

Machine Learning

#### Application example: Photo OCR **Photo Optical Character**

Recognition

Problem description and pipeline

#### **The Photo OCR problem**



#### **Photo OCR pipeline**

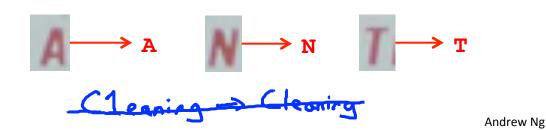
→ 1. Text detection



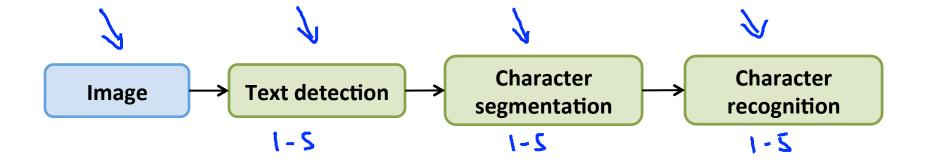
→ 2. Character segmentation



→ 3. Character classification



#### **Photo OCR pipeline**





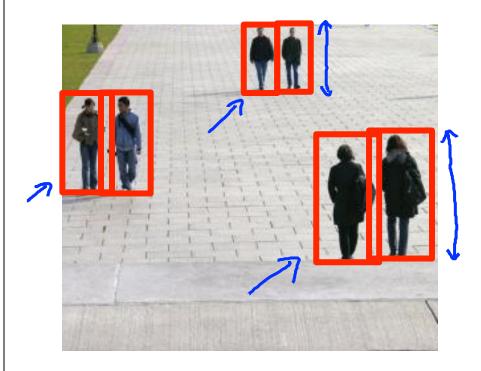
#### Machine Learning

# Application example: Photo OCR

### Sliding windows



#### **Pedestrian detection**

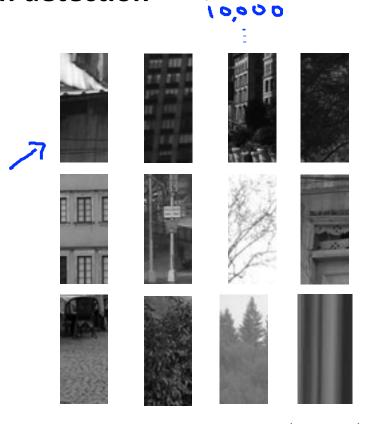


#### **Supervised learning for pedestrian detection**

x =pixels in 82x36 image patches



Positive examples (y = 1)



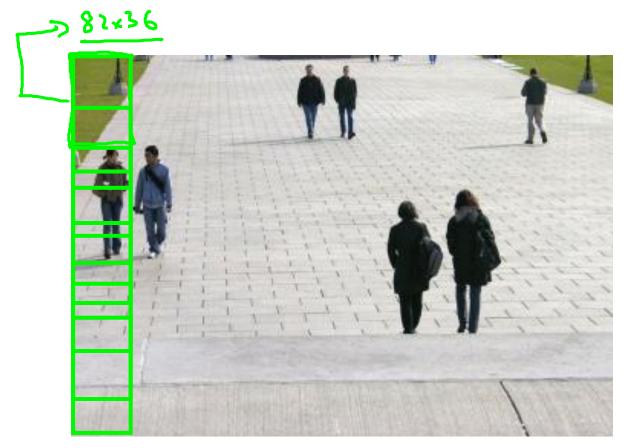
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Negative examples (y = 0)

