

Notebook - Maratona de Programação

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Misc

1.1 Submask

```
1 // O(3^n)
2 for (int m = 0; m < (1<<n); m++) {</pre>
      for (int s = m; s; s = (s-1) & m) {
          // s is every submask of m
6 }
8 // O(2^n * n) SOS dp like
9 for (int b = n-1; b >= 0; b--) {
      for (int m = 0; m < (1 << n); m++) {
10
          if (j & (1 << b)) {</pre>
11
               // propagate info through submasks
               amount[j ^ (1 << b)] += amount[j];
          }
14
15
      }
16 }
```

1.2 Safe Map

1 struct custom hash {

```
static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
          // http://xorshift.di.unimi.it/splitmix64.c
          x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
          x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
          x = (x ^(x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
          return x ^ (x >> 31);
      }
      size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM = chrono:: 2 dp[0][0] = 0;
      steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
         return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
13
14 };
15
unordered_map < long long, int, custom_hash > safe_map;
18 // when using pairs
19 struct custom_hash {
      inline size_t operator ()(const pii & a) const {
20
          return (a.first << 6) ^ (a.first >> 2) ^
      2038074743 ^ a.second;
22
23 }:
```

1.3 Ordered Set

1 // Least significant bit (lsb)

```
1 #include <bits/extc++.h>
3 #include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
4 #include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
6 using namespace __gnu_pbds; // or pb_ds;
7 template < typename T, typename B = null_type >
8 using ordered_set = tree<T, B, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
10 // order_of_key(k) : Number of items strictly
      smaller than k
11 // find_by_order(k) : K-th element in a set (counting 10 11 vi LIS(const vi &elements){
                                                        12
13 // to swap two sets, use a.swap(b);
                                                        14
  1.4 Bitwise
```

```
int lsb(int x) { return x&-x; }
      int lsb(int x) { return __builtin_ctz(x); } //
      bit position
4 // Most significant bit (msb)
      int msb(int x) { return 32-1-__builtin_clz(x); }
      // bit position
7 // Power of two
      bool isPowerOfTwo(int x){ return x && (!(x&(x-1))
      ); }
9
10 // floor(log2(x))
int flog2(int x) { return 32-1-_builtin_clz(x); }
int flog2l1(ll x) { return 64-1-__builtin_clzll(x); }
14 // Built-in functions
15 // Number of bits 1
16 __builtin_popcount()
17 __builtin_popcountll()
19 // Number of leading zeros
20 __builtin_clz()
21 __builtin_clzll()
23 // Number of trailing zeros
24 __builtin_ctz()
25 __builtin_ctzll()
```

DΡ

2.1 Knapsack

```
1 // Caso base, como i == n
_{4} // Itera por todos os estados
5 for(int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)</pre>
      for(int P = 0; P \le w; ++P){
           int &temp = dp[i][P];
           // Primeira possibilidade, ano pega i
           temp = dp[i - 1][P];
          // Segunda possibilidade, se puder, pega o
      item
          if(P - p[i] >= 0)
               temp = max(temp, dp[i - 1][P - p[i]] + v[
13
      i]);
14
           ans = max(ans, temp);
15
      }
16
```

