# Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls

# Michael Kohlhase Computer Science, Jacobs University Bremen http://kwarc.info/kohlhase

January 14, 2015

### Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

# Contents

1	1 Introduction													2
2	2 The User Interface	e User Interface											2	
	2.1 Package Options													2
	2.2 Proposal Metadata and Title page													3
	2.3 Proposal Appearance													3
	2.4 Objectives													4
	2.5 Work Areas and Work Packages .													4
	2.6 Tasks													5
	2.7 Work Phase Metadata													5
	2.8 Gantt Charts													5
	2.9 Milestones and Deliverables													5
	2.10 Referencing and Hyperlinking													6
	2.11 Coherence													7
	2.12 Localization													7
														·
3	3 Limitations and Enhancements													7
4	4 The Implementation													9
	4.1 Package Options and Format Initia	alization.												9
	4.2 Proposal Metadata													10
	4.3 Proposal Appearance													12
	4.4 Title Page													12
	4.5 Objectives													14
	4.6 Work Packages and Work Groups													14
	4.7 Milestones and Deliverables													18
	4.8 Tasks and Work Phases													22
	4.9 Project Data, Referencing & Hype													23
	4.10 The Work Package Table													25
	4.11 Gantt Charts													30
														33
														34
														35
	4.12 Coherence					 			 					

### 1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions.

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version. The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there.

### 2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the **proposal** class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

### 2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, and public.

 ${\tt submit}$ 

The **submit** option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.5).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.5).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys

The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the margin.

svninfo

The svninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the svninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the svninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [Lon] for this to work.

public
private

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output.

This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

#### 2.2Proposal Metadata and Title page

• title for the proposal title (used on the title page),

The acronym will also be used in the page headings.

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it.

start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length

• If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to

specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to

• instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,

title

instrument acronym acrolong

since

fundsuntil

discipline PΤ

site

\pn \pnlong

start months

> specify a date until which the funds last. • discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.

of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.

- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of personal metadata, see [Koh14c] or the file proposal.tex for details.
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project nname) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internallly, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a top-down approach where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a bottom-up approach, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.5).

topdownPM botupPM

#### 2.3Proposal Appearance

EdN:1compactht EdN:2

The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. <sup>1</sup>

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables<sup>2</sup> are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{EdNote}$ : move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>EDNOTE: describe them somewhere and reference here

### 2.4 Objectives

objective

\OBJref

\OBJtref

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via  $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$  by their label and via  $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$  by label and (short if it was specified) title.

### 2.5 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \mathbb{wpfig} macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.8).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work group, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases

requires

id

• The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.

• The wphases key is used according to Section 2.7

• The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires=\taskin{\lambda rid\rangle}{\lambda wp\rangle} is given in a task with id=\lambda t\rangle, then task \lambda rid\rangle in work package \lambda wp\rangle must be completed for task \lambda t\rangle to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task \lambda rid\rangle to \lambda t\rangle. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM

• In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

\*RM \*RAM

• In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys  $\langle site \rangle$ RM (and  $\langle site \rangle$ RAM) where  $\langle site \rangle$  is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work groups is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

• In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work group lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collab-

workarea

orative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

#### 2.6 **Tasks**

tasklist task In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.7). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

\tasktref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

#### 2.7Work Phase Metadata

wphases

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form  $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or  $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$ , where  $\langle start \rangle$  and  $\langle end \rangle$  delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$  specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.8).

#### 2.8 **Gantt Charts**

gantt xscale yscale

step

draft

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

#### 2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

Milestones are usually given in a special table<sup>1</sup>, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone  $[\langle keys \rangle] \{\langle title \rangle\} \{\langle desc \rangle\}$ , \milestone where  $\langle keys \rangle$  supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration), and verif for specifying a means of verification<sup>2</sup> Mile-\milestone@labelones are numbered with labels whose shape can be customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the  $\min\{\langle id \rangle\}$  and  $\min\{\langle id \rangle\}$  for a reference with milestone title. \mileref \miletref \pdatacount{all}{miles} gives the number of milestones.

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.5) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via wpdelivs the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular wpdeliv argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can \deliv@label be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref $\{\langle wp \rangle\}\{\langle id \rangle\}$  where  $\langle wp \rangle$ is the work package identifier and  $\langle id \rangle$  that if the deliverable and  $\langle id \rangle = \langle id \rangle + \langle id \rangle$  for \delivref \delivtref a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\lambda} \lambda \text{delivs} \text{ gives the number of milestones of the work package \lambda} \text{wp}\rangle \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in IATEX. The wpdeliv environment \inputdelivs writes the deliverable data to a file  $\langle main \rangle$ . delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into  $\langle main \rangle$ . deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro.

> In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

> Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

#### 2.10Referencing and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work groups, .... Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file  $\langle proposal \rangle$ . aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

In a reference  $\pdataref\{\langle type\rangle\}\{\langle id\rangle\}\{\langle aspect\rangle\}\$  the first argument  $\langle type\rangle$  specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced,  $\langle id \rangle$  specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and  $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

 $\beta = \frac{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle a1 \rangle}{\langle a2 \rangle}$  tries first  $\beta = \frac{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle a1 \rangle}$  and if that is not given  $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle a2 \rangle}$ .

For a work package (aspect) can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work groups we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also

<sup>2</sup>Arguably, this set of keys is inspired by EU proposals, but can be extended in class instances.

carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

\pdatarefFB

\pdataref

wadelivs

wadeliv

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area  $\langle wa \rangle$ . This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file  $\langle proposal \rangle$ . pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and \WPref areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \WPref  $\{\langle id \rangle\}$  abbreviates \pdataRef $\{\psi\}\{\langle id \rangle\}\{1abel\}$ . The \WPtref macro is similar, but also prints out the (short) title: \WPref $\{\langle id \rangle\}$  abbreviates \pdataRef $\{\psi\}\{\langle id \rangle\}\{1abel\}$ : \pdataRef $\{\psi\}\{\langle id \rangle\}\{1abel\}$ : \\WAref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work \\WAtref areas.

### 2.11 Coherence

Localization

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of
\coherencematrkers the macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, projects organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, \jointorga \jointsub \jointsoft, and \jointsup macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site \jointsoft the identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with the identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab: collaboration.

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jpub \jsup.

project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

\jproj

\jorga 2.12

\jsoft

\jsup

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Koh14b] provides an option german for german-language proposals and

### 3 Limitations and Enhancements

The **proposal** is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
  - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.

- calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

# Acknowledgements

The author is indebted to Jake Hartenstein, Christoph Lange, Florian Rabe, Lutz Schröder, and Tsanko Tsankov for error reports, feature suggestions, and code snippets.

