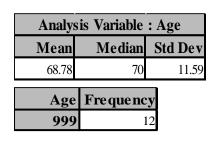
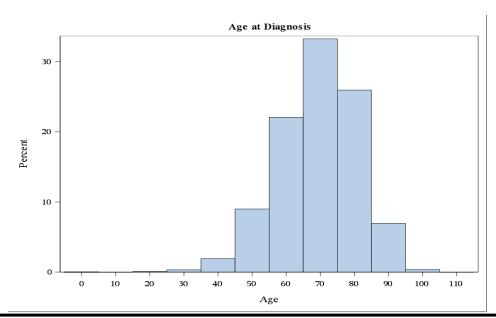
Caleb Fornshell

I am using a subset of the 1975-2016 RESPIR data file from the SEER datasets. I am only using the years 1988-2015, because that allowed me combine two different variables that both measured tumor size. The variables I am using are: Age at Diagnosis, Size of Tumor, Survival Months, Sex, Race, Year of Diagnosis, State(via registry information), Marital Status, Tumor Behavior, and Insurance Status. The first three variables are quantitative, so I will provide basic descriptive statistics and histograms of the variables. The last seven variables are categorical, so I will provide bar graphs and count and frequency data for the categories in in each variable. I included the variable name from the SAS read in file after the bolded header for each variable.

Age at Diagnosis: (age_dx)

The Age variable appears symmetric in shape. The results are not surprising. Relatively older people make up most of the cases. I removed observations with missing data indicated by a value of 999.



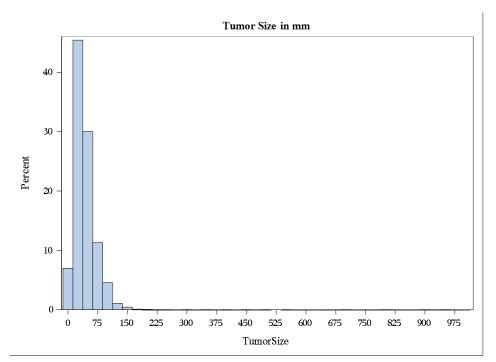


Tumor Size: (eod10 sz and cstumsize)

This variable was a combination of two different variables in the SEER data: eod10_sz and cstumsize. Both variables measured tumor size, but they consisted of different years. Eod10_sz consisted of the years 1988-2003, and cstumsize was for the years 2004-2015. I had to remove observations of measurements greater than 988, because the observations had values that were not precise, or the size was unknown. For example, measurements of 991-995 had measurements of the form "less than X mm", and 999 indicated a missing value. The omitted values are shown in the second table. All measurements are in millimeters. Most measurements were less than 100 mm, but there were some larger values. This caused the data have right skew.

| Analysis Variable : TumorSize | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| l Dev | | |
| 30.59 | | |
| | | |

| TumorSize | Frequency |
|-----------|-----------|
| 989 | 29 |
| 990 | 217 |
| 991 | 93 |
| 992 | 175 |
| 993 | 245 |
| 994 | 134 |
| 995 | 65 |
| 996 | 130 |
| 997 | 116 |
| 998 | 512 |
| 999 | 184505 |

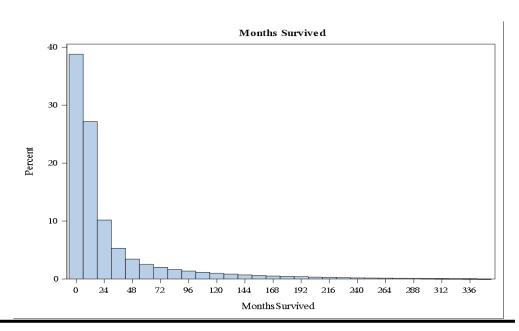


Months Survived: (srv_time_mon)

I removed observations that were coded with a 9999 as these values indicated the value was missing. Most individuals had measurements of a few months to few years, but there were many that survived longer. This variable is also right skewed.

| Analysis Variable : MonthsSurvived | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Mean | Median | Std Dev |
| 27.48 | 9 | 47.21 |
| Months Survived Frequency | | |

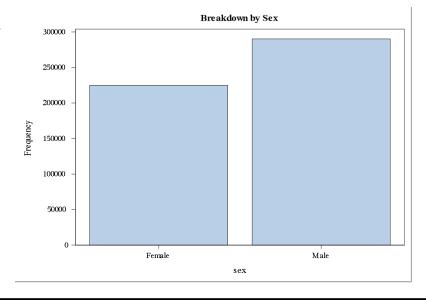
9999



Sex: (sex)

The majority of cases were from males.