2.2 Lis

```
nultiset < int > S;
2 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
      auto it = S.upper_bound(vet[i]); // low for inc
      if(it != S.end())
          S.erase(it);
      S.insert(vet[i]);
6
7 }
8 // size of the lis
9 int ans = S.size();
      auto compare = [&](int x, int y) {
           return elements[x] < elements[y];</pre>
      set < int, decltype(compare) > S(compare);
15
      vi previous( elements.size(), -1 );
17
      for(int i=0; i<int( elements.size() ); ++i){</pre>
18
```

```
auto it = S.insert(i).first;
                                                                   Sparse(vector<int>& v) {
                                                            11
           if(it != S.begin())
20
                                                            12
                                                                       n = v.size();
                                                                       int k = logv[n];
               previous[i] = *prev(it);
21
                                                            13
           if(*it == i and next(it) != S.end())
                                                            14
                                                                       st.assign(n+1, vector < int > (k+1, 0));
               S.erase(next(it));
      }
                                                                       for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
24
                                                            16
                                                                            st[i][0] = v[i];
      vi answer:
26
                                                            18
      answer.push_back( *S.rbegin() );
                                                            19
       while ( previous[answer.back()] != -1 )
                                                                       for(int j = 1; j <= k; j++) {
           answer.push_back( previous[answer.back()] ); 21
                                                                           for(int i = 0; i + (1 << j) <= n; i++) {
29
30
       reverse( answer.begin(), answer.end() );
                                                                                st[i][j] = f(st[i][j-1], st[i + (1 <<
                                                                    (j-1))][j-1]);
31
      return answer;
                                                                           }
                                                                       }
                                                            24
  2.3 Dp Digitos
                                                            25
                                                                   int f(int a, int b) {
                                                            27
_{1} // dp de quantidade de numeros <= r com ate qt
                                                                       return min(a, b);
      digitos diferentes de 0
_2 11 dp(int idx, string& r, bool menor, int qt, vector< ^{29}\,
                                                            30
      vector < vi >> & tab) {
                                                                   int query(int 1, int r) {
       if(qt > 3) return 0;
                                                                       int k = logv[r-l+1];
                                                            32
       if(idx >= r.size()) {
                                                                       return f(st[l][k], st[r - (1 << k) + 1][k]);</pre>
                                                            33
           return 1;
5
                                                            34
                                                            35 };
      if(tab[idx][menor][qt] != -1)
                                                            36
          return tab[idx][menor][qt];
                                                            37
9
                                                            38 struct Sparse2d {
      11 \text{ res} = 0:
10
                                                                   int n. m:
                                                            39
       for(int i = 0; i <= 9; i++) {
                                                                   vector < vector < int >>> st;
                                                            40
           if(menor or i <= r[idx]-'0') {</pre>
12
               res += dp(idx+1, r, menor or i < (r[idx]-^{41}
13
                                                                   Sparse2d(vector<vector<int>> mat) {
            , qt+(i>0), tab);
                                                                       n = mat.size();
           }
14
                                                                       m = mat[0].size();
                                                            44
                                                                       int k = logv[min(n, m)];
                                                            45
16
                                                            46
17
      return tab[idx][menor][qt] = res;
                                                                       st.assign(n+1, vector < vector < int >> (m+1,
                                                            47
18 }
                                                                   vector < int > (k+1)));
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                            48
       ED
  3
                                                                           for(int j = 0; j < m; j++)
                                                                                st[i][j][0] = mat[i][j];
                                                            50
                                                            51
  3.1 Prefixsum2d
                                                                       for(int j = 1; j \le k; j++) {
                                                                            for(int x1 = 0; x1 < n; x1++) {
_{\rm 1} ll find_sum(vector<vi> &mat, int x1, int y1, int x2, _{\rm 54}
                                                                                for (int y1 = 0; y1 < m; y1++) {
      int y2){
                                                                                    int delta = (1 << (j-1));</pre>
       // superior-esq(x1,y1) (x2,y2)inferior-dir
                                                                                    if(x1+delta >= n or y1+delta >= m
      return mat[x2][y2]-mat[x2][y1-1]-mat[x1-1][y2]+
                                                                   ) continue;
      mat[x1-1][y1-1];
                                                            57
4 }
                                                                                    st[x1][y1][j] = st[x1][y1][j-1];
                                                            58
                                                                                    st[x1][y1][j] = f(st[x1][y1][j],
                                                            59
6 int main(){
                                                                   st[x1+delta][y1][j-1]);
                                                                                    st[x1][y1][j] = f(st[x1][y1][j],
       for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                                                                   st[x1][y1+delta][j-1]);
           for(int j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
9
                                                                                    st[x1][y1][j] = f(st[x1][y1][j],
               mat[i][j]+=mat[i-1][j]+mat[i][j-1]-mat[i]
10
                                                                   st[x1+delta][y1+delta][j-1]);
       -1][j-1];
                                                                                }
                                                            63
                                                                           }
12 }
                                                                       }
                                                            64
                                                            65
        Sparse Table
                                                            66
                                                                   // so funciona para quadrados
                                                            67
                                                                   int query(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
int logv[N+1];
                                                            68
                                                                       assert(x2-x1+1 == y2-y1+1);
void make_log() {
                                                                       int k = logv[x2-x1+1];
      logv[1] = 0; // pre-computar tabela de log
                                                            70
      for (int i = 2; i <= N; i++)</pre>
                                                                       int delta = (1 << k);</pre>
                                                            71
           logv[i] = logv[i/2] + 1;
                                                            72
                                                                       int res = st[x1][y1][k];
                                                            73
6 }
                                                                       res = f(res, st[x2 - delta+1][y1][k]);
7 struct Sparse {
                                                            74
                                                                       res = f(res, st[x1][y2 - delta+1][k]);
                                                            75
                                                                       res = f(res, st[x2 - delta+1][y2 - delta+1][k]
                                                            76
9
      vector < vector < int >> st;
                                                                   ]);
10
```

```
return res:
77
                                                            30
                                                            31
                                                                       return minimum;
78
79
                                                            32
      int f(int a, int b) {
80
                                                           33
           return a | b;
                                                                  ll size() {
                                                                      return in.size() + out.size();
82
                                                           35
83
                                                            36
84 };
                                                            37 };
  3.3 Dsu
                                                                    Segtree Implicita Lazy
1 struct DSU {
      int n;
                                                            1 struct node{
      vector < int > parent, size;
                                                                  pll val;
                                                                  ll lazy;
                                                            3
      DSU(int n): n(n) {
                                                                  11 1, r;
           parent.resize(n, 0);
                                                                  node(){
                                                            5
           size.assign(n, 1);
                                                                       l=-1; r=-1; val={0,0}; lazy=0;
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                            8 };
               parent[i] = i;
10
      }
11
                                                           10 node tree[40*MAX];
12
                                                           11 int id = 2;
      int find(int a) {
                                                           12 11 N=1e9+10:
13
           if(a == parent[a]) return a;
14
                                                           13
           return parent[a] = find(parent[a]);
15
                                                           14 pll merge(pll A, pll B){
16
                                                                  if(A.ff==B.ff) return {A.ff, A.ss+B.ss};
                                                           15
                                                           16
                                                                   return (A.ff < B.ff ? A:B);</pre>
      void join(int a, int b) {
                                                           17 }
18
           a = find(a); b = find(b);
19
           if(a != b) {
20
                                                           19 void prop(ll l, ll r, int no){
               if(size[a] < size[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                                                                  11 \text{ mid} = (1+r)/2;
                                                           20
               parent[b] = a;
22
                                                           21
                                                                  if(1!=r){
               size[a] += size[b];
                                                                       if (tree[no].l==-1) {
                                                           22
           }
24
                                                                           tree[no].l = id++;
      }
                                                                           tree[tree[no].1].val = {0, mid-l+1};
25
                                                           24
26 };
                                                           26
                                                                       if (tree [no].r==-1) {
  3.4 Minqueue
                                                                           tree[no].r = id++;
                                                           27
                                                                           tree[tree[no].r].val = \{0, r-(mid+1)+1\};
1 struct MinQ {
                                                            29
      stack<pair<11,11>> in;
                                                                       tree[tree[no].1].lazy += tree[no].lazy;
                                                                       tree[tree[no].r].lazy += tree[no].lazy;
      stack<pair<11,11>> out;
                                                           31
                                                           32
      void add(ll val) {
                                                                  tree[no].val.ff += tree[no].lazy;
           11 minimum = in.empty() ? val : min(val, in. 34
                                                                   tree[no].lazy=0;
      top().ss);
                                                            35 }
           in.push({val, minimum});
                                                           36
                                                           37 void update(int a, int b, int x, 11 1=0, 11 r=2*N, 11
9
                                                                   no=1){
      11 pop() {
                                                                  prop(l, r, no);
10
                                                           38
           if(out.empty()) {
                                                                   if (a \le 1 \text{ and } r \le b)
                                                                      tree[no].lazy += x;
               while(!in.empty()) {
12
                                                           40
                   ll val = in.top().ff;
                                                           41
                                                                       prop(1, r, no);
14
                   in.pop();
                                                           42
                                                                       return;
                   11 minimum = out.empty() ? val : min(43
      val, out.top().ss);
                                                                  if(r<a or b<1) return;</pre>
                   out.push({val, minimum});
                                                                  int m = (1+r)/2;
16
                                                           45
               }
                                                                   update(a, b, x, 1, m, tree[no].1);
18
           }
                                                           47
                                                                  update(a, b, x, m+1, r, tree[no].r);
           11 res = out.top().ff;
                                                           48
19
                                                                   tree[no].val = merge(tree[tree[no].1].val, tree[
20
           out.pop();
                                                           49
           return res;
                                                                  tree[no].r].val);
21
                                                           50 }
23
                                                           51
      11 minn() {
                                                            52 pll query(int a, int b, int 1=0, int r=2*N, int no=1)
           11 minimum = LLINF;
25
           if(in.empty() || out.empty())
                                                                  prop(l, r, no);
26
               minimum = in.empty() ? (ll)out.top().ss : 54
                                                                  if(a<=l and r<=b) return tree[no].val;</pre>
                                                                  if(r<a or b<1) return {INF, 0};</pre>
       (11)in.top().ss;
                                                           55
                                                                   int m = (1+r)/2;
               minimum = min((11)in.top().ss, (11)out.
                                                                  int left = tree[no].1, right = tree[no].r;
29
                                                           57
      top().ss);
                                                            58
```

```
dp[i][j]=0;
      return tree[no].val = merge(query(a, b, 1, m,
59
      left),
                                                                           else if(x[i-1] == y[j-1])
                                                           10
                                    query(a, b, m+1, r,
                                                                              dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j-1]+1;
60
                                                           11
      right));
                                                           12
61 }
                                                                               dp[i][j]=max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1]);
                                                                      }
                                                           14
  3.6 Delta Encoding
                                                           16
                                                                  // int len = dp[n][m];
                                                           17
1 // Delta encoding
                                                                  string ans="";
                                                           18
                                                           19
3 for(int i=0;i<q;i++){</pre>
                                                           20
                                                                  // recover string
      int 1, r, x;
                                                                  int i = n-1, j = m-1;
                                                           21
      cin >> 1 >> r >> x;
                                                                  while (i \ge 0 \text{ and } j \ge 0) {
                                                           22
      delta[1] += x;
                                                                      if(x[i] == y[j]){
                                                           23
      delta[r+1] = x;
                                                                           ans.pb(x[i]);
                                                           24
8 }
                                                           25
                                                                           i--; j--;
                                                                      }else if(dp[i][j+1]>dp[i+1][j])
                                                           26
10 int atual = 0;
                                                                          i--:
                                                                      else
                                                           28
12 for (int i=0; i < n; i++) {
                                                           29
                                                                           j--;
      atual += delta[i];
13
                                                                  }
                                                           30
      v[i] += atual;
14
                                                           31
15 }
                                                                  reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
                                                           32
                                                           33
       Strings
                                                           34
                                                                  return ans;
                                                           35 }
  4.1 Z Func
                                                                   Kmp
                                                              4.4
vector<int> Z(string s) {
                                                            1 string p;
      int n = s.size();
                                                            2 int neighbor[N];
      vector < int > z(n);
                                                            3 int walk(int u, char c) { // leader after inputting '
      int 1 = 0, r = 0;
      for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                                                                  while (u != -1 && (u+1 >= (int)p.size() || p[u + 1] != c)) // leader doesn't match
          z[i] = max(0, min(z[i - 1], r - i + 1));
           while (i + z[i] < n and s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i]
                                                                      u = neighbor[u];
                                                                  return p[u + 1] == c ? u+1 : u;
                                                            6
               l = i; r = i + z[i]; z[i]++;
                                                            7 }
          }
9
                                                            8 void build() {
      }
10
                                                                  neighbor[0] = -1; // -1 is the leftmost state
11
      return z;
                                                                  for (int i = 1; i < (int)p.size(); i++)</pre>
                                                           10
12 }
                                                                      neighbor[i] = walk(neighbor[i-1], p[i]);
                                                           11
                                                           12 }
  4.2 Edit Distance
                                                              4.5 Hash
int edit_distance(int a, int b, string& s, string& t)
       {
                                                            1 // String Hash template
      // indexado em 0, transforma s em t
                                                            _2 // constructor(s) - O(|s|)
      if(a == -1) return b+1;
                                                            _3 // query(1, r) - returns the hash of the range [1,r]
      if(b == -1) return a+1;
                                                                  from left to right - O(1)
      if(tab[a][b] != -1) return tab[a][b];
                                                            4 // query_inv(l, r) from right to left - O(1)
      int ins = INF, del = INF, mod = INF;
                                                            6 struct Hash {
      ins = edit_distance(a-1, b, s, t) + 1;
                                                            7
                                                                  const 11 P = 31;
9
      del = edit_distance(a, b-1, s, t) + 1;
                                                                  int n; string s;
      mod = edit_distance(a-1, b-1, s, t) + (s[a] != t[
10
                                                                  vector<ll> h, hi, p;
                                                                  Hash() {}
11
                                                                  Hash(string s): s(s), n(s.size()), h(n), hi(n), p
      return tab[a][b] = min(ins, min(del, mod));
12
                                                                  (n) {
13 }
                                                                      for (int i=0;i<n;i++) p[i] = (i ? P*p[i-1]:1)</pre>
                                                                   % MOD;
  4.3 Lcsubseq
                                                           13
                                                                      for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                           h[i] = (s[i] + (i ? h[i-1]:0) * P) % MOD;
                                                           14
1 // Longest Common Subsequence
                                                                      for (int i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
                                                           15
2 string lcs(string x, string y){
                                                           16
                                                                           hi[i] = (s[i] + (i+1 < n ? hi[i+1]:0) * P)
      int n = x.size(), m = y.size();
                                                                  % MOD:
      vector < vi > dp(n+1, vi(m+1, 0));
                                                           17
                                                                  }
                                                                  int query(int 1, int r) {
                                                           18
      for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){</pre>
                                                                      ll hash = (h[r] - (l ? h[l-1]*p[r-l+1]%MOD :
          for(int j=0; j <= m; j++) {</pre>
```