## 4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

### 4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

49 \RequirePackage{pdata}

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
5 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
6 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
7 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
8 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
9 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
10 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
11 \def\proposal@class{article}
12 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
13 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
14 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\@gitinfotrue}
15 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
16 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
17 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
18 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
19 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
20 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
21 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
22 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
23 \ProcessOptions
   Then we load the packages we make use of
24 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
25 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
26 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
27 \RequirePackage{url}
28 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
29 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
30 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
31 \RequirePackage{rotating}
32 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
33 \RequirePackage{array}
34 \RequirePackage{xspace}
35 \RequirePackage{comment}
36 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
37 \RequirePackage{tikz}
38 \RequirePackage{paralist}
39 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=20mm]{geometry}
40 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
41~\% so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
42 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
43 \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}
44 \RequirePackage[scaled=.90]{helvet}
45 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
46 \RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=numeric,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,backref=true,firstinits=true,max
47 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
48 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
```

in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.

```
50 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
```

- $51 \ \texttt{\localine} \$
- 52 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
- 53 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
- 54 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}

the ed package [Koh14a] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing messages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the options for the svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.

```
55 \ifsubmit
```

- 56 \RequirePackage[hide] {ed}
- 57 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
- 58 \else
- 59 \RequirePackage[show]{ed}
- 60 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
- 61 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
- 62 \fi
- 63 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}

We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the status of the public option.

64 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi

And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.

65 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}

We specify the page headings.

- 66 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
- 67 \fancyhead [RE,LO] {\prop@gen@acronym}
- 68 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
- 69 \fancyfoot[C]{}
- 70 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
- $71 \qquad [LE,RO] {\footnotesize prop@of@pages \land page \{ \pdataref@num\{prop\}\{page\}\{last\}\}\} }$
- 72 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
- 73 (/cls | reporting)

### 4.2 Proposal Metadata

pdata Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

- 74 (\*pdata)
- 75 \RequirePackage{workaddress} [2011/05/03]
- 76 \RequirePackage{eurosym}

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argument in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used. Furthermore  $site=\langle site \rangle$  makes new keys  $\langle site \rangle$ RM and  $\langle site \rangle$ RAM (if the RAM option was set) for the workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.

```
77 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
```

- 78 \newcounter{@site}%
- 79 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
- $80 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{\#1}{number}{\the@site}\%$
- 81 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{#1}}}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
- 82 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%

```
83 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
 84 \define@key{workpackage}{#1RM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RM}{##1}}%
 85 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RAM}{##1}}\fi
 86 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
 87 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
 88 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
 89 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines \wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnew]
 If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
 (assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \if@sites conditional here,
 since that is only set at runtime.
 90 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%
 91 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
 92 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RM}{#1}\fi}
 93 \define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}{\@dmp{RAM=#1}\if@sites%
 94 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
 95 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}
similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
 96 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
 97 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
 and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
 98 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
 99 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
 the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
100 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
The rest of the keys just store their value.
101 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
102 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
103 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
104 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
105 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\qdef\prop@gen@acronym{\#1}\%}}
106 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
107 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
108 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
109 \define@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\def\prop@gen@discipline{#1}%
110 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
\label{lem:limit} $$111 \end{substitute} $$111 \end{substitute} $$ \operatorname{cong}_{\operatorname{areas}}{\end{substitute} } $$
112 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
113 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
114 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
115 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
116 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
117 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
118 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
119 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
120 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
121 \define@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\def\prop@gen@fundsuntil{#1}%
122 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
123 \define@key{prop@gen}{topdownPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@topdownPM{#1}}
124 \define@key{prop@gen}{botupPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@botupPM{#1}}
125 \define@key{prop@gen}{keywords}{\def\prop@gen@keywords{#1}}
and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
126 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
127 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
128 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{????months???}
```

```
129 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
              130 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}
              131 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
              132 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
              133 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
     \prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
               134 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
               135 \@for\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
               136 \tab@line}
               4.3
                      Proposal Appearance
               We define the keys for the proposal appearance
               137 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
              138 \define@key{prop@gen}{compactht}[true]{\def\prop@gen@compactht{#1}}
              139 (/pdata)
      emphbox
              140 (*cls)
              141 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
                      Title Page
               4.4
prop@proposal
               This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The
               implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.
               142 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
              143 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
              144 \begin{center}
                    {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
              145
                   {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
              146
                   {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
              147
                    {\large\today}\\[1em]
                    \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
              149
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
              150
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
              151
              152 \left( \frac{1}{2cm} \right)
              153 \end{center}
              154 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
               Now we come to the end of the environment:
              155 {\section{List of Attachments}
              156 \begin{itemize}
              157 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
              158 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
```

proposal

The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys, then it defines keys RM and RAM (unless the noRAM package option was given) for the workpackage environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out, which it also closes at the end.

The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be customized by the specializing classes.

```
162 \verb|\newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\newenvironment{posal}[1][]} \\
```

\wa@ref{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref{person}\@I{name}

161 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}

160 \end{itemize}}\newpage

<sup>163 \</sup>ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}

```
164 \pdata@open\jobname
                        165 \if@sites\else
                        166 \end{fine} \end{
                        169 \newcounter{@PIs}
                        170 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
                        171 \newcounter{@sites}
                        172 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}
                        173 \setcounter{page}{0}
                        174 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                         Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                        175 {\end{prop@proposal}
                        176 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse
                        177 \pdata@close}
                        178 (/cls)
                                The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
         report
                        179 (*reporting)
                        180 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                        181 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                        182 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                        183 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                        184 \pdata@open\jobname%
                        185 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\newcounter{@PIs}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}%
                        186 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                        187 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                        188 \begin{prop@report}}
                        189 {\end{prop@report}%
                        190 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse\newpage
                        191 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                        192 \pdata@close}
prop@report
                        193 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                        194 {\begin{center}
                        195
                                 {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                        196
                                  {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                        197
                                  {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                        198
                                  {\large\today}\\[1em]
                        199
                                  \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                        200
                                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                        201
                               \end{tabular}\\[2cm]
                        202
                        203 \end{center}
                        204 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                        205 {}
                        206 (/reporting)
          \site*
                        207 (*cls)
                        208 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{acronym}}}
                        209 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{name}}}
```

### 4.5 Objectives

We first define a presentation macro for objectives

