

InstDis

$P(i|\mathbf{v}) = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{v}_i^T \mathbf{v} / \tau)}{\sum_{j=1}^n \exp(\mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{v} / \tau)}$
how to compute probability(vector l_2 norm):

motivation: learn similarity among same features

Memory Bank: low consistence, high negative samples number

Reduce computation: NCE $Z \simeq Z_i \simeq nE_j [\exp(\mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{f}_i / \tau)] = \frac{n}{m} \sum_{k=1}^m \exp(\mathbf{v}_{jk}^T \mathbf{f}_i / \tau),$

$h(i, \mathbf{v}) := P(D = 1 | i, \mathbf{v}) = \frac{P(i|\mathbf{v})}{P(i|\mathbf{v}) + mP_n(i)}$
if approximated training objective is to minimize the ve log-posterior distribution of data and noise sampl
 $J_{NCE}(\theta) = -E_{P_d} [\log h(i, \mathbf{v})] - m \cdot E_{P_n} [\log(1 - h(i, \mathbf{v}))]$
loss

$w_c = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{N}_c} \alpha_i \cdot 1(c_i = c)$
classification: knn and voting each class

InvarSpread

motivation

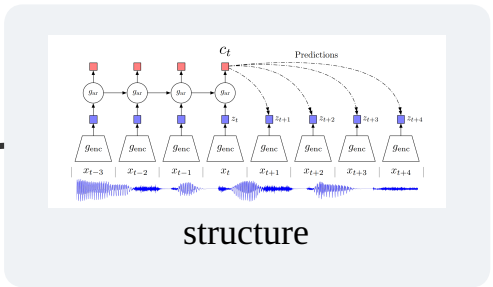
- 1. memory bank inconsistency
- 2. same feature close, while different features spread

prob: softmax embedding, m is batch size. compare in a batch, higher consistency
 $P(i|\hat{\mathbf{x}}_i) = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{f}_i^T \hat{\mathbf{f}}_i / \tau)}{\sum_{k=1}^m \exp(\mathbf{f}_k^T \hat{\mathbf{f}}_i / \tau)}$

$P_i = P(i|\hat{\mathbf{x}}_i) \prod_{j \neq i} (1 - P(i|\hat{\mathbf{x}}_j))$ (5)
The negative log likelihood is given by
 $J_i = -\log P(i|\hat{\mathbf{x}}_i) - \sum_{j \neq i} \log(1 - P(i|\hat{\mathbf{x}}_j))$ (6)
loss: likelihood

why $P(i|\hat{\mathbf{x}}_i)$ spread : paper gives an analysis

CPC



learn a function f:
 $f_k(x_{t+k}, c_t) \propto \frac{p(x_{t+k}|c_t)}{p(x_{t+k})}$

loss:
 $\mathcal{L}_N = -\mathbb{E}_X \left[\log \frac{f_k(x_{t+k}, c_t)}{\sum_{x_j \in X} f_k(x_j, c_t)} \right]$

under this loss f achieve desired form

lower bound of Mutual information

CMC

motivation: multiview to compare (pretext task)

loss

$h_{\theta}(\{v_1, v_2\}) = \exp(\frac{f_{\theta_1}(v_1) \cdot f_{\theta_2}(v_2)}{\|f_{\theta_1}(v_1)\| \cdot \|f_{\theta_2}(v_2)\|} \cdot \frac{1}{\tau})$

$\mathcal{L}_{contrast}^{V_1, V_2} = -\mathbb{E}_{\{v_1^1, v_2^1, \dots, v_2^{k+1}\}} \left[\log \frac{h_{\theta}(\{v_1^1, v_2^1\})}{\sum_{j=1}^{k+1} h_{\theta}(\{v_1^1, v_2^j\})} \right]$

$\mathcal{L}(V_1, V_2) = \mathcal{L}_{contrast}^{V_1, V_2} + \mathcal{L}_{contrast}^{V_2, V_1}$
对称

这个loss也能和互信息相关？