \newcounter{wp@RM} 264 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi 265 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]% $266 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}}\% default values$ 267 \def\wp@swsites{false} 268 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}% 269 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases% $270 \pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{start\}\wphase@start\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\$ $271 \ensuremath{\tt 0ifundefined{\tt wp@type}{}{\pdata@def{\tt wp}\wp@id{type}\wp@type}{}} \\$ 272 \let\@tasks=\relax% 273 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\% 274 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}% 275 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}% 276 $\displaystyle \frac{pdata@def\{wp}\wp@id\{page\}{\thepage}\%$

If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.

277 \update@wps\wp@id%

280 \if@sites%

278 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\%

279 $\displaystyle \frac{\text{qoid}}{\text{num}}{\text{thewp}}$

 $^{^3{\}rm EDNote}$: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
281 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
                              282 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                              283 \edef\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensure
                              284 \ if \ QRAM \ counter \ wp \ QRAM \ for \ add to counter \ wp \ QRAM \ fi)
                              285 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
                              287 \fi}% if@sites
                              288 \ \ {\Qifundefined{Qtasks}{}{\pdataQdef{\wpQid}{task}{ids}\Qtasks}}
         workpackage
                              With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
                               we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                               generate a subsection
                              289 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                              290 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                              291 %\if@wpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                              292 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                              293 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                              294 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}%
                              295 \noindent\ignorespaces}
                              296 {\end{work@package}}
        EdN: Aptitle
                              297 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdata@target\{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref\{wp\}\wp@id\{title\}}}
        EdN:5 \wprm
                              @site@contributes
                              Called as \left( site \right) {\left( tokens \right) } the following happens: If \left( site \right) 6
                               is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                               cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                               the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
                              299 \newcount\site@contribution%
                              300 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                              301 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                              302 \ifQRAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                              303 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                              304 \le #2 \le 
                                     The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
        \wp@sites@line
        \wp@efforts@like (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
        \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                               are listed in the table.
                              305 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                              306 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                              307 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                              308 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                              309 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                              310 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                              311 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines
                              312 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                              313 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                              314 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                              315 \ifx\wp@swsites\@true%
                              316 \@sw{\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}%
                              317 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi%
```

⁴EdNote: document above ⁵EdNote: document above

¹⁶

```
318 \fi}}%
                           319 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                           320 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                           321 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                           322 \lead@style{\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi}
                           323 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi\fi}}%
                           325 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line\&\sum@style{\wp@legend@all}}\%
                           326 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                           327 \end{aref wp}\end{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref wp}\filth{\pdataref RAM}\filth{\pdataref RAM}\fi
\wpheadertable
                          This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
                           328 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                           329 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                           330 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{|||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
                           331 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\hline%
                           332 \text{$$ \text{wp@id}_{\phi}^{\ }\ &\ \end{$$ wp\efforts@line}\ } &\ \end{$$ wp\efforts@line}\ $$ \ \end{$$ wp\efforts@line} 
                           333 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                            and now multilinguality support
                           334 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                           335 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
                           336 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
          workarea the workarea environment for work groups is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                            work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                            via the wa@effort counter
                           337 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi
                           338 \ifwork@areas
                           339 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}
                           340 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                           341 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
                           342 \let\@wps=\relax
                           343 \stepcounter{wa}
                           344 \q a@def{wa}{\wa@id}{label}{\wa@label}{thewa}
                           345 \ \def{wa}{\wa@id}{\number}{\thewa}
                           346 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                           347 \update@was{\wa@id}
                           348 \del{wa}{\wa@id}{\num}{\thewa}
                           349 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                           350 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                           351 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
                           352 \if@sites
                           353 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                    \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}}
                           354
                                    \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                           355
                                    \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                           356
                                   \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                           357
                           358 \else
                           359 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RM}}
                           360 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RAM}}\fi
                           361 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                           362 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi
                           363 \fi}
                           364 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
                           365 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                           366 \if@RAM
                           367 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
                           368 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
```

