CakePHP Training

Mastering advanced topics



Course Outline

- Major Topics
 - Authorization
 - Advanced Pagination
 - Routing
 - Logging
 - Internationalization

- Deploy on the cloud
- Master Slave setups

Topic: Authorization

- Built-in ACL (very specific use cases)
- Custom controller logic (isAuthorized)
- Custom Authorization object

Custom Authorization

- Objects living in Controller/Component/ Auth
- Implement the authorize() method
- Return whether the user has permissions or not

```
public function authorize($user, CakeRequest $request) {
        if ($user['admin']) {
                return true;
        $role = Configure::read('Permissions.' . $this->action($request));
        if (!$role) {
                return false;
        if ($role === '*') {
                return true;
        $models = explode(',', Inflector::camelize($role));
        foreach ($models as $model) {
                $exists = ClassRegistry::init($model)->find('count', array(
                        'conditions' => array(
                                'user id' => $user['id'],
                                'course_id' => $request->params['pass'][0]
                ));
                if ($exists) {
                        return true;
                }
        return false;
```

Advanced Pagination

and custom find methods

\$this->Photo->find('recent');

```
class PhotosController extends AppController {
   public $components = array(
        'Paginator' ⇒ array(
            'settings' => array('recent')
    );
  index method
  @return void
   public function index() {
        $this->Photo->recursive = 0;
        $this->set('photos', $this->paginate());
```

Paginating a custom find

```
function paginateCount($conditions = array(), $recursive = 0, $extra = array()) {
    $parameters = compact('conditions');
    $find = '_findCount';
    if (isset($extra['type'])) {
        $extra['operation'] = 'count';
        $find = '_find' . Inflector::camelize($extra['type']);
        $params = $this->$find('before', array_merge($parameters, $extra));
        unset($params['fields']);
        unset($params['limit']);
        return $this->find('count', $params);
    }
    return $this->find('count', array_merge($parameters, $extra));
}
```

Nice trick or paginating complex custom finds

Custom routing

Is not as hard as it looks like

```
Router::connect('/photos/:year/:month/:day', array('controller' >> 'photos', 'action' >> 'archive'), array(
    'year' >> Router::YEAR,
    'month' >> Router::MONTH,
    'day' >> Router::DAY,
    'pass' >> array('year', 'month', 'day')
));
Router::connect('/photos/:year/:month', array('controller' >> 'photos', 'action' >> 'archive'), array(
    'year' >> Router::YEAR,
    'month' >> Router::MONTH,
    'pass' >> array('year', 'month')
));
Router::connect('/photos/:year', array('controller' >> 'photos', 'action' >> 'archive'), array(
    'year' >> Router::YEAR,
    'pass' >> array('year')
));
```

Custom Route Classes

- Help you make any type of route you can think of
- Implement parse() and match()
- Use the class in the third param of Router::connect()
- Be wary of expensive calls or operations

Topic: Logging

When to log?

- Always, but specially when dealing with async processes
 - Dealing with money
 - Processing emails
 - Background stuff
- CakeLog acts like event dispatcher

- How to log
 - CakeLog::write()
 - Use performant engines
 - Avoid file log

 All log engines are notified of logged message

Logging Emails

```
class EmailConfig {
    public $default = array(
        'transport' => 'Mail',
        'from' => 'you@example.com',
        'email' => true
    );
}
```

Logged emails can be found in tmp/log/email.log

Using CakeLog

CakeLog::write(\$level, \$message);



Built-in features

- Translation functions (___*())
- Extract shell
- Translate behavior
- Time localization

Up to you...

