

investigate-movie-dataset

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1 Project: Investigate TMDb Movie Data

1.1 Table of Contents

Introduction

Data Wrangling

Exploratory Data Analysis

Conclusions

Introduction

This data set contains information about 10,000 movies released between 1960 and 2015. Collected from The Movie Database (TMDb), it also includes user ratings and popularities. This report aims at conducting exploratory data analysis to answer the questions below:

1. What are the average popularities of movies according to budget levels?
2. What are the profit trends of movies from year to year?
3. What are the average runtimes of movies over the years?
4. Which are the 5 cheapest and most expensive profitable movies of all time?

```
In [20]: # Use this cell to set up import statements for all of the packages that you
#        plan to use.
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import csv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
% matplotlib inline
from datetime import datetime
import seaborn as sns

df = pd.read_csv('tmdb-movies.csv')
```

Data Wrangling

Key notes:: In this section of the report, the following work will be done: load the data; check for cleanliness; trim and clean dataset for analysis.

1.1.1 General Properties

In [21]: # Load your data and print out a few lines. Perform operations to inspect data

```
df.head()
```

```
Out[21]:
```

	id	imdb_id	popularity	budget	revenue	\
0	135397	tt0369610	32.985763	150000000	1513528810	
1	76341	tt1392190	28.419936	150000000	378436354	
2	262500	tt2908446	13.112507	110000000	295238201	
3	140607	tt2488496	11.173104	200000000	2068178225	
4	168259	tt2820852	9.335014	190000000	1506249360	

	original_title	\
0	Jurassic World	
1	Mad Max: Fury Road	
2	Insurgent	
3	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	
4	Furious 7	

	cast	\
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vi...	
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nic...	
2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel...	
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam D...	
4	Vin Diesel Paul Walker Jason Statham Michelle ...	

	homepage	director	\
0	http://www.jurassicworld.com/	Colin Trevorrow	
1	http://www.madmaxmovie.com/	George Miller	
2	http://www.thedivergentseries.movie/#insurgent	Robert Schwentke	
3	http://www.starwars.com/films/star-wars-episod...	J.J. Abrams	
4	http://www.furious7.com/	James Wan	

	tagline	...	\
0	The park is open.	...	
1	What a Lovely Day.	...	
2	One Choice Can Destroy You	...	
3	Every generation has a story.	...	
4	Vengeance Hits Home	...	

	overview	runtime	\
0	Twenty-two years after the events of Jurassic ...	124	
1	An apocalyptic story set in the furthest reach...	120	
2	Beatrice Prior must confront her inner demons ...	119	
3	Thirty years after defeating the Galactic Empi...	136	
4	Deckard Shaw seeks revenge against Dominic Tor...	137	

	genres	\
--	--------	---

```

0 Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
1 Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
2 Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
3 Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Fantasy
4 Action|Crime|Thriller

```

```

                                production_companies release_date vote_count \
0 Universal Studios|Amblin Entertainment|Legenda...      6/9/15      5562
1 Village Roadshow Pictures|Kennedy Miller Produ...      5/13/15      6185
2 Summit Entertainment|Mandeville Films|Red Wago...      3/18/15      2480
3 Lucasfilm|Truenorth Productions|Bad Robot          12/15/15      5292
4 Universal Pictures|Original Film|Media Rights ...      4/1/15      2947

```

```

      vote_average  release_year  budget_adj  revenue_adj
0              6.5           2015  1.379999e+08  1.392446e+09
1              7.1           2015  1.379999e+08  3.481613e+08
2              6.3           2015  1.012000e+08  2.716190e+08
3              7.5           2015  1.839999e+08  1.902723e+09
4              7.3           2015  1.747999e+08  1.385749e+09

```

```
[5 rows x 21 columns]
```

```
In [22]: # return a tuple of the dimensions of the dataframe
```

```
df.shape
```

```
Out[22]: (10866, 21)
```

```
In [23]: # print the column labels in the dataframe
```

```

for i, v in enumerate(df.columns):
    print(i, v)

```

```

0 id
1 imdb_id
2 popularity
3 budget
4 revenue
5 original_title
6 cast
7 homepage
8 director
9 tagline
10 keywords
11 overview
12 runtime
13 genres
14 production_companies
15 release_date