20

return hash < 0 ? hash + MOD : hash;</pre>

if(!i or !j)

```
currRow = 1 - currRow;
21
                                                            25
22
      int query_inv(int 1, int r) {
                                                                   }
                                                            26
           ll hash = (hi[l] - (r+1 < n ? hi[r+1]*p[r-1]
                                                            27
       +1] % MOD : 0));
                                                                   if(result == 0)
                                                            28
                                                                       return string();
24
           return hash < 0 ? hash + MOD : hash;
25
                                                            30
26 };
                                                                   return X.substr(end - result + 1, result);
                                                            31
                                                            32 }
  4.6 Aho Corasick
                                                                    Geometria
1 // https://github.com/joseleite19/icpc-notebook/blob/
      master/code/string/aho_corasick.cpp
                                                                     Mindistpair
                                                              5.1
2 const int A = 26;
3 int to[N][A];
                                                            1 ll MinDistPair(vp &vet){
4 int ne = 2, fail[N], term[N];
5 void add_string(string str, int id){
                                                                  int n = vet.size();
      int p = 1;
                                                                   sort(vet.begin(), vet.end());
                                                                   set <point > s;
      for(auto c: str){
          int ch = c - 'a'; // !
           if(!to[p][ch]) to[p][ch] = ne++;
                                                                   11 best_dist = LLINF;
9
           p = to[p][ch];
                                                                   int j=0;
10
11
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                                       11 d = ceil(sqrt(best_dist));
      term[p]++;
12
                                                             9
13 }
                                                                       while (j \le n \text{ and } vet[i].x-vet[j].x >= d){
                                                            10
                                                                            s.erase(point(vet[j].y, vet[j].x));
14 void init(){
15
      for(int i = 0; i < ne; i++) fail[i] = 1;</pre>
                                                            12
                                                                       }
       queue < int > q; q.push(1);
                                                            13
16
      int u, v;
17
                                                            14
       while(!q.empty()){
                                                                       auto it1 = s.lower_bound({vet[i].y - d, vet[i]})
           u = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                                   ].x});
19
           for(int i = 0; i < A; i++){</pre>
                                                                       auto it2 = s.upper_bound({vet[i].y + d, vet[i]})
20
                                                            16
                                                                   ].x});
               if(to[u][i]){
21
                   v = to[u][i]; q.push(v);
                                                            17
                    if(u != 1){
                                                                       for(auto it=it1; it!=it2; it++){
                                                                            11 dx = vet[i].x - it->y;
                        fail[v] = to[ fail[u] ][i];
24
                                                            19
                        term[v] += term[ fail[v] ];
                                                                            11 dy = vet[i].y - it->x;
                                                                            if(best_dist > dx*dx + dy*dy){
26
                                                            21
               }
                                                                                best_dist = dx*dx + dy*dy;
               else if(u != 1) to[u][i] = to[ fail[u] ][23
                                                                                // vet[i] e inv(it)
      il:
               else to[u][i] = 1;
                                                                       }
           }
30
                                                            26
      }
                                                                       s.insert(point(vet[i].y, vet[i].x));
31
32 }
                                                            28
                                                                   return best_dist;
                                                            29
  4.7 Lcs
                                                            30 }
                                                                    Inside Polygon
string LCSubStr(string X, string Y)
2 {
      int m = X.size();
                                                            1 // Convex O(logn)
3
      int n = Y.size();
                                                            3 bool insideT(point a, point b, point c, point e){
      int result = 0, end;
                                                                  int x = ccw(a, b, e);
                                                            4
      int len[2][n];
                                                                   int y = ccw(b, c, e);
                                                                   int z = ccw(c, a, e);
      int currRow = 0;
                                                             6
                                                                   return !((x==1 \text{ or } y==1 \text{ or } z==1) \text{ and } (x==-1 \text{ or } y
      for(int i=0;i<=m;i++){</pre>
                                                                   ==-1 or z==-1));
10
           for(int j=0;j<=n;j++){</pre>
                                                             8 }
12
               if(i==0 || j==0)
                                                            9
                   len[currRow][j] = 0;
                                                            10 bool inside(vp &p, point e){ // ccw
               else if(X[i-1] == Y[j-1]){
                                                                   int 1=2, r=(int)p.size()-1;
14
                                                            11
                   len[currRow][j] = len[1-currRow][j-1]_{12}
                                                                   while(1<r){
        + 1;
                                                                       int mid = (1+r)/2;
                    if(len[currRow][j] > result){
                                                                       if(ccw(p[0], p[mid], e) == 1)
16
                                                            14
                        result = len[currRow][j];
17
                                                            15
                                                                           l=mid+1:
                        end = i - 1;
                                                            16
                                                                       else{
                   }
                                                            17
                                                                           r=mid;
19
               }
                                                                       }
                                                            18
               else
                                                                   }
21
                                                            19
                                                                   // bordo
                   len[currRow][j] = 0;
                                                            20
```

21

// if(r==(int)p.size()-1 and ccw(p[0], p[r], e)

==0) return false;

