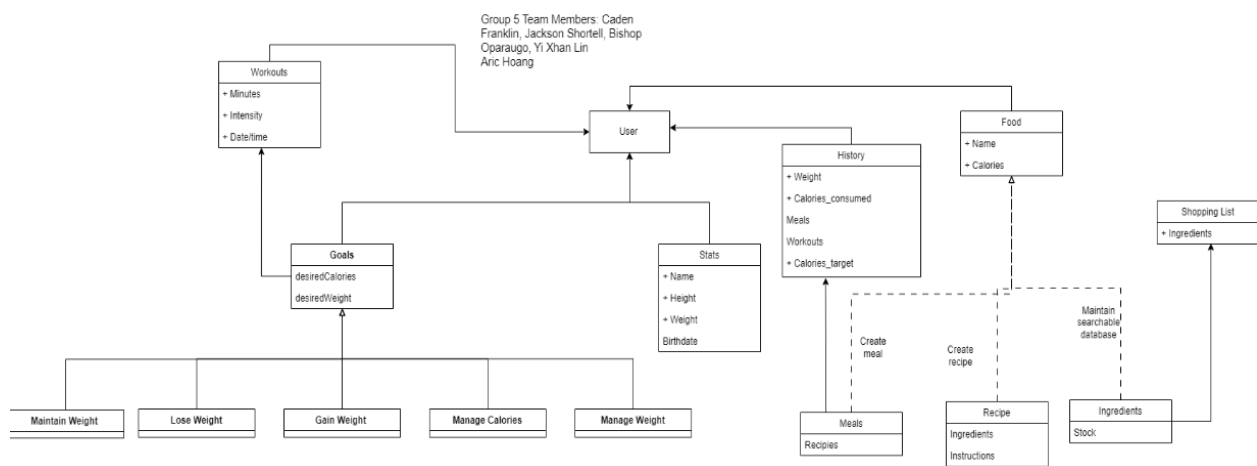# <NutriApp 2.0>

Design Documentation

Prepared by CTN TEAM 5

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Summary

As a software developing team, we have been tasked with creating an app "NutriAPP" that is used to track nutrition. The application includes features for allowing the user to input their information (statistics), choose a goal, and keep track of their development. It will also keep a record of the various forms of foods and properties included in the user's diet, maintain a searchable database of ingredients, provide appropriate workout routines, and adapt to handle changes made to the user's input. Additional functionality such as the shopping cart interface and treelike structure of the recipes, ingredients, and meal classes should also be implemented.

Domain Model

System architecture

Group 5 Team Members: Caden Franklin, Jackson Shortell, Bishop Oparaugo, Yi Xhan Lin, Aric Hoang
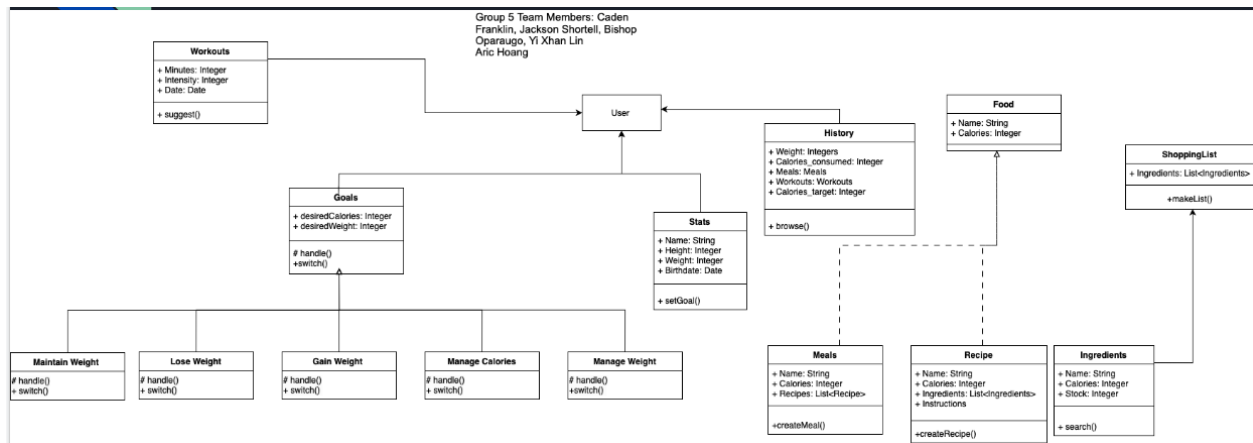
Subsystem

This section provides detailed design for specific subsystems described in the system architecture.