### Sliding window detection Step-size /stride



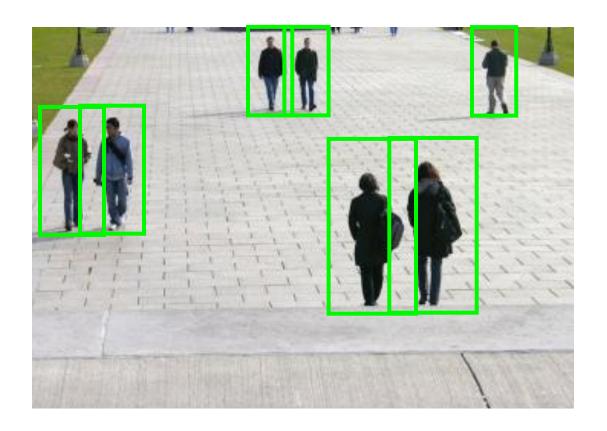
#### **Sliding window detection**



#### **Sliding window detection**



#### **Sliding window detection**



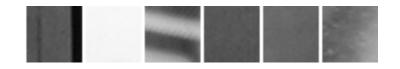






Positive examples (y = 1)





Negative examples (y = 0)





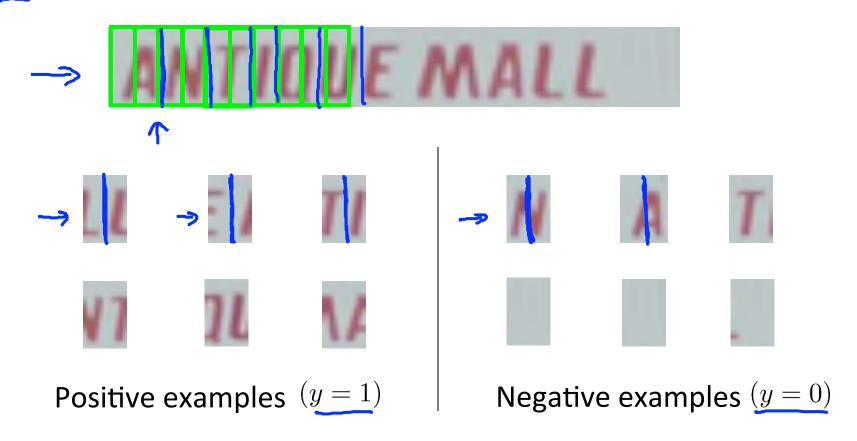




[David Wu]

