Dr. I. Gleason SS 2024

Dr. J. Anschütz

#### Algebraic Geometry II

#### 9. Exercise sheet

### Exercise 1 (4 points):

Let  $f: Y \to X$  be a morphism of ringed spaces. Let  $\mathcal{M}$  be an  $\mathcal{O}_Y$ -module.

- i) Show that  $R^i f_*(\mathcal{M})$  is the sheafification of the presheaf  $U \mapsto H^i(f^{-1}(U), \mathcal{M}_{|f^{-1}(U)})$ .
- ii) Show that flasque  $\mathcal{O}_Y$ -modules are acyclic for  $f_*$ . Deduce that if  $g\colon Z\to Y$  is a morphism of ringed spaces, then  $g_*$  sends injective  $\mathcal{O}_Z$ -modules to acyclic objects for  $f_*$ .

Hint/Remark: In part i) use that restricting to open subsets preserves injective  $\mathcal{O}$ -modules. Part ii) implies the existence of the Leray spectral sequence  $E_2^{ij} = R^i f_*(R^i g_*(-)) \Rightarrow R^{i+j}(f \circ g)_*(-)$ .

## Exercise 2 (4 points):

Use the horseshoe lemma to prove the existence of Cartan–Eilenberg resolutions as defined in class.

# Exercise 3 (4 points):

Let k be a field. Using a suitable open affine cover of X, show that  $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  is an infinite-dimensional k-vector space in the following cases:

- 1) X is the affine line over k with doubled origin.
- 2)  $X = \mathbb{A}_k^2 \setminus \{(0,0)\}.$

## Exercise 4 (4 points):

Let A be a ring and M, N two A-modules with flat resolutions  $P^{\bullet}$  resp.  $Q^{\bullet}$  (thus  $Q^i = P^i = 0$  for i > 0). Use the spectral sequence associated to the double complex  $C^{\bullet, \bullet}$  with  $C^{i,j} = P^i \otimes Q^j$  to show that for  $i \in \mathbb{Z}$  there are natural isomorphism

$$\operatorname{Tor}_{-i}^{A}(M,N) := H^{i}(P^{\bullet} \otimes N) \cong H^{i}(\operatorname{Tot}(C^{\bullet,\bullet})) \cong H^{i}(M \otimes Q^{\bullet}).$$

In particular, Tor-functors can be computed via flat resolutions in either variable.

To be handed in on: Thursday, 20.06.2024 (during the lecture or via eCampus).