Name of the subsystem

In this section, provide the following information for the first subsystem.
• Class structure diagram and a narrative that describes the structure of this subsystem
• Sequence diagrams with associated narratives that describe the dynamic behaviors that are primarily located within this subsystem. Within your subsystem design descriptions, you must make sure to provide sequence diagrams for all features listed in the design project problem statement. You may also decide that other features require documentation within the subsystems.
• A description of all design patterns that are primarily located within this subsystem. Use the table below to describe each design pattern. If a design pattern cuts across the boundary of subsystems, place the pattern usage table in the section for the subsystem that holds the majority of pattern participants.
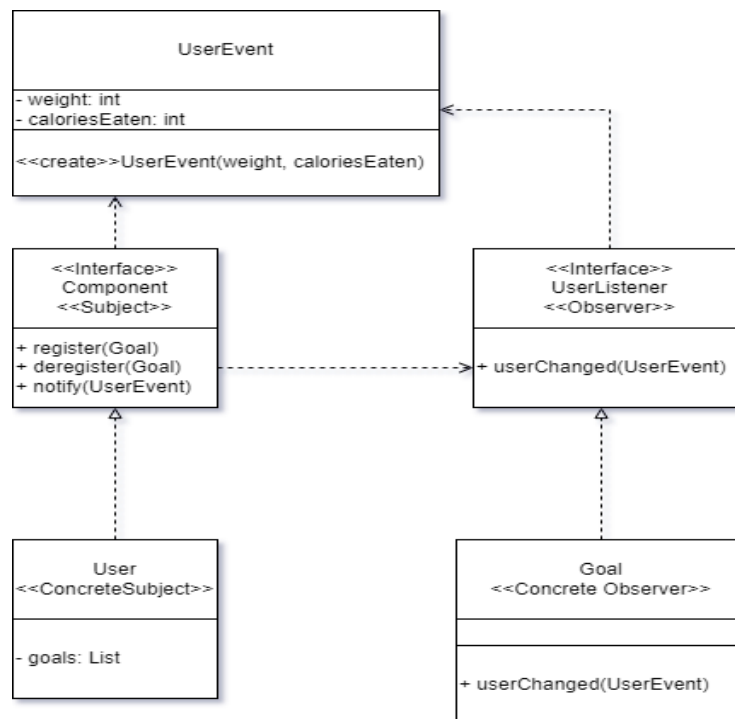
STATE DESIGN PATTERN
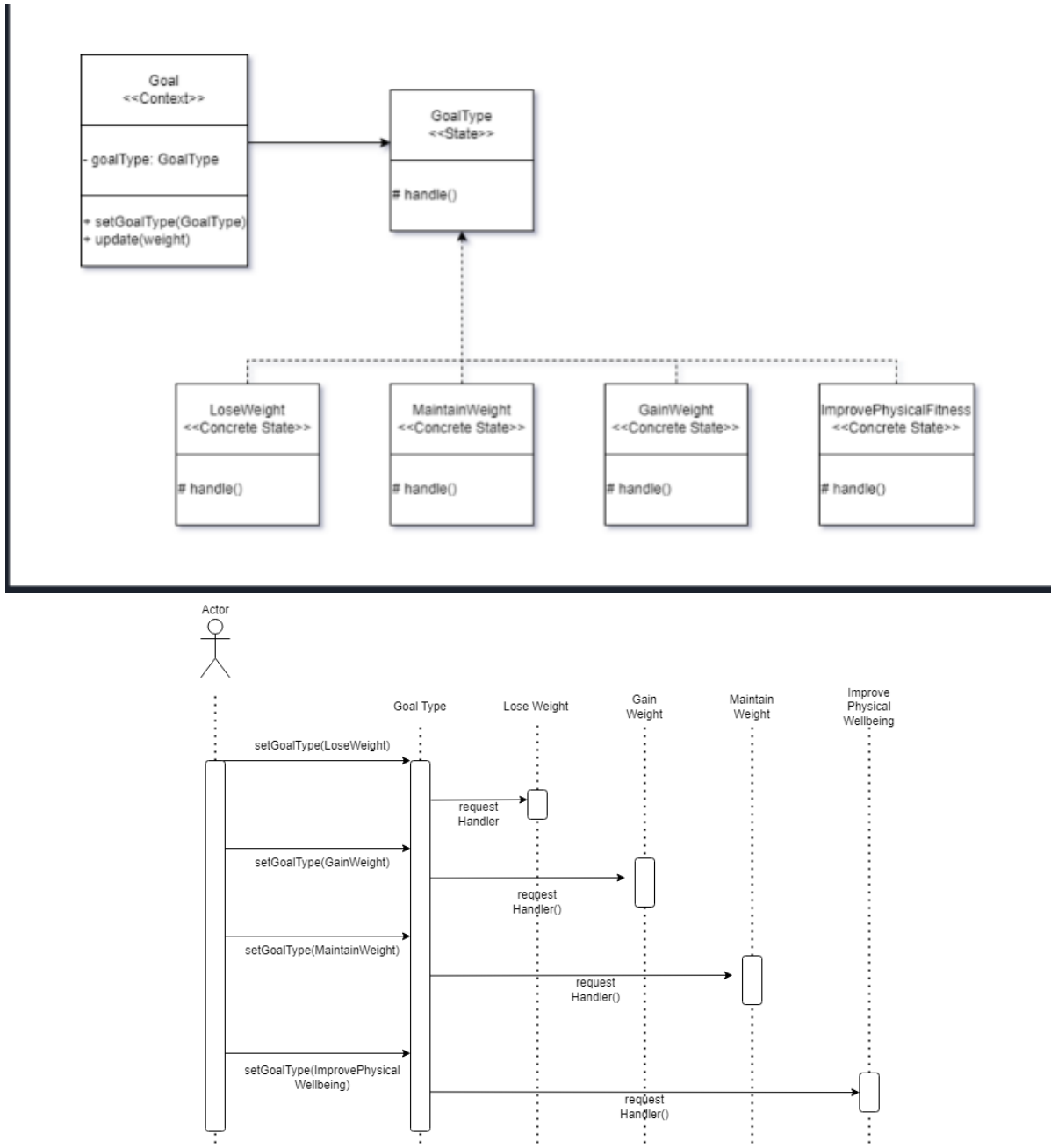
Generic GoF Design Pattern Name: State Design Pattern	
Pattern Name in terms of system context: SavedHistory	
List one per line the participants from the GoF class structure (add rows, if needed)	Nouns from your table that take on that participant role. If there is no noun for a participant role explain why.
State	History
State Context	Goal Type
ConcreteStateA	Lose Weight
ConcreteStateB	Gain Weight
ConcreteStateC	Maintain Weight