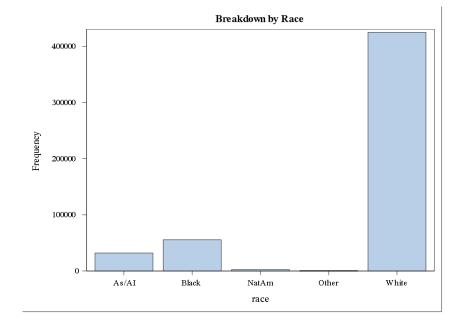
| sex | Frequency | Percent |
|--------|-----------|---------|
| Female | 224975 | 43.66 |
| Male | 290339 | 56.34 |



Race: (rac_recy)

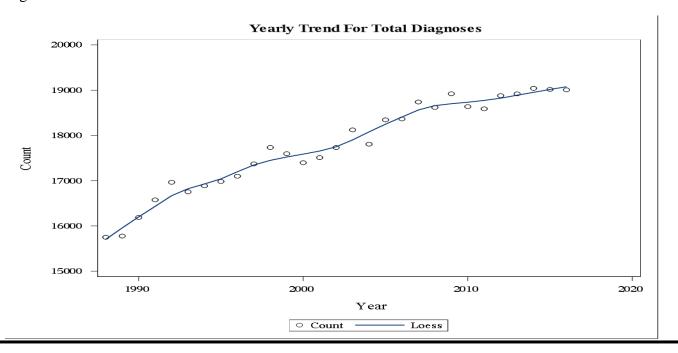
The most common race represented was by far white. The information came from the Race Recode, "Rac_Recy" variable. I combined the categories for "other" and "unknown". As/AI stands for Asian and Asian Islander.

| race | Frequency | Percent |
|-------|-----------|---------|
| As/AI | 31968 | 6.2 |
| Black | 55504 | 10.77 |
| NatAm | 2247 | 0.44 |
| Other | 719 | 0.14 |
| White | 424876 | 82.45 |



Year: (created variable of all 1s and grouped by year_dx)

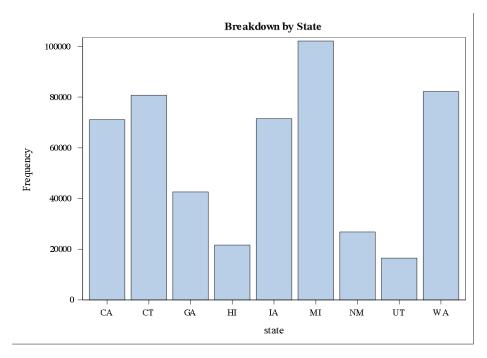
There was an overall upward trend. This could be explained by increasing population or more sites reporting.



State: (reg, recoded to state)

There does not appear to be any pattern among the states. This information was based on the Registry ID variable.

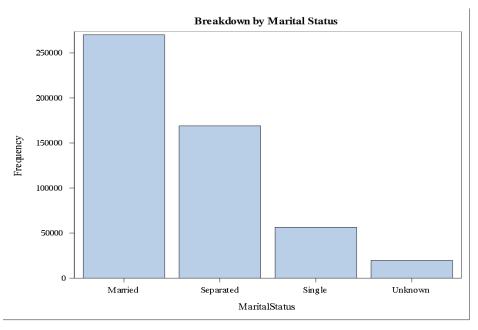
| state | Frequency | Percent |
|-------|-----------|---------|
| CA | 71111 | 13.8 |
| CT | 80765 | 15.67 |
| GA | 42612 | 8.27 |
| HI | 21621 | 4.2 |
| IA | 71526 | 13.88 |
| MI | 102130 | 19.82 |
| NM | 26812 | 5.2 |
| UT | 16508 | 3.2 |
| WA | 82229 | 15.96 |



Marital Status: (mar_stat)

Most of the diagnosed were married at the time of their diagnosis. I combined the categories that indicated the individual was once married but no longer is. For example, divorced, widowed, and separated are all in the "Separated" category. Single means the individual was never married.