```
369 \fi
                                 371 \label{localization} $$31 \addcontentsline{toc}{subsubsection}_{{\wa@mk@title}thewa}: \pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}_{}% $$
                                 372 \ignorespaces}
                                 373 $$ \odo on the property of the property 
        workplan The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                   identifiers of work packages and work groups. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
                                    their content to the aux file for reference.
                                 374 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
                                 375 \newenvironment{workplan}%
                                 376 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                 377 \ifwork@areas\let\@was=\relax\else\let\@wps=\relax\fi}%
                                 378 {\@ifundefined{task@deps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{task}{deps}{\task@deps}}
                                 379 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                 380 \ifwork@areas
                                 381 \end{2} 
                                 383 \@ifundefined{@wps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\@wps}
                                 384 \fi
                                 385 \ifdelivs\@ifundefined{mile@stones}{}
                                 386 {\@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
                                 387 \pdata@def{mile}\@I{delivs}{\@ifundefined{\@I delivs}{}{\csname\@I delivs\endcsname}}}}\fi
                                 388 \ifwork@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}\fi
                                 389 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                 390 \ifdelivs
                                 391 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                 392 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                 393 \fi
                                 394 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
                                                     Milestones and Deliverables
                                    4.7
deliv@error
                                 this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
                                   being set.
                                 395 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
                                 396 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
        wpdelivs
                                 397 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
     wp@delivs
                                 398 \verb|\newenvironment{wp@delivs}|
                                 399 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
                                 400 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                 401 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
                                   and now multilinguality support
                                 402 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
     \wadelivs
                                 403 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
                                 404 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
                                 405 {\end{wp@delivs}}
                  \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                   one if there is not enough space.
```

406 \newcommand\lec[1]{\strut\hfil\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{\$\leadsto\$#1}\par}

```
\deliv@label
                      407 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
    \delivref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                        one if there is not enough space.
                       408 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{label}}
                      409 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{label}: \pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{short}}
   \wpg@deliv We first define the keys
                      410 \end{define@key{deliv}{id}{\end{deliv@id{#1}}}}
                      411 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
                      412 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
                      413 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
                      414 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
                      415 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
                        The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
                        erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
                      416 \newcounter{deliverable}
                      417 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
                      418 \stepcounter{deliverable}
                      419 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
                      420 \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)\% set up ifx
                      421 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
                      422 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
                      423 \ifx\@type\@wp\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp.\thedeliv}}
                      424 \else\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\thewa.\thedeliv}}\fi
                      425 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{label}{\current@label}
                      426 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{title}{#2}
                      427 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
                      428 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{#2}}
                      429 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
                      430 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}
                      431 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}
                        Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them.
                       432 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%
                      433 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
                      434 {\inv @I<10 0\else\ell'fi}\%  sort key
                      435 {\0I}\% due date
                      436 {\current@label}% label
                      437 {\@ifundefined{deliv@id}{\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'id' for Deliv #1
                                      undefined}??}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% id
                      438
                      439 {\@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for
                                      Deliv #1 undefined}??}{\deliv@dissem}}% dissemination level
                      440
                      441 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv
                                      #1 undefined}??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
                      442
                      443 {#2}
                      And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                      445 \item[\current@label: (Month \deliv@due; nature: \deliv@nature, dissem.: \deliv@dissem)] \pdata@target{deliv}
                      446 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{% print the milestones and update their deliverables
                      447 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                      448 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$\sim$}} \ensur
                      449 \moderable {0I}{label}% print the milestone reference
                      450 \left( \text{m@sep=,} \right)%set the separator for the next times
                      451 \def\d@sep{,}
                      452 \Offor\OI:=\delivOmiles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
```

```
\expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                      {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                 454
                       \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname%if not add it
                 455
                          {\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\d@sep\wpg@id\deliv@id}\fi}}}
                 456
                     Now, we only need to instantiate
        wadeliv
                 457 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
        wpdeliv
                 458 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                 459 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{M{#1}}
       \mileref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                 one if there is not enough space.
                 460 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                 461 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{mile}{#1}{short}}
     \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                 extend the milestones list.
                 462 \newcounter{milestone}
                 463 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                 464 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                 465 \define@key{milestone}{verif}{\gdef\mile@verif{#1}}
                 466 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                 467 \ifdelivs%
                 468 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                 469 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{label}{\milestone@label{\themilestone}}%
                 470 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                 471 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{verif}{\mile@verif}%
                 472 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                 473 \end{finedstones} {\bf \{\mile@stones\{\mile@id\}} {\bf \{\mile@stones\{\mile@stones,\mile@id\}} \} } 
                 474 \ensuremath{\mbox{0milestone}}{\#1}{\#2}{\#3}\% presentation
                 475 \else\deliv@error\fi}
    \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                 476 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{%
                 477 \pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\textbf{\milestone@label\themilestone}}&
                 478 \textbf{#2} &
                 479 \prop@milesfor\mile@id &
                 480 \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month} &
                 481 \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{verif}\\\hline
                 482 \multicolumn{5}{|p{14cm}|}{#3}\\\hline\hline}
     milestones
                 483 \newenvironment{milestones}{\degin{@milestones}}{\end{@milestones}}
    @milestones
                 484 \newenvironment{@milestones}
                 485 {\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{||l|p{4cm}|p{5cm}||l|p{2.5cm}|}\hline}
                 487 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                 488 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}%
                 489 \footnotetext\miles@legend@footnote\fi}
```