ConcreteStateD	Improve Physical Wellbeing
Short (several sentences) narrative description of how the design pattern is being used in this application. Should be tied to system description and requirements. The State Design Pattern is used to set the state of the goals between the different goals. After setting a state, the system will then implement the strategy design, which actually creates things in the goal. If something is automatically detected about a person's weight, the state will automatically change depending on the weight of the user. Also in the UserStats class, the user inputs a height and weight which directly influences the latter concrete classes.	

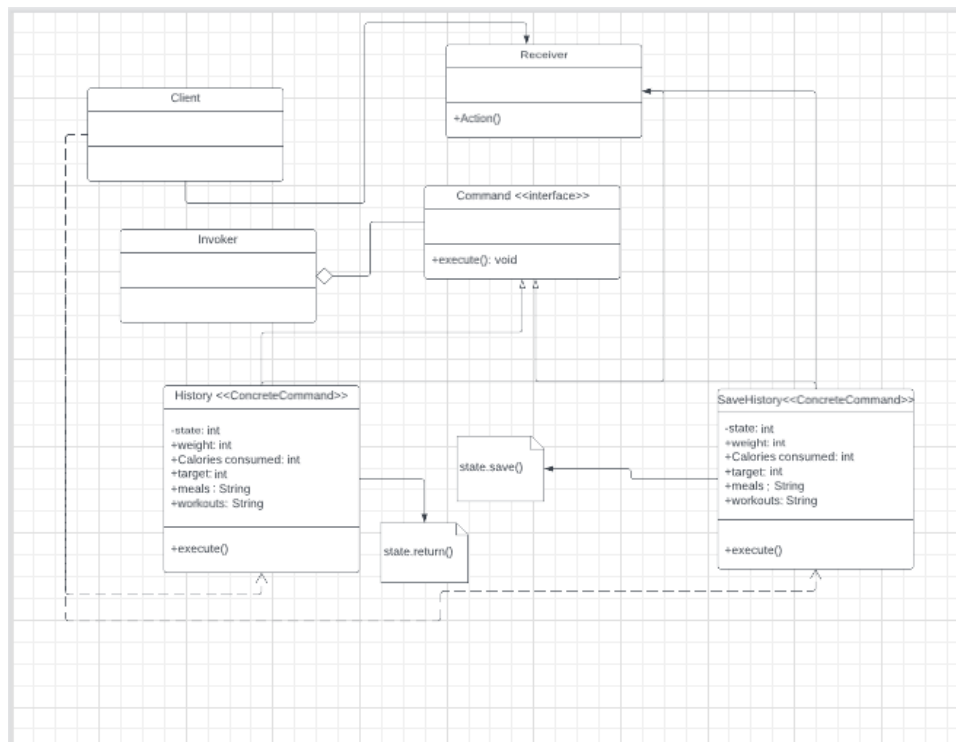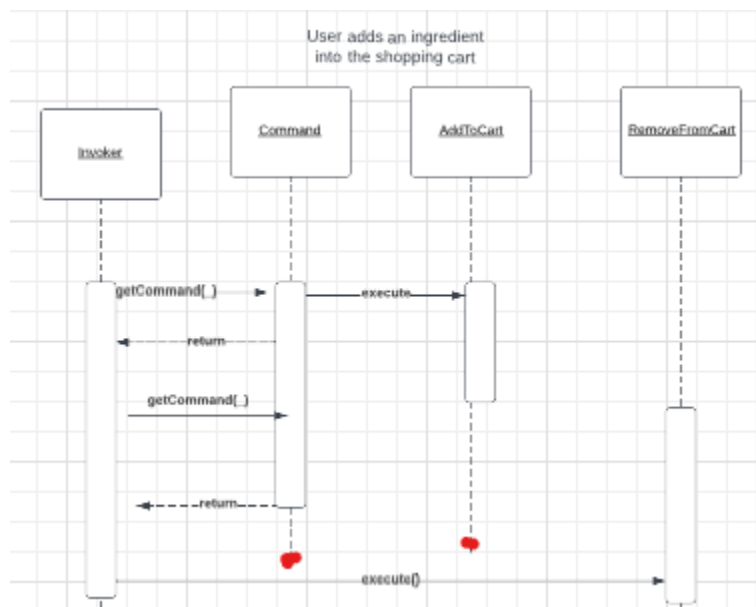OBSERVER DESIGN PATTERN