```
\objective@label
                                                  210 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                                                    We define the keys for the objectives environment
                                                  211 \ensuremath{\def \ensuremath{\amb}\amb}\amb}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\amb}\amb}\amb}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\amb}\amb}\amb}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\amb}\amb}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremat
                                                  212 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}\@dmp{title=#1}}
                                                  213 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                                                     And a counter for numbering objectives
                                                  214 \newcounter{objective}
                    objective
                                                  215 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                                                  {\tt 216 {\tt let \o 0bj@id \backprime elax \backprime et \o 0bj@title \backprime elax \backprime et \o 0bj@short \backprime elax \i \o 0bj@short \backprime elax ،}
                                                  217 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                                                  218 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                                                  219 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                                                  220 \pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}}\obj@id}{\title}}\ignorespaces}%
                                                  221 \def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\oobjective@label\\theobjective}\%
                                                  222 \end{obj} title}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                                                  223 \verb|\difundefined{obj@short}{}{\def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                                                  224 {}
                          \OBJref
                                                  225 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                                                  226 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                                                     4.6
                                                                        Work Packages and Work Groups
                                                     We first define keys for work groups (if we are in an IP).
                                                  227 \ifwork@areas
                                                  228 \end{define@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\demp{id=#1}}}
                                                  229 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                                                  230 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                                                  231 \define@key{workarea}{lead}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{lead}{#1}}
                                                  232 \fi
                                                    work packages have similar ones.
                                                  233 \define@key{workpackage}{id}{\def\wp@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                  234 \define@key{workpackage}{title}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title}{#1}}
                                                  235 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                                                  236 \end{fine} \label{lead} $$ 236 \end{fine} \end{fi
                                                  237 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                                  238 \define@key{workpackage}{wphases}{\def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                                                  239 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                                                     We define the constructors for the work package and work group labels and titles.
                                                  240 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                                  241 \mbox{newcommand}\mbox{wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}}
                                                  242 \ifwork@areas
                                                  243 \newcommand\wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}
                                                  244 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                                  245 \fi
```

The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work groups, the counter deliv for deliverables. 247 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi 248 \newcounter{allwp} \update@\* update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work groups for the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise extend it.<sup>3</sup>  $249 \newcommand\update@wps[1]{\cifundefined{@wps}{\xdef\@wps{#1}}}{\xdef\@wps{\cite{wps}}}}$  $250 \newcommand \update @ tasks [1] {\cifundefined @ tasks { \cifundefined @ tasks { \cifundefined } } } \\$  $251 \newcommand \update @deps [1] {\update @deps {\task @deps {\task$  $252 \ if work @areas \ def \ was {1}{\ was}{\ xdef \ was$ \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number), and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string, which is either empty (if the  $!\langle force \rangle$  part is omitted) or of the form  $!\langle force \rangle$ . In the first case the default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \( force \). 253 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1]{\expandafter\decode@p@start#1@% 254 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start% 255 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}} 256 \def\decode@p@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}\decode@p@end#2!@} 257 \def\decode@p@end#1!#20{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}% 258 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\wphase@force{1}\else\decode@p@force#2\fi} 259 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}} We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains, \startend@wphases then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start  $260 \end{def<caption> wphase} $$260 \end{def\wphase} $$260 \end{def\wphase} $$1}$ 261 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1]  ${\def\def\def\#1}$  $262 \ \texttt{\colored} \ \texttt{\color$ 263 \Ofor\OI:=#1\do{\expandafter\decodeOpOstart\OI O} 264 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi} with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros. The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number \wp@num. 265 \newcounter{wp@RM} 266 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi 267 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]% 268 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values 269 \def\wp@swsites{false} 270 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}%

EdN:3

\decode@wphase

work@package

271 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases%

275 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}% 276 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}%

277 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}%

274 \let\@tasks=\relax%

272 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{start}\wphase@start\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{end}\wphase@end%

273  $\ensuremath{\colored{\co$ 

 $<sup>^3{</sup>m EDNote}$ : with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
278 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%
                                279 \update@wps\wp@id%
                                280 \edgh{\pdotspace{0.95\protect} 280 \edgh{\pdotspace{0.95\protect} 280} \edgh{\pdotspace{0.95\pro
                                281 \displaystyle \frac{wp}{\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} {num}_{\tau}}
                                 If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.
                                282 \if@sites%
                                283 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
                                284 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                285 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RM}}\addtocounter{wp@RM}{\@RM}%
                                286 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                287 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
                                288 \if@RAM\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RAM}{\thewp@RAM}\fi%
                                289 \fi}% if@sites
                                290 {\del{0tasks}{}{\del{0tasks}}}
                                 With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
          workpackage
                                  we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                                  generate a subsection
                                291 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                                292 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                                293 \ \\ if \@wpsubsection \subsubsection *{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                                294 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                                295 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                                296 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title}thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}{}
                                297 \noindent\ignorespaces}
                                298 {\end{work@package}}
        EdN: Aptitle
                                299 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@num}: \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}
        EdN:5 \wprm
                                300 \newcommand\wprm{\pdataref@safe{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM\ RM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\ RAM\fi}
\texttt{QsiteQcontributes} Called as \if \texttt{QsiteQcontributes}\{\langle site \rangle\}\{\langle tokens \rangle\} the following happens: If \propQgenQcompactht
                                  is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                                  cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                                  the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
                                301 \newcount\site@contribution%
                                302 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                                303 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                                304 \if@RAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                305 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                306 \le #2 \le 
                                       The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
         \wp@sites@line
        \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
        \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                                  are listed in the table.
                                307 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                                308 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                                309 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                                310 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                                311 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                                312 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
```

<sup>4</sup>EdNote: document above <sup>5</sup>EdNote: document above

```
314 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                                                  315 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                                                  316 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                                  317 \ifx\wp@swsites\@true%
                                                   318 \ensuremath{\tt 0site}\ensuremath{\tt 0site
                                                  319 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi%
                                                  320 \fi}}%
                                                  321 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                                                  322 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                                  323 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                                                  324 \lead@style{\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi}
                                                  325 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi\fi}}%
                                                  326 }% do
                                                  327 \times 6^{\posites@line{\posites@line\&\sum@style{\posites@line\&\sum@style{\posites@line\&\sum@style}}}
                                                  328 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                                                  329 \sum_{\text{NemOstyle}} \text{ wp}\left(RM}\right) if QRAM+ pdataref\{wp}\left(RAM\right) if QRAM+ pdataref\{wp}\right) wp Qid\{RAM\} if if if QRAM+ pdataref\{wp} wp Qid\{RAM\} if if if QRAM+ pdataref\{wp} wp Qid\{RAM\} if if if QRAM+ pdataref\{wp\} wp Qid\{RAM\} if QRAM+ pdataref\{wp\} if QRA
\wpheadertable This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
                                                  330 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                                                  331 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                                                  332 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{|||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
                                                  333 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\\hline%
                                                  334 \text{$$ \text{wp@id}_{\phi}^{\ }\ &\ \end{\ } \ $$ a^{\ }\ \end{\ } \ $$ a^{\ }\ \end{\ } \ 
                                                  335 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                                                     and now multilinguality support
                                                  336 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                                                  337 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
                                                  338 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
                   workarea the workarea environment for work groups is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                                                     work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                                                     via the wa@effort counter
                                                  340 \ifwork@areas
                                                  341 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}
                                                  342 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                                                  343 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
                                                  344 \let\@wps=\relax
                                                  345 \stepcounter{wa}
                                                  346 \d {wa@label\thewa} 
                                                  347 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{number}{\thewa}
                                                  348 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                                                  349 \update@was{\wa@id}
                                                  350 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{num}{\thewa}
                                                  351 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                                                  352 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                                                  353 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
                                                  354 \if@sites
                                                  355 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                                   \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}}
                                                  356
                                                                   \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                                                  357
                                                                  \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                                  358
                                                                  \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                                  359
                                                  360 \else
                                                  361 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RM}}
                                                  362 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RAM}}\fi
                                                  363 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
```