```
now the multilinguality support
                                                                          490 \newcommand\miles@legend@name{Name}
                                                                          491 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Mo}
                                                                          492 \newcommand\miles@legend@verif{Means of Verif.}
                                                                          493 \newcommand\miles@legend@involved{WPs\footnotemark/Deliverables involved}
                                                                          494 \newcommand\miles@legend@footnote{The work package number is the first number in the deliverable number.}
\prop@milesfor the due date is the first argument to facilitate sorting
                                                                          495 \newcommand\prop@milesfor[1]{\edef\@delivs{\pdataref@safe{mile}{#1}{delivs}}%
                                                                          496 \let\m@sep=\relax\def\new@sep{,\ }%
                                                                          497 \end{area} $$497 \end{area} \end{area} $$497 \end{area} $$100. $$497 \end{area} $$497
        \deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                                                                          498 \end{deliverable} \end{deliv} \end{d
       deliverables
                                                                           499 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1}}\hline
                                                                          501 \delivs@legend@level&\delivs@legend@due\\hline\hline\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                                          502 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                                                             now the multilingual support
                                                                          503 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                                                          504 \verb|\newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}|
                                                                          505 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Nature}
                                                                          506 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                                                          507 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
         \inputdelivs
                                                                          508 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                                                          509 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                                                          510 \ \texttt{IfFileExists} \ \texttt{\jobname.deliverables} \ \texttt{\foliverables} 
                                                                          511 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                                                          512 {\frac{\jobname.delivs}{\jobname.delivs}}}
                                                                          513 \end{deliverables}}
                                                                                                              Tasks and Work Phases
                                                                               4.8
                             tasklist
                                                                          514 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                                                          515 {\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}}
                                                                              The next step is to
                                                                          516 \newcommand\task@label[2]{\textbf{T#1.#2}}
                                                                              We define the keys for the task macro
                                                                          517 \define@key{task}{id}{\def\task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                                          518 \end{fine} \label{line} \begin{fine} 120 \end{fine} \label{line} \begin{fine} 120 \end{fine} \begin{fine} 120 \end{fine} \begin{fine} 120 \end{fine} \begin{figure}(120) \end{fine} 
                                                                          519 \define@key{task}{requires}{\@requires\task@id{#1}\@dmp{req=#1}}
                                                                          520 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{title}{#1}}
                                                                          521 \end{task}{lead}{\def\task@lead{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{#1}\qdmp{lead=#1}}
                                                                          522 \ define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{#1}\c)} 
                                                                          523 \efine@key{task}{PM}{\def\task@PM{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{#1}\cdmp{PM=#1}}
                                                                              then we define an auxiliary function that gives them sensible defaults and sets the internal macros.
                                                                          524 \det \text{sk@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}}}
                                                                          525 \end{area} $$ 125 \end{a
                                                                          526 \setkeys{task}{#1}}
```

