

# 2D GEOMETRIC TRANSFORMATIONS USING HO-MOGENEOUS COORDINATES

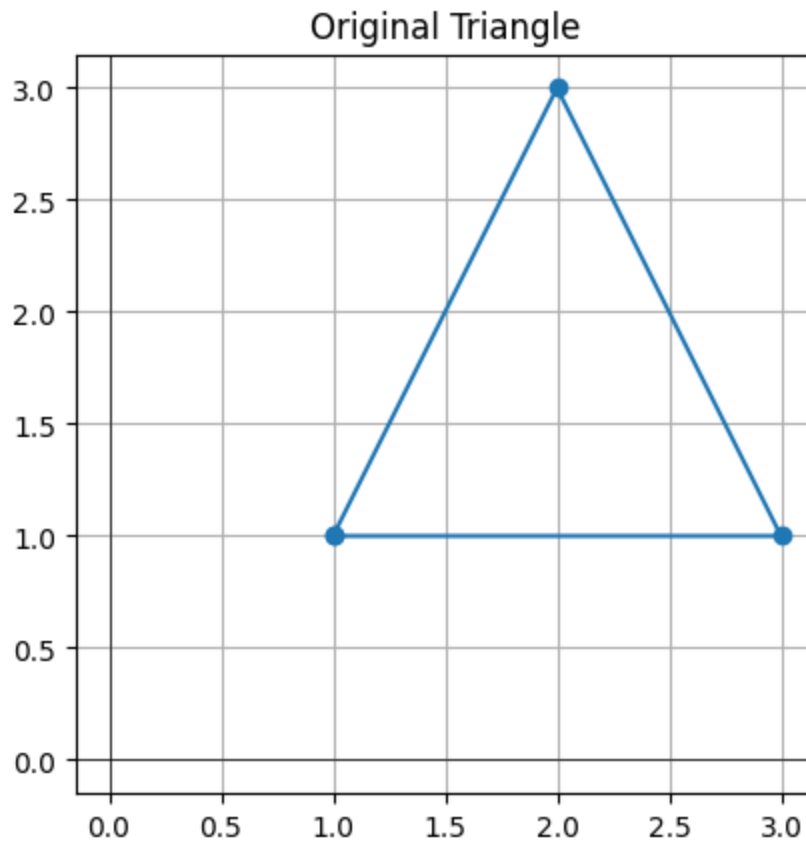
```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [4]: def plot_shape(points, title="Shape"):
    points = np.vstack([points, points[0]]) # Close the shape
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], marker='o')
    plt.axhline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.5)
    plt.axvline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.5)
    plt.gca().set_aspect('equal', 'box')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.title(title)
    plt.show()

def apply_transformation(points, matrix):
