Problem H. Mocha and Hiking

Time limit 1000 ms **Mem limit** 262144 kB

The city where Mocha lives in is called Zhijiang. There are n+1 villages and 2n-1 directed roads in this city.

There are two kinds of roads:

- n-1 roads are from village i to village i+1, for all $1 \le i \le n-1$.
- n roads can be described by a sequence a_1, \ldots, a_n . If $a_i = 0$, the i-th of these roads goes from village i to village i, otherwise it goes from village i to village i, for all $1 \leq i \leq n$.

Mocha plans to go hiking with Taki this weekend. To avoid the trip being boring, they plan to go through every village **exactly once**. They can start and finish at any villages. Can you help them to draw up a plan?

Input

Each test contains multiple test cases.

The first line contains a single integer t ($1 \le t \le 20$) — the number of test cases. Each test case consists of two lines.

The first line of each test case contains a single integer n ($1 \le n \le 10^4$) — indicates that the number of villages is n+1.

The second line of each test case contains n integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n ($0 \le a_i \le 1$). If $a_i = 0$, it means that there is a road from village i to village i to village i to village i to village i.

It is guaranteed that the sum of n over all test cases does not exceed 10^4 .

Output

For each test case, print a line with n+1 integers, where the i-th number is the i-th village they will go through. If the answer doesn't exist, print -1.

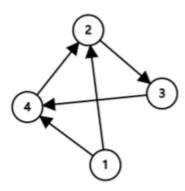
If there are multiple correct answers, you can print any one of them.

Examples

Input	Output
2 3 0 1 0 3 1 1 0	1 4 2 3 4 1 2 3

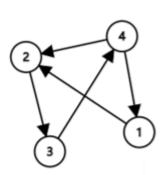
Note

In the first test case, the city looks like the following graph:



So all possible answers are (1 o 4 o 2 o 3), (1 o 2 o 3 o 4).

In the second test case, the city looks like the following graph:



So all possible answers are $(4 \to 1 \to 2 \to 3)$, $(1 \to 2 \to 3 \to 4)$, $(3 \to 4 \to 1 \to 2)$, $(2 \to 3 \to 4 \to 1)$.