```

```
16 vote_count
17 vote_average
18 release_year
19 budget_adj
20 revenue_adj
```

```
In [24]: # return the datatypes of the columns
```

```
df.dtypes
```

```
Out[24]: id                int64
imdb_id                  object
popularity              float64
budget                  int64
revenue                 int64
original_title          object
cast                   object
homepage               object
director               object
tagline                object
keywords               object
overview               object
runtime                int64
genres                 object
production_companies    object
release_date           object
vote_count             int64
vote_average           float64
release_year           int64
budget_adj             float64
revenue_adj            float64
dtype: object
```

```
In [25]: # check for duplicates in the data
```

```
sum(df.duplicated())
```

```
Out[25]: 1
```

```
In [26]: # check if any value is NaN in DataFrame and in how many columns
```

```
df.isnull().any().any(), sum(df.isnull().any())
```

```
Out[26]: (True, 9)
```

```
In [27]: # displays a concise summary of the dataframe
# including the number of non-null values in each column
```

```
df.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10866 entries, 0 to 10865
Data columns (total 21 columns):
id                10866 non-null int64
imdb_id           10856 non-null object
popularity        10866 non-null float64
budget            10866 non-null int64
revenue           10866 non-null int64
original_title    10866 non-null object
cast              10790 non-null object
homepage          2936 non-null object
director          10822 non-null object
tagline           8042 non-null object
keywords          9373 non-null object
overview          10862 non-null object
runtime           10866 non-null int64
genres            10843 non-null object
production_companies 9836 non-null object
release_date      10866 non-null object
vote_count        10866 non-null int64
vote_average      10866 non-null float64
release_year      10866 non-null int64
budget_adj        10866 non-null float64
revenue_adj       10866 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(6), object(11)
memory usage: 1.7+ MB

```

In [28]: *# Generates descriptive statistics, excluding NaN values*

```
df.describe()
```

```

Out[28]:

```

	id	popularity	budget	revenue	runtime \
count	10866.000000	10866.000000	1.086600e+04	1.086600e+04	10866.000000
mean	66064.177434	0.646441	1.462570e+07	3.982332e+07	102.070863
std	92130.136561	1.000185	3.091321e+07	1.170035e+08	31.381405
min	5.000000	0.000065	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	0.000000
25%	10596.250000	0.207583	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	90.000000
50%	20669.000000	0.383856	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	99.000000
75%	75610.000000	0.713817	1.500000e+07	2.400000e+07	111.000000
max	417859.000000	32.985763	4.250000e+08	2.781506e+09	900.000000

	vote_count	vote_average	release_year	budget_adj	revenue_adj
count	10866.000000	10866.000000	10866.000000	1.086600e+04	1.086600e+04
mean	217.389748	5.974922	2001.322658	1.755104e+07	5.136436e+07
std	575.619058	0.935142	12.812941	3.430616e+07	1.446325e+08
min	10.000000	1.500000	1960.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00
25%	17.000000	5.400000	1995.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00

50%	38.000000	6.000000	2006.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00
75%	145.750000	6.600000	2011.000000	2.085325e+07	3.369710e+07
max	9767.000000	9.200000	2015.000000	4.250000e+08	2.827124e+09

1.1.2 Data Cleaning

```
In [29]: # drop duplicates
         # confirm correction
```

```
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
sum(df.duplicated())
```

Out[29]: 0

```
In [30]: # list of columns that are to be deleted/dropped
col = ['id', 'imdb_id', 'budget_adj', 'revenue_adj', 'homepage', 'tagline', 'keywords']
```

```
# deleting the columns
df.drop(col, axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

```
#checking to see if the columns have been deleted
df.head()
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	popularity	budget	revenue	original_title \
0	32.985763	150000000	1513528810	Jurassic World
1	28.419936	150000000	378436354	Mad Max: Fury Road
2	13.112507	110000000	295238201	Insurgent
3	11.173104	200000000	2068178225	Star Wars: The Force Awakens
4	9.335014	190000000	1506249360	Furious 7

	cast	director \
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vi...	Colin Trevorrow
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nic...	George Miller
2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel...	Robert Schwentke
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam D...	J.J. Abrams
4	Vin Diesel Paul Walker Jason Statham Michelle ...	James Wan

	runtime	genres \
0	124	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
1	120	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
2	119	Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
3	136	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy
4	137	Action Crime Thriller

	production_companies	release_date	vote_count \
0	Universal Studios Amblin Entertainment Legenda...	6/9/15	5562
1	Village Roadshow Pictures Kennedy Miller Produ...	5/13/15	6185
2	Summit Entertainment Mandeville Films Red Wago...	3/18/15	2480
3	Lucasfilm Truenorth Productions Bad Robot	12/15/15	5292

	vote_average	release_year
0	6.5	2015
1	7.1	2015
2	6.3	2015
3	7.5	2015
4	7.3	2015

```
In [31]: # Changing datatype of `release_date` column
df['release_date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['release_date'])
```

```
In [32]: # check if the change has taken place successfully
df.dtypes
```

```
Out[32]: popularity          float64
budget              int64
revenue             int64
original_title       object
cast                object
director            object
runtime            int64
genres              object
production_companies object
release_date         datetime64[ns]
vote_count          int64
vote_average        float64
release_year        int64
dtype: object
```

```
In [33]: # Handling 0 values in `budget`, `revenue` and `runtime` columns
# Making a list of the 3 columns
temp_col = ['budget', 'revenue', 'runtime']
```

```
# Replacing all the 0 values with NaN
df[temp_col] = df[temp_col].replace(0, np.NaN)
```

```
In [34]: # Dropping/Deleting all the NaN values
# Subset helps to define in which columns to look for missing values
df.dropna(subset = temp_col, inplace = True)
rows, col = df.shape
```

