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* Project name: WASH MC SYS DEV.c
* File name: control stg 1.c
* Created: 9/24/2023 8:14:03 PM
* Author: Caiden Moreno
* Overview: This program operates as a watching machine with 4 input switches 3 that
choose one out of
three temperatures (hot, cold, or warm) and display it on the output LEDs.
Hardware:
Micro controller Atmega2560
Inputs:
(Temperature selection switches):
1. Hot- SW0 = PINA.0
2. Warm- SW1 = PINA.1
3. Cold- SW2 = PINA.2
Door open Switch -SW3 = PINA.3
Start push-button = PINB.0
Outputs:
(Motor Control):
IN1 = PINL.0
IN2 = PINL.1
IN3 = PINL.2
IN4 = PINL.3
(LED outputs):
Drain Valve
              = PINC.0
Hot Water Valve = PINC.1
Cold Water Valve = PINC.2
Wash done LED = PINC.3
              = PINC.4
Agitate LED
SPIN LED
              = PINC.5
#include <avr/io.h>
#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#include <util/delay.h>
#include "Debugger.h"
#include "stepper_motor.h"
void io_init(void);
int main(void)
  io init(); //call initialized io ports function
  initDebug(); //call debug function
  while (1)
  }
}
```

```
void io_init(void) //initialize io ports
      //inputs
      DDRA=(0x00);
      PORTA=(0xFF);
      //start push-button
      DDRL=0x00;
      PORTL=0xFF;
      //LED Outputs
      DDRC = 0xFF;
      PORTC = 0x00;
}
//Define start button to check state of the PB
#define startButton (PINL & 0x01)
//Define switch inputs to check the state of the switches
#define hotSwitch (PINA & 0x01) //PINA.0
#define warmSwitch (PINA & 0x02) //PINA.1
#define coldSwitch (PINA & 0x04) //PINA.2
#define dooropenSwitch (PINA & 0x08) //PINA.3
//define output port
#define outputPort (PORTC)
//define led outputs to control LEDS
#define done_LED
                (PORTC = 0 \times 01) //PINC.0
#define agitate_LED (PORTC \mid= 0x02) //PINC.1
#define spin_LED (PORTC \mid= 0x04) //PINC.2
//define led outputs to control valves
#define drainValve_led (PORTC |= 0x10) //PINC.4
#define hotValve_led (PORTC |= 0x20) //PINC.5
#define coldValve_led (PORTC |= 0x40) //PINC.6
void io_init(void);
void Temp_select_input(int hotStatus, int warmStatus, int coldStatus);
int main(void)
  io_init(); //call initialized io ports function
  initDebug(); //call debug function
  while (1)
  {
         //while the door is open the washing machine will not start
         while(!((startButton == 0x01) && (dooropenSwitch == 0x00)))
  {
         //do nothing
  int hotStatus = hotSwitch;
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```
int warmStatus = warmSwitch;
  int coldStatus = coldSwitch;
  //fill cycle
  if (hotStatus || warmStatus || coldStatus)
  {
         Temp_select_input(hotStatus, warmStatus, coldStatus);
  }
 _delay_ms(4000);
  //Wash cycle
  PORTC |= agitate LED;//turn on agitate LED
 delay ms(4000); //motor in agitate mode for 4seconds
_delay_ms(4000);//motor in agitate mode for 4seconds
  PORTC &= ~agitate_LED;//turn off agitate LED
 //Drain cycle
PORTC |= drainValve led;//turn on drain valve LED
  _delay_ms(4000);
PORTC &= ~drainValve_led;//turn off drain valve LED
  //Fill cycle again
   if (hotStatus || warmStatus || coldStatus)
         Temp_select_input(hotStatus, warmStatus, coldStatus);
  }
 _delay_ms(4000);
  //Rinse cycle
 PORTC |= agitate_LED; //turn on agitate LED
  _delay_ms(12000); //motor in agitate mode for 12 seconds
 PORTC &= ~agitate_LED; //turn off agitate LED
  //Rinse cycle again
 PORTC |= drainValve led;//turn on drain valve LED
_delay_ms(1000); //1s delay
_delay_ms(9000); //motor in spin mode for 9 seconds
  PORTC &= ~drainValve led;//Turn off drain valve LED
  //Done LED on
  PORTC |= done_LED;//turn on done LED
  //Read closed door switch and check if the door is open or not
  while(dooropenSwitch != 0x08)
         //do nothing
  }
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```
PORTC &= ~done_LED;
   }
}
void io init(void) //initialize io ports
       //inputs
       DDRA =0x00; // Set the lower four bits to 0 for input
       PORTA = 0xFF; // Set the lower four bits to 1 to enable pull-up resistors
       //start push-button
       DDRL=0x00;
       PORTL=0xFF; //enable PB pull-up resistor
       //LED Outputs
       DDRC = 0xFF;//Turn LEDS off at initialization
       PORTC = 0 \times 00;
}
void Temp_select_input(int hotStatus, int warmStatus, int coldStatus)
       // Determine the temperature selection based on switch states
       int temperatureSelection = 0; // Initialize to cold by default
       if (hotStatus == 1) // Hot switch is active
       {
             temperatureSelection = 2; // Set to hot
       else if (warmStatus == 0x02) // Warm switch is active
       {