}

24

```
// if (r==2 and ccw(p[0], p[1], e)==0) return
22
                                                          38
      false;
                                                          39 ld norm(point a) { // Modulo
      // if(ccw(p[r], p[r-1], e) == 0) return false;
                                                          40
                                                                 return sqrt(a * a);
                                                          41 }
      return insideT(p[0], p[r-1], p[r], e);
24
25 }
                                                          42 cod norm2(point a) {
26
                                                          43
                                                                 return a * a;
                                                          44 }
28 // Any O(n)
                                                          45 bool nulo(point a) {
                                                                 return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0) and eq(a.z, 0))
30 int inside(vp &p, point pp){
      // 1 - inside / 0 - boundary / -1 - outside
                                                          47 }
31
      int n = p.size();
                                                          48 ld proj(point a, point b) { // a sobre b
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                                 return (a*b)/norm(b);
33
                                                          49
          int j = (i+1)%n;
                                                          50 }
34
           if(line({p[i], p[j]}).inside_seg(pp))
                                                          51 ld angle(point a, point b) { // em radianos
35
              return 0;
                                                                 return acos((a*b) / norm(a) / norm(b));
                                                          52
36
37
                                                          53 }
      int inter = 0;
38
                                                          54
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                          55 cod triple(point a, point b, point c) {
40
          int j = (i+1)\%n;
                                                          56
                                                                 return (a * (b^c)); // Area do paralelepipedo
          if(p[i].x <= pp.x and pp.x < p[j].x and ccw(p57)
41
       [i], p[j], pp)==1)
              inter++; // up
                                                          59 point normilize(point a) {
42
           else if(p[j].x \le pp.x and pp.x \le p[i].x and 60
                                                                 return a/norm(a);
      ccw(p[i], p[j], pp) == -1)
                                                          61 }
              inter++; // down
44
                                                          62
45
                                                          63 struct plane {
                                                                 cod a, b, c, d;
46
                                                          64
      if(inter%2==0) return -1; // outside
                                                                 point p1, p2, p3;
47
                                                          65
       else return 1; // inside
                                                                 plane(point p1=0, point p2=0, point p3=0): p1(p1)
48
                                                          66
                                                                 , p2(p2), p3(p3) {
                                                                     point aux = (p1-p3)^(p2-p3);
                                                          67
  5.3 3d
                                                                     a = aux.x; b = aux.y; c = aux.z;
                                                          68
                                                                     d = -a*p1.x - b*p1.y - c*p1.z;
1 // typedef ll cod;
                                                          70
                                                          71
                                                                 plane(point p, point normal) {
2 // bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return (a==b); }
                                                                     normal = normilize(normal);
                                                          72
4 const ld EPS = 1e-6;
                                                                     a = normal.x; b = normal.y; c = normal.z;
                                                          73
                                                                     d = -(p*normal);
5 #define vp vector<point>
6 typedef ld cod;
                                                          75
7 bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return fabs(a - b) <= EPS; }</pre>
                                                                 // ax+by+cz+d = 0;
                                                          77
                                                                 cod eval(point &p) {
9 struct point
                                                                     return a*p.x + b*p.y + c*p.z + d;
10 {
11
      cod x, y, z;
                                                          80
      point(cod x=0, cod y=0, cod z=0): x(x), y(y), z(z^{81});
                                                          83 cod dist(plane pl, point p) {
      point operator+(const point &o) const {
                                                                 return fabs(pl.a*p.x + pl.b*p.y + pl.c*p.z + pl.d
14
                                                                 ) / sqrt(pl.a*pl.a + pl.b*pl.b + pl.c*pl.c);
          return {x+o.x, y+o.y, z+o.z};
15
                                                          85 }
16
      point operator-(const point &o) const {
                                                          86
                                                          87 point rotate(point v, point k, ld theta) {
18
         return {x-o.x, y-o.y, z-o.z};
                                                                 // Rotaciona o vetor v theta graus em torno do
                                                          88
19
      point operator*(cod t) const {
                                                                 eixo k
20
                                                                 // theta *= PI/180; // graus
          return {x*t, y*t, z*t};
                                                          89
21
                                                                 return (
                                                          90
                                                                     v*cos(theta)) +
      point operator/(cod t) const {
23
                                                                     ((k^v)*sin(theta)) +
                                                          92
          return \{x/t, y/t, z/t\};
                                                                      (k*(k*v))*(1-cos(theta)
                                                          93
25
      bool operator == (const point &o) const {
                                                          94
26
          return eq(x, o.x) and eq(y, o.y) and eq(z, o.95)
27
      z):
                                                          _{97} // 3d line inter / mindistance
28
      }
                                                          98 cod d(point p1, point p2, point p3, point p4) {
      cod operator*(const point &o) const { // dot
29
                                                                 return (p2-p1) * (p4-p3);
                                                          99
30
           return x*o.x + y*o.y + z*o.z;
                                                          100 }
31
      point operator^(const point &o) const { // cross 101 vector < point > inter3d(point p1, point p2, point p3,
32
                                                                 point p4) {
           return point(y*o.z - z*o.y,
                                                                 cod mua = (d(p1, p3, p4, p3) * d(p4, p3, p2, p1)
                        z*o.x - x*o.z,
34
                                                                  - d(p1, p3, p2, p1) * d(p4, p3, p4, p3))
35
                        x*o.y - y*o.x);
                                                                        / ( d(p2, p1, p2, p1) * d(p4, p3, p4, p3)
      }
36
                                                                 - d(p4, p3, p2, p1) * d(p4, p3, p2, p1));
37 };
```

```
cod mub = (d(p1, p3, p4, p3) + mua * d(p4, p3,
                                                                          ans.push_back(poly[i]);
104
                                                           27
       p2, p1) ) / d(p4, p3, p4, p3);
                                                                      }
                                                           28
                                                                      double z2 = seg.eval(poly[(i + 1) % n]);
       point pa = p1 + (p2-p1) * mua;
                                                           29
       point pb = p3 + (p4-p3) * mub;
                                                                      if((z > EPS && z2 < -EPS) || (z < -EPS && z2
106
                                                           30
       if (pa == pb) return {pa};
                                                                          ans.push_back(inter_line(seg, line(poly[i
       return {};
108
                                                           31
109 }
                                                                  ], poly[(i + 1) % n]))[0]);
                                                           32
   5.4 Convex Hull
                                                           33
                                                           34
                                                                  return ans;
                                                           35 }
 1 vp convex_hull(vp P)
 2 {
                                                           37 // BE CAREFUL!
       sort(P.begin(), P.end());
                                                           38 // the first point may be any point
       vp L, U;
 4
                                                           39 // O(N^3)
       for(auto p: P){
           while(L.size()>=2 and ccw(L.end()[-2], L.back 40 vp getCell(vp pts, int i) {
                                                                  vp ans;
       (), p)!=1)
                                                                  ans.emplace_back(0, 0);
               L.pop_back();
                                                                  ans.emplace_back(1e6, 0);
           L.push_back(p);
                                                           44
                                                                  ans.emplace_back(1e6, 1e6);
                                                                  ans.emplace_back(0, 1e6);
                                                           45
       reverse(P.begin(), P.end());
10
                                                                  for(int j = 0; j < (int) pts.size(); j++) {</pre>
       for(auto p: P){
                                                                     if(j != i) {
           while(U.size()>=2 and ccw(U.end()[-2], U.back ^{47}
                                                                          ans = cutPolygon(ans, getBisector(pts[i],
       (), p)!=1)
                                                                   pts[j]));
               U.pop_back();
                                                           49
           U.push_back(p);
14
                                                           50
                                                           51
                                                                  return ans;
       L.pop_back();
16
                                                           52 }
       L.insert(L.end(), U.begin(), U.end()-1);
17
                                                           53
       return L;
18
                                                           54 // O(N^2) expected time
19 }
                                                           55 vector < vp > getVoronoi(vp pts) {
                                                                  // assert(pts.size() > 0);
                                                           56
   5.5 Linear Transformation
                                                                  int n = (int) pts.size();
                                                                  vector < int > p(n, 0);
                                                           58
 1 // Apply linear transformation (p -> q) to r.
                                                                  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 2 point linear_transformation(point p0, point p1, point 60
                                                                      p[i] = i;
        q0, point q1, point r) {
       point dp = p1-p0, dq = q1-q0, num((dp^dq), (dp^dq_{62}
                                                                  shuffle(p.begin(), p.end(), rng);
       )):
                                                                  vector < vp > ans(n);
       return q0 + point((r-p0)^(num), (r-p0)*(num))/(dp _{64}
                                                                  ans [0].emplace_back(0, 0);
                                                                  ans[0].emplace_back(w, 0);
 5 }
                                                                  ans[0].emplace_back(w, h);
                                                           66
                                                           67
                                                                  ans[0].emplace_back(0, h);
   5.6 Voronoi
                                                                  for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                                                           68
                                                                      ans[i] = ans[0];
                                                           69
 1 bool polygonIntersection(line &seg, vp &p) {
                                                           70
                                                           71
                                                                  for(auto i : p) {
       long double l = -1e18, r = 1e18;
                                                                      for(auto j : p) {
       for(auto ps : p) {
                                                           72
                                                           73
                                                                          if(j == i) break;
           long double z = seg.eval(ps);
                                                           74
                                                                          auto bi = getBisector(pts[j], pts[i]);
           1 = max(1, z);
                                                                          if(!polygonIntersection(bi, ans[j]))
           r = min(r, z);
                                                           75
       }
                                                                          ans[j] = cutPolygon(ans[j], getBisector(
                                                           76
       return 1 - r > EPS;
 9 }
                                                                  pts[j], pts[i]));
                                                                          ans[i] = cutPolygon(ans[i], getBisector(
10
                                                                  pts[i], pts[j]));
11 int w, h;
                                                                      }
                                                           78
12
13 line getBisector(point a, point b) {
                                                           79
                                                                  }
                                                           80
                                                                  return ans;
14
       line ans(a, b);
                                                           81 }
       swap(ans.a, ans.b);
15
16
       ans.b *= -1;
                                                                    Polygon Area
                                                             5.7
       ans.c = ans.a * (a.x + b.x) * 0.5 + ans.b * (a.y)
17
       + b.y) * 0.5;
18
       return ans;
                                                            1 ll area = 0;
19 }
                                                           3 for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i){</pre>
20
                                                                  area += pontos[i].x*pontos[i+1].y - pontos[i+1].x
21 vp cutPolygon(vp poly, line seg) {
       int n = (int) poly.size();
                                                                  *pontos[i].y;
                                                           5 }
23
       vp ans;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                            6 area += pontos[n-1].x*pontos[0].y - pontos[0].x*
           double z = seg.eval(poly[i]);
25
                                                                  pontos[n-1].y;
           if(z > -EPS) {
26
```

```
8 area = abs(area);
                                                          26
                                                                 friend ostream& operator << (ostream& os, point p)</pre>
  5.8 Intersect Polygon