Observer Sequence

Generic GoF Design Pattern Name: Observer Pattern	
Pattern Name in terms of system context: updateGoal	
List one per line the participants from the GoF class structure (add rows, if needed)	Nouns from your table that take on that participant role. If there is no noun for a participant role explain why.
Subject	Goal
Interface	notifyObservers()
ConcreteObserverA	Food[meals, recipes, and ingredients]
ConcreteObserverB	Workouts
Short (several sentences) narrative description of how the design pattern is being used in this application. Should be tied to system description and requirements. The Observer Pattern will be used in the design of the NUTRIX app to notify its list of dependents of any internal changes made to the userGoal class object. Notified objects will then modify their behaviors based on the new state/behavior of the Object class "userGoal".	

COMMAND DESIGN PATTERN

History Instance:

Class Diagram:

- Client
- ShoppingCart
  - +Action()
- Button <<Invoker>>
  - -requests: List
  - +takerequest():void
  - +placerequest():void
- Command <<interface>>
  - +execute(): void
- AddItem <<ConcreteCommand>>
  - -ingredient : Ingredient
  - +AddtoCart()
  - +execute()
- RemoveItem<<ConcreteCommand>>
  - -ingredient: Ingredient
  - +RemovefomCart
  - +execute()
- Ingredients
  - -ingredient : Ingredient
  - +Add(): void
  - +Delete(): void
- state.remove()
- state.add()

