



Department of Computer Science

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO **BOULDER**



Online Learning

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LECTURE 13

Content Questions

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Administrivia Questions

- Grading Feature Engineering HW
- Learnability HW Due Friday
- No class Monday

Perceptron Algorithm

```
 $\vec{w}_1 \leftarrow \vec{0};$   
for  $t \leftarrow 1 \dots T$  do  
    Receive  $x_t$ ;  
     $\hat{y}_t \leftarrow \text{sgn}(\vec{w}_t \cdot \vec{x}_t)$ ;  
    Receive  $y_t$ ;  
    if  $\hat{y}_t \neq y_t$  then  
        |  $\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t$ ;  
    else  
        |  $\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow w_t$ ;  
return  $w_{T+1}$ 
```

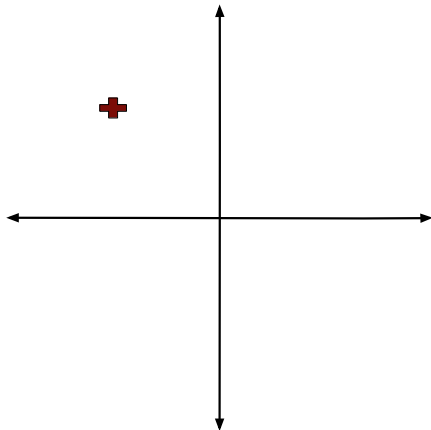
Algorithm 1: Perceptron Algorithm (Rosenblatt, 1958)

2D Example

Initially, weight vector is zero:

$$\vec{w}_1 = \langle 0, 0 \rangle \quad (1)$$

Observation 1



$$x_1 = \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (2)$$

$$\hat{y}_1 = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$y_1 = +1 \quad (4)$$

Update 1

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t \quad (5)$$

$$\vec{w}_2 \leftarrow \quad (6)$$

Update 1

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t \quad (5)$$

$$\vec{w}_2 \leftarrow \langle 0, 0 \rangle + \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (6)$$

$$(7)$$

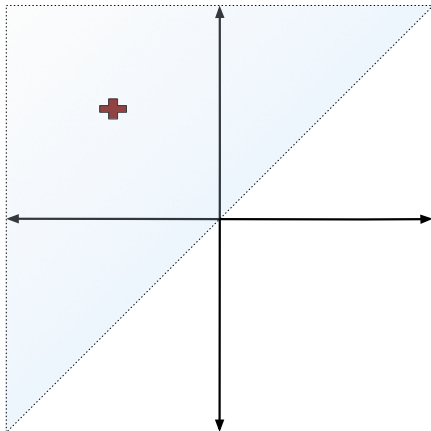
Update 1

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t \quad (5)$$

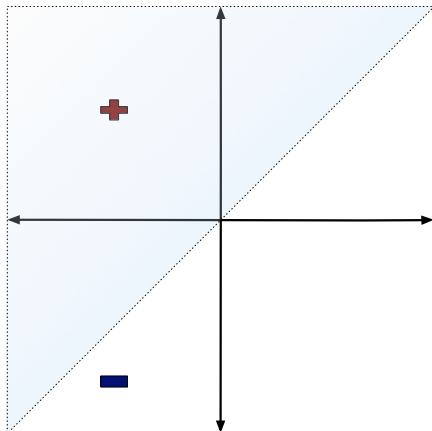
$$\vec{w}_2 \leftarrow \langle 0, 0 \rangle + \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (6)$$

$$\vec{w}_2 = \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (7)$$

Observation 2



Observation 2



$$x_2 = \langle -2, -3 \rangle \quad (8)$$

$$\hat{y}_2 = +4 + -6 = -2 \quad (9)$$

$$y_2 = -1 \quad (10)$$

Update 2

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t \quad (11)$$

$$\vec{w}_2 \leftarrow \quad (12)$$

Update 2

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t \quad (11)$$

$$\vec{w}_2 \leftarrow \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (12)$$

$$(13)$$

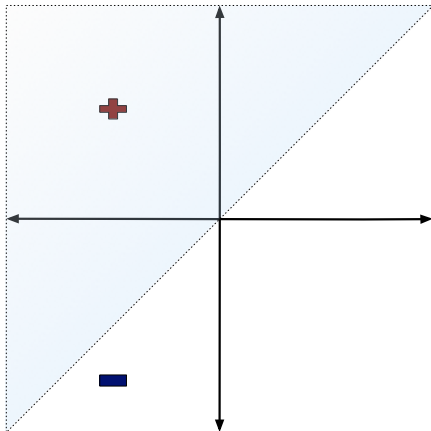
Update 2

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t \quad (11)$$

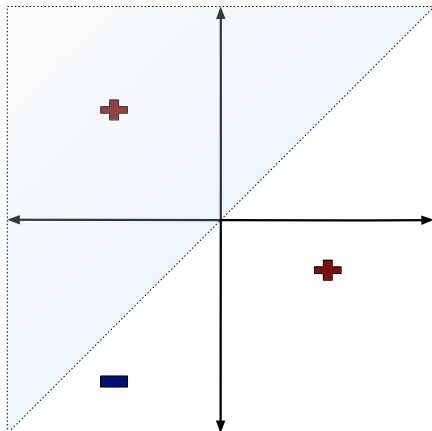
$$\vec{w}_2 \leftarrow \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (12)$$