1.2 Exploratory Data Analysis

Let's start with the exploration! :)

1.2.1 1. What are the average popularities of movies according to budget levels?

```
In [35]: # First we need to make columns for budget ranges
# We use the cut methods of the pandas library to do so
df['budget_ranges'] = pd.cut(df['budget'], df['budget'].describe()[3:8], labels = ['L
```

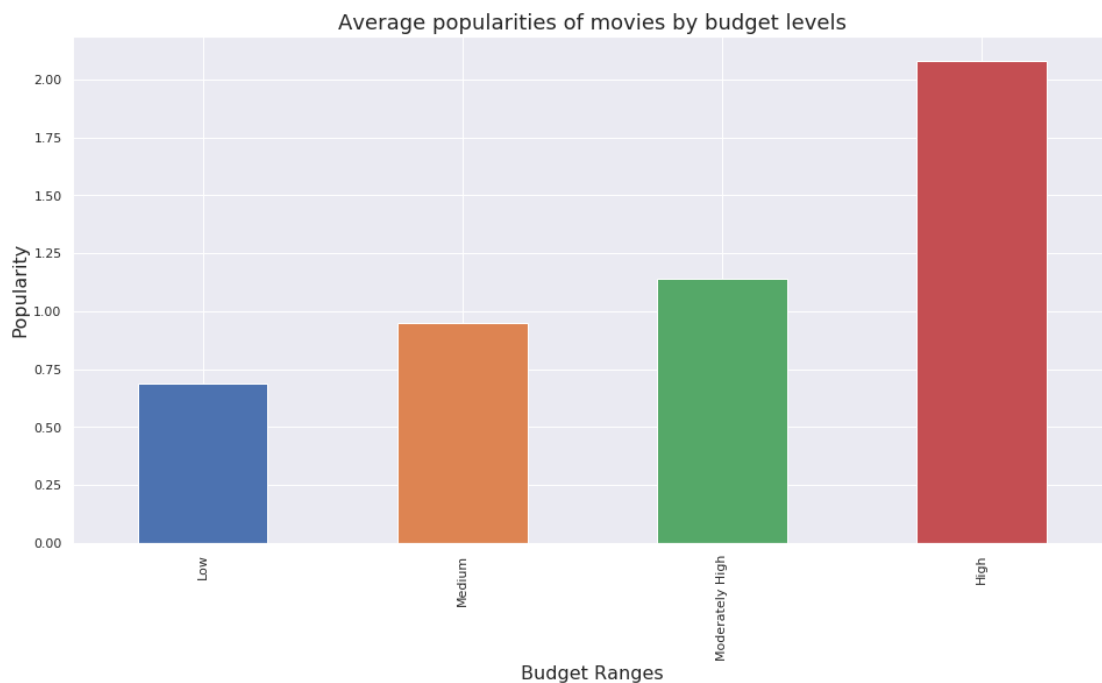
```
In [36]: # Now we find out the average popularities of each level
df.groupby('budget_ranges')['popularity'].mean()
```

```
Out[36]: budget_ranges
Low                0.686413
Medium            0.951718
Moderately High   1.142414
High              2.080911
Name: popularity, dtype: float64
```

```
In [37]: # Plotting the above information in a bar graph
sns.set()
df.groupby('budget_ranges')['popularity'].mean().plot(kind = 'bar', figsize = (16, 8))

# Setting the title of the plot
plt.title('Average popularities of movies by budget levels', fontsize = 18)

# Setting the x and y axis labels
plt.xlabel('Budget Ranges', fontsize = 16)
plt.ylabel('Popularity', fontsize = 16);
```



1.2.2 2. What are profit trends from year to year?

```
In [38]: # First we need to insert a column for the profit/loss value of each movie
df.insert(3, 'profit_loss', df['revenue'] - df['budget'])
```

