CLASS





Quick Test 9

GRAMMAR

Ti	ck (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.
E	xample: We been to China before.
	A haven't ✓ B aren't □ C don't □
1	We would travel more if we didn't two dogs. A had □ B to have □ C have □
2	When school?
	A did you leave \square B have you left \square C did you left \square
3	I have always afraid of snakes.
4	A be B been C gone C
4	If I you, I would buy a bigger TV. That one's too small. A were □ B have been □ C could be □
5	If I English better, I'd travel around Australia.
Ü	A speak B will speak C spoke
6	How long here?
	A are you work B do you work C have you worked
7	I've been a university student
	A for two years \square B since two years \square C two years ago \square
8	I be so tired if I slept more.
	A won't □ B wouldn't □ C didn't □
9	My grandmother, who died in 1985, an interesting life.
40	A has had □ B had □ C has □
10	We've lived here I was a young child.
11	A for □ B since □ C when □ We've been in this flat last year.
	A since B for C in
12	Your brother's an actor! How many films he made?
_	A did B have C has
13	She in this city since she was ten.
	A lives □ B has lived □ C is living □
14	you stop working if you were rich?
	A Would □ B Will □ C Do □
15	How have you known my sister?
4.0	A many time □ B much time □ C long □
16	When your parents meet?
17	A Have you ever elimbed a mountain?
17	A Have you ever climbed a mountain? B Yes, I have. It in 2007.
	A was B has been C been
18	My mum was a teacher 25 years before retiring.
. •	A for B since C during
19	If we work tomorrow, we'd stay longer at the party.
	A have to □ B didn't have to □ C don't have □
20	What she do if she lost her job?
	A will \square B would \square C did \square

20

NAME CLASS



Quick Test 9

VOCABULARY

а	П	$cK(\checkmark)$ A, B, or C to complete the sentences in the biography.
	Ex	ample: He was in 1931. A birth □ B born ✓ C die □
	1	He went to school when he was five. A primary B secondary C university
	2	He secondary school when he was eighteen. A left \square B went to \square C retired \square
		He got in a hospital. A a job \square B some job \square C to a job \square
		He in love when he was twenty-four. A jumped B caught C fell
	5	He when he was twenty-seven. A got married B was marry C got marry
	6	They their first child when he was thirty. A got B had C became
	7	He and his wife in 1970. A have separated B were separate C separated
	8	They two years later. A divorce B got divorced C get divorced
	9	He when he was sixty-five. A retired B dead C left
1		He when he was seventy-eight. A leave B died C retire C
b		ck (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the correct animal.
		ample: A bit me last night when I was sleeping. A dolphin □ B mosquito ✓ C butterfly □
1	1	have very long necks. A Giraffes B Lions C Bears
1	2	A is a very dangerous fish. A dolphin □ B shark □ C whale □
1	3	Mickey is a famous Disney character. A Cow □ B Kangaroo □ C Mouse □
1	4	Be careful! There's a on that flower. A butterfly B bee C chicken
1	5	The is the king of the jungle. A horse B lion C whale

CLASS



Quick Test 9

NAME

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences about phobias.
Example: Many people are afraid spiders. A for □ B by □ C of ✓
16 My baby son is of the dark. A terrible □ B terror □ C terrified □ 17 Not many people suffer this phobia. A of □ B from □ C for □ 18 My sister has a terrible of heights. A afraid □ B scared □ C fear □ 19 Some children are of school. A frightened □ B frightening □ C frighten □ 20 When the lift stopped, Lisa started to A panic □ B anxious □ C dizzy □
PRONUNCIATION
a Which word is NOT stressed in the sentence? Tick (✓) A, B, or C. (All the unstressed words have the /∋/ vowel sound.)
Example: I have had a phobia since I was young. A was ✓ B phobia □ C young □
 1 I can look at water, but I can't swim in it. A can B can't C swim
b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.
Example: A after <u>noon</u> ✓ B <u>a</u> fternoon □ C a <u>fter</u> noon □
6 A <u>pho</u> bia □ B pho <u>bi</u> a □ C phobi <u>a</u> □ 7 A <u>te</u> rrified □ B te <u>rri</u> fied □ C terri <u>fied</u> □ 8 A <u>mos</u> quito □ B mos <u>qui</u> to □ C mosqui <u>to</u> □ 9 A <u>all</u> ergic □ B all <u>erg</u> ic □ C aller <u>gic</u> □ 10 A <u>aggressive</u> □ B a <u>ggre</u> ssive □ C aggre <u>ssive</u> □
10
Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50