313 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines

```
364 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\GRAM}\fi
                                                  365 \fi}
                                                  366 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
                                                  367 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                                                  368 \if@RAM
                                                  369 \def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
                                                  370 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
                                                  373 \ add contents line \{toc\} \{subsubsection\} \{\{\{ wa@mk@title \}thewa\}: \ pdataref\{wa\} \}wa@id\{title\} \} \} 
                                                  374 \ignorespaces}
                                                  375 $$ \odden(wps){{\def}\wa@id{wp}{ids}\def}\def\wa@id{wp}{count}\thewa@wps}\fi
            workplan The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                                      identifiers of work packages and work groups. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
                                                      their content to the aux file for reference.
                                                  376 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
                                                  377 \newenvironment{workplan}%
                                                  378 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                                  379 \ensuremath{\tt ifwork@areas} \ensuremath{\tt let}@was=\ensuremath{\tt let}@wps=\ensuremath{\tt let}%
                                                  380 {\Cifundefined{task@deps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{task}{deps}{\task@deps}}
                                                  381 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                                  382 \ifwork@areas
                                                  383 \ensuremath{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\co
                                                  385 \@ifundefined{@wps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\@wps}
                                                  386 \fi
                                                  387 \ifdelivs\@ifundefined{mile@stones}{}
                                                  388 {\@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
                                                  389 \pdata@def{mile}\@I{delivs}{\@ifundefined{\@I delivs}{}\csname\@I delivs\endcsname}}}\fi
                                                  390 \ \texttt{\gray}{\text{\gray}} \ \texttt{\gray}{\text{\gray}} \ \texttt{\gray}{\text{\gray}} \ \texttt{\gray} \ \texttt{\gra
                                                  391 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                                  392 \ifdelivs
                                                  393 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                                  394 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                                  396 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
                                                                                 Milestones and Deliverables
                                                  this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
deliv@error
                                                      being set.
                                                  397 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
                                                  398 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
            wpdelivs
                                                  399 \end{wpdelivs} {\end{wpdelivs}} {\end{wpdelivvs}} {\end{wpdel
        wp@delivs
                                                  400 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
                                                  401 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
                                                  402 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                  403 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
                                                      and now multilinguality support
                                                  404 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
```

```
\wadelivs
                                 405 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
                                 406 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
                                 407 {\end{wp@delivs}}
                    \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                   one if there is not enough space.
                                  408 \mbox{$ \ell [1] {\bf \hat \theta} \mbox{$\ell [1] } \mbox{$\ell [1] \
\deliv@label
                                 409 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
  \*deliv*ref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                   one if there is not enough space.
                                 410 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{label}}
                                 411 \newcommand\localdelivref[1]{\delivref{\wp@id}{#1}}
                                 412 \end{delivtref} \end{del
                                 413 \newcommand \localdelivtref [1] {\delivtref {\wp@id} {#1}}
    \wpg@deliv We first define the keys
                                 414 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
                                 415 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
                                 416 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
                                 417 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
                                 418 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
                                 419 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
                                 420 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
                                   The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
                                   erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
                                 421 \newcounter{deliverable}
                                 422 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
                                 423 \stepcounter{deliverable}
                                 424 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
                                 425 \left(\frac{425}{e}\right)\% set up ifx
                                 426 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
                                 427 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
                                 429 \else\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\thewa.\thedeliv}}\fi
                                 430 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{label}{\current@label}
                                 431 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{title}{#2}
                                 432 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
                                 433 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{#2}}
                                 434 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
                                 435 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
                                 436 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                                 437 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
                                 438 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
                                 439 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                                 440 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
                                 441 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
                                 442 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'lead' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                                 443 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead}}
                                    Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them.
                                 444 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%
                                 445 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
                                 446 {\ifnum\@I<10 0\@I\else\@I\fi}% sort key
```

```
449 {\@ifundefined{deliv@id}{??}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% id
                                           450 \label{linear} $$450 {\cliv@dissem}{\cliv@dissem}$\dissemination level} $$
                                           451 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
                                           452 {#2}
                                           453 {\ifx\cupe\cup{WP\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\else{WA\thewa}\fi}\cup{WP}
                                           454 \end{deliv@lead} {\read} {\tt v@lead} {\read} {\tt v@lead} {\read} {\tt v@lead} 
                                             And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                                           455 \item[\current@label\ (%
                                           456 \end{deliv@due} \end{deliv@due} \end{deliv@due} \end{deliv@due},
                                           457 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature},
                                           458 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
                                           459 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]
                                           460 \pdata@target{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{\textit{#2}}
                                           461 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{% print the milestones and update their deliverables
                                           462 \left( \frac{900}{1000} \right) do not print the separator the first time round
                                           463 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                                           464 \moderate{mile}{\olimits{label}}\% print the milestone reference
                                           465 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                                           466 \det \deg_{,}
                                           467 \Offor\OI:=\delivOmiles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                                           468 \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                                           469
                                                        {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                                           470
                                                          \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\if not add it
                                                                  {\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\d@sep\wpg@id\deliv@id}\fi}}}
                                           471
                                                     Now, we only need to instantiate
                      wadeliv
                                           472 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
                      wpdeliv
                                           473 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                                           474 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{M{#1}}
                    \mileref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                             one if there is not enough space.
                                           475 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                                           476 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
               \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                                            extend the milestones list.
                                           477 \newcounter{milestone}
                                           478 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                                           479 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                                           480 \define@key{milestone}{verif}{\gdef\mile@verif{#1}}
                                           481 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                                           482 \ifdelivs%
                                           483 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                                           484 \end{abel} {\bf \{label\}\{milestone@label\{\themilestone\}\}\%}
                                           485 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                                           486 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{verif}{\mile@verif}%
                                           487 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                                           488 \end{finedstones} {\bf \{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mb
                                           489 \@milestone{#1}{#2}{#3}% presentation
                                           490 \else\deliv@error\fi}
```

