

ALGORITHMS

Algorithm: 3D Cube Construction and Transformations

Step 1:

Define the vertices of a unit cube in 3D space using homogeneous coordinates

$(x, y, z, 1)$

Step 2:

Store all 8 vertices of the cube in a matrix form.

Step 3:

Define the cube edges by pairing the appropriate vertices.

Step 4:

Plot the original cube using a 3D plotting environment.

Algorithm: Scaling of a 3D Cube

Step 1:

Input scaling factors S_x, S_y, S_z

Step 2:

Form the scaling transformation matrix

Step 3:

Multiply the scaling matrix with the cube vertices.

Step 4:

Store the scaled cube coordinates.

Algorithm: Rotation of 3D Cube about Z-Axis

Step 1:

Input rotation angle θ

Step 2:

Convert angle from degrees to radians.

Step 3:

Construct rotation matrix about Z-axis

Step 4:

Multiply rotation matrix with cube coordinates.

Algorithm: Translation of 3D Cube

Step 1:

Input translation values tx, ty, tz

Step 2:

Form translation matrix

Step 3:

Apply translation to rotated and scaled cube.

Algorithm: Combined 3D Transformation

Step 1:

Multiply matrices in the order

$$M = T \times R \times S$$

Step 2:

Apply combined matrix to cube vertices.

Step 3:

Plot both original and transformed cubes together.

Algorithm: Changing Viewing Angles

Step 1:

Set elevation angle using elev.

Step 2:

Set azimuth angle using azim .

Step 3:

Render cube with updated viewing angles.

Step 4:

Observe changes in projection without modifying geometry.

Algorithm: 3D House Model (Cube + Pyramid)

Step 1:

Construct a cube to represent the house base.

Step 2:

Define pyramid roof vertices above the cube.

Step 3:

Connect roof apex with cube top vertices.

Step 4:

Plot cube and pyramid together to form a house.

Algorithm: Rotation about X, Y, and Z Axes

Step 1:

Input rotation angle θ

Step 2:

Form rotation matrices:

- X-axis rotation

R_x

- Y-axis rotation

R_y

- Z-axis rotation

R_z

Step 3:

Apply each rotation separately to cube vertices.

Step 4:

Plot rotated cubes side-by-side.

Step 5:

Compare effects of rotations about different axes.

Step 6:

Stop