```
make the space after the title tweakable
@post@title@space
                                            527 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                               task
                                            528 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                            529 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                                            530 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{+}
                                            531 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                            532 {\stepcounter{alltasks}
                                            533 \end{4m} $$1_\star = [\pdata@target{task}{\hat \theta}_{\n}^{\n}] $$
                                            534 \@ifundefined{task@title}{}\task@title}\task@post@title@space%
                                            535 \def\@initial{0-0}\ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else%
                                            536 \ (\let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
                                            538 \fi% initial
                                            539 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else; \task@legend@partners: \site\task@lead^(\legend@lead)\fi%
                                            540 \ifx\task@partners\@empty\else\@for \@I:=\task@partners\do{, \site\@I}\fi)\\}
                                            541 {\ignorespaces}
                                              now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
                                            542 \mbox{ newcommand}\mbox{month@label[1]{M#1}}
                                            543 \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}% } \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}% } \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}% } \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}% } \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{#2}% } \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{make}} \newcommand\show@wphase [3] {\def\@test{#3}\month@label{make}} \newcommand\show@wp
                                            544 \ifx\@test\@empty\@ #3}
                                            545 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
                                            546 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
                                            547 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
                                            548 \verb|\newcommand\task@label@long{Task}|
                          \@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
                                              to the aux file.
                                            549 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
                                            550 \newcount\task@@end
                                            551 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
                                            552 \task@set{#1}%
                                            553 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}\task@wphases
                                            554 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}%
                                            555 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}%
                                            556 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                                            557 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
                \workphase
                                            558 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                                                        {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated, \MessageBreak
                                                             use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
                                            560
         \localtaskref
                                            561 \end{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}} \label{10caltaskref[1]_{\end{10caltaskref[1]}}}
                      \taskref
                                            562 \mbox{newcommand} \mbox{taskin} [2] {#20#1}
                                            563 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\WPref{#1}.\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
                                            564 \newcommand\taskreflong[2]{\WPref{#1}.\pdataRef{task}{#2}{label}}
                                            565 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\WPref{#1} (\task@label@long \pdataRef{task}{#1@#2}{number})}
                                            566 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
                                            567 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
                                            568 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
                                            569 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
                                            570 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
```

```
Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
               \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
     \pdata@*
              573 (*pdata)
              574 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
              575 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
              576 \ProcessOptions
              577 \RequirePackage{xspace}
              578 \newwrite\pdata@out
              579 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
              580 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
   \readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
              581 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
              582 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{#1.pdata}\makeatother}
              583 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\pdata@target This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat\}{\langle ld\}{\langle ld\}} \prints \langle label\}
               with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
              584 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
   \pdata@def
               This macro writes an \OpdataOdef command to the current aux file and also executes it.
              585 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand\pdata@def [4] {}\cline{4}}{#3}{#4}%
                    \protected@write\pdata@out{}{\string\@pdata@def{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}}
  \@pdata@def
               This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
              587 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4]{\expandafter\gdef\csname #10#20#3\endcsname{#4}}
    \pdataref
              588 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
              589
                                  {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                                   {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
              591 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\csname #10#20#3}{??}{\csname #10#20#3}endcsname}}
              592 \mbox{ newcommand<page-header>dtaref@num[3]{\csname #10#20#3}{0}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}
              593 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\c fined{#10#20#3}{}{\c sname #10#20#3\endcsname}}{},
    \pdataRef
              594 \newcommand\pdataRef[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
              595 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}%
              596 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
  \pdatacount
              597 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\ifcase #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or five\or six\or seven \or
                    eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
              599 \newcommand\pdatacount[2]{\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
         \pn*
              600 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
              601 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
```

571 \update@deps\dep@id}

572 (/cls)

```
\W*ref
                       602 \newcommand\WPref[1] {\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
                       603 \newcommand\WPtref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{wp}{#1}{short}}
                       604 \ifwork@areas
                       605 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
                       606 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{wa}{#1}{title}}
                       608 (/pdata)
                                       The Work Package Table
                         4.10
   \prop@lead
                       609 (*cls)
                       610 \label{lem:command_proplead} $$ 610 \end{proplead[1]_{\end{proplead}} $$
                       611 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{lead for WP #1 undefined}??}}%
                       612 {\csname wp@#1@lead\endcsname}}
EdN:60style
                       613 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}%
                       614 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;%
                       615 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0,30}
                       616 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                       617 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                       618 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}
                       619 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}}
                       620 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
     wp@figure
                       621 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
                       622 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
                       623 \def\@true{true}
                       624 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
                       625 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true]{\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                       626 \def\wpfig@type{false}
                       627 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                       628 \def\wpfig@start{false}
                       629 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true] {\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                       630 \def\wpfig@length{false}
                       631 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                       632 \def\wpfig@end{false}
                       633 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true]{\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                       634 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}}
                       635 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{figure}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
                       636 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                       637 \end{argmapsigness} $$637 \end{argmapsigness} $$ \end{argmapsi
                       638 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
                       639 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
                       640 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi%
                       641 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi
                       642 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}%
                       643 \if@sites%
                       644 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                       645 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\@site}}}%
                       646 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fi}%
                       647 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
                       648 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
```

⁶EdNote: This (and wpfig) should be documented above