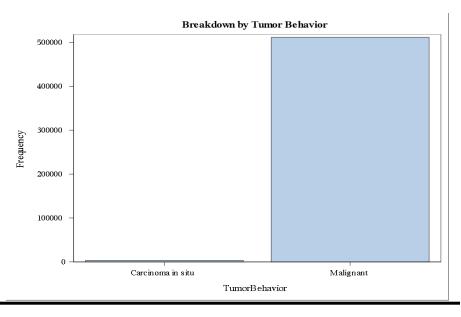
| MaritalStatus | Frequency | Percent |
|---------------|-----------|---------|
| Married | 270090 | 52.41 |
| Separated | 169035 | 32.8 |
| Single | 56545 | 10.97 |
| Unknown | 19644 | 3.81 |



Tumor Behavior: (beho3v)

This variable was dominated by the malignant category. This variable is supposed to have four different categories, but only two are present in this dataset.

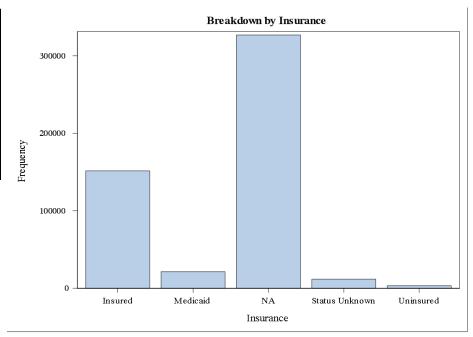
| TumorBehavior | Frequency | Percent |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|
| Carcinoma in situ | 3429 | 0.67 |
| Malignant | 511885 | 99.33 |



Insurance Status: (insrec_pub)

Most people who were diagnosed had some sort of insurance. The large number of NA values is because this variable only counts the observations from 2007 or later.

| Insurance | Frequency | Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|
| Insured | 151587 | 29.42 |
| Medicaid | 21521 | 4.18 |
| NA | 326953 | 63.45 |
| Status Unknown | 11808 | 2.29 |
| Uninsured | 3445 | 0.67 |



SAS Code:

/*SAS code for STAT 770 Homework 1. Chose 10 variables from SEER data and give brief description of each using descriptive statistics and frequencies, counts ect.

Using subset of RESPIR SEER data. I left out the SAS read in file included with the data files. Due 1/27/2020 */

```
/*Selecting Variables and coercing to proper data type*/
proc sql;
       CREATE TABLE RESPIR_VARS as
       SELECT pubcsnum as ID,
                input(reg, 10.) as Registry,
                sex as Sex,
                mar_stat as MaritalStatus_,
                input(age_dx, 4.) as Age,
                input(year_dx, 4.) as Year,
                input(eod10_sz, 4.) as TS88_03,
                input(cstumsiz,4.) as TS04_15,
                rac recy as Race,
                input(srv_time_mon, 4.) as MonthsSurvived,
                beho3v as TumorBehavior,
                insrec_pub as Insurance_
       FROM RESPIR:
QUIT;
/*Combining Tumor size variables and subsetting data based on year
Making other variables easier to interpret(Sex, registry, race) */
data RESPIR_VARS;
       set RESPIR VARS;
       one=1;
       TumorSize=0;
       if TS88_03>TS04_15 then TumorSize = TS88_03;
       else TumorSize=TS04 15;
       where Year>=1988;
       drop TS88_03 TS04_15;
       /*
              Coding race */
       race="----";
       if race_ = 1 then race="White";
       else if race_ = 2 then race="Black";
       else if race_ = 3 then race="NatAm";
       else if race = 4 then race="As/AI";
       else race="Other":
       /*Coding State Based on Registry Id */
       state="--";
       if registry in (1501, 153, 1535, 1541) then state="CA";
```

```
else if registry = 1502 then state = "CT";
else if registry = 1520 then state = "MI";
else if registry = 1521 then state = "HI";
else if registry = 1522 then state = "IA";
else if registry = 1523 then state = "NM";
else if registry = 1525 then state = "WA";
else if registry = 1526 then state = "UT";
else if registry in (1527, 1537, 1547) then state = "GA";
else if registry = 1529 then state = "AK";
else if registry = 1542 then state = "KT";
else if registry = 1543 then state = "LA";
else if registry = 1544 then state = "NJ";
else state="other";
/*Coding Sex*/
sex="----";
if sex_="1" then sex = "Male";
else sex="Female";
/*Coding Tumor Behavior*/
TumorBehavior="----";
if TumorBehavior ="0" then TumorBehavior="Benign";
else if TumorBehavior_="1" then TumorBehavior="Mal Pot.";
else if TumorBehavior_="2" then TumorBehavior="Carcinoma in situ";
else if TumorBehavior_="3" then TumorBehavior="Malignant";
else TumorBehavior="NA";
/*Coding insurance*/
Insurance="----";
if Insurance ="1" then Insurance="Uninsured";
else if Insurance_="2" then Insurance="Medicaid";
else if Insurance_ in ("3", "4") then Insurance="Insured";
else if Insurance_="5" then Insurance="Status Unknown";
else Insurance="NA";
/*Recoding Mariage Status*/
MaritalStatus="----";
if MaritalStatus="1" then MaritalStatus="Single";
else if MaritalStatus_="2" then MaritalStatus="Married";
else if MaritalStatus_ in ("3","4","5","6") then MaritalStatus="Separated";
else MaritalStatus="Unknown";
drop race_ Insurance_ Sex_ TumorBehavior_ MaritalStatus_;
```

