CTD- χ pod Processing Guide

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1 Introduction

This is a guide to processing data from CTD- χ pods. χ pods are self-contained instruments developed by the OSU Ocean Mixing Group to measure turbulence. They have a FP07 thermistor that measures temperature and temperature gradient, sampled at 100Hz.

2 Brief Outline of Major Processing Steps

- 1. Find chipod data for each CTD cast
- 2. Align chipod data with CTD data
- 3. Calibrate chipod data
- 4. Apply chipod calc in 1 sec windows

More details are given in the rest of the document.

3 Software

The processing is done with Matlab codes, which are maintained in a github repository: https://github.com/OceanMixingGroup/mixingsoftware.

The CTD- χ pod specific codes are in the folder /CTD_Chipod. Codes for processing raw CTD data (.hex format) are contained in /ctd_processing.

4 Data Organziation

Raw data should be organized into folders as:

4.1 Raw Data

- /Data/raw/Chipod/SNxxxx : Raw χpod data.
- /Data/raw/CTD/: Raw CTD data (.hex,.XMLCON,.hdr).

Processed data is organized as follows:

4.2 Processed Data

• /Data/proc/Chipod/ Main folder for processed χ pod data

- Data for each χ pod is stored in /[whSN]/[pathstr] where pathstr constructed based on Params, for example:
 - zsm20m_fmax7Hz_respcorr0_fc_99hz_gamma20

This allows us to run the processing for different Params and easily compare the results.

• /Data/proc/CTD Processed CTD data. (/24Hz,/binned).

5 CTD data

CTD data needs to be obtained and processed before running the χ pod processing. Processing requires:

- 1. 24Hz data: used to determine the time offset between the CTD data and χ pod data, by aligning (highpassed) dp/dt from the CTD with w estimated by integrating vertical chipod accelerations. 24Hz temperature is also used to calibrate the chipod temperature voltages and convert to physical units.
- 2. 1-m binned data: used to calibrate chi-pod T, and calculate dT/dz and N^2 .

I prefer to use codes in /mixingsoftware/ctd_processing/ to process standard Seabird hex files into standard mat files to use in chi-pod processing. See Process_CTD_hex_Template.m for an example. The data can be processed using other methods, but must contain the specific fields required by the processing routines as listed below:

5.1 24Hz CTD Data

Required fields for 24Hz CTD data are:

- dnum : datenum
- t : temperature [C]
- p : pressure [db]

5.2 1-m Binned CTD Data

Required fields for binned CTD data

- dnum : datenum
- t : temperature [C]
- p : pressure [db]

• s : salinity [psu]

• lat : Latitude $[^o]$

• lon : Longitude $[^o]$

6 Processing steps

All templates are located in /mixingsoftware/CTD_Chipod/Templates/

- 1. Modify Load_chipod_paths_template.m. This specifies filepaths to raw data, as well as where output will be saved.
- 2. Modify Chipod_Deploy_Info_template.m with info for specific deployment. Much of the rest of the processing uses information from the above two files.
- 3. Plot the raw chi-pod data (Plot_Raw_Data_template?). This will let you see quickly if any sensors or files are obviously bad. If there are bad files you can specify these in a Bad_File list so they will not be loaded during processing (this is not necessary, but will reduce time loading bad files, and may prevent bad data from accidentally being used). Figure ?? shows an example of a normal-looking file. Figure ?? shows an example of file that looks bad.
- 4. Modify MakeCasts_CTDchipod_Template.m for specific cruise. This script finds χ pod data for each cast, aligns the data, calibrates the data, and saves a file with data for each cast.
- 5. Run MakeCasts_CTDchipod for one good cast for each SN. Check time-offset / alignment; if not right, probably need to modify az_correction or switch AX and AZ. Figure ?? shows an example of where AX and AZ are flipped. * figures showing example of flipped ax etc*
- 6. Once that is figured out, run MakeCasts_CTDchipod for all casts. Data are saved to /Data/proc/Chipod/cast and /Data/proc/Chipod/cal.
- 7. Run SummarizeProc_Template. This makes some summary tables and figures from the 'Xproc.mat' data saved during MakeCasts_CTDchipod.
- 8. Plot_TP_profiles_EachCast_Template.m For each cast, this plots the temperature derivative from all chi pod sensors on the same scale so you can compare them and check for bad profiles. Figures are save to /Figures/TPprofiles/
- 9. Modify DoChiCalc_Template.m and run for all casts. This does the chi calculation for all the cast files made in MakeCasts_CTDchipod. Data are saved to /Data/proc/Chipod/avg/

- 10. Make_Combined_Chi_Struct_Template
- 11. PlotXCsummaries_Template. Make summary plots

7 χ pod Processing Parameters

Variable parameters for the processing are specified in a 'Params' structure.