```
649 \else% if@sites
                                    650 \xdef\wpfig@headline \wpfig@headline \wpfig@legend@RM}\if@RAM\&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\fi)
                                    651 \fi}%if@sites
                                    652 \left( \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}
                                    653 <caption> lese \end{tabular} {|1|1|*{\theta pfig@options}{r|}|*{\theta ite}{r|}|r|}\hline fi%| fixed for the fixed for the fixed fixed for the fixed for the fixed fixed for the fixed fixed fixed fixed for the fixed f
                                    654 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                                    655 \left( \frac{tabular}{smallskip} \right)
                                    656 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl
                                    657 \if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
                                    658 \caption{\wpfig@legend@caption}\label{fig:wplist}
                                    659 \end{center}\end{figure}}
                                      and now multilinguality support
                                    660 \end{wpfig@legend@wap{\texttextbf}\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fij}}
                                    661 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                                    662 \verb|\newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}| \\
                                    663 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                                    664 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
                                    665 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                                    666 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                                    667 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                                    668 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
                                    669 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                                    670 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                                    671 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                                    672 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                                    673 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
                                    674 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
                                    675 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
676 \def\wpfig@style{}
                                    677 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1] {\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
EdN:8\wpfig
                                    678 \newcount\local@count
                                    679 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
                                    680 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
                                    681 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
                                      the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
                                      \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
                                      in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
                                    682 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
                                    683 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they
                                    684 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
                                    685 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
                                    686 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
                                      The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
                                      but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
                                      do something very similar.
                                    687 \ifwork@areas
                                    688 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
                                    689 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
                                    690 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
                                             <sup>7</sup>EDNOTE: document above
```

 $^{^8\}mathrm{EdNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
691 \&\wa@style{\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}\colored{wa}
692 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
693 \ \texttt{\goades} \ \texttt{\goades}
694 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{start}}\fi%
695 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}}\fi%
696 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{end}}\fi}
697 \if@sites
698 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
699 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
700 \local@count 0%
701 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
702 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
703 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
704 \if@RAM
705 \local@count 0%
707 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
708 \end{figure} $$ \according \end{figure} $$ \according \accor
709 \fi}
710 \local@count0\relax%
711 \ensuremath{\column{20}{c}} 11 \ensuremath{\column{20}{c}} 2000 \ensuremath{\column{20}{c}} 2
712 \xdef\00wa0line{\00wa0line &\wa0style{\textbf{\the\local0count}}}
713 \if@RAM
714 \local@count0\relax%
715 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
716 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
717 \fi
718 \else% if@sites
719 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
720 \end{00} wa@line{\end{00} wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\end{00} wa{RM}} }
721 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
722 \fi% if@sites
723 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
724 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
725 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
726 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
727 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
728 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
729 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
730 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
731 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
732 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
733 \if@sites
734 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
735 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
736 \edf(@RM{ifx(@Glead(@site)lead@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site{RM}})else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wgwp(wgwp(W))else(wgwp(W)else(Wgwp(W))else(wgwp(W)else(Wgwp(W))else(wgwp(W)else(Wgwp(W))else(Wgwp(W)else(Wgwp(W))else(Wg
737 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
738 \if@RAM
739 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead\gsite\pdataref\gsafe\@wp\gsite\RAM}}\else\wp\gstyle\pdataref\gsafe\gwp\gsite\grame{\gramewqstyle}
740 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
741 \fi}
742 \local@count0\relax%
743 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
744 \del{00wp0line}\
745 \if@RAM
746 \global\local@count0\relax%
747 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
```