Sequence Diagram: User adds an ingredient into the shopping cart

- Invoker
- Command
- AddToCart
- RemoveFromCart

getCommand[ ]
return
getCommand[ ]
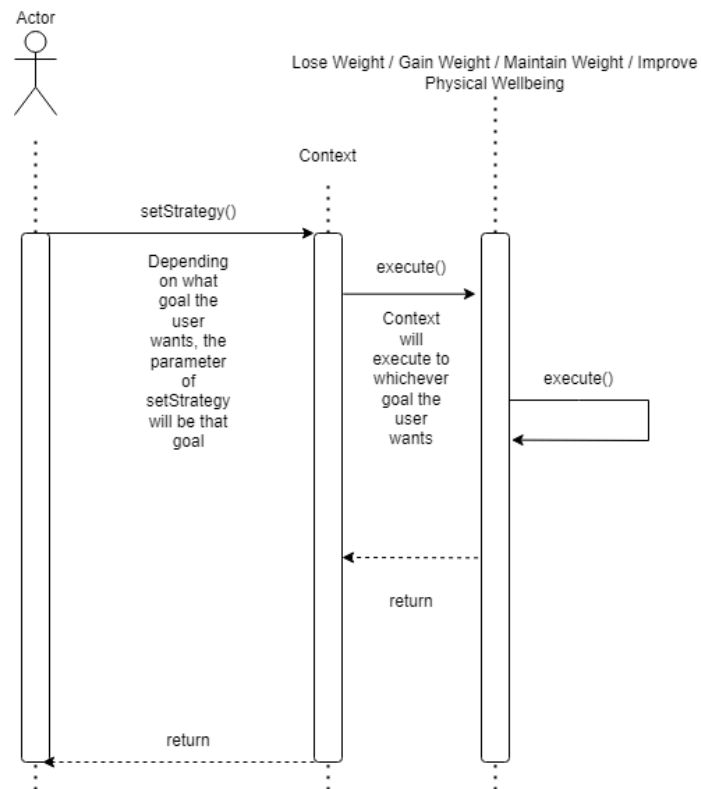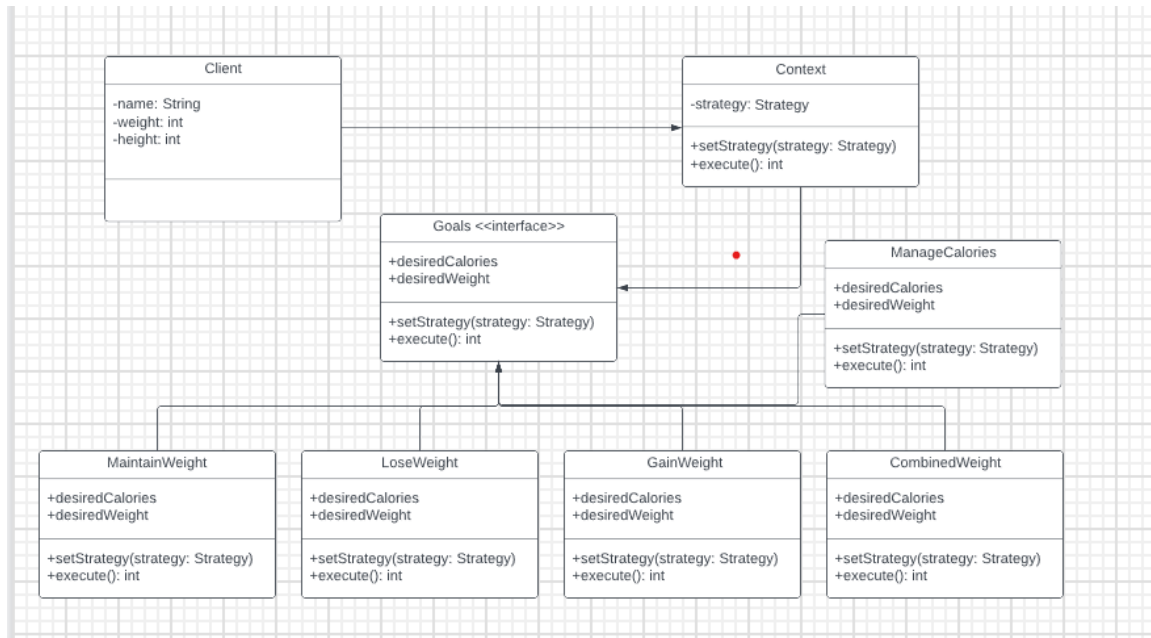return
execute
execute()

Generic GoF Design Pattern Name: Command Design Pattern	
Pattern Name in terms of system context: Shopping List	
List one per line the participants from the GoF class structure (add rows, if needed)	Nouns from your table that take on that participant role. If there is no noun for a participant role explain why.
Receiver	Shopping List

| Invoker	Button
ConcreteCommand	Checkout (This is a verb not a noun, an invoker activities this)
ConcreteCommand	Remove From Cart (This is a verb not a noun, an invoker activities this)
ConcreteCommand	Add To Cart (This is a verb not a noun, an invoker activities this)
Invoker	Ingredients
Short (several sentences) narrative description of how the design pattern is being used in this application. Should be tied to system description and requirements. Include the idea of how you can add/remove items from the list and also store information of code The idea would be that everytime an ingredient is selected, there would be a widget that executes a command to store the ingredient somewhere. Adding to cart would take that active ingredient and add it into the cart. From there, you can view your cart and use more widgets to interact with it. You remove items from your cart, or you can checkout and buy them. All of these functions will take commands and widgets. The widgets act like invokers that initiate the changes in the shopping cart. The client and receiver would be the shopping list because it will constantly receive data and will act as the main hub for most of the shopping cart commands.	

