CS 2209A

Assignment-3

Due on December 1st, 11:55PM

November 28, 2019

Instructions: Upload a single pdf to OWL. Corrupted files are student's responsibility.

- 1. (25 points) Let X be a set with $n \ge 1$ elements. For $0 \le k \le n$, let f(k, n) denote the number of subsets of X with k elements.
 - (i.) For $1 \le k < n$, prove that

$$f(k,n) = f(k-1, n-1) + f(k, n-1)$$

(ii.) Let $P_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n f(k,n)x^k$. Using (i.) prove that

$$(1+x)P_n(x) = P_{n+1}(x)$$

(iii.) Use induction to conclude that

$$P_n(x) = (1+x)^n$$

for all $n \ge 1$

(iv.) Using (i.) and induction prove that

$$f(k,n) = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

- (v.) Conclude that $(1+x)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} x^k$
- 2. (10 points) Let A and B be two finite sets. Prove that

$$n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$$

3. (15 points) Define the sequence $\{h_n\}_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$ as follows:

$$h_0 = 5/3$$

$$h_1 = 11/3$$

$$h_n = 3h_{n-1} + 4h_{n-2} + 6n$$
 for $n \ge 2$

Prove that for $n \geq 2$

$$h_n = 2(4)^n + \frac{3}{2}(-1)^n - n - \frac{11}{6}$$

1

4. (25 points) Prove that any non-zero Boolean function can be written as a sum of minterms.

Hint: See section 6.2 for definitions. Draw a 'truth table' with n variables and identify the 'truth table' with n-1 variables. Use induction.

- 5. (25 points) Construct a Boolean circuit for the Boolean function $f(x, y, z) = (x + \bar{y})(y + \bar{z})$
 - i. ONLY using NAND gates.
 - ii. ONLY using NOR gates.
- 6 (Bonus question: will not be graded but useful to solve it) Prove that every formula in predicate logic can be expressed in prenex normal form.

Hint: Structural induction.