748 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}

```
749 \fi% if@sites
750 \else% if@sites
751 \end{00wp0line} \end{00wp0line} \label{pdataref0safewp} \end{00wp0line} 
752 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
753 \fi% if@sites
754 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
  Now the case where we do not have work areas.
755 \else% ifwork@areas
756 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
757 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
758 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
759 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp \ghort}{\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\title}}\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\short}}
760 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
761 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
762 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
763 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
764 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
765 \if@sites
766 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
767 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
768 \edf(@RM{ifx(@Glead(@site)lead@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site{RM}})else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(@gwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@style{pdataref@safe(wgwp(@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@site(RM))else(wp@si
769 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
770 \if@RAM
771 \edef\@RAM{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} = RAM} \edsetyle{\pdataref@safe\@wp\@site\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref@safe\@wp\@site\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@wp\@site\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@wp\@site\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@wp\@site\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@wp\assite\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@wp\assite\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@wp\assite\RAM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@safe\@safe\@safe\@safe\@safe\@safe\AM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@safe\@safe\AM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@safe\@safe\AM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\@safe\AM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\@safe\AM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref\AM}} \edsetyle{\pdataref
772 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
773 \fi}
774 \global\local@count0\relax%
775 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
776 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
777 \if@RAM
778 \global\local@count0\relax%
779 \end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num{#1}\end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num{*1}\end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num{*1}\end{advance} lo
780 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
781 \fi
782 \else% if@sites
783 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
784 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
785 \fi% if@sites
786 \enskip 
787 \fi%ifwork@areas
  Now we compute the totals lines in the \Ototals macros; again there are four cases to consider
788 \gdef\@totals{}
789 \ifwork@areas
790 \if@sites
791 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
792 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
793 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
794 \<br/>Ofor\<br/>O<br/>@wa:=\<br/>O<br/>@was\do{% iterate over the work areas
795 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
796 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
797 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
798 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
799 \data@def{all}\csite{RM}{\the\c@c@RM}\fi
800 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
801 \end{totals $ \textbf{\theta^{co@QRAM}}fi}}
802 \xdef\@totals {\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
803 \quad def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@GRAM}\fi
```

```
804 \else% if@sites
805 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
806 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
807 \end{aref@safe} \end{are
808 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
809 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
810 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}}
811 \quad def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\000RM}\ifQRAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM}\ifQRAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\0000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\0000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\0000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\0000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the}\0000RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}
812 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
813 \fi% if@sites
814 \else%i.e. no work@areas
815 \if@sites
816 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
817 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
818 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
819 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
820 \advance\ensuremath{\tt @QQRM}\ by \pdataref\ensuremath{\tt QQwp\ensuremath{\tt QSite}RM}\xspace,
821 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
822 \quad addef{all}\\ site{RM}{\\ the\\ coeRM}\\ if cRAM\\ pdatacdef{all}\\ csite{RAM}{\\ the\\ coeRAM}\\ finction{The local part of the local part 
823 \xdef\@totals {\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}
824 \advance\all@@RM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
825 \xdef\@totals {\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\fi}
826 \def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@0@RM}\data@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\fine all $$ (all){total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\fine all $$ (all){\the\all@0@RAM}\fine all $$ (all){\the\all@0~RAM}\fine all
827 \else% if@sites
828 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
829 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
830 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
831 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
832 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
833 \quad def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\000RM}\tif0RAM\pdata0def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\\000RAM}\ti}
834 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}}\ & the \000RAM\fi}
835 \fi% if@sites
836 \fi
   And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
837 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
838 \if@sites
839 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
840 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\colored}} \\
841 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals\&\pdataref@safe{site}\dsite{reqPM}} \\
842 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRAM}}}\fi}
843 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
844 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
845 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
846 \fi
847 \else% if@sites
848 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals\&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}\}
849 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ text \ f\ \ pdataref Qsafe \ all \ intended \ RAM \ fine \ and \ range \ all \ intended \ range \ r
850 \fi}% if@sites
   finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
   via \local@count from the optional columns.
851 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
852 \begin{wp@figure}
853 \@wp@lines\hline%
854 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\\hline%
855 \ifsubmit\else%
856 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
857 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
```

```
858 \fi% topdownPM
859 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
861 \fi% botupPM
862 \fi% submit
863 \end{wp@figure}}
and now multilinguality support
864 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
865 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
866 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

4.11Gantt Charts

894 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc 895 \fill (#3,#2) rectangle +(#4,#5); 896 \node (#1@left) at (#3,\gantt@ymid) {};

Gantt Charts are done with help of the the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on