- fmax : Maximum frequency to integrate temperature gradient spectrum to (default 7 Hz).
- gamma: Assumed mixing efficiency (default 0.2).
- resp_corr : Option to apply frequency response correction (default 0).
- fc : Cutoff frequency for response correction (if applied) (default 99 for naming purposes).
- z_smooth: The distance [m] over which N^2 and dT/dz are smoothed (default 10m).

8 Output File Formats

8.1 /cast

'Raw' (ie uncalibrated) χ pod data for each cast. Structure 'cast' with fields:

- datenum
- T1 = Temperature [V]
- T1P dT/dt [V]
- AX X-acceleration [V]
- AZ Z-acceleration [V]
- chi_files List of raw chipod files from which data was combined into this structure.
- time_range Time range of CTD cast.
- castname Name of CTD cast.

Ex. filename:

8.2 /cal

Calibrated data for each cast. Up and down casts are saved in separate files. Structure 'C' with fields:

- \bullet datenum
- P [db]
- T1P $dT/dt [Ks^{-1}] fspd [ms^{-1}]$
- $\bullet\,$ castidr up/down
- \bullet info
- \bullet ctd

Ex. filename: rh10011_SN2013_downcast.mat

8.3 /avg

Result of χ pod calculations. Contains data points for each 1 sec window.

- Params
- \bullet datenum
- P [db]
- N2 -
- \bullet dTdz
- $\bullet \ \mathrm{fspd} \ \text{-} \ [\mathrm{ms}^{-1}]T[^oC]$
- S [psu]
- \bullet theta
- sigma
- eps1 ϵ []
- KT1 K_T []
- \bullet TP1var

- samplerate [hz]
- nu
- tdif
- \bullet lat
- lon
- castname
- castdir
- Info

Ex. filename: avg_08402_downcast_SN1013_T1.mat

9 Notes

There is a template for standard latex notes that can be modified for each cruise/deployment: Chipod_Notes_Template_AP.

10 Post-processing Analysis

- Plot χ pod time-offsets. The time-offset should drift linearly with time, and may be reset during the cruise. Typically should be less than 20 sec (depends on how accurately time was set). In some cases, the time was set wrong (off by a day, wrong time zone etc.); in this case the processing script needs to be modified to correct this.
- Compare different sensors and cast directions: The quality of data obtained depends heavily on the setup of the CTD and the χ pod mounting. Typically the upward looking sensors on the upcasts are the cleanest data.
- Sensitivity to parameters: see details below.

11 Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of the results to different parameters should be examined, including fmax and z_smooth.

12 Standard Plots made by processing

- cast_001_RawChipodTS (Figure 2).
- cast_001_w_dTdtSpectraCheck (Figure 5). This compares the analog dT/dt (T1P) to the differentiated T signal. The spectral amplitudes should agree up to a certain frequency where the digital dT/dt becomes dominated by noise. If the spectra below the noise level don't match, the time-constant used in calibration might need to be modified.
- cast_001_w_TimeOffset (Figure 3)
- cast_001_w_TimeOffset_Zoom (Figure 4). Shows a zoomed-in period of the time-offset. The two timeseries should match in the lower panel.
- cast_001_T_P_dTdz_fspd (Figure 6). Summary of the aligned and calibrated data.
- cast_001_upcast_chi_SN600_T1_avg_chi_KT_dTdz (Figure 8). Summary of the final data ('avg' structure).