                                                                     return os << "(" << p.x << "," << p.y << ")";
1 bool intersect(vector<point> A, vector<point> B) //
                                                          28 }:
      Ordered ccw
                                                          29
                                                          30 int ccw(point a, point b, point e){ // -1=dir; 0=
      for(auto a: A)
                                                                 collinear; 1=esq;
          if(inside(B, a))
4
                                                                 T tmp = (b-a) ^ (e-a); // vector from a to b
                                                          31
              return true;
                                                                 return (tmp > EPS) - (tmp < -EPS);</pre>
                                                          32
      for(auto b: B)
                                                          33 }
          if(inside(A, b))
                                                          34
              return true;
                                                          35 ld norm(point a){ // Modulo
9
                                                          36
                                                                return sqrt(a * a);
10
      if(inside(B, center(A)))
                                                          37 }
11
          return true;
                                                          38 T norm2(point a){
12
                                                          39
                                                                 return a * a;
      return false:
                                                          40 }
14 }
                                                          41 bool nulo(point a){
                                                                return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0));
                                                          42
        Sort By Angle
                                                          43 }
                                                          44 point rotccw(point p, ld a){
1 // Comparator funcion for sorting points by angle
                                                                // a = PI*a/180; // graus
                                                                 return point((p.x*cos(a)-p.y*sin(a)), (p.y*cos(a)
                                                          46
3 int ret[2][2] = {{3, 2},{4, 1}};
                                                                 +p.x*sin(a)));
4 inline int quad(point p) {
      return ret[p.x >= 0][p.y >= 0];
                                                          48 point rot90cw(point a) { return point(a.y, -a.x); };
6 }
                                                          49 point rot90ccw(point a) { return point(-a.y, a.x); };
                                                          50
8 bool comp(point a, point b) { // ccw
                                                          51 ld proj(point a, point b){ // a sobre b
      int qa = quad(a), qb = quad(b);
9
                                                          52
                                                                 return a*b/norm(b);
      return (qa == qb ? (a ^b) > 0 : qa < qb);
10
                                                          53 }
11 }
                                                          54 ld angle(point a, point b){ // em radianos
                                                                 ld ang = a*b / norm(a) / norm(b);
                                                          55
^{13} // only vectors in range [x+0, x+180)
                                                                 return acos(max(min(ang, (ld)1), (ld)-1));
                                                          56
14 bool comp(point a, point b){
                                                          57 }
    return (a ^ b) > 0; // ccw
15
                                                          58 ld angle_vec(point v){
      // return (a ^ b) < 0; // cw
                                                          59
                                                                // return 180/PI*atan2(v.x, v.y); // graus
17 }
                                                                 return atan2(v.x, v.y);
                                                          60
                                                          61 }
  5.10 \quad 2d
                                                          62 ld order_angle(point a, point b){ // from a to b ccw
                                                                 (a in front of b)
                                                          63
                                                                 ld aux = angle(a,b)*180/PI;
1 #define vp vector<point>
                                                                 return ((a^b) <= 0 ? aux:360-aux);</pre>
                                                          64
2 #define ld long double
                                                          65 }
3 const ld EPS = 1e-6;
                                                          66 bool angle_less(point a1, point b1, point a2, point
4 const ld PI = acos(-1);
                                                                 b2) { // ang(a1,b1) <= ang(a2,b2)
                                                                 point p1((a1*b1), abs((a1^b1)));
6 typedef ld T;
                                                          67
                                                          68
                                                                 point p2((a2*b2), abs((a2^b2)));
7 bool eq(T a, T b){ return abs(a - b) <= EPS; }</pre>
                                                          69
                                                                 return (p1^p2) <= 0;</pre>
                                                          70 }
9 struct point{
     Тх, у;
10
                                                          72 ld area(vp &p){ // (points sorted)
                                                          73
                                                                 ld ret = 0;
      point(T x=0, T y=0): x(x), y(y){}
                                                                 for(int i=2;i<(int)p.size();i++)</pre>
                                                          74
13
                                                                  ret += (p[i]-p[0])^(p[i-1]-p[0]);
      point operator+(const point &o) const{ return {x 75}
                                                                 return abs(ret/2);
      + o.x, y + o.y; }
      point operator-(const point &o) const{ return {x 77 }
                                                          78 ld areaT(point &a, point &b, point &c){
      - o.x, y - o.y; }
                                                                return abs((b-a)^(c-a))/2.0;
      point operator*(T t) const{ return \{x * t, y * t^{79}\}
16
      }; }
      point operator/(T t) const{ return \{x \ / \ t, \ y \ / \ t \ 81
                                                          82 point center(vp &A){
      }; }
                                                                point c = point();
      T operator*(const point &o) const{ return x * o.x ^{83}
18
                                                                 int len = A.size();
       + y * o.y; }
                                                          84
      T operator^(const point &o) const{ return x * o.y ^{85}
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
19
                                                                    c=c+A[i];
       - y * o.x; }
                                                                 return c/len;
                                                          87
      bool operator < (const point &o) const{</pre>
20
                                                          88 }
          return (eq(x, o.x) ? y < o.y : x < o.x);
21
                                                          89
      bool operator == (const point &o) const{
                                                          90 point forca_mod(point p, ld m){
                                                          91
                                                               ld cm = norm(p);
          return eq(x, o.x) and eq(y, o.y);
24
```

```
if(cm<EPS) return point();</pre>
                                                            164 }:
92
93
       return point(p.x*m/cm,p.y*m/cm);
                                                            _{166} // be careful with precision error
94 }
                                                            167 vp inter_line(line 11, line 12){
95
96 ld param(point a, point b, point v){
                                                                   ld det = l1.a*l2.b - l1.b*l2.a;
       // v = t*(b-a) + a // return t;
                                                                   if(det==0) return {};
97
                                                            169
       // assert(line(a, b).inside_seg(v));
                                                                   ld x = (l1.b*l2.c - l1.c*l2.b)/det;
98
                                                            170
                                                                   ld y = (11.c*12.a - 11.a*12.c)/det;
       return ((v-a) * (b-a)) / ((b-a) * (b-a));
99
                                                            171
100 }
                                                                   return {point(x, y)};
                                                            172
                                                            173 }
102 bool simetric(vp &a){ //ordered
                                                            174
103
       int n = a.size();
                                                            175 // segments not collinear
       point c = center(a);
104
                                                            176 vp inter_seg(line 11, line 12){
       if(n&1) return false;
                                                                   vp ans = inter_line(11, 12);
                                                            177
106
       for(int i=0;i<n/2;i++)</pre>
                                                            178
                                                                   if(ans.empty() or !11.inside_seg(ans[0]) or !12.
           if(ccw(a[i], a[i+n/2], c) != 0)
                                                                   inside_seg(ans[0]))
107
                return false;
                                                                        return {};
                                                                    return ans;
109
       return true;
                                                            180
110 }
                                                            181 }
                                                            182 bool seg_has_inter(line 11, line 12){
point mirror(point m1, point m2, point p){
                                                                   return ccw(11.p1, 11.p2, 12.p1) * ccw(11.p1, 11.
                                                            183
       // mirror point p around segment m1m2
                                                                   p2, 12.p2) < 0 and
       point seg = m2-m1;
                                                                           ccw(12.p1, 12.p2, 11.p1) * ccw(12.p1, 12.
114
                                                            184
       ld t0 = ((p-m1)*seg) / (seg*seg);
                                                                   p2, 11.p2) < 0;
       point ort = m1 + seg*t0;
                                                            185
116
117
       point pm = ort-(p-ort);
                                                            186
                                                            187 ld dist_seg(point p, point a, point b){ // point -
118
       return pm;
119 }
                                                                   if((p-a)*(b-a) < EPS) return norm(p-a);</pre>
120
                                                            188
                                                                   if((p-b)*(a-b) < EPS) return norm(p-b);
                                                            189
122 ///////////
                                                                   return abs((p-a)^(b-a)) / norm(b-a);
                                                            190
123 // Line //
                                                            191 }
124 ///////////
                                                            192
                                                            193 ld dist_line(point p, line l){ // point - line
126 struct line{
                                                                   return abs(l.eval(p))/sqrt(l.a*l.a + l.b*l.b);
                                                            194
127
       point p1, p2;
                                                            195 }
       T a, b, c; // ax+by+c = 0;
128
                                                            196
       // y-y1 = ((y2-y1)/(x2-x1))(x-x1)
                                                            197 line bisector(point a, point b){
       line(point p1=0, point p2=0): p1(p1), p2(p2){
                                                                   point d = (b-a)*2;
130
                                                            198
                                                                   return line(d.x, d.y, a*a - b*b);
           a = p1.y - p2.y;
                                                            199
131
           b = p2.x - p1.x;
                                                            200 }
           c = p1 ^p2;
133
                                                            201
                                                            202 line perpendicular(line 1, point p){ // passes
134
       line(T a=0, T b=0, T c=0): a(a), b(b), c(c){
                                                                   through p
135
           // Gera os pontos p1 p2 dados os coeficientes203
                                                                   return line(1.b, -1.a, -1.b*p.x + 1.a*p.y);
136
           // isso aqui eh um lixo mas quebra um galho _{204} }
137
       kkkkkk
                                                            205
           if(b==0){
                                                            207 ///////////
139
                p1 = point(1, -c/a);
                p2 = point(0, -c/a);
                                                            208 // Circle //
140
                                                            209 ///////////
           }else{
141
                p1 = point(1, (-c-a*1)/b);
142
                                                            210
                p2 = point(0, -c/b);
                                                            211 struct circle{
           }
                                                                   point c; T r;
144
                                                            212
                                                            213
                                                                   circle() : c(0, 0), r(0){}
145
                                                            214
                                                                   circle(const point o) : c(o), r(0){}
146
                                                                   circle(const point a, const point b){
       T eval(point p){
                                                            215
147
           return a*p.x+b*p.y+c;
                                                                        c = (a+b)/2;
                                                            216
149
       }
                                                            217
                                                                       r = norm(a-c);
       bool inside(point p){
                                                            218
151
           return eq(eval(p), 0);
                                                            219
                                                                   circle(const point a, const point b, const point
       point normal(){
                                                                        assert(ccw(a, b, cc) != 0);
                                                            220
                                                                        c = inter_line(bisector(a, b), bisector(b, cc
           return point(a, b);
154
                                                            221
                                                                   ))[0];
                                                                       r = norm(a-c);
156
                                                            222
       bool inside_seg(point p){
                                                            223
           return (
                                                                   bool inside(const point &a) const{
158
                                                            224
                ((p1-p) ^ (p2-p)) == 0 and
                                                                        return norm(a - c) <= r + EPS;</pre>
                                                            225
                ((p1-p) * (p2-p)) <= 0
160
                                                            226
           ):
                                                            227 }:
161
       }
162
                                                            229 pair < point , point > tangent_points (circle cr, point p)
163
```

```
295