```
the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.
                            We define the keys for Gantt tables
                   867 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
                   868 \end{area} $$ \end{area} {\end{area} {\end{area} } $$ \end{area} $
                   869 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
                   870 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
                   871 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
                   872 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
                     Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal
                     macros.
                   873 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3}
                   874 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
                            Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.
      gantt The gantt[\langle keyvals \rangle] {\langle height \rangle} environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The
                     grid is prop@gen@months wide and \langle height \rangle high.
                   875 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
                   876 {\gantt@set{#1}
                   877 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
                   878 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
                   879 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
                   880
                                   chart - expect trouble; \MessageBreak specify
                                   \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
                   882 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
                   883 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
                   884 \gantt@ymonths=#2 cm
                   885 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .5cm
                   886 \begin{tikzpicture}[xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]
                   887 \draw[xstep=\gantt@step,gray,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,#2);
                   888 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};}
                   889 {\end{tikzpicture}}
\@action In this we have used the macro that does the actual painting. \@action{\langle name \rangle}{\langle line \rangle}{\langle line \rangle}{\langle line \rangle}{\langle line \rangle}{\langle line \rangle}}{\langle line \rangle}
                      creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                      that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                   890 \newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend
                   891 \newcommand{\@action}[5]{%
                   892 \gantt@ymid=#2 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                   893 \gantt@xend=#3 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #4 cm
```

```
897 \node (#1@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                  898 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
                   A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
tt@compute@effort
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                  899 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                  900
                        \00e=#1\advance\00e by #2
                        \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                  901
                        \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                  902
                        \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
                  903
                   This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
      \ganttchart
                   the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                  904 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                  905 \gantt@set{#1}
                  906 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                  907 \begin{gantt} [#1] {\gantt@wps}
                       \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                  909
                       \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                       \ifwork@areas
                  910
                       \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                  911
                         \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                  912
                  913
                         \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                           \stepcounter{taskwps}
                  914
                           \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                  915
                  916
                           \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                           \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                  917
                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                  918
                           \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%wp-level work phases
                  919
                  920
                             \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  921
                             \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                  922
                           \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
                             \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                  923
                             \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                  924
                               \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  925
                               \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                  926
                       \else% ifwork@areas false
                  927
                       \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                  928
                       \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                  929
                         \stepcounter{taskwps}
                  930
                         \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                  931
                         \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                  932
                  933
                         \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                  934
                         \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                         \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                  935
                           \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  936
                           \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                  937
                         \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% task-level work phases
                  938
                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                  939
                           \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                  940
                  941
                             \decode@wphase\@@ft
                             \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                  942
                       \fi% ifwork@areas end
                  943
                       \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
                  944
                       \ensuremath{\tt 000dep:=\000deps\do{\%}}
                  945
```

946

\@dependency{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@dep{from}}{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@dep{to}}}

```
The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
                             947
                                     \ifgantt@draft
                             948
                                          \newcounter{gantt@month}
                             949
                                          \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
                                          \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
                             950
                             951
                                              \gantt@effort=0cm
                                              \ifwork@areas
                             952
                             953
                                              \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                                              \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                             954
                             955
                                                 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                             956
                                                 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                             957
                                                     \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                                                     \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 00for}\mbox{\tt 00for}} = \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 00for}\mbox{\tt 00for}\mbox{\tt 00for}\mbox{\tt 00for} $$ iterate over the wp-level work phases $$ iterate over the wp-level work phase $$ iterate over the wp-level work phases $$ iterate over the w
                             958
                             959
                                                        \decode@wphase\@@ft
                             960
                                                        \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                             961
                                                     \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                                                     \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
                             962
                             963
                                                     \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                                                     \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                             964
                             965
                                                        \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                                        \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                             966
                                              \fill (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
                             967
                                              \else% ifwork@areas
                             968
                                              \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                             969
                                             \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                             970
                                                     \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                             971
                             972
                                                     \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                             973
                                                        \decode@wphase\@@ft
                             974
                                                        \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                                                     \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                             975
                                                     \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
                             976
                                                     \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                             977
                                                     \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                                                        \decode@wphase\@@ft
                             979
                                                        \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                             980
                                             \fill (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
                             981
                                             \fi% ifwork@areas
                             982
                                              \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
                             983
                                        \fi% ifgantt@draft
                             984
                             985
                                      \end{gantt}
                                      \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
                             986
                             987 \end{figure}}
                              now the multilingual support
                             988 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Overview Work Package Activities}
                             989 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RAM only)\fi per month}
                             990 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace (\gantt@caption@lower)\fi}
                             This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
\gantttaskchart
                              projects<sup>9</sup>
                             991 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
                             992 \def\gantt@tasks{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                             993 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@tasks}
                                      \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                             995
                                        \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                             996
```

EdN:9

 $^{^9\}mathrm{EdNote}$: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to the deadline

