

# Equivalence of RA and RC

Dr Paolo Guagliardo

`dbms-lecturer@ed.ac.uk`



THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH  
**informatics**

Fall 2018

Algebra  $\equiv$  Safe calculus

## **Fundamental theorem of database theory:**

Relational algebra and Safe relational calculus **equally expressive**

- ▶ For every query in safe relational calculus  
there exists an equivalent query in relational algebra
- ▶ For every query in relational algebra  
there exists an equivalent query in safe relational calculus

## From algebra to calculus

Translate each RA expression  $E$  into a FOL formula  $\varphi$

**Assumption:** the attributes of a relation are **ordered**

( $R$  over  $A, B, C$  means the 1st column is  $A$ , the 2nd is  $B$ , the 3rd is  $C$ )

**Environment  $\eta$**

Maps each attribute  $A$  in the schema to a variable  $x_A$

## From algebra to calculus

**Base relation**

$R$  over  $A_1, \dots, A_n$  is translated to  $R(\eta(A_1), \dots, \eta(A_n))$

**Example**

If  $R$  is a base relation over  $A, B$

$$\eta = \{ A \mapsto x_A, B \mapsto x_B, \dots \}$$

then  $R$  is translated to  $R(x_A, x_B)$

## From algebra to calculus

Renaming  $\rho_{A \rightarrow B}(E)$

1. Translate  $E$  to  $\varphi$
2. If there is no mapping for  $B$  in  $\eta$ , add  $\{B \mapsto x_B\}$
3. Replace every occurrence of  $\eta(B)$  in  $\varphi$  with a **fresh** variable
4. Replace every (free) occurrence of  $\eta(A)$  in  $\varphi$  by  $\eta(B)$

### Example

If  $R$  is a base relation over  $A, B$

then  $\rho_{A \rightarrow B}(\rho_{B \rightarrow C}(R))$  is translated to  $R(x_B, x_C)$

## From algebra to calculus

Projection

$\pi_\alpha(E)$  is translated to  $\exists X \varphi$

where

- ▶  $\varphi$  is the translation of  $E$
- ▶  $X = \mathbf{free}(\varphi) - \eta(\alpha)$   
(attributes that are **not** projected become quantified)

### Example

If  $R$  is a base relation over  $A, B$

then  $\pi_A(R)$  is translated into  $\exists x_B R(x_A, x_B)$

# From algebra to calculus

## Selection

$\sigma_\theta(E)$  is translated to  $\varphi \wedge \eta(\theta)$

where

- ▶  $\varphi$  is the translation of  $E$
- ▶  $\eta(\theta)$  is obtained from  $\theta$  by replacing each attribute  $A$  by  $\eta(A)$

## Example

If  $R$  is a base relation over  $A, B$

then  $\sigma_{A=B}(R)$  is translated into  $R(x_A, x_B) \wedge x_A = x_B$

# From algebra to calculus

Cartesian Product, Union, Difference

Product	$E_1 \times E_2$	is translated to	$\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2$
Union	$E_1 \cup E_2$	is translated to	$\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2$
Difference	$E_1 - E_2$	is translated to	$\varphi_1 \wedge \neg \varphi_2$

where

- ▶  $\varphi_1$  is the translation of  $E_1$
- ▶  $\varphi_2$  is the translation of  $E_2$

## Example

**Customer** : CustID, Name

**Account** : Number, CustID

Environment  $\eta = \{ \text{CustID} \mapsto x_1, \text{Name} \mapsto x_2, \text{Number} \mapsto x_3 \}$

How do we translate **Customer**  $\bowtie$  **Account** ? Blackboard time!

$$\exists x_4 \text{ Customer}(x_1, x_2) \wedge \text{Account}(x_3, x_4) \wedge x_1 = x_4$$

## Active domain in relational algebra

For  $R$  over attributes  $A_1, \dots, A_n$

$$\mathbf{Adom}(R) = \rho_{A_1 \rightarrow A}(\pi_{A_1}(R)) \cup \dots \cup \rho_{A_n \rightarrow A}(\pi_{A_n}(R))$$

$$\mathbf{Adom}(D) = \bigcup_{R \in D} \mathbf{Adom}(R)$$

$\mathbf{Adom}_A$  is the relation  $\mathbf{Adom}(D)$  over attribute  $A$

## From calculus to algebra

Translate each FOL formula  $\varphi$  into an RA expression  $E$

### Assumptions (without loss of generality)

- ▶ No universal quantifiers, implications, double negations
- ▶ No distinct pair of quantifiers binds the same variable
- ▶ No variable occurs both free and bound
- ▶ No variable is repeated within a predicate
- ▶ No constants in predicates
- ▶ No atoms of the form  $x$  **op**  $x$  or  $c_1$  **op**  $c_2$