              temperatureSelection = 1; // Set to warm (hot and cold valves both active)
       }
       switch (temperatureSelection)
              case 0:
              // Cold temperature selected, you can perform actions accordingly
             PORTC |= coldValve_led;
             _delay_ms(4000);
             PORTC &= ~coldValve_led;
             break;
              // Warm temperature selected (both hot and cold), perform actions
accordingly
              PORTC |= hotValve_led;
             PORTC |= coldValve led;
              _delay_ms(4000);
             PORTC &= ~coldValve led;
             PORTC &= ~hotValve_led;
             break;
              // Hot temperature selected, perform actions accordingly
              PORTC |= hotValve led;
             _delay_ms(4000);
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```
PORTC &= ~coldValve_led;
             delay ms(4000);
             break;
             default:
             break;
      }
}
//Define start button to check state of the PB
#define startButton (PINB & 0x01) //PINB.0
//Define switch inputs to check the state of the switches
#define hotSwitch (PINA & 0x01) //PINA.0
#define warmSwitch (PINA & 0x02) //PINA.1
#define coldSwitch (PINA & 0x04) //PINA.2
#define dooropenSwitch (PINA & 0x08) //PINA.3
//define output port
#define outputPort (PORTC)
//define led outputs to control LEDS
#define done LED
                (PORTC \mid = 0x01) //PINC.0
#define agitate LED (PORTC |= 0x02) //PINC.1
#define spin_LED
                (PORTC = 0x04) //PINC.2
//define led outputs to control valves
#define drainValve_led (PORTC |= 0x10) //PINC.4
#define hotValve_led (PORTC |= 0x20) //PINC.5
#define coldValve_led (PORTC |= 0x40) //PINC.6
void io_init(void);
void Temp_select_input(int hotStatus, int warmStatus, int coldStatus); //temperature
selection prototype
int main(void)
{
      io_init(); //call initialized io ports function
      initDebug(); //call debug function
      while (1)
      {
             //while the door is open the washing machine will not start
            while(!((startButton == 0x01) && (dooropenSwitch == 0x00)))
             {
                   //do nothing
             }
             //create variables to hold the value for the switches
             int hotStatus = hotSwitch;
             int warmStatus = warmSwitch;
             int coldStatus = coldSwitch;
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```
//Fill cycle
              if (hotStatus || warmStatus || coldStatus)//check if hot warm or cold is
selected
              {
                     Temp_select_input(hotStatus, warmStatus, coldStatus); //send value
to function
              delay ms(4000); //4s delay
             //Wash cycle
             PORTC |= agitate_LED;//turn on agitate LED
       _delay_ms(1000);
              stepper movement('A', 4); // Motor in agitate mode for 4 seconds
           stepper movement('A', 4); // Motor in agitate mode for 4 seconds
              PORTC &= ~agitate_LED;//turn off agitate LED
              //Drain cycle
              stepper_movement('0', 0); //turn off stepper motor
              PORTC |= drainValve_led;//turn on drain valve LED
              <u>_delay_ms</u>(4000); //4s delay
             PORTC &= ~drainValve_led;//turn off drain valve LED
              //Fill cycle again
              if (hotStatus || warmStatus || coldStatus) //check if hot, warm, or cold
status was selected
                     Temp_select_input(hotStatus, warmStatus, coldStatus); //send value
to function to display LED
              }
                    _delay_ms(4000);//4 ms delay
              //Rinse cycle
              PORTC |= agitate_LED; //turn on agitate LED
              _delay_ms(1000); //1 ms delay to observe the LED being lit
             stepper_movement('A', 12); //motor in agitate mode for 12 seconds
              PORTC &= ~agitate_LED; //turn off agitate LED
              stepper_movement('0', 0);//turn off motor function
              //Rinse cycle again
             PORTC |= drainValve_led;//turn on drain valve LED
             deLay ms(1000); //1s delay
              stepper_movement('S', 1); //motor in spin mode for 9 seconds
              PORTC &= ~drainValve led;//Turn off drain valve LED
              stepper_movement('0', 0);//turn off motor function
              //Done LED on
              PORTC |= done_LED;//turn on done LED
              //Read closed door switch and check if the door is open or not
             while(dooropenSwitch != 0x08)
                     //do nothing
              }
```

```
PORTC &= ~done_LED; //turn off LED
       }
}
void io init(void) //initialize io ports
       //inputs