 $447 {\0I}\% due date$ 

448 {\current@label}% label

```
\@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
               491 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{%
               492 \pdata@target{mile}\\mile@id{\text{\milestone@label\themilestone}}\&
               493 \textbf{#2} &
               494 \prop@milesfor\mile@id &
               495 \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month} &
               496 \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{verif}\\\hline
               497 \model{f}{|p{14cm}|}{#3}\\\hline\hline}
   milestones This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                Omilestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
               498 \newenvironment{milestones}%
               499 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
               500 {\bf \{\delivs\def{all}\{mile\}\{ids\}\{\mile@stones\}\%}
               501 \del{mile}{\count}{\themilestone}\%
               502 \end{@milestones}\fi}
   Omilestones here we do the work.
               503 \newenvironment{@milestones}
               504 \left\lceil \frac{1}{p{3.5cm}} \right\rceil 1 \left\lceil \frac{3cm}{1} \right\rceil 1
               505 \#&\textbf{\miles@legend@name}
               506 &\textbf{\miles@legend@involved}
               507 &\textbf{\miles@legend@month}
               508 &\textbf{\miles@legend@verif}\\\hline\hline}
               509 {\end{longtable}\footnotetext\miles@legend@footnote}
                now the multilinguality support
               510 \newcommand\miles@legend@name{Name}
               511 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Mo}
               512 \newcommand\miles@legend@verif{Means of Verif.}
               513 \newcommand\miles@legend@involved{WPs\footnotemark/Deliverables involved}
               514 \newcommand\miles@legend@footnote{The work package number is the first number in the deliverable number.}
\prop@milesfor the due date is the first argument to facilitate sorting
               515 \newcommand\prop@milesfor[1]{\edef\edlivs{\pdataref@safe{mile}{#1}{delivs}}}\%
               516 \let\m@sep=\relax\def\new@sep{,\ }%
               517 \@for\@I:=\@delivs\do{\m@sep\pdataRef{deliv}\@I{label}\let\m@sep=\new@sep}}
 \deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
               518 \newcommand{\deliverable}[9]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}&#7&#8&#9&#6&#5&#2\\hline}\%sortkey,due,label,id,titlef{deliv}
 deliverables
               519 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1|}\hline%
               520 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
               521 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
               522 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
               523 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&%
               524 \textbf{\delivs@legend@level}&%
               525 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\\hline\hline%
               526 \endhead%
               527 \else\deliv@error\fi}
               528 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                now the multilingual support
               529 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
               530 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
               531 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
               532 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
```

```
533 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                                                               534 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                                                               535 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
                 \inputdelivs
                                                               536 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                                               537 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                                               538 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                                               539 {\displaystyle \min\{\jobname.deliverables\}}\%
                                                               540 {\frac{\jobname.delivs}{\jobname.delivs}}}
                                                               541 \end{deliverables}}
                                                                  4.8
                                                                                         Tasks and Work Phases
                               tasklist
                                                               542 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                                               543 {\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath
                                                                  The next step is to
                                                               544 \mbox{ }\mbox{mewcommand}\mbox{task@label[2]{}\mbox{textbf{T#1.#2}}}
                                                                  We define the keys for the task macro
                                                               545 \ensuremath{\def \task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                               546 \end{fine} \label{line} \begin{task}{wphases}{\def\task@wphases}{\#1}\def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{\wphases}{\#1}\def{task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{
                                                               547 \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{
                                                               548 \efine@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{title}{#1}}
                                                               549 \define@key{task}{lead}{\def \task@lead{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{#1}}
                                                               550 \ define@key{task}{partners}{\def \task@partners{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{#1}}
                                                               551 \define@key{task}{PM}{\def\task@PM{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{#1}}
                                                                  then we define an auxiliary function that gives them sensible defaults and sets the internal macros.
                                                               552 \def\task@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}
                                                               553 \def\task@wphases{0-0}\def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}\def\task@PM{}
                                                               554 \setkeys{task}{#1}}
OpostOtitleOspace make the space after the title tweakable
                                                               555 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
                                             task
                                                               556 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                                               557 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                                                               558 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
                                                               559 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
                                                               560 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                                               561 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
                                                               562 \@task{#1}\item[\pdata@target{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}]%
                                                               563 \@ifundefined{task@title}{}\task@title}\task@post@title@space%
                                                               564 \def\dinitial{0-0}\ifx\task@wphases\dinitial\else\%
                                                               565 \let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
                                                               566 \do{\decode@wphase\@I%
                                                               567 \@@sep\show@wphase\wphase@start\wphase@end\wphase@force%
                                                               568 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                                                               569 \fi% initial
                                                               570 \hfill%
                                                               571 \ifsubmit\else\ifx\task@PM\@empty\else\task@PM~\task@legend@PM;\fi\fi%
                                                               572 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else\ \task@legend@partners\site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)\fi%
                                                               573 \@for\@I:=\task@partners\do{, \site\@I}\\%
                                                               574 \ignorespaces}
                                                               575 {\medskip}
```

```
now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
           576 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
           577 \newcommand\show@wphase[3] \edf\edge 43 \def\@one{1}%
           578 \month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}%
           579 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
           580 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
           581 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
           582 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
           583 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
    \@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
            to the aux file.
           584 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
           585 \newcount\task@@end
           586 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
           587 \task@set{#1}%
           589 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}%
           590 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}\%
           591 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}%
           592 \verb|\dote0| tasks{\dotskin\dotsk0| id\wp0| id}|
\workphase
           593 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated, \MessageBreak
                  use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
\*task*ref
           596 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand} \mbox{taskin[2]{#20#1}}
           597 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
           598 \newcommand\taskreflong[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#2}{label}}
           599 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#1@#2}{short}{title}}
           600 \newcommand\localtaskref[1]{\taskref{\wp@id}{#1}}
           601 \newcommand\localtasktref[1]{\tasktref{\wp@id}{#1}}
            now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
           602 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
           603 \end{figures} $1$2{\end{figures}} % $$ $$
           604 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
           605 \q def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}{\dep@id}
           606 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
           607 \update@deps\dep@id}
           608 (/cls)
                   Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
  \pdata@*
            \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
            it.
           609 (*pdata)
           610 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
           611 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
           612 \ProcessOptions
           613 \RequirePackage{xspace}
           614 \newwrite\pdata@out
           615 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
           616 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
```

```
This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
                                   617 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
                                   618 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{#1.pdata}\makeatother}
                                   619 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\ This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \ data@target{\langle cat \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle label \rangle} prints \langle label \rangle
                                     with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
                                   620 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
                                   This macro writes an \OpdataOdef command to the current aux file and also executes it.
       \pdata@def
                                   621 \newcommand\pdata@def [4] {\%\pdata@def {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
                                               \@pdata@def
                                   This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
                                   623 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4] {\expandafter\gdef\csname #10#20#3\endcsname{#4}}
         \pdataref
                                   624 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                                                                {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                                                                                  {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
                                   626
                                   627 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\cifundefined{#10#20#3}{??}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}\%
                                   628 \end{figure} 13 {\end{#10#20#3}} \end{figure} 10 {\end{#10#20#3}} \end{figure} 10 {\end{figure} 10 {\end{figure} 10 {\end{figure} 10 {\end{figure}} 10
                                   629 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\cmdefined{#10#20#3}{}}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}{\c begin{picture}(20,0) \put(0,0){\cluster} \put(0,0){
    \pdatarefFB a variant with fallback field,
                                   630 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                   631 {\c defined $\#10\#20\#4}\%
                                   632 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                                   633 {\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}
                                   634 {\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}
          \pdataRef
                                   635 \newcommand\pdataRef[3] {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                   636 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}%
                                   637 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
    \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
                                   638 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                   639 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
                                   640 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                                   641 {\hyperlink{\#10\#20target}{\csname \ \#10\#20\#4\endcsname}}} \\
                                   642 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
    \pdatacount
                                   eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
                                   645 \newcommand\pdatacount[2]{\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
                     \pn*
                                   646 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
                                   647 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
                 \W*ref
                                   648 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
                                   649 \end{WPtref[1]_{\WPref$\{\#1\}: \pdataRefFB\{wp}{\#1}_{\short}_{\title}}
                                   650 \ifwork@areas
                                   651 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
                                   652 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
                                   653 \fi
                                   654 (/pdata)
```