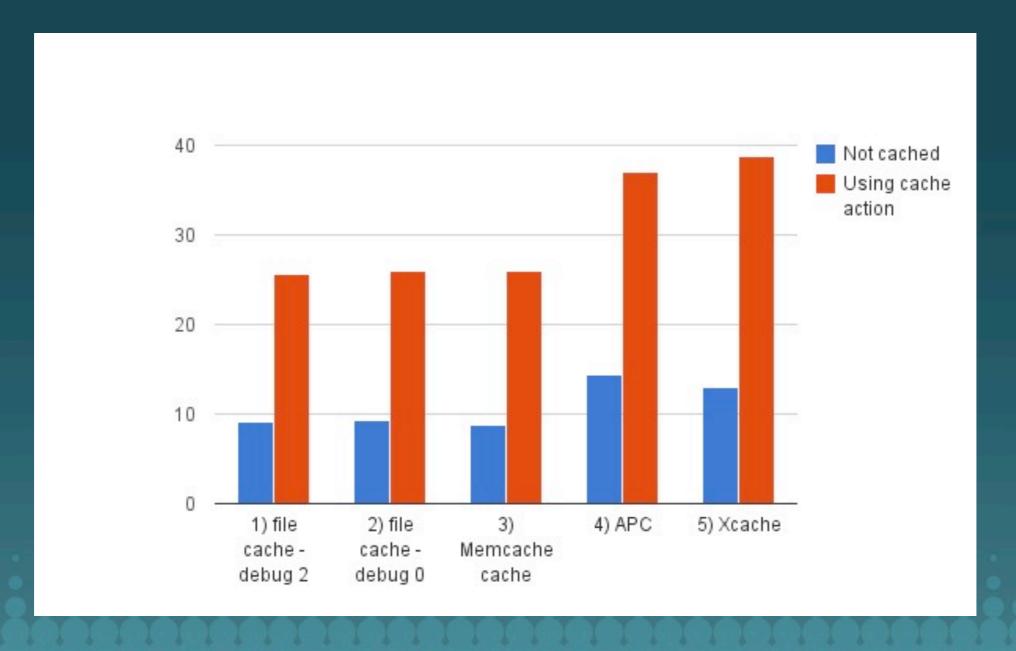
- Language in URL
- language switching

Topic: The Cloud

Some considerations

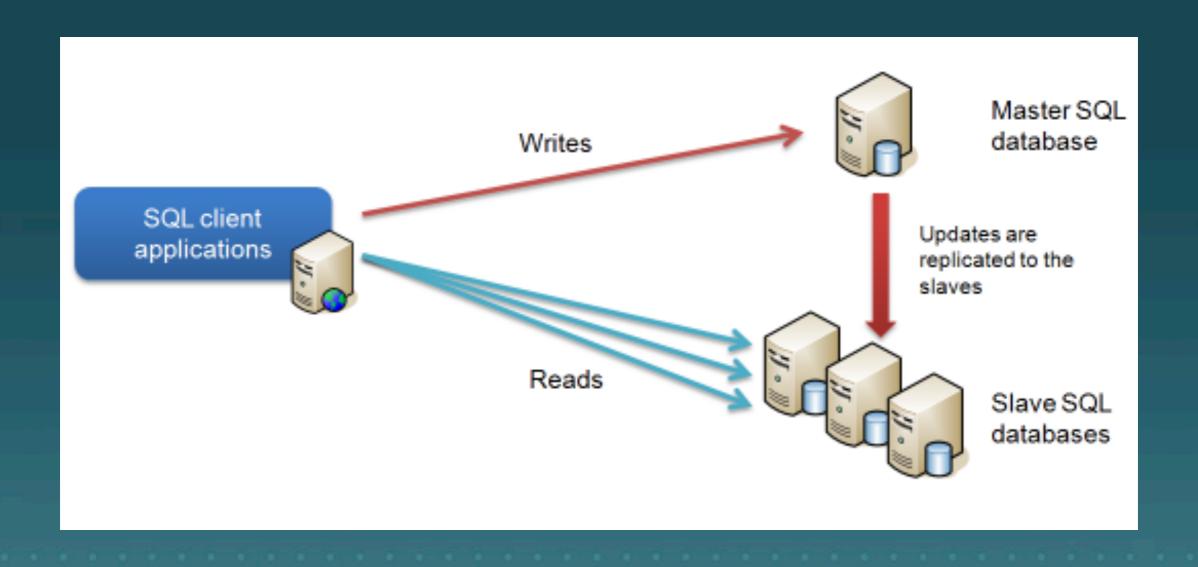
- Do not rely on filesystem being there!!
- Use a shared cache
- Use shared sessions
- Use shared database
- Automate deploy and scaling

How to choose your cache

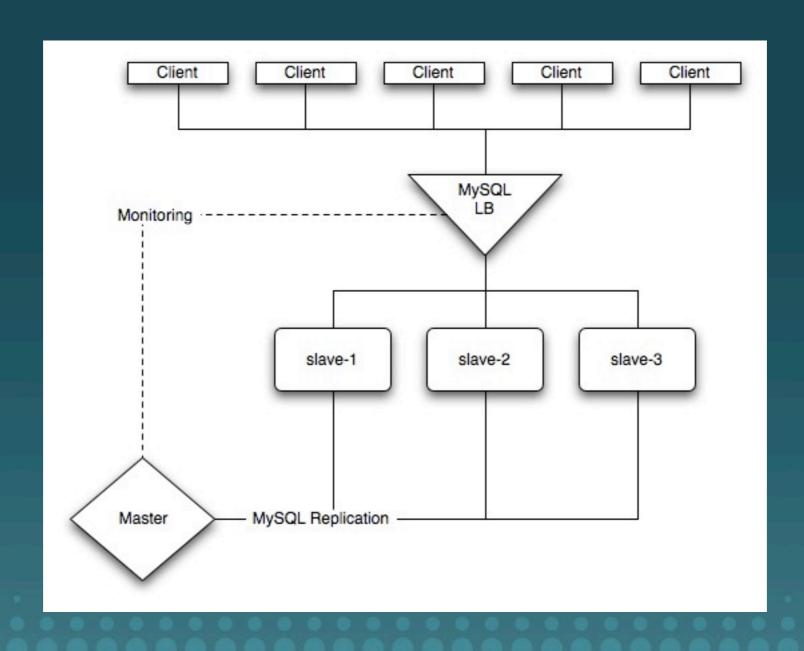


Topic: Master Slave

The simple setup



The Advanced Setup



Example configuration

```
<?php
class DATABASE_CONFIG {
    public $default = array(
        'datasource' => 'Database/Mysql',
        'persistent' => false,
        'host' -> 'read-mysql.network.com',
        'login' => 'root',
        'password' => '',
        'database' => 'photoblog',
    );
    public $write = array(
        'datasource' => 'Database/Mysql',
        'persistent' => false,
        'host' -> 'write-mysql.network.com',
        'login' => 'root',
        'password' => '',
        'database' => 'photoblog',
```

Making it work

```
class AppModel extends Model {
   public function save($data, $validate = true, $whitelist = array()) {
       $old = $this->useDbConfig;
       $this->setDataSource('write');
        $result = parent::save($data, $validate, $whitelist);
        $this->setDataSource($old);
       return $result;
   }
   public function updateAll($fields, $conditions = true) {
   public function delete($id = null, $cascade = true) {
   public function deleteAll($conditions, $cascade = true, $callbacks = false) {
```