       DDRA &= 0xF0; // Lower four bits as input, upper four bits unchanged
       PORTA = 0x0F; // Enable pull-up resistors for PINA.0-3
       // initialize motor controls (IN1-IN4)
       DDRL = 0xFF;
       PORTL = 0x00;
       //start push-button
       DDRB=0x00;
       PORTB=0xFF; //enable PB pull-up resistor
       //LED Outputs
       DDRC = 0xFF;//Set PORTC as LED output
       PORTC = 0x00; //Turn LEDS off at initialization
}
void Temp_select_input(int hotStatus, int warmStatus, int coldStatus)
       // Determine the temperature selection based on switch states
       int temperatureSelection = 0; // neither warm or hot is selected
       if (hotStatus == 1) // Hot switch is active
       {
              temperatureSelection = 2; // Set to hot
       }
       else if (warmStatus == 0x02) // Warm switch is active
       {
              temperatureSelection = 1; // Set to warm (hot and cold valves both active)
       }
       switch (temperatureSelection)
       {
              case 0:
              // Cold temperature selected
              PORTC |= coldValve led; //cold valve LED on
              _delay_ms(4000);
             PORTC &= ~coldValve_led; //cold valve LED off
              break;
              case 1:
              // Warm temperature selected (hot and cold)
              PORTC |= hotValve_led; //turn on hot valve LED
             PORTC |= coldValve_led; //turn on cold valve LED
              delay ms(4000);
             PORTC &= ~coldValve led;//turn off hot valve LED
              PORTC &= ~hotValve_led; //turn off cold valve LED
              break;
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case 2:
            // Hot temperature selected
            PORTC |= hotValve led; //turn on hotvalve LED
            _delay_ms(4000);
            PORTC &= ~coldValve led;//turn off hot valve LED
            break;
            default:
            break;
      }
}
* stepper motor.c
 * Created: 10/4/2023 3:44:50 PM
  Author: Caiden Moreno
#include "stepper_motor.h" //includes stepper_motor.h file
void stepper_movement(char mode, uint8_t seconds) {
  uint16_t steps;
  uint16_t half[8] = {9,1,3,2,6,4,0X0C,8}; //clockwise sequence
  wint16_t halfcounter[8] = {8,0x0C,4,6,2,3,1,9}; //counter clockwise sequence
  uint8_t Full[4] = {3,6,0x0C,9};//full step sequence
   switch (mode) {
       case 'A': // Agitate mode
       seconds = seconds/4;//time divided by 4 to create desired time frame to run
agitate mode
            steps=45;//calculated the steps needed for each revolution.
       for(uint16_t i=0; i<seconds; i++){</pre>
             for(uint16_t i=0; i<steps; i++)</pre>
                   for(uint16 t j=0; j<8; j++)//loop through the array based on</pre>
                   // the calculated steps needed for each revolution
                   {
                          stepper_output = half[j]; //uses the half step array
(clockwise)
                          delay ms(6); //6ms delay
                   }
             for(uint16_t i=0; i<steps; i++)</pre>
                   for(uint16_t j=0; j<8; j++)//loop through the array based on</pre>
                   // the calculated steps needed for each revolution
                   {
                          stepper output = halfcounter[j]; //uses half counter array
counterclockwise
                          _delay_ms(6); //6ms delay
                   }
             }
       break; //break from case
```

```
case 'S': // Spin mode
          steps = 770*seconds; //calculated steps needed for each revolution
          for(uint16 t i=0; i< steps; i++)</pre>
                for(uint16_t j=0; j<4; j++) //loop through the array based on</pre>
               // the calculated steps needed for each revolution
                {
                      stepper output = Full[j]; //outputs full step array to stepper
motor
                      _delay_ms(3); //3 ms delay
          break; //break from case
       default: // Default mode (OFF)
          stepper_output = 0x00; // turns motor off
          break;
   }
}
* stepper_motor.h
* Created: 10/4/2023 3:46:18 PM
* Author: Caiden moreno
 //checkoff3
#ifndef STEPPER MOTOR H
#define STEPPER MOTOR H
#define F_CPU 16000000UL //clock frequency (16MHz)
//include files
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
//Define function Prototypes
void stepper_movement(char mode, uint8_t seconds); // Function to set the stepper motor's
movement
//define modes
#define stepper_output PORTL
//Global variables
extern uint8_t Full[4]; // Full-step drive clockwise sequence
extern uint8_t half[8]; //half step drive clockwise sequence
extern uint8_t halfcounter[8]; //half counter clockwise sequence
#endif /* STEPPER_MOTOR_H_ */
```