### 4.10 The Work Package Table

```
\prop@lead
                                                         655 (*cls)
                                                         656 \mbox{ } \mbox{ hewcommand\prop@lead[1]_{\cite{tined}}} \mbox{ } \mbo
                                                         657 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{lead for WP #1 undefined}??}}%
                                                         658 {\csname wp@#1@lead\endcsname}}
EdN:60style
                                                         659 \label{eq:cmyk} $\{\} \
                                                         660 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;%
                                                         661 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0,30}
                                                         662 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                                                         663 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                                                         664 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}}
                                                         665 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}}
                                                         666 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
            wp@figure
                                                         667 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
                                                         668 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
                                                         669 \def\@true{true}
                                                         670 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
                                                         671 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true]{\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                                         672 \def\wpfig@type{false}
                                                         673 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                                         674 \def\wpfig@start{false}
                                                         675 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true]{\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                                         676 \def\wpfig@length{false}
                                                         678 \def\wpfig@end{false}
                                                         679 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true] {\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                                         680 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}}
                                                         681 \define@key{wpfig}{caption}{\def\wpfig@caption{#1}}
                                                         682 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}}
                                                         683 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
                                                         684 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                                                         685 \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap&\wpfig@legend@title%
                                                         686 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
                                                         687 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
                                                         688 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi%
                                                         689 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi
                                                         690 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}%
                                                         691 \if@sites%
                                                         692 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                         693 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\@site}}}%
                                                         694 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fij%
                                                         695 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
                                                         696 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
                                                         697 \else% if@sites
                                                         698 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline &\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\if@RAM&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\fi}
                                                         699 \fi}%if@sites
                                                         700 \ if \ CRAM \ begin{tabular}{||1||*{\rm prig}\ Qoptions}{r|}*{\rm cgites}{r|r|}|r|r|}\ hline \ for the \ constant \ for \ c
                                                         701 \le \left\{ \left\{ 1\right\} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ 1\right\} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ 1\right\} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ 1\right\} \right\} \left\{ 1\right\} \left\{ 1\right
                                                         702 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                                                         703 {\end{tabular}\smallskip}\
                                                         704 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>EdNote: This (and wpfig) should be documented above

```
705 \if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
                                              706 \@ifundefined{wpfig@label}{\caption{\wpfig@legend@caption}}{\caption{\wpfig@caption}}
                                              707 \end{fig@label}{\label{fig:wplist}}{\label{\wpfig@label}}
                                              708 \end{center}\end{table}}
                                                 and now multilinguality support
                                              709 \verb|\newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}|
                                              710 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                                              711 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
                                              712 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                                              713 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
                                              714 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                                              715 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                                              716 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                                              717 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
                                              718 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                                              719 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                                              720 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                                              721 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                                              722 \ensuremath{\mbox{\command\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\owidehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in PMS and the second of the se
                                              723 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
                                              724 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
Eddffgstyle
                                              725 \def\wpfig@style{}
                                              726 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
EdN:8\wpfig
                                              727 \newcount\local@count
                                              728 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
                                              729 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
                                              730 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
                                                  the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
                                                  \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
                                                 in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
                                              731 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
                                              732 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they
                                              733 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
                                              735 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
                                                 The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
                                                  but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
                                                  do something very similar.
                                              736 \ifwork@areas
                                              737 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
                                              738 \c^0% iterate over the work areas
                                              739 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
                                              740 \& \align{ wall} $$ 4^0 \align{ wall} $$ a\color{wal} \align{ wall} $$ 4^0 \align{ wall} $$ a\color{wall} $$ a\color{wal
                                              741 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
                                              742 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
                                              743 \ \texttt{wpfig@start} \ \texttt{wa@style} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii}.
                                              744 \ \texttt{wpfig@length} \ \texttt{wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}} } i\%
                                              745 \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{end} \ \texttt{if} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{end} \ \texttt{if} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{end} \ \texttt{if} \ \texttt{i
                                              746 \setminus if@sites
```

 $<sup>^7{</sup>m EdNote}$ : document above

 $<sup>^8{</sup>m EDNote}$ : The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
747 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
748 \edef\00wps{\pdataref0safe\00wa{wp}{ids}}%
749 \local@count 0%
750 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
751 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
752 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
753 \if@RAM
754 \local@count 0%
755 \ensuremath{\tt 755 \ensuremath{\tt 000wp:=\000wp}\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\000wp\ensuremath{\tt 000wp}\do{\advance\notation}}}
756 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
757 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
758 \fi}
759 \local@count0\relax%
760 \end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num\end{advance} have $$ \end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num\end{advance} have $$ \pdataref@num\end{adva
761 \xdef\@@wa@line \ \wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
762 \if@RAM
763 \local@count0\relax%
764 \ensuremath{\t \dos} te:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\count by \pdataref@num\ensuremath{\t \dos}} % \ensuremath{\t \dos} $$ ($RAM})$ is $$ ($RAM$)$ ($
765 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line &\wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
766 \fi
767 \else% if@sites
768 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
770 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
771 \fi% if@sites
772 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
773 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
774 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
775 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
776 \& @ifundefined wp @ @short \\ \pdataref wp \\ @gwp \\ title \\ \pdataref wp \\ @gwp \\ short \\ \} \\ \pdataref \\ \pd
777 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
778 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
779 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
780 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
781 \ \texttt{wpfig@end}\ \texttt{wp}\ \texttt{end}\ \texttt{ii}
782 \if@sites
783 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
784 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
785 \edef\@QRM{\ifx\QClead\Csite\lead\Cstyle{\pdataref\Csafe\QCwp\Csite{RM}}\else\wp\Cstyle{\pdataref\Csafe\CCwp\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite\Csite
786 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
787 \if@RAM
788 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@wp\gsite\{RAM\}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\gwp\gsite}. }
789 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
790 \fi}
791 \local@count0\relax%
792 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
793 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
794 \if@RAM
795 \global\local@count0\relax%
796 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
797 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
798 \fi% if@sites
799 \else% if@sites
800 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
801 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
802 \fi% if@sites
803 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
```