Andrew Ng

#### 1D Sliding window for character segmentation



#### **Photo OCR pipeline**

> 1. Text detection



→ 2. Character segmentation



→ 3. Character classification



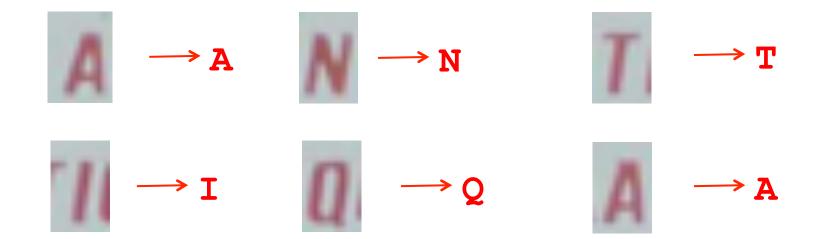


Machine Learning

# Application example: Photo OCR

Getting lots of data: Artificial data synthesis

#### **Character recognition**



#### **Artificial data synthesis for photo OCR**



Real data

Abcdefg Abcdefg Abcdefg **Abcdefg Abcdefg** 

#### **Artificial data synthesis for photo OCR**

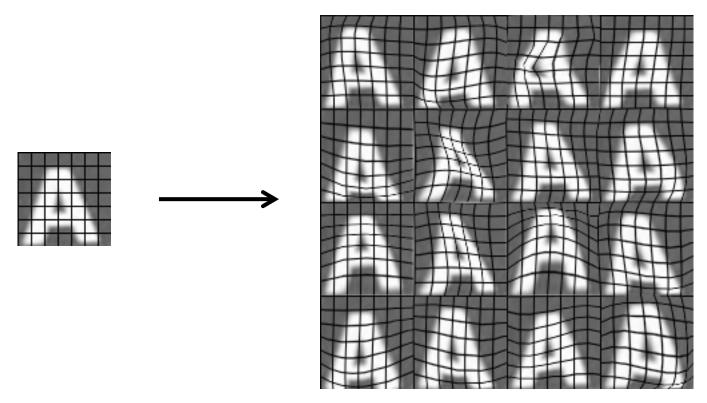


Real data



Synthetic data

#### Synthesizing data by introducing distortions



#### Synthesizing data by introducing distortions: Speech recognition



Original audio: <



Audio on bad cellphone connection



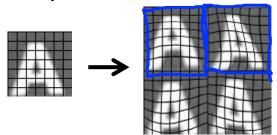
Noisy background: Crowd



Noisy background: Machinery

#### Synthesizing data by introducing distortions

Distortion introduced should be representation of the type of noise/distortions in the test set.



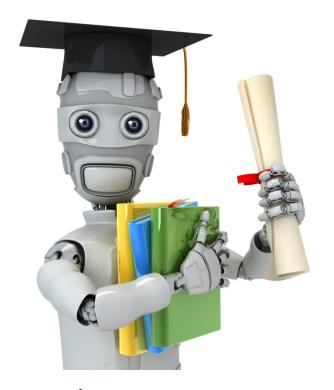
- Audio: Background noise, bad cellphone connection
- Usually does not help to add purely random/meaningless noise to your data.
- $\rightarrow x_i = \text{intensity (brightness) of pixel } i$
- $\rightarrow x_i \leftarrow x_i + \text{random noise}$

#### Discussion on getting more data

- 1. Make sure you have a low bias classifier before expending the effort. (Plot learning curves). E.g. keep increasing the number of features/number of hidden units in neural network until you have a low bias classifier.
- 2. "How much work would it be to get 10x as much data as we currently have?"
   Artificial data synthesis
   Collect/label it yourself
   "Crowd source" (E.g. Amazon Mechanical Turk)

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  - Artificial data synthesis
  - Collect/label it yourself
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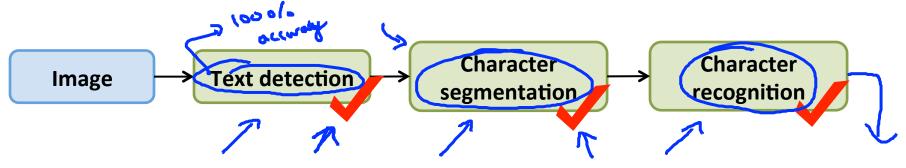


Machine Learning

# Application example: Photo OCR

Ceiling analysis: What part of the pipeline to work on next

#### Estimating the errors due to each component (ceiling analysis)

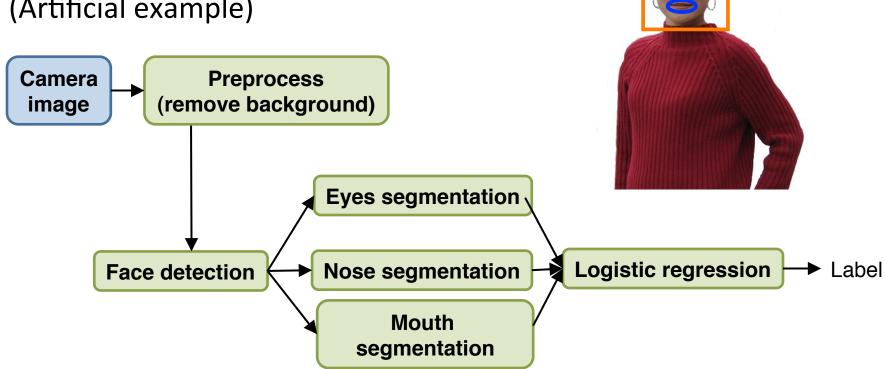


What part of the pipeline should you spend the most time trying to improve?

Component	Accuracy
Overall system	72%
Text detection	72%
Character segmentation	90%
Character recognition	100% -

#### Another ceiling analysis example

Face recognition from images (Artificial example)



#### Another ceiling analysis example