       ld d1 = norm(p-cr.c), theta = asin(cr.r/d1);
                                                      296
                                                             return ans;
230
                                                       297 }
       point p1 = rotccw(cr.c-p, -theta);
       point p2 = rotccw(cr.c-p, theta);
232
       assert(d1 >= cr.r);
                                                              Grafos
       p1 = p1 * (sqrt(d1*d1-cr.r*cr.r) / d1) + p;
234
       p2 = p2 * (sqrt(d1*d1-cr.r*cr.r) / d1) + p;
235
                                                               Dfs Tree
       return {p1, p2};
236
237 }
238
                                                        int desce[N], sobe[N], vis[N], h[N];
239
                                                        2 int backedges[N], pai[N];
240
   circle incircle(point p1, point p2, point p3){
      ld m1 = norm(p2-p3);
241
                                                        4 // backedges[u] = backedges que comecam embaixo de (
       ld m2 = norm(p1-p3);
242
                                                             ou =) u e sobem pra cima de u; backedges[u] == 0
243
       1d m3 = norm(p1-p2);
                                                             => u eh ponte
       point c = (p1*m1 + p2*m2 + p3*m3)*(1/(m1+m2+m3)); void dfs(int u, int p) {
244
       ld s = 0.5*(m1+m2+m3);
                                                             if(vis[u]) return;
       ld r = sqrt(s*(s-m1)*(s-m2)*(s-m3)) / s;
246
                                                             pai[u] = p;
247
       return circle(c, r):
                                                             h[u] = h[p]+1;
248
                                                             vis[u] = 1;
249
250 circle circumcircle(point a, point b, point c) {
                                                              for(auto v : g[u]) {
                                                       11
      circle ans:
251
                                                                 if(p == v or vis[v]) continue;
                                                       12
       point u = point((b-a).y, -(b-a).x);
                                                                  dfs(v, u);
                                                       13
       point v = point((c-a).y, -(c-a).x);
253
                                                       14
                                                                  backedges[u] += backedges[v];
       point n = (c-b)*0.5;
254
                                                       15
       ld t = (u^n)/(v^u);
255
                                                       16
                                                             for(auto v : g[u]) {
       ans.c = ((a+c)*0.5) + (v*t);
256
                                                                 if(h[v] > h[u]+1)
                                                       17
       ans.r = norm(ans.c-a);
257
                                                                     desce[u]++;
                                                       18
      return ans:
258
                                                                  else if(h[v] < h[u]-1)
                                                       19
259 }
                                                                     sobe[u]++;
                                                       20
260
261 vp inter_circle_line(circle C, line L){
                                                              backedges[u] += sobe[u] - desce[u];
                                                       22
      point ab = L.p2 - L.p1, p = L.p1 + ab * ((C.c-L._{23})
       p1)*(ab) / (ab*ab));
       Kosaraju
       / (ab*ab);
       if (h2 < -EPS) return {};</pre>
264
                                                        vector < int > g[N], gi[N]; // grafo invertido
       if (eq(h2, 0)) return {p};
265
                                                        _{2} int vis[N], comp[N]; // componente conexo de cada
       point h = (ab/norm(ab)) * sqrt(h2);
266
                                                             vertice
267
       return {p - h, p + h};
                                                        3 stack<int> S:
268 }
269
                                                        5 void dfs(int u){
270 vp inter_circle(circle c1, circle c2){
                                                             vis[u] = 1:
       if (c1.c == c2.c) { assert(c1.r != c2.r); return
271
                                                             for(auto v: g[u]) if(!vis[v]) dfs(v);
       {}; }
                                                             S.push(u);
       point vec = c2.c - c1.c;
       1d d2 = vec * vec, sum = c1.r + c2.r, dif = c1.r
       - c2.r;
       vis[u] = 1; comp[u] = c;
                                                       12
                                                             for(auto v: gi[u]) if(!vis[v]) scc(v, c);
      ld h2 = c1.r * c1.r - p * p * d2;
                                                       13
275
       if (sum * sum < d2 or dif * dif > d2) return {}; 14 }
       point mid = c1.c + vec * p, per = point(-vec.y),
                                                       16 void kosaraju(int n){
       vec.x) * sqrt(fmax(0, h2) / d2);
                                                             for(int i=0;i<n;i++) vis[i] = 0;</pre>
       if (eq(per.x, 0) and eq(per.y, 0)) return {mid}; ^{17}
                                                             for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(!vis[i]) dfs(i);</pre>
                                                       18
       return {mid + per, mid - per};
279
                                                              for(int i=0;i<n;i++) vis[i] = 0;</pre>
                                                       19
280 }
                                                             while(S.size()){
                                                       20
281
                                                       21
                                                                  int u = S.top();
_{282} // minimum circle cover O(n) amortizado
                                                       22
                                                                 S.pop();
283 circle min_circle_cover(vp v){
                                                                  if(!vis[u]) scc(u, u);
                                                       23
      random_shuffle(v.begin(), v.end());
284
                                                       24
       circle ans;
                                                       25 }
       int n = v.size();
286
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(!ans.inside(v[i])){</pre>
                                                          6.3 Topological Sort
          ans = circle(v[i]):
288
          for(int j=0;j<i;j++) if(!ans.inside(v[j])){</pre>
289
               ans = circle(v[i], v[j]);
290
                                                        1 int n; // number of vertices
               291
      ) {
                                                        3 vector < bool > visited;
                   ans = circle(v[i], v[j], v[k]);
292
                                                        4 vector <int> ans;
               }
293
          }
294
                                                        6 void dfs(int v) {
```

```
visited[v] = true;
                                                                               continue:
                                                                                                   // v.cap - v.flow
      for (int u : adj[v]) {
                                                                   < lim
8
          if (!visited[u])
                                                                          11 tmp = run(v.to, sink,min(minE, v.cap-v
9
                                                           24
               dfs(u);
                                                                  .flow));
10
      }
                                                                           v.flow += tmp, rev.flow -= tmp;
      ans.push_back(v);
                                                                           ans += tmp, minE -= tmp;
12
                                                           26
13 }
                                                                           if(minE == 0) break;
                                                           27
14
                                                           28
15 void topological_sort() {
                                                                      return ans;
                                                           29
      visited.assign(n, false);
                                                           30
      ans.clear();
                                                                  bool bfs(int source, int sink) {
17
                                                           31
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                           32
                                                                      qt = 0;
          if (!visited[i]) {
                                                                      qu[qt++] = source;
19
                                                           33
                                                                      lvl[source] = 1;
               dfs(i);
                                                           34
20
          7
                                                                      vis[source] = ++pass;
21
                                                           35
                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < qt; i++) {</pre>
      }
22
                                                           36
23
      reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
                                                           37
                                                                          int u = qu[i];
24 }
                                                                          px[u] = 0;
                                                           38
                                                                           if(u == sink) return true;
  6.4 Dijkstra
                                                                           for(auto\& ed : g[u]) {
                                                           40
                                                                               auto v = edge[ed];
                                                           41
                                                                               if(v.flow >= v.cap || vis[v.to] ==
                                                           42
1 #define pii pair<int, int>
                                                                  pass)
vector<vector<pii>>> g(N);
                                                                                   continue; // v.cap - v.flow < lim</pre>
3 vector < bool > used(N);
                                                                               vis[v.to] = pass;
                                                           44
4 vector<11> d(N, LLINF);
                                                                               lvl[v.to] = lvl[u]+1;
5 priority_queue < pii, vector <pii>, greater <pii> > fila
                                                                               qu[qt++] = v.to;
                                                           47
                                                                      }
7 void dijkstra(int k) {
                                                                      return false;
                                                           49
      d[k] = 0;
                                                           50
      fila.push({0, k});
9
                                                                  11 flow(int source, int sink) {
                                                           51
10
                                                                      reset_flow();
                                                           52
      while (!fila.empty()) {
11
                                                                      11 \text{ ans} = 0;
           auto [w, u] = fila.top();
                                                                      //for(lim = (1LL << 62); lim >= 1; lim /= 2)
                                                           54
          fila.pop();
13
                                                                      while(bfs(source, sink))
                                                           55
          if (used[u]) continue;
14
                                                                         ans += run(source, sink, LLINF);
                                                           56
          used[u] = true;
15
                                                           57
                                                                      return ans;
16
                                                           58
          for (auto [v, w]: g[u]) {
                                                                  void addEdge(int u, int v, ll c, ll rc) {
                                                           59
               if (d[v] > d[u] + w) {
18
                                                           60
                                                                      Edge e = \{u, v, 0, c\};
                   d[v] = d[u] + w;
                                                                      edge.pb(e);
                                                           61
                   fila.push({d[v], v});
20
                                                           62
                                                                      g[u].push_back(ne++);
               }
                                                           63
          }
22
                                                           64
                                                                      e = \{v, u, 0, rc\};
      }
23
                                                           65
                                                                      edge.pb(e);
24 }
                                                                      g[v].push_back(ne++);
                                                           66
                                                           67
  6.5 Dinic
                                                                  void reset_flow() {
                                                           68
                                                           69
                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < ne; i++)</pre>
                                                           70
                                                                        edge[i].flow = 0;
1 const int N = 300;
                                                                      memset(lvl, 0, sizeof(lvl));
                                                           71
                                                                      memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
3 struct Dinic {
                                                           72
                                                           73
                                                                      memset(qu, 0, sizeof(qu));
      struct Edge{
                                                           74
                                                                      memset(px, 0, sizeof(px));
          int from, to; ll flow, cap;
                                                           75
                                                                      qt = 0; pass = 0;
6
      };
                                                           76
      vector < Edge > edge;
                                                           77
                                                                  vector<pair<int, int>> cut() {
      vector < int > g[N];
                                                           78
                                                                      vector < pair < int , int >> cuts;
                                                                      for (auto [from, to, flow, cap]: edge) {
                                                           79
      int ne = 0;
10
                                                                          if (flow == cap and vis[from] == pass and
      int lvl[N], vis[N], pass;
                                                           80
11
                                                                   vis[to] < pass and cap>0) {
12
      int qu[N], px[N], qt;
                                                                               cuts.pb({from, to});
13
      ll run(int s, int sink, ll minE) {
                                                           82
                                                                      }
          if(s == sink) return minE;
15
                                                           84
                                                                      return cuts:
16
                                                           85
17
          11 \text{ ans} = 0;
                                                           86 };
           for(; px[s] < (int)g[s].size(); px[s]++) {</pre>
                                                              6.6
                                                                   Hungarian
               int e = g[s][ px[s] ];
20
               auto &v = edge[e], &rev = edge[e^1];
               if(lvl[v.to] != lvl[s]+1 || v.flow >= v. 1 // Hungarian Algorithm
22
      cap)
```

```
3 // Assignment problem