Now the case where we do not have work areas.

```
804 \else% ifwork@areas
805 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
806 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc work}} = \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc work}} \ensurem
807 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
808 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp \gshort}{\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\title}}\pdataref\wp}\@@wp\short}}
809 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
810 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
811 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
812 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
813 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
814 \if@sites
815 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
816 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
817 \edf(@RM{\left(x\right)}\ellow(0) \edges where \end{substitute} a def(@Qwp(0) \edges where \end{substitute}) \edges where \end{substitute} a def(@Qwp(0) \edges where \edges 
818 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
819 \if@RAM
821 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
823 \global\local@count0\relax%
824 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
825 \end{area} $$ 25 \end{area} \end{area} 
826 \if@RAM
827 \global\local@count0\relax%
828 \color{Grand} site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num{#1}\csite{RAM}}{}{},
829 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
830 \fi
831 \else% if@sites
832 \end{00p0line} \end{00p0line} \label{pdataref0safe} \end{00p0line} \end{00p
834 \fi% if@sites
835 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
836 \fi%ifwork@areas
  Now we compute the totals lines in the \Qtotals macros; again there are four cases to consider
837 \gdef\@totals{}
838 \ifwork@areas
839 \if@sites
840 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Normalize}}\ iterate over the sites
841 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 000RM=0\fi}}\
842 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
843 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
844 \edf\00wps{\pdataref0safe\00wa\{wp}{ids}}\%
845 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 00wp:=\00wps\do}}\% iterate over the work packages
846 \advance\ensuremath{\tt QQQRM} by \pdataref\ensuremath{\tt QQwp\csite\{RM\}\%}
847 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}} \label{eq:condition}
849 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
850 \f \end{0} \ \textbf{\the\QQQRM}\ifQRAM& \textbf{\the\QQQRAM}\fi}
851 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
852 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi
853 \else% if@sites
854 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt Q@QRM=0\ifGRAM\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt QQQRAM=0\fi}}}
855 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
856 \ensuremath{\verb|@for@wa:=\\@was$do{\edef@wps{\pdataref@safe\\@wa{wp}{ids}}}\%
857 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
858 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
859 \ensuremath{\tt NS} \ensur
860 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\@@@RM}\if@RAM\\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\\@@@RAM}{fi}
```

```
861 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$0$}} \ensuremath{\mbox
862 \fi% if@sites
863 \else%i.e. no work@areas
864 \if@sites
865 \Ofor\Osite:=\propOgenOsites\do{%iterate over the sites
866 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
867 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
868 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
869 \advance\@QQRM by \pdataref@num\@Qwp\@site{RM}%
870 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc NAM}}\ by $\pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
872 \xdef\@totals {\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}
873 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
874 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
876 \else% if@sites
877 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
878 \edef\\@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}\%
879 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
880 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
881 \ensuremath{\tt NAM}\advance\\\ensuremath{\tt OCCRAM}\ by \pdataref@num\{wp\}\\\ensuremath{\tt CCwp}\{RAM\}\\\fi\}
882 \def{all}{\total}{RM}{\the\ccent{all}{total}{RM}}{\the\ccent{all}{total}{RAM}}{\the\ccent{all}{total}}{RAM}{\the\ccent{all}}{\total}{RAM}{\the\ccent{all}}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\total}{\tota
883 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
884 \fi% if@sites
885 \fi
  And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
886 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
887 \if@sites
888 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
889 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
890 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
891 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRAM}}}\fi}
892 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
893 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
894 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
895 \fi
896 \else% if@sites
897 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}
898 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ text \ f\{\ pdataref Qsafe\{all\}\{intended\}\{RAM\}\}\} \ if intended Qtotals \ text \ f\{\ pdataref Qsafe\{all\}\{intended\}\{RAM\}\}\} \ find the property of the 
899 \fi}% if@sites
  finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
  via \local@count from the optional columns.
900 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
901 \begin{wp@figure}
902 \@wp@lines\hline%
903 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\\hline%
904 \ifsubmit\else%
905 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
906 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
907 \fi% topdownPM
908 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
909 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
910 \fi% botupPM
911 \fi% submit
912 \end{wp@figure}}
 and now multilinguality support
913 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
```

```
914 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
915 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

#### 4.11 **Gantt Charts**

Gantt Charts are done with help of the the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
916 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
         917 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
         918 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
         919 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
         920 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
         921 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
         922 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
         923 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}
          Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal
          macros.
         924 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3}
         925 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
             Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.
   gantt The gantt[\langle keyvals \rangle] {\langle height \rangle} environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The
          grid is \prop@gen@months wide and \langle height \rangle high.
         926 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
         927 {\gantt@set{#1}
         928 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
         929 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
         930 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
                 chart - expect trouble; \MessageBreak specify
                 \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
         932
         933 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
         934 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
         935 \gantt@ymonths=#2cm
         936 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .5cm
         937 \begin{tikzpicture} [xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]
         938 \draw[xstep=\gantt@step,gray,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,#2);
         939 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
         940 \ifgantt@miles
         941 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles\gantt@ymiles=#2cm
         942 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm
         943 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=#2.5cm
         944 \advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm
         945 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
         946 \ensuremath{\texttt{Qfor}\@I:=\@@miles\do}\%
         947 \edef\@@month{\pdataref@safe{mile}{\@I}{month}}
         948 \draw[very thick] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,-1);
         949 \node at (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}{\@I}{label}};}
         950 \fi} %gantt@miles
         951 {\end{tikzpicture}}
creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
          that is \langle force \rangle thick.
         952 \newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend
         953 \newcommand{\@action}[5]{%
```

```
954 \gantt@ymid=#2 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                  955 \gantt@xend=#3 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #4 cm
                  956 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                  957 \fill[wagray] (#3,#2) rectangle +(#4,#5);
                  958 \node (#1@left) at (#3,\gantt@ymid) {};
                  959 \node (#1@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                  960 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort
                   A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                  961 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                        \@@e=#1\advance\@@e by #2
                        \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                  963
                        \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                  964
                        \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
                  965
      \ganttchart
                  This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
                   the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                  966 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                  967 \gantt@set{#1}
                  968 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                  969 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@wps}
                      \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                      \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                      \ifwork@areas
                  972
                       \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                  973
                         \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                  974
                         \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                  975
                  976
                           \stepcounter{taskwps}
                           \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                  977
                  978
                           \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                           \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                  979
                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                  980
                           \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%wp-level work phases
                  981
                             \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  982
                             \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                  983
                           \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
                  984
                             \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                  985
                  986
                             \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                               \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  987
                               \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                  988
                       \else% ifwork@areas false
                  989
                       \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                  990
                  991
                       \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                  992
                         \stepcounter{taskwps}
                         \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                  993
                         \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                  994
                         \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                  995
                         \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                  996
                         \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                  997
                           \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  998
                           \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                  999
                         \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
                 1000
                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                 1001
                           \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                 1002
```