### Environment $\eta$

Maps each variable  $x$  to an attribute  $A_x$

## From calculus to algebra

Let  $R$  be over attributes  $A_1, \dots, A_n$

### Predicate

$R(x_1, \dots, x_n)$  is translated to  $\rho_{A_1 \rightarrow \eta(x_1), \dots, A_n \rightarrow \eta(x_n)}(R)$

### Example

For  $R$  over attributes  $A, B, C$ ,

$R(x, y, z)$  is translated into  $\rho_{A \rightarrow A_x, B \rightarrow A_y, C \rightarrow A_z}(R)$

# From calculus to algebra

## Existential quantification

$\exists x \varphi$  is translated to  $\pi_{\eta(X-\{x\})}(E)$

where

- ▶  $E$  is the translation of  $\varphi$
- ▶  $X = \mathbf{free}(\varphi)$

### Example

For  $\varphi$  with free variables  $x, y, z$  and translation  $E$ ,  
 $\exists y \varphi$  is translated to  $\pi_{A_x, A_z}(E)$

# From calculus to algebra

## Comparisons

$x \mathbf{op} y$  is translated to  $\sigma_{\eta(x) \mathbf{op} \eta(y)}(\mathbf{Adom}_{\eta(x)} \times \mathbf{Adom}_{\eta(y)})$

$x \mathbf{op} c$  is translated to  $\sigma_{\eta(x) \mathbf{op} c}(\mathbf{Adom}_{\eta(x)})$

### Example

$x = y$  is translated to  $\sigma_{A_x = A_y}(\mathbf{Adom}_{A_x} \times \mathbf{Adom}_{A_y})$

$x > 1$  is translated to  $\sigma_{A_x > 1}(\mathbf{Adom}_{A_x})$

## From calculus to algebra

### Negation

$\neg\varphi$  is translated into  $\left( \bigtimes_{x \in \mathbf{free}(\varphi)} \mathbf{Adom}_{\eta(x)} \right) - E$

where  $E$  is the translation of  $\varphi$

### Example

For  $\varphi$  with free variables  $x, y$  and translation  $E$

$\neg\varphi$  is translated to  $\mathbf{Adom}_{A_x} \times \mathbf{Adom}_{A_y} - E$

## From calculus to algebra

**Disjunction:**  $\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2$  is translated to

$$E_1 \times \left( \bigtimes_{x \in X_2 - X_1} \mathbf{Adom}_{\eta(x)} \right) \cup E_2 \times \left( \bigtimes_{x \in X_1 - X_2} \mathbf{Adom}_{\eta(x)} \right)$$

where, for  $i \in \{1, 2\}$ ,

- ▶  $E_i$  is the translation of  $\varphi_i$
- ▶  $X_i = \mathbf{free}(\varphi_i)$

**Conjunction:** same as disjunction, but use  $\cap$  instead of  $\cup$



## Example

**Customer** : CustID, Name

**Account** : Number, CustID

Translate  $\exists x_4 \text{ Customer}(x_1, x_2) \wedge \text{Account}(x_3, x_4) \wedge x_1 = x_4$

Environment  $\eta = \{ x_1 \mapsto A, x_2 \mapsto B, x_3 \mapsto C, x_4 \mapsto D \}$

$$\pi_{A,B,C} \left( (E_1 \times \mathbf{Adom}_C \times \mathbf{Adom}_D) \cap \right. \\ \left. (\mathbf{Adom}_A \times \mathbf{Adom}_B \times E_2) \cap \right. \\ \left. (\sigma_{A=D}(\mathbf{Adom}_A \times \mathbf{Adom}_D) \times \mathbf{Adom}_B \times \mathbf{Adom}_C) \right)$$

where

- ▶  $E_1 = \rho_{\text{CustID} \rightarrow A, \text{Name} \rightarrow B}(\text{Customer})$
- ▶  $E_2 = \rho_{\text{Number} \rightarrow C, \text{CustID} \rightarrow D}(\text{Account})$