STRATEGY DESIGN PATTERN

Client
-name: String
-weight: int
-height: int

Context
-strategy: Strategy
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

Goals <<interface>>
+desiredCalories
+desiredWeight
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

ManageCalories
+desiredCalories
+desiredWeight
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

MaintainWeight
+desiredCalories
+desiredWeight
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

LoseWeight
+desiredCalories
+desiredWeight
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

GainWeight
+desiredCalories
+desiredWeight
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

CombinedWeight
+desiredCalories
+desiredWeight
+setStrategy(strategy: Strategy)
+execute(): int

Actor

Lose Weight / Gain Weight / Maintain Weight / Improve Physical Wellbeing

Context

setStrategy()

Depending on what goal the user wants, the parameter of setStrategy will be that goal

execute()

Context will execute to whichever goal the user wants

execute()

return

return

| Generic GoF Design Pattern Name: Strategy Design Pattern	
Pattern Name in terms of system context: userGoal	
List one per line the participants from the GoF class structure (add rows, if needed)	Nouns from your table that take on that participant role. If there is no noun for a participant role explain why.

Strategy Interface	Goal (selecting the current goal state desired by the user)
Context	UserInput
ConcreteStrategyA	LoseWeight
ConcreteStrategyB	GainWeight
ConcreteStrategyC	MaintainWeight
ConcreteStrategyD	Combined

Short (several sentences) narrative description of how the design pattern is being used in this application. Should be tied to system description and requirements.

The Strategy design pattern could be used in this application to determine the differences in the goal the user wants to achieve. Currently, the major differences in goals for the Nutrix app are losing, gaining, and maintaining weight. Each of these separate goals can be represented as a separate strategy. All having one behavior similar to the other listed possibilities. Incorporating this design pattern will help reduce list conditionals, duplicate code, and help preserve the open close design principle with its drawback only being an increased amount of class objects.

COMPOSITE DESIGN PATTERN
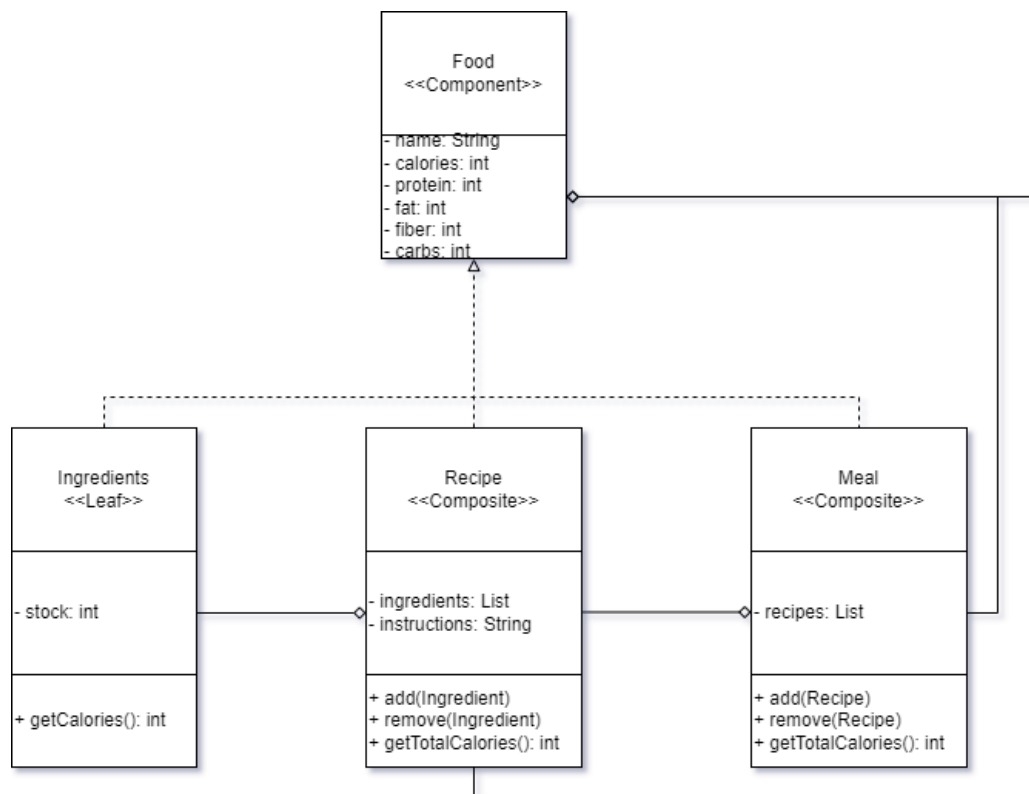
Generic GoF Design Pattern Name: Composite Design Pattern	
Pattern Name in terms of system context: Recipes and meals organization	
List one per line the participants from the GoF class structure (add rows, if needed)	Nouns from your table that take on that participant role. If there is no noun for a participant role explain why.
User	Client
Component	Food

Composite	Recipes
Composite	Meals
Leaf	Ingredients

Short (several sentences) narrative description of how the design pattern is being used in this application. Should be tied to system description and requirements.