    return (matrix @ points.T).T
```

```
In [5]: triangle = np.array([
    [1, 1],
    [3, 1],
    [2, 3]
])

plot_shape(triangle, "Original Triangle")
```

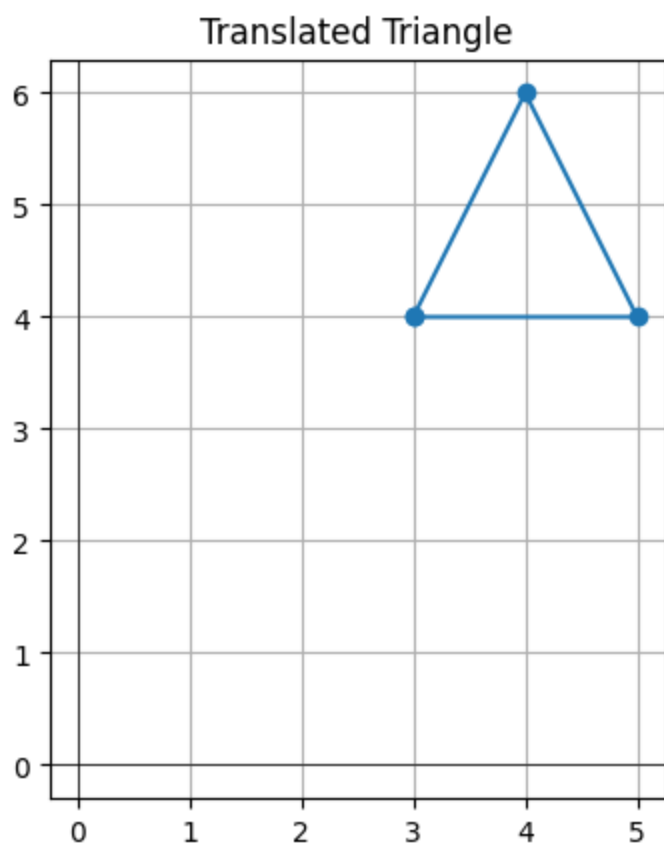


In [8]: tx, ty = 2, 3

```
translation_matrix = np.array([
    [1, 0, tx],
    [0, 1, ty],
    [0, 0, 1]
])

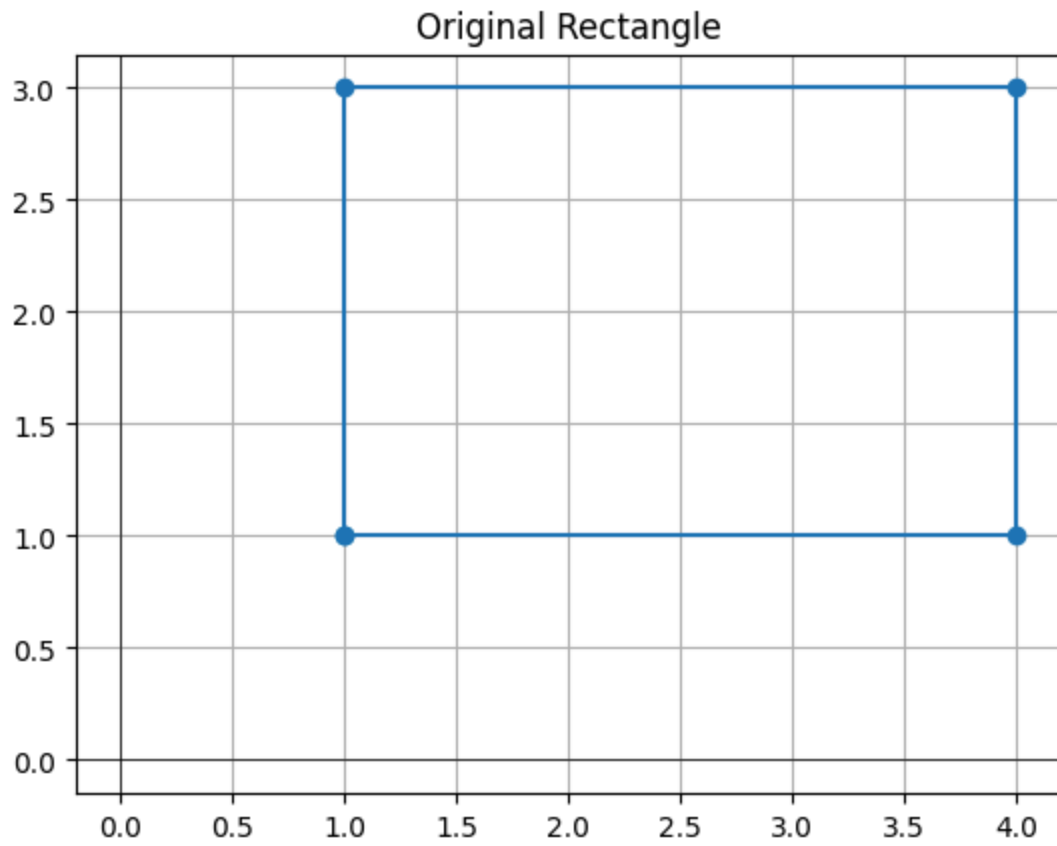
triangle_h = np.hstack([triangle, np.ones((3,1))])
translated_triangle = (translation_matrix @ triangle_h.T).T[:, :2]

plot_shape(translated_triangle, "Translated Triangle")
```



```
In [6]: rectangle = np.array([
    [1, 1],
    [4, 1],
    [4, 3],
    [1, 3]
])