1003

\decode@wphase\@@ft

```
1004
                   \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
        \fi% ifwork@areas end
1005
        \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
1006
        \ensuremath{\tt 000dep:=\000deps\do{\%}}
1007
            \label{lem:condition} $$\end{condition} \ \end{condition} $$\end{condition} $$\end
1008
   The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
        \ifgantt@draft
1009
1010
              \newcounter{gantt@month}
              \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
1011
              \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
1012
                 \gantt@effort=0cm
1013
                 \ifwork@areas
1014
                 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
1015
                 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
1016
                     \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
1017
1018
                     \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
1019
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1020
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1021
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1022
1023
                        \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                        \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1024
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1025
                        \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1026
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1027
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1028
                             (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1029
                 \else% ifwork@areas
1030
1031
                 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1032
                 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1033
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1034
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1035
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1036
                        \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1037
                        \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1039
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1040
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1041
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1042
1043
                 \fill (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1044
                 \fi% ifwork@areas
                 \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
1045
            \fi% ifgantt@draft
1046
          \end{gantt}
1047
          \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
1048
1049 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
  now the multilingual support
1050 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
1051 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RAM only)\fi per month}
1052 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
          (\gantt@caption@lower)\fi}
1054 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
          intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
```

\gantttaskchart This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU

```
projects<sup>9</sup>
       EdN:9
                              1056 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
                              1057 \def\gantt@tasks{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                              1058 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@tasks}
                              1059
                                         \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                              1060
                                         \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                                           \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                              1061
                              1062
                                               \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                                               \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                              1063
                              1064
                                                  \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                              1065
                                                  \@@line=\gantt@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                              1066
                                                  \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {{\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
                                                  \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                              1067
                              1068
                                                  \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                              1069
                                                      \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                                      \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                              1070
                                                 }}% end all iterations
                              1071
                                             \end{gantt}
                              1072
                                             \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
                              1074 \end{figure}}
                                 4.12
                                                Coherence
                        \j*
                              1075 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\star$}}}}
                              1076 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
                              1077 \end{jsoft{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{@}}}}
                              1078 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
                              1079 \newcommand\jsup{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}
           \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                                 for the coherence table.
                              1080 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                              1081 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                              1082 {\tt \cmacro\csname\ coherence@\#1@\#2\endcsname\{\#3\}\}} 
         \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                                 coherence table.
                              1083 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{%
                              1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\add@joint\@first\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\add\@joint\@first\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\add\@joint\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\add\@joint\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\add\@joint\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\add\@joint\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=1}} 1084 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt lofirst\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@second\=lse\@
                \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                              1085 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                              1086 \newcommand\jointpub[1]{\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                              1087 \newcommand\jointorga[1] {\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                              1088 \verb|\newcommand\jointsoft[1]{\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}|
                              1089 \newcommand\jointsup[1]{\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
\coherencematrix
                              1090 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                              1091 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax% so they do
                              1092 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
                              1093 \let\jsoft\relax\let\jsup\relax\let\cellcolor\relax\ us
                              1094 \gdef\ct@head{}%
```

 $<sup>^9\</sup>mathrm{EDNote}$ : this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to the deadline

```
1095 \Ofor\Osite:=\propOgenOsites\do{\xdef\OctOhead{\OctOhead%
               1096 &\ifx\cht@swsites\@true\@sw{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
               1097 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline} %initialize with head line
               1098 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@line{\site{\@site}}%
                    \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
               1100
                       \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
                         \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
               1101
                    \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@line\\dotne\\tabularnewline\\hline}}}%
               1102
               1103 \begin{tabular}{|1||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
               1104 \@ct@lines\hline%
               1105 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
               1106
                         \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
                          \jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\hline
               1108 \end{tabular}}
\coherencetable
               1109 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
               1110 \define@key{coherencetable}{stretch}{\def\cht@stretch{#1}}
               1111 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
               1112 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
               1113 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
               1114 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
               1115 \begin{table}[ht]\centering%
               1116 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
               1117 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
               1118 \coherencematrix%
               1119 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
               1120 \end{table}
                 now the multilinguality support
               1121 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
               1122 (/cls)
                 4.13
                        Relevant Papers & References
                 We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it some-
                 where.
               1123 (*cls | reporting)
               1124 \defbibheading{empty}{}
                 We define an internal macro that prints a publication list of a given bibTFX entry type and title for
                 convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified
                 entries from the list.
               1125 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
               1126 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
               1127 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
               1128 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
                 The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key
                 unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
               1129 \newcommand\prop@prl[1] {\message{unclassified: #1}%
               1130 \printbibliography [heading=subbibliography, title=Unclassified, #1]}%
               1131 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@rrl\prop@rl}
                 with this, we define a couple of keys that generate
               1133 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true]{\prop@ppl{inbook}{Book Chapters}}
               1134 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Conference Papers}}
```

1135 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true] {\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference] {inproceedings}{Workshop Papers}}

```
1136 \define@key{paperlist}{theses}[true]{\prop@ppl{thesis}{Theses}}
               1137 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{Submitted}}
               1138 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{Monographs}}
               1139 \define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{\prop@ppl{techreport}}{Technical Reports}}
       featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned
                 in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.
               1140 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}
\prop@paperlist We generate a subsection with a refsection (this makes a separate bibliography for this section)
                 and activate the keys via \nocite. Then we just print the bibliography with the empty header
                 we created before.
               1141 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
               1142 \begin{refsection}%
               1143 \nocite{#2}\addtocategory{featured}{#2}%
               1144 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
               1145 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
               1146 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}
               1147 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
               1148 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
               1149 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[heading=empty]\fi%
               1150 \let\bibfont\biboldfont%
               1151 \end{refsection}}
                    We only have to define the warnpubs and empty heading constructors
               1152 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
               1153 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
               1154 \defbibheading{warnpubs}{\section*{\prop@warnpubs@title}%
                     \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
               1155
               1156 {\@latex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                                       use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
               1157
                     {\prop@warnpubs@message%
               1159 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@pubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\@I\endcsname}}}
               1160 \defbibheading{empty}{}
               1161 (/cls | reporting)
                 4.14 Miscellaneous
    \signatures
               1162 (*pdata)
               1163 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
               1164 \qquad \ \quad\number\day. \number\month. \number\year\\[6ex]
               1165 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\@for\@p:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
               1166 \wa@ref{person}\@p{personaltitle}^\wa@ref{person}\@p{name}\hfill}\}
          \@dmp The \@dmp macro shows metadata information about the keys in the margin if \keystrue is
                 specified. This is a debugging tool.
               1167 \def\@dmp#1{\ifkeys\marginpar{#1}\fi}
          \euro
               1168 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace}
               1169 (/pdata)
```

### References

- [Koh14a] Michael Kohlhase. Editorial Notes for LATEX. Tech. rep. Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (CTAN), 2014.
- [Koh14b] Michael Kohlhase. Preparing DFG Proposals and Reports in LATEX with dfgproposal.cls. Tech. rep. Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (CTAN), 2014. URL: http://www.ctan.org/get/macros/latex/contrib/proposal/dfg/dfgproposal.pdf.
- [Koh14c] Michael Kohlhase. workaddress.sty: An Infrastructure for marking up Dublin Core Metadata in LATEX documents. Tech. rep. Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (CTAN), 2014. URL: http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/contrib/stex/workaddress/workaddress.pdf.
- [Lon] Brent Longborough. gitinfo2.sty. A package for accessing metadata from the git dvcs. URL: http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/gitinfo2/gitinfo2.pdf (visited on 10/26/2014).