run;

```
*******************
/* Descriptive Statistics for Age at Diagnosis */
************************************
title2 "Age at Diagnosis";
proc means data=RESPIR_VARS mean median std maxdec=2;
      var age;
      where age<999;
run;
/* Showing number of observations that were removed due to missing obs */
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
      table age / nopercent nocum;
      where age>=120;
run;
/* Histogram for age*/
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS ;
      histogram age / binstart=0 binwidth=10 showbins;
      where age<999;
run;
************************************
/* Descriptive Statistics for Tumor Size
********************
title2 "Tumor Size in mm":
proc means data=RESPIR_VARS mean median std maxdec=2;
      var TumorSize;
      where TumorSize<989:
run;
/* Showing number of observations that were removed due to imprecise measures */
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
      table TumorSize / nopercent nocum;
      where TumorSize>=989;
run;
/* Histogram for Tumor size*/
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS ;
      histogram TumorSize / binstart=0 binwidth=25 showbins;
      where TumorSize<989;
run;
```

```
/* Descriptive Statistics for Survival Months
************************************
title2 "Months Survived";
proc means data=RESPIR_VARS mean median std maxdec=2;
      var MonthsSurvived;
      where MonthsSurvived<9999;
run;
/* Showing number of observations that were removed due to imprecise measures */
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
      table MonthsSurvived / nopercent nocum;
      where MonthsSurvived>=9999;
run;
/* Histogram for Survival Months*/
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS ;
      histogram MonthsSurvived / binstart=0 binwidth=12 showbins;
      where MonthsSurvived<9999;
run;
*****************
/* Counts and relative frequencies for Sex */
*******************************
title "Breakdown by Sex";
proc freq data=RESPIR VARS;
      table Sex / nocum;
run;
/* barplot for Sex */
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS;
      vbar Sex;
run;
*****************
/* Counts and relative frequencies for Race */
*****************
title "Breakdown by Race";
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
      table Race / nocum;
run;
/* barplot for Race */
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS;
      vbar Race;
run;
```

```
/* Counting number of obs for each year */
****************
Title "Yearly Trend For Total Diagnoses";
proc sql;
      create table years as
      select year, sum(one) as Count
      from RESPIR_VARS
      group by year;
quit;
/* Using counts of diagnosis by year for trend of diagnosis every year */
proc sgplot data=years;
      scatter x=year y=count;
      loess x=year y=count;
      xaxis min=1988 max=2018;
      yaxis min=15000 max=20000;
run;
*****************
/* Counts and relative frequencies for State */
********************
title "Breakdown by State";
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
      table State / nocum;
run;
/* barplot for State */
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS;
      vbar State;
run;
****************
/* Counts and relative frequencies for Race */
******************
title "Breakdown by Marital Status";
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
      table MaritalStatus / nocum;
run;
/* barplot for Marital Status */
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS;
      vbar MaritalStatus;
run;
```

```
********************
/* Counts and relative frequencies for Tumor Behavior */
************************
title "Breakdown by Tumor Behavior";
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
     table TumorBehavior / nocum;
run;
/* barplot for Tumor Behavior */
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS;
     vbar TumorBehavior:
run;
****************
/* Counts and relative frequencies for Insurance */
***************
title "Breakdown by Insurance";
proc freq data=RESPIR_VARS;
     table Insurance / nocum;
run;
/* barplot for Insurance */
proc sgplot data=RESPIR_VARS;
     vbar Insurance:
run;
```