

# Exercício 3 - Análise Assintótica

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▼ 1 -  $f(n) = n - 100$ ;  $g(n) = n - 200$

$$f(n) \leq 2 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 300$$

$$f(n) \geq 1 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 150$$

$$f(n) = \Theta(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 300$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n - 100}{n - 200} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1} = 1 \therefore$$

$$f(n) \neq o(g(n)), f(n) \neq \omega(g(n))$$

▼ 2 -  $f(n) = \log(n)$ ;  $g(n) = (\log(n))^2$

$$f(n) \leq 1 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 1$$

$$\nexists c \mid f(n) \geq c \times g(n) \therefore$$

$$f(n) = O(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log(n)}{(\log(n))^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\log(n)} = 0 \therefore$$

$$f(n) = o(g(n)), f(n) \neq \omega(g(n))$$

▼ 3 -  $f(n) = \log(n)$ ;  $g(n) = \log(n^2)$

$$f(n) \leq 1 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0$$

$$f(n) \geq \frac{1}{2} \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \therefore$$

$$f(n) = \Theta(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log(n)}{\log(n^2)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \therefore$$

$$f(n) \neq o(g(n)), f(n) \neq \omega(g(n))$$

▼ 4 -  $f(n) = 2^n$ ;  $g(n) = 2^{n+1}$

$$\begin{aligned} f(n) &\leq 1 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \\ f(n) &\geq \frac{1}{2} \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \therefore \\ f(n) &= \Theta(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n}{2^{n+1}} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \therefore \\ f(n) &\neq o(g(n)), \quad f(n) \neq \omega(g(n)) \end{aligned}$$

▼ 5 -  $f(n) = n!$ ;  $g(n) = 2^n$

$$\begin{aligned} f(n) &\geq g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 4 \\ \nexists c \mid f(n) &\leq c \times g(n) \therefore \\ f(n) &= \Omega(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 4 \end{aligned}$$

- Observando o crescimento individual de cada função, observamos que:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{2^n} &= \infty \therefore \\ f(n) &\neq o(g(n)), \quad f(n) = \omega(g(n)) \end{aligned}$$

▼ 6 -  $f(n) = 2n^2 + 5n$ ;  $g(n) = n^2$

$$\begin{aligned} f(n) &\leq 7 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \\ f(n) &\geq 1 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \therefore \\ f(n) &= \Theta(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2 + 5n}{n^2} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2 + \frac{5}{n} = 2 \therefore \\ f(n) &\neq o(g(n)), \quad f(n) \neq \omega(g(n)) \end{aligned}$$

▼ 7 -  $f(n) = 2n^2 + 5n$ ;  $g(n) = n^3$

$$\begin{aligned}
f(n) &\leq 7 \times g(n) \quad \forall n \geq 0 \\
\exists c \mid f(n) &\geq c \times g(n) \therefore \\
f(n) &= O(g(n)) \quad \forall n \geq 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2 + 5n}{n^3} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 + \frac{5}{n}}{n} = 0 \therefore \\
f(n) &= o(g(n)), \quad f(n) \neq \omega(g(n))
\end{aligned}$$