```
\@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                  998
                            \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                  999
                            \@@line=\gantt@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                 1000
                 1001
                            \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task};
                 1002
                            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                            \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                 1003
                 1004
                              \decode@wphase\@@ft
                              \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                 1005
                           }}}% end all iterations
                 1006
                         \end{gantt}
                 1007
                         \caption{\gantt@caption@main}\label{fig:gantt}
                 1008
                 1009 \end{figure}}
                           Coherence
                  4.12
             \j*
                 \label{locality} $$1010 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\large{$\hspace-0.05cm}$}}}$
                 1011 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\large{$\bullet$}}}}
                 1012 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\large{$\circ$}}}}
      \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                  for the coherence table.
                 1013 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                 1014 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                 1015 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
     \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                  coherence table.
                 1016 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{\%}
                 1017 \@for\@second:=#2\do{\ifx\@first\@second\else\add@joint\@first\@second{#1}\fi}}
         \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                 1018 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                 1019 \newcommand\jointpub[1] {\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                 1020 \end{jointorga[1]{\Prop@joint\jorga{\#1}}}
\coherencematrix
                 1021 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                 1022 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax\ so they do
                 1023 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother us
                 1024 \gdef\@ct@head{}
                 1025 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head &\site{\@site}}}
                 1026 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\hline} %initialize with head line
                 1027 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@line{\site{\@site}}
                 1028
                      \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
                         \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{X}\fi
                 1029
                           \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}
                 1030
                       \xdef\@ct@lines\\@ct@line\\tabularnewline\\hline\}}
                 1032 \begin{tabular}{||||*{\theta}} \
                 1033 \@ct@lines\hline
                 1034 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                       \jorga $\hat=$ organization}\\\hline
                 1036 \end{tabular}}
 \coherencetable
```

\edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}

997

32

1037 \newcommand\coherencetable{%

```
1038 \begin{table}[ht]
1039 \begin{center}\small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}
1040 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{.9}\coherencematrix
1041 \end{center}
1042 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
1043 \end{table}
 now the multilinguality support
1044 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
1045 (/cls)
```

Relevant Papers & References 4.13

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it some-

```
1046 (*cls | reporting)
1047 \defbibheading{empty}{}
```

We define an internal macro that prints a publication list of a given bibTFX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

```
1048 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
1049 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
1050 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
1051 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
 The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key
 unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
1052 \newcommand\prop@prl[1] {\message{unclassified: #1}%
1053 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,title=Unclassified,#1]}%
1054 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@rrl\prop@rl}
 with this, we define a couple of keys that generate
1056 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true]{\prop@ppl{inbook}{Book Chapters}}
1057 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Conference Papers}}
1058 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Workshop Papers}}
1060 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{Submitted}}
```

featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.

1062 \define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{\prop@ppl{techreport}{Technical Reports}}

1061 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{Monographs}}

1063 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}

\prop@paperlist We generate a subsection with a refsection (this makes a separate bibliography for this section) and activate the keys via \nocite. Then we just print the bibliography with the empty header we created before.

```
1064 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{\%
1065 \begin{refsection}%
1066 \nocite{#2}\addtocategory{featured}{#2}%
1067 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
1068 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
1069 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}
1070 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
1071 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
1072 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[heading=empty]\fi%
1073 \let\bibfont\biboldfont%
1074 \end{refsection}}
```

We only have to define the warnpubs and empty heading constructors

4.14 Miscellaneous

References

- [Koh14a] Michael Kohlhase. Editorial Notes for LATEX. Tech. rep. Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (CTAN), 2014.
- [Koh14b] Michael Kohlhase. Preparing DFG Proposals and Reports in LATEX with dfgproposal.cls. Tech. rep. Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (CTAN), 2014. URL: http://www.ctan.org/get/macros/latex/contrib/proposal/dfg/dfgproposal.pdf.
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- [Lon] Brent Longborough. gitinfo2.sty. A package for accessing metadata from the git dvcs. URL: http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/gitinfo2/gitinfo2.pdf (visited on 10/26/2014).