plot_shape(rectangle, "Original Rectangle")
```

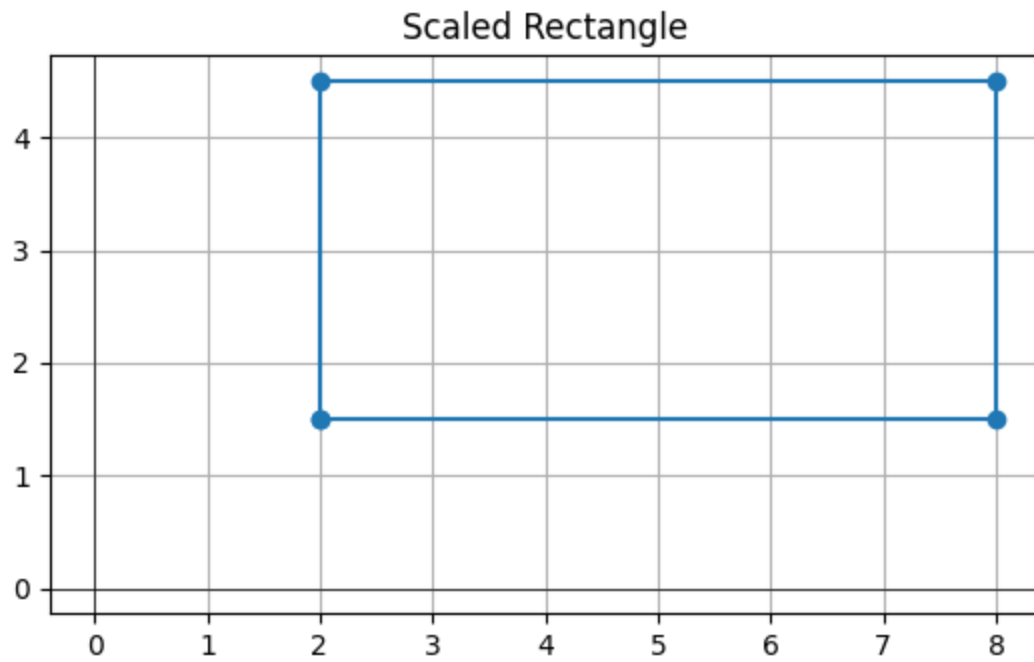


```
In [7]: sx, sy = 2, 1.5

scaling_matrix = np.array([
    [sx, 0],
    [0, sy]
])

scaled_rectangle = apply_transformation(rectangle, scaling_matrix)

plot_shape(scaled_rectangle, "Scaled Rectangle")
```

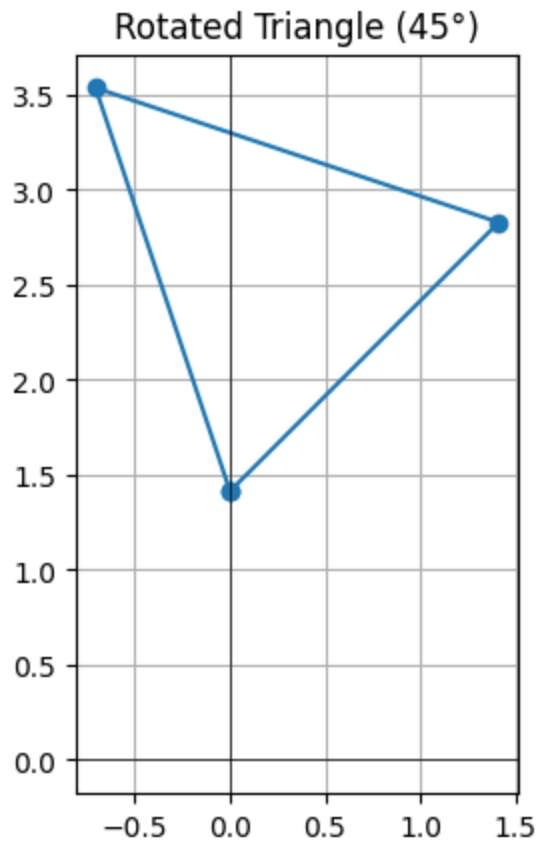


```
In [9]: theta = np.radians(45)

rotation_matrix = np.array([
    [np.cos(theta), -np.sin(theta)],
    [np.sin(theta),  np.cos(theta)]
])

rotated_triangle = apply_transformation(triangle, rotation_matrix)

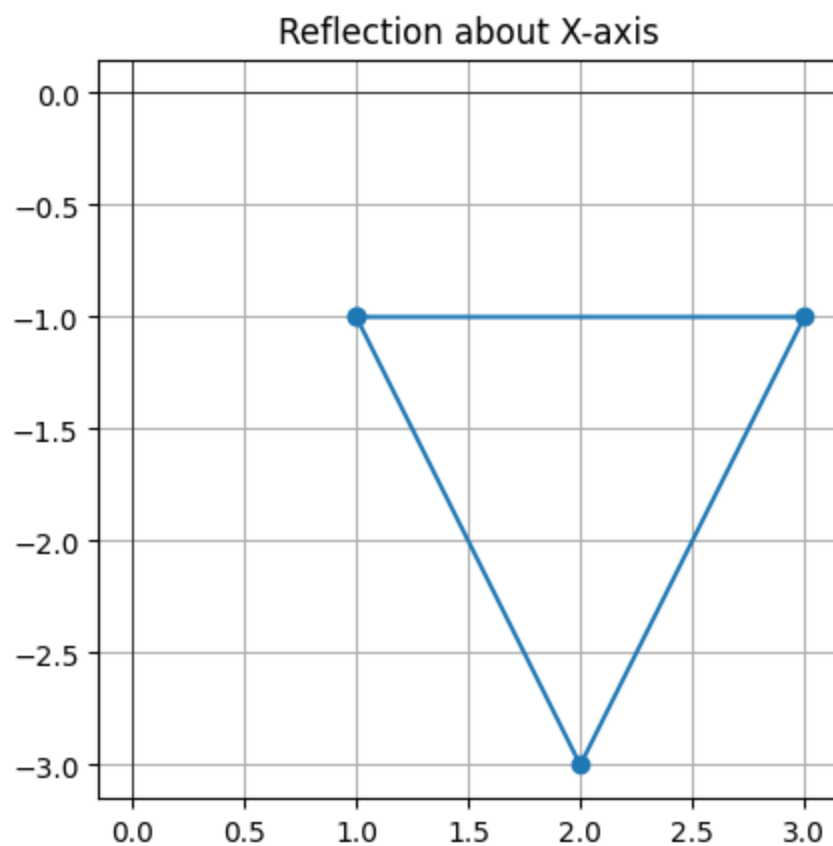
plot_shape(rotated_triangle, "Rotated Triangle (45°)")