$$\vec{w}_2 = \langle -2, 2 \rangle \quad (13)$$

Observation 3



Observation 3



$$x_3 = \langle 2, -1 \rangle \quad (14)$$

$$\hat{y}_3 = -4 + -2 = -6 \quad (15)$$

$$y_3 = +1 \quad (16)$$

Update 3

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t \quad (17)$$

$$\vec{w}_3 \leftarrow \quad (18)$$

Update 3

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t \quad (17)$$

$$\vec{w}_3 \leftarrow \langle -2, 2 \rangle + \langle 2, -1 \rangle \quad (18)$$

$$(19)$$

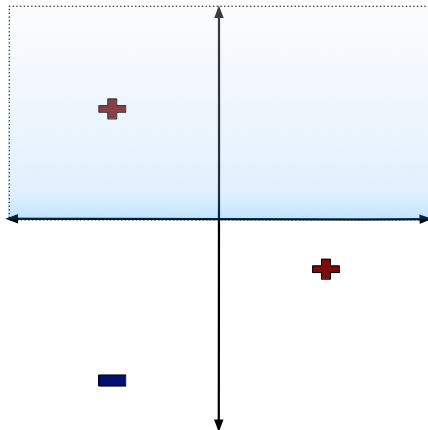
Update 3

$$\vec{w}_{t+1} \leftarrow \vec{w}_t + y_t \vec{x}_t \quad (17)$$

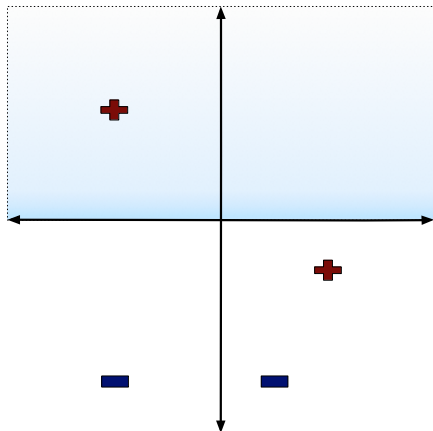
$$\vec{w}_3 \leftarrow \langle -2, 2 \rangle + \langle 2, -1 \rangle \quad (18)$$

$$\vec{w}_3 = \langle 0, 1 \rangle \quad (19)$$

Observation 4



Observation 4



$$x_4 = \langle 1, -4 \rangle \quad (20)$$

$$\hat{y}_4 = -4 \quad (21)$$

$$y_4 = -1 \quad (22)$$

Update 4

$$\vec{w}_4 \leftarrow \quad (23)$$

Update 4

$$\vec{w}_4 \leftarrow \vec{w}_3 \quad (23)$$

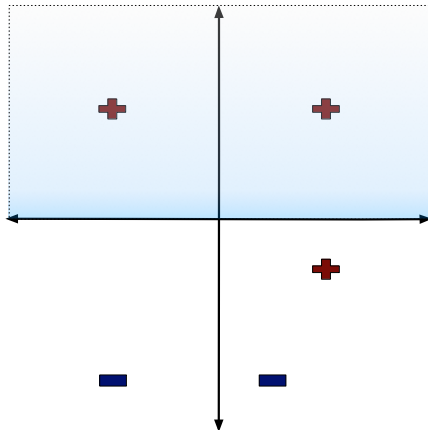
$$(24)$$

Update 4

$$\vec{w}_4 \leftarrow \vec{w}_3 \quad (23)$$

$$\vec{w}_4 = \langle 0, 1 \rangle \quad (24)$$

Observation 5



$$x_5 = \langle 2, 2 \rangle \quad (25)$$

$$\hat{y}_5 = 2 \quad (26)$$

$$y_5 = +1 \quad (27)$$

Update 5

$$\vec{w}_5 \leftarrow \quad (28)$$

Update 5

$$\vec{w}_5 \leftarrow \vec{w}_4 \quad (28)$$

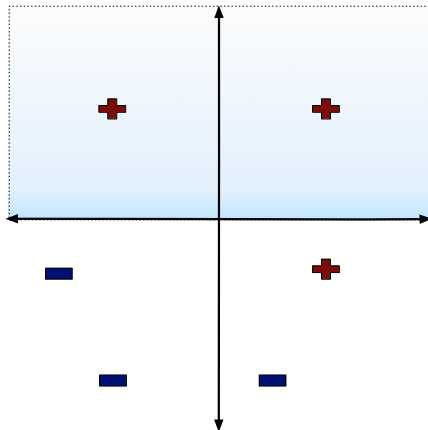
$$(29)$$

Update 5

$$\vec{w}_5 \leftarrow \vec{w}_4 \quad (28)$$

$$\vec{w}_5 = \langle 0, 1 \rangle \quad (29)$$

Observation 6



$$x_6 = \langle 2, 2 \rangle \quad (30)$$

$$\hat{y}_6 = 2 \quad (31)$$

$$y_6 = +1 \quad (32)$$

Update 6

$$\vec{w}_6 \leftarrow \quad (33)$$

Update 6

$$\vec{w}_6 \leftarrow \vec{w}_5 \quad (33)$$

$$(34)$$

Update 6

$$\vec{w}_6 \leftarrow \vec{w}_5 \quad (33)$$

$$\vec{w}_6 = \langle 0, 1 \rangle \quad (34)$$

Beyond Binary Classification

- Multiclass
- Ranking
- Regression