13 Example Figures

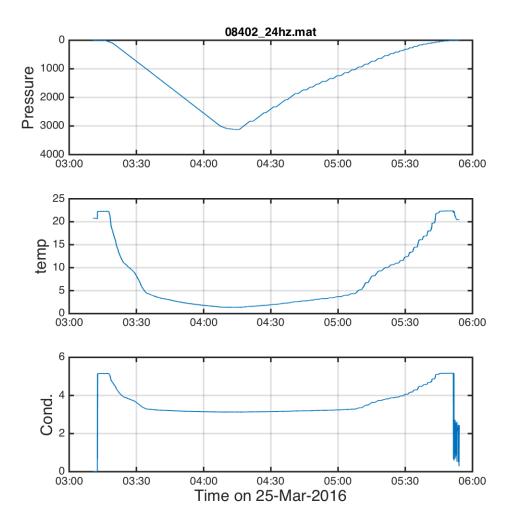


Figure 1: Time-series of raw CTD data for one cast.

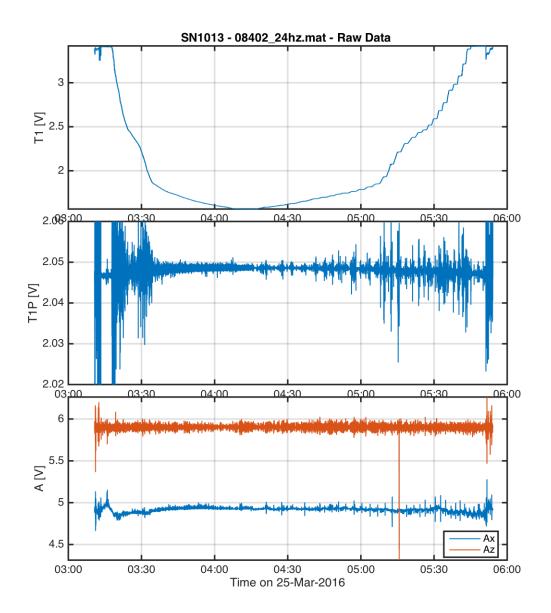


Figure 2: Time-series of raw χ pod data for one cast.

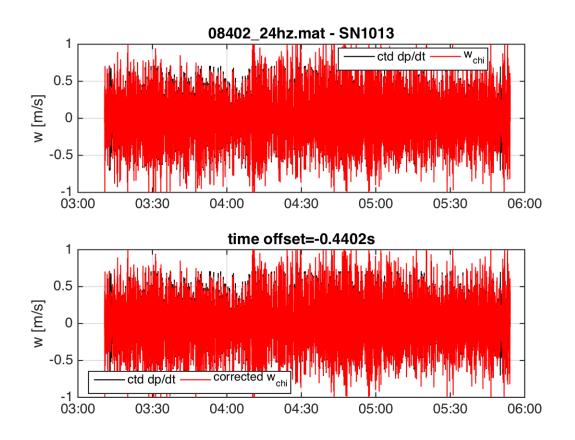


Figure 3: Time series of dp/dt CTD and chipod w. Top is original, bottom is after time-offset applied to chipod.

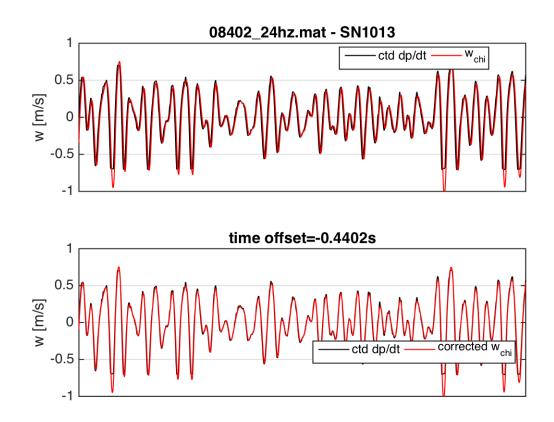


Figure 4: Zoom-in of dp/dt and chipod w allowing one to check if time-offset is correct. Bottom panel should match.

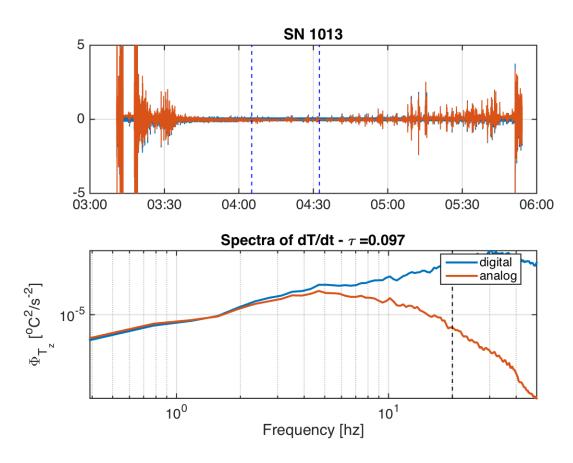


Figure 5: dT/dt spectra for analog (TP) and digital derivatives. Spectra levels should match; if not time-constant may be wrong.