                                                           1 const int LOG = 22;
4 // Put the edges in the 'a' matrix (negative or
                                                            vector < vector < int >> g(N);
      positive)
                                                            3 int t, n;
5 // assignment() returns a pair with the min
                                                            4 vector < int > in(N), height(N);
      assignment,
                                                            5 vector < vector < int >> up(LOG, vector < int >(N));
6 // and the column choosen by each row
                                                            6 void dfs(int u, int h=0, int p=-1) {
7 // assignment() - 0(n^3)
                                                                   up[0][u] = p;
                                                                   in[u] = t++:
9 template < typename T >
                                                                   height[u] = h;
                                                            9
10 struct hungarian {
                                                                   for (auto v: g[u]) if (v != p) dfs(v, h+1, u);
                                                            10
      int n. m:
                                                            11 }
11
      vector < vector < T >> a;
                                                            12
13
      vector <T> u, v;
                                                            13 void blift() {
      vector < int > p, way;
                                                                   up[0][0] = 0;
                                                            14
14
                                                                   for (int j=1;j<LOG;j++) {</pre>
15
      T inf;
                                                                       for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
16
                                                            16
17
      hungarian(int n_, int m_) : n(n_), m(m_), u(m+1), 17
                                                                            up[j][i] = up[j-1][up[j-1][i]];
       v(m+1), p(m+1), way(m+1) {
                                                            18
           a = vector < vector < T >> (n, vector < T > (m));
                                                            20 }
           inf = numeric_limits <T>::max();
19
                                                            21
20
      pair <T, vector <int>> assignment() {
                                                            22 int lca(int u, int v) {
21
          for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                                                                   if (u == v) return u;
22
                                                            23
               p[0] = i;
                                                                   if (in[u] < in[v]) swap(u, v);</pre>
               int j0 = 0;
                                                                   for (int i=LOG-1;i>=0;i--) {
24
                                                            25
               vector <T> minv(m+1, inf);
                                                                       int u2 = up[i][u];
25
                                                            26
                                                                       if (in[u2] > in[v])
26
               vector < int > used(m+1, 0);
                                                            27
               do {
                                                                           u = u2;
                                                            28
                   used[j0] = true;
                                                            29
                   int i0 = p[j0], j1 = -1;
                                                                   return up[0][u];
29
                                                            30
                                                            31 }
                   T delta = inf;
30
                   for (int j = 1; j \le m; j++) if (!
31
                                                            32
      used[j]) {
                                                            33 t = 0;
                        T cur = a[i0-1][j-1] - u[i0] - v[34 dfs(0);
      i];
                                                            35 blift():
                        if (cur < minv[j]) minv[j] = cur, 36</pre>
                                                            37 // lca O(1)
       way[j] = j0;
                        if (minv[j] < delta) delta = minv 38</pre>
34
       [j], j1 = j;
                                                            39 template < typename T > struct rmq {
                                                                   vector <T> v;
35
                                                            40
36
                   for (int j = 0; j <= m; j++)
                                                            41
                                                                   int n; static const int b = 30;
                        if (used[j]) u[p[j]] += delta, v[42
                                                                   vector < int > mask, t;
37
      il -= delta:
                                                           43
                        else minv[j] -= delta;
                                                                   int op(int x, int y) { return v[x] < v[y] ? x : y</pre>
38
                    j0 = j1;
                                                                   ; }
39
               } while (p[j0] != 0);
                                                                   int msb(int x) { return __builtin_clz(1) -
40
                                                                   __builtin_clz(x); }
41
                   int j1 = way[j0];
                                                                   rmq() {}
                   p[j0] = p[j1];
                                                                   rmq(const vector < T > \& v_) : v(v_), n(v.size()),
43
                                                            47
                   j0 = j1;
                                                                   mask(n), t(n) {
44
                                                                      for (int i = 0, at = 0; i < n; mask[i++] = at
               } while (j0);
45
          }
                                                                    |= 1) {
46
           vector < int > ans(m);
                                                                            at = (at <<1) &((1 << b) -1);
           for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) ans[p[j]-1] = j _{50}
                                                                            while (at and op(i, i-msb(at&-at)) == i)
                                                                   at ^= at&-at;
           return make_pair(-v[0], ans);
49
                                                            51
                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < n/b; i++) t[i] = b*i+b-1-
50
                                                            52
51 };
                                                                   msb(mask[b*i+b-1]);
                                                            53
                                                                      for (int j = 1; (1<<j) <= n/b; j++) for (int
  6.7 Floyd Warshall
                                                                   i = 0; i+(1 << j) <= n/b; i++)
                                                                           t[n/b*j+i] = op(t[n/b*(j-1)+i], t[n/b*(j-1)+i])
                                                            54
                                                                   -1)+i+(1<<(j-1))]);
1 // Floyd Warshall
                                                                   }
                                                                   int small(int r, int sz = b) { return r-msb(mask[
                                                            56
3 int dist[N][N];
                                                                   r]&((1<<sz)-1)); }
                                                                   T query(int 1, int r) {
                                                            57
5 for(int k = 1; k <= n; k++)</pre>
                                                                       if (r-l+1 <= b) return small(r, r-l+1);</pre>
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                                                                       int ans = op(small(l+b-1), small(r));
           for(int j = 1; j <= n; j++)</pre>
                                                                       int x = 1/b+1, y = r/b-1;
               {\tt dist[i][j] = min(dist[i][j], \ dist[i][k] + ^{60}}
                                                                       if (x <= y) {
        dist[k][j]);
                                                                           int j = msb(y-x+1);
                                                            62
                                                                            ans = op(ans, op(t[n/b*j+x], t[n/b*j+y
                                                            63
  6.8 Lca
                                                                   -(1<<j)+1]));
```

```
sort(edges.begin(), edges.end());
64
                                                           39
65
          return ans;
                                                           40
                                                                  for(Edge e : edges) {
66
                                                           41
                                                                      if(dsu.find(e.u) != dsu.find(e.v)) {
67 };
                                                           42
                                                                          mst.push_back(e);
69 namespace lca {
                                                                          dsu.join(e.u,e.v);
                                                           44
                                                                      }
70
      vector < int > g[N];
                                                           45
      int v[2*N], pos[N], dep[2*N];
71
                                                           46
      int t;
72
                                                           47
      rmq<int> RMQ;
                                                                  return mst;
                                                           48
                                                           49 }
74
      void dfs(int i, int d = 0, int p = -1) {
          v[t] = i, pos[i] = t, dep[t++] = d;
76
                                                             6.10
                                                                     Ford
           for (int j : g[i]) if (j != p) {
               dfs(j, d+1, i);
                                                           1 const int N = 2000010;
               v[t] = i, dep[t++] = d;
79
                                                           3 struct Ford {
      }
81
                                                                 struct Edge {
      void build(int n, int root) {
                                                                      int to, f, c;
83
          t = 0;
           dfs(root);
84
           RMQ = rmq < int > (vector < int > (dep, dep+2*n-1));
                                                                 int vis[N];
86
                                                                 vector < int > adj[N];
      int lca(int a, int b) {
                                                                 vector < Edge > edges;
          a = pos[a], b = pos[b];
88
                                                                 int cur = 0;
          return v[RMQ.query(min(a, b), max(a, b))];
89
90
                                                                  void addEdge(int a, int b, int cap, int rcap) {
      int dist(int a, int b) {
91
                                                                      Edge e;
           e.to = b; e.c = cap; e.f = 0;
      lca(a, b)]];
                                                           16
                                                                      edges.pb(e);
93
                                                                      adj[a].pb(cur++);
94 }
                                                           18
  6.9 Kruskal
                                                                      e = Edge();
                                                           19
                                                           20
                                                                      e.to = a; e.c = rcap; e.f = 0;
                                                                      edges.pb(e);
                                                           21
1 struct DSU {
                                                                      adj[b].pb(cur++);
      int n;
                                                           23
3
      vector<int> parent, size;
                                                           24
                                                                  int dfs(int s, int t, int f, int tempo) {
                                                           25
      DSU(int n): n(n) {
                                                           26
                                                                      if(s == t)
          parent.resize(n, 0);
                                                                          return f;
                                                           27
           size.assign(n, 1);
                                                                      vis[s] = tempo;
                                                           28
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                      for(int e : adj[s]) {
                                                           30
10
               parent[i] = i;
                                                                          if(vis[edges[e].to] < tempo and (edges[e</pre>
                                                           31
      }
                                                                 ].c - edges[e].f) > 0) {
                                                                              if(int a = dfs(edges[e].to, t, min(f,
                                                           32
      int find(int a) {
13
                                                                   edges[e].c-edges[e].f) , tempo)) {
          if(a == parent[a]) return a;
14
                                                                                   edges[e].f += a;
                                                           33
          return parent[a] = find(parent[a]);
                                                                                   edges[e^1].f -= a;
                                                          34
16
                                                           35
                                                                                   return a;
                                                                              }
                                                           36
      void join(int a, int b) {
18
                                                                          }
19
           a = find(a); b = find(b);
                                                                      }
20
          if(a != b) {
                                                           39
                                                                      return 0;
               if(size[a] < size[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
21
                                                           40
               parent[b] = a;
                                                           41
               size[a] += size[b];
23
                                                                  int flow(int s, int t) {
                                                           42
          }
                                                                      int mflow = 0, tempo = 1;
                                                           43
25
      }
                                                                      while(int a = dfs(s, t, INF, tempo)) {
26 };
                                                                          mflow += a;
                                                           45
                                                                          tempo++;
                                                           46
28 struct Edge {
                                                           47
                                                                      7
      int u, v, weight;
                                                                      return mflow;
                                                           48
      bool operator < (Edge const& other) {</pre>
30
                                                                 }
                                                           49
31
          return weight < other.weight;</pre>
                                                           50 }:
32
33 };
                                                                  Algoritmos
35 vector < Edge > kruskal(int n, vector < Edge > edges) {
      vector < Edge > mst;
                                                                    Ternary Search
                                                             7.1
      DSU dsu = DSU(n+1);
37
```