```



```
In [10]: reflect_x = np.array([
          [1, 0],
          [0, -1]
        ])

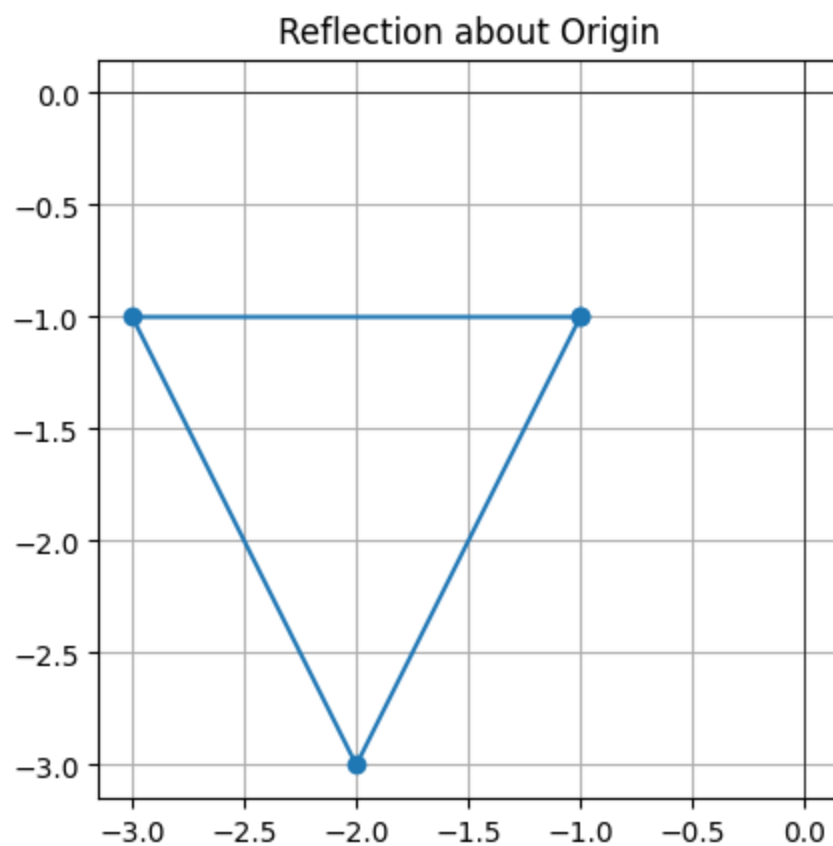
ref_x_triangle = apply_transformation(triangle, reflect_x)

plot_shape(ref_x_triangle, "Reflection about X-axis")
```



```
In [11]: reflect_origin = np.array([
        [-1, 0],
        [0, -1]
    ])

    ref_origin_triangle = apply_transformation(triangle, reflect_origin)
    plot_shape(ref_origin_triangle, "Reflection about Origin")
```

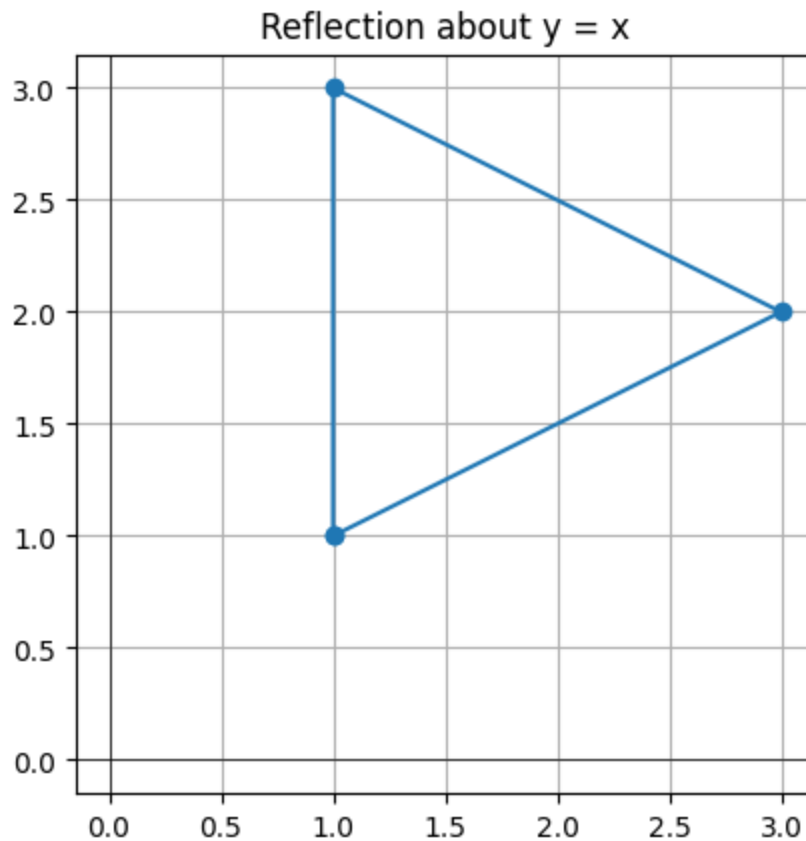


```
In [12]: reflect_y_eq_x = np.array([
        [0, 1],
        [1, 0]
    ])

    ref_yx_triangle = apply_transformation(triangle, reflect_y_eq_x)

    plot_shape(ref_yx_triangle, "Reflection about  $y = x$ ")
```





```
In [13]: def reflect_about_line(points, m, c):
          reflected = []
          for x, y in points:
              d = (x + (y - c)*m) / (1 + m**2)
              x_ref = 2*d - x
              y_ref = 2*d*m - y + 2*c
              reflected.append([x_ref, y_ref])
          return np.array(reflected)

          m = 1
          c = 1

          ref_line_triangle = reflect_about_line(triangle, m, c)

          plot_shape(ref_line_triangle, "Reflection about  $y = x + 1$ ")
```

Reflection about  $y = x + 1$