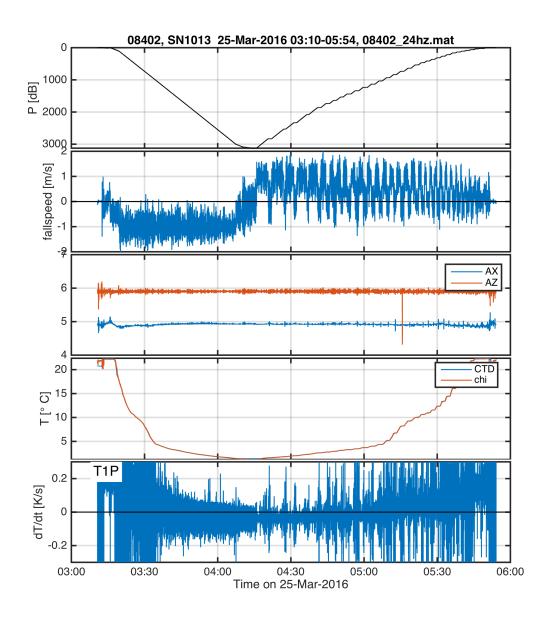


Figure 6: Time series of aligned and calibrated chipod data for one cast.

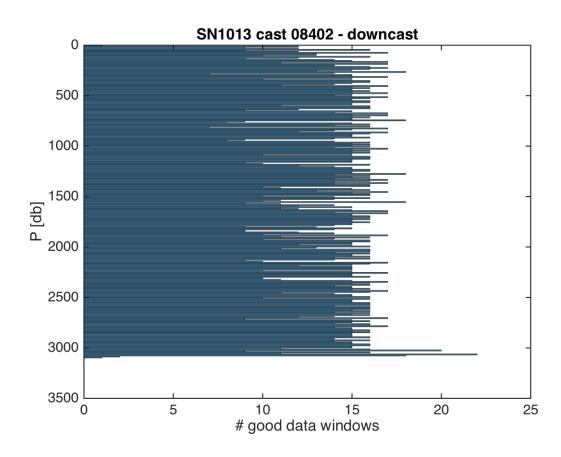


Figure 7: Histogram of the number of good χ pod data windows in each 10m depth bin.

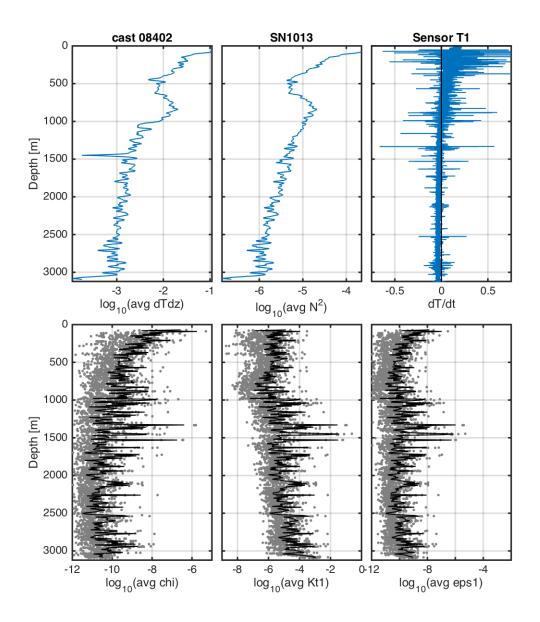


Figure 8: Results of chipod calculation for one cast. Black lines in lower panel are 10m binned averages.

14 m-files

Processing files are kept in a GitHub repository /mixingsoftware/CTD_Chipod/mfiles/

- Compute_N2_dTdz_forChi
- get_chipod_chi : Main function that does chipod calculation.
- load_chipod_data
- MakeCtdChiWindows

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