Recipes, meals, and ingredients are all foods but are each different in terms of what they are and how they should be treated and created. Since ingredients are a stand alone food while recipes are a collection of ingredients and meals are a collection of recipes we saw how each of these things would fit nicely into the composite design pattern. This design pattern will be useful to achieve some of the requirements in the design problem such as when a user prepares a meal the app knows how many calories to subtract from their daily total. To access the caloric information of a meal you would need to access all of the recipes within that meal and then all of the ingredients in each recipe. With this design pattern we would easily be able to access all of that information and help users easily keep track of their daily total.
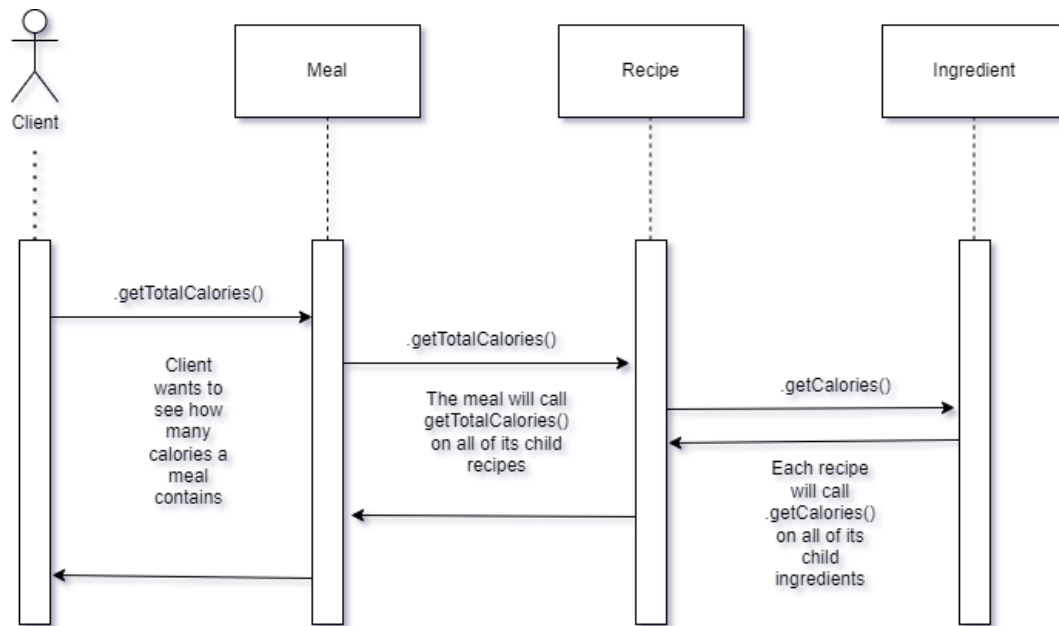
Factory Design Pattern
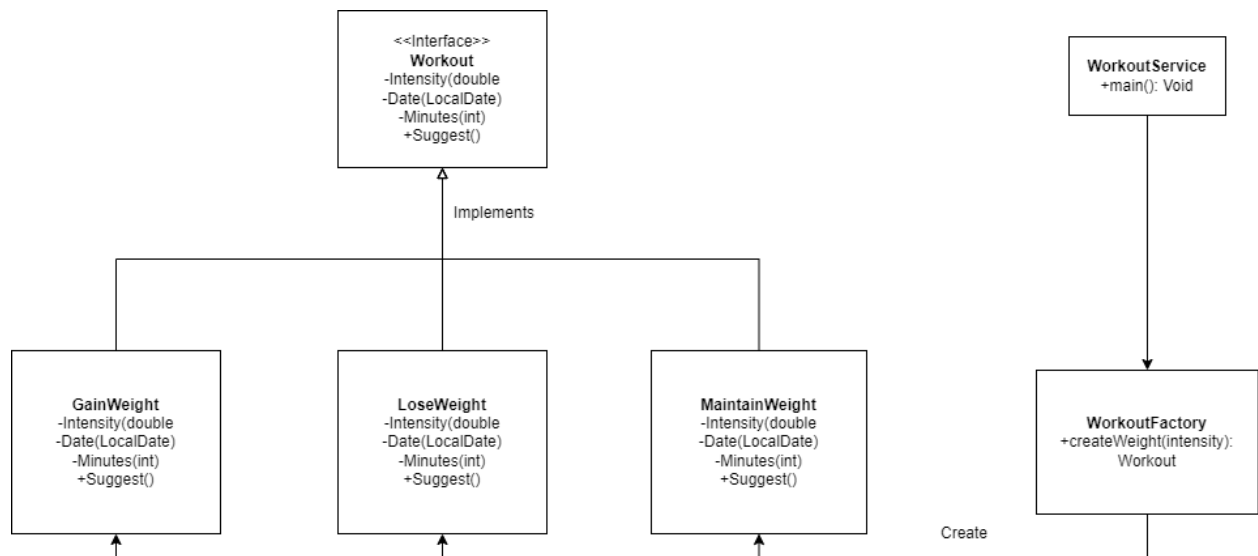
Interface	Workout
Service	WorkoutService
Factory	WorkoutFactory
Workout	Gain, Lose, Maintain Weight
There is an interface for workout, each type of workout has a compositor with a parameter of intensity. Then the factory creates the workout and the intensity is automatically adjusted based on giving it (low, mid, high) Calories and minutes are also calculated based off intensity.	