38

```
1 // Ternary
_{2} ld l = -1e4, r = 1e4;
3 int iter = 100;
4 while(iter--){
      1d m1 = (2*1 + r) / 3;
      1d m2 = (1 + 2*r) / 3;
      if(check(m1) > check(m2))
         1 = m1:
      else
9
          r = m2;
10
11 }
```

Math 8

Totient 8.1

```
_{1} // phi(p^k) = (p^(k-1))*(p-1) com p primo
2 // O(sqrt(m))
3 ll phi(ll m){
      11 \text{ res} = m;
       for(11 d=2;d*d<=m;d++){</pre>
          if(m \% d == 0){
                res = (res/d)*(d-1);
                while (m\%d == 0)
9
                    m /= d;
           }
10
      }
11
       if(m > 1) {
          res /= m;
13
           res *= (m-1);
14
15
      return res:
16
17 }
19 // modificacao do crivo, O(n*log(log(n)))
20 vector<ll> phi_to_n(ll n){
      vector < bool > isprime(n+1, true);
      vector<ll> tot(n+1);
      tot[0] = 0; tot[1] = 1;
23
      for(ll i=1;i<=n; i++){</pre>
           tot[i] = i;
25
26
27
      for(11 p=2;p<=n;p++){
28
           if(isprime[p]){
29
               tot[p] = p-1;
30
               for(ll i=p+p;i<=n;i+=p){</pre>
                    isprime[i] = false;
32
                    tot[i] = (tot[i]/p)*(p-1);
33
               }
34
           }
35
       }
       return tot;
37
```

8.2 Inverso Mult

```
1 // gcd(a, m) = 1 para existir solucao
                                                           10
_{2} // ax + my = 1, ou a*x = 1 (mod m)
                                                           11
3 ll inv(ll a, ll m) { // com gcd
                                                           12
      11 x, y;
                                                           13
      gcd(a, m, x, y);
                                                           14
      return (((x % m) +m) %m);
                                                           15
7 }
9 ll inv(ll a, ll phim) { // com phi(m), se m for primo 18
       entao phi(m) = p-1
      11 e = phim - 1;
10
                                                           20
      return fexp(a, e);
11
                                                           21
12 }
                                                           22
```

8.3 Miller Habin

```
1 ll mul(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
       return (a*b-ll(a*(long double)b/m+0.5)*m+m)%m;
3 }
5 ll expo(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
      if (!b) return 1;
6
       ll ans = expo(mul(a, a, m), b/2, m);
       return b%2 ? mul(a, ans, m) : ans;
8
9 }
10
11 bool prime(ll n) {
      if (n < 2) return 0;
12
       if (n <= 3) return 1;</pre>
13
       if (n % 2 == 0) return 0;
15
       11 d = n - 1;
16
       int r = 0;
17
       while (d \% 2 == 0) {
18
19
           r++;
           d /= 2;
20
21
22
       // com esses primos, o teste funciona garantido
23
       para n <= 2^64
       // funciona para n <= 3*10^24 com os primos ate
24
       41
       for (int i : {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775,
25
       9780504, 795265022}) {
           if (i >= n) break;
26
27
           ll x = expo(i, d, n);
28
           if (x == 1 \text{ or } x == n - 1) \text{ continue};
29
           bool composto = 1;
           for (int j = 0; j < r - 1; j++) {
31
               x = mul(x, x, n);
32
33
               if (x == n - 1) {
                    composto = 0;
34
35
                    break;
36
37
38
           if (composto) return 0;
39
       return 1;
40
41 }
```

Matrix Exponentiation

```
struct Matrix {
      vector < vl> m;
      int r, c;
      Matrix(vector<vl> mat) {
          m = mat;
          r = mat.size();
          c = mat[0].size();
      Matrix(int row, int col, bool ident=false) {
          r = row; c = col;
          m = vector < vl > (r, vl(c, 0));
          if(ident) {
              for(int i = 0; i < min(r, c); i++) {</pre>
                  m[i][i] = 1;
          }
      Matrix operator*(const Matrix &o) const {
        assert(c == o.r); // garantir que da pra
      multiplicar
```

3

4

5 6

```
vector < vl > res(r, vl(o.c, 0));
                                                                           p[j] = i;
23
24
           for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) {</pre>
                                                              8.7 Bigmod
25
              for(int k = 0; k < c; k++) {
                   for(int j = 0; j < o.c; j++) {</pre>
                       res[i][j] = (res[i][j] + m[i][k]* \ ^1 \ ll \ mod(string \ a, \ ll \ p) \ \{
28
                                                                 11 \text{ res} = 0, b = 1;
      o.m[k][j]) % MOD;
                                                                  reverse(all(a));
                   }
29
30
                                                                   for(auto c : a) {
           }
31
                                                                     ll tmp = (((ll)c-'0')*b) % p;
                                                             6
32
                                                                       res = (res + tmp) \% p;
33
           return Matrix(res);
                                                            8
34
                                                                       b = (b * 10) \% p;
                                                            9
35 };
                                                            10
36
37 Matrix fexp(Matrix b, int e, int n) {
                                                            11
                                                            12
                                                                   return res;
      if(e == 0) return Matrix(n, n, true); //
                                                            13 }
       identidade
      Matrix res = fexp(b, e/2, n);
                                                                    Linear Diophantine Equation
      res = (res * res);
40
      if(e\%2) res = (res * b);
41
42
                                                            1 // Linear Diophantine Equation
      return res;
43
                                                            2 array<11, 3> exgcd(int a, int b) {
44 }
                                                                  if (a == 0) return {0, 1, b};
                                                            3
                                                                   auto [x, y, g] = exgcd(b % a, a);
return {y - b / a * x , x, g};
                                                            4
  8.5 Division Trick
                                                            5
                                                            6 }
1 for(int l = 1, r; l <= n; l = r + 1) {</pre>
      r = n / (n / 1);
                                                            8 array<11, 4> find_any_solution(11 a, 11 b, 11 c) {
       // n / i has the same value for l <= i <= r \,
                                                                  auto[x, y, g] = exgcd(a, b);
                                                            9
4 }
                                                                  if (c % g) return {false, 0, 0, 0};
                                                            10
                                                                  x *= c / g;
                                                            11
  8.6 Crivo
                                                                  y *= c / g;
                                                            12
                                                            13
                                                                   return {true, x, y, g};
1 vi p(N, 0);
                                                            14 }
p[0] = p[1] = 1;
                                                           15
3 for(11 i=4; i<N; i+=2) p[i] = 2;</pre>
                                                           16 // All solutions
                                                           _{17} // x' = x + k*b/g
4 for (11 i=3; i<N; i+=2)
                                                           18 // y' = y - k*a/g
      if(!p[i])
           for(ll j=i*i; j<N; j+=2*i)</pre>
```