Factory Design Pattern
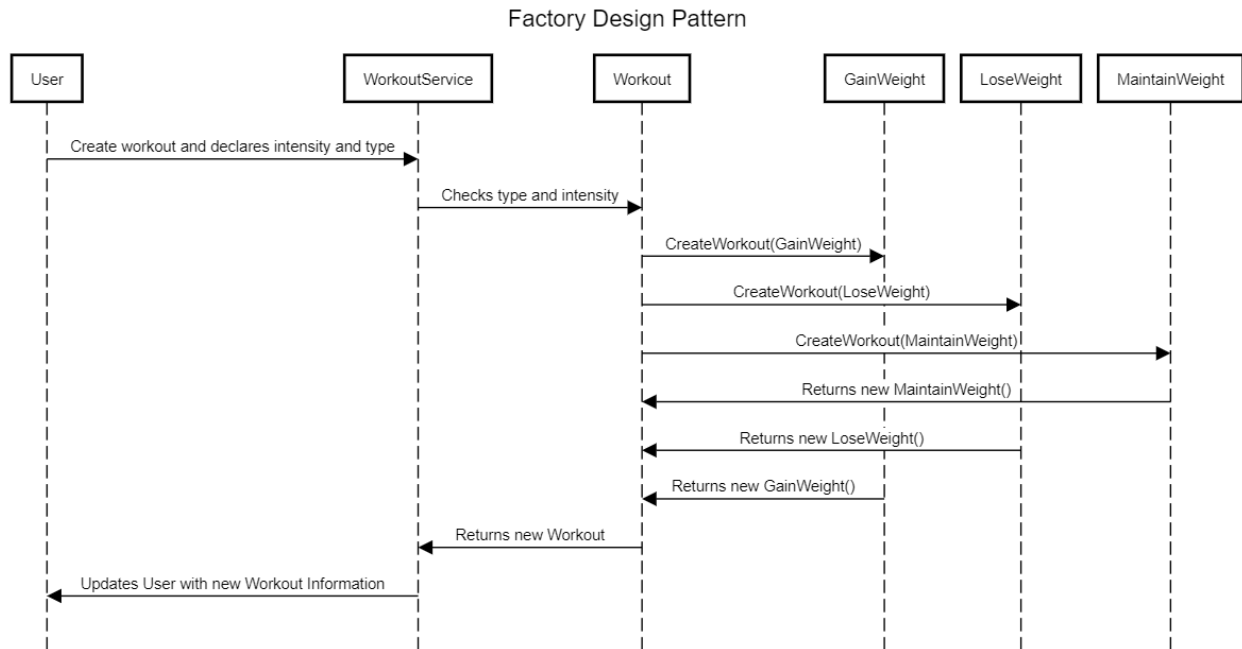
Status of Implementation

As of now the project is finished with the design phase. From the requirements several patterns were identified and subsystems were designed. Implementation is starting soon.

Appendix

This section provides fine-grained design details for all of the classes in your design. You will capture this information using the CRC (Class-Responsibilities-Collaborators) card format below.

CLASS	User
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows, workouts Knows Goals Knows Stats Knows History
COLLABORATORS	History Stats Goals Workouts

USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Workout
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows minutes Knows intensity Knows date
COLLABORATORS	user
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Stats
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows Name Knows Height Knows Weight Knows Birthdate
COLLABORATORS	User
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	History
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows weight Knows Calories_consumed Knows Meals Knows Workouts Knows Calories_target
COLLABORATORS	User Food

USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Goals
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows desiredCalories Knows desiredWeight Knows maintain weight
COLLABORATORS	History Stats Goals Workouts
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Meals
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows Recipes Create meals
COLLABORATORS	Food
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Recipes
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows Ingredients Create recipes
COLLABORATORS	Food
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Ingredients
RESPONSIBILITIES	Knows calories, carbs, fats, and proteins
COLLABORATORS	Shopping List
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN

CLASS	Shopping List
RESPONSIBILITIES	Search ingredients
COLLABORATORS	Shopping List
USERS	Used By: User
AUTHORS	CTN