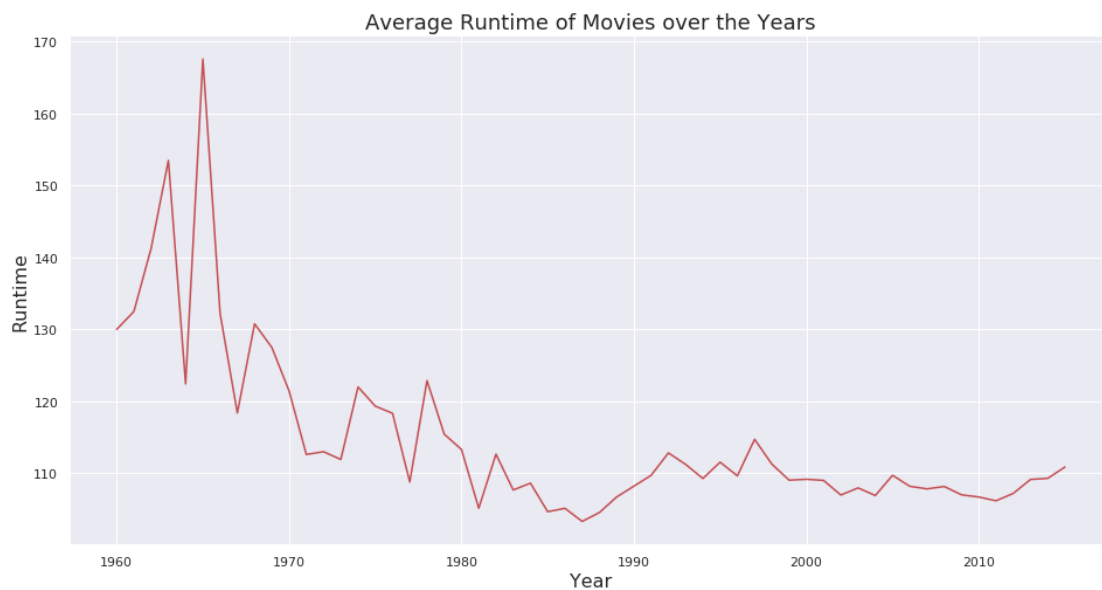


```
In [39]: df.groupby('release_year')['profit_loss'].sum().plot(kind = 'line', figsize = (16, 8))
plt.title('Profit Trends from year to year', fontsize = 18)
plt.xlabel('Year', fontsize = 16)
plt.ylabel('Profit', fontsize = 16);
```



1.2.3 3. What are the average runtimes of movies over the years?

```
In [40]: df.groupby('release_year')['runtime'].mean().plot(kind='line', figsize = (16, 8), color='red')
plt.title('Average Runtime of Movies over the Years', fontsize = 18)
plt.xlabel('Year', fontsize = 16)
plt.ylabel('Runtime', fontsize = 16);
```



1.2.4 4. Which are the 5 cheapest and most expensive profitable movies of all time?

For this we shall set a standard value of profit which has to be met, that value will be \$50,000,000

```
In [41]: # creating a list of columns that will be viewed
col = ['original_title', 'cast', 'director', 'budget', 'revenue', 'profit_loss']

# Using query function to show records of movies which have a profit of more than $50
# Also using sort_values function to make sure it is sorted according to the budget c

df.query('profit_loss>50000000')[col].sort_values('budget', ascending = False).head(5)
```

```
Out[41]:
```

	original_title \	cast \	director	budget	revenue	profit_loss
3375	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	Johnny Depp PenÃllope Cruz Geoffrey Rush Ian M...	Rob Marshall	380000000.0	1.021683e+09	6.416830e+08
7387	Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End	Johnny Depp Orlando Bloom Keira Knightley Geof...	Gore Verbinski	300000000.0	9.610000e+08	6.610000e+08
14	Avengers: Age of Ultron	Robert Downey Jr. Chris Hemsworth Mark Ruffalo...	Joss Whedon	280000000.0	1.405036e+09	1.125036e+09
6570	Superman Returns	Brandon Routh Kevin Spacey Kate Bosworth James...	Bryan Singer	270000000.0	3.910812e+08	1.210812e+08
1929	Tangled	Zachary Levi Mandy Moore Donna Murphy Ron Perl...	Nathan Greno Byron Howard	260000000.0	5.917949e+08	3.317949e+08

```
In [42]: df.query('profit_loss>50000000')[col].sort_values('budget', ascending = True).head(5)
```

```
Out[42]:
```

	original_title \	cast \
10495	The Karate Kid, Part II	Ralph Macchio Pat Morita Martin Kove Charlie T...
7447	Paranormal Activity	Katie Featherston Micah Sloat Mark Fredrichs A...
2449	The Blair Witch Project	
7057	Open Water	
10759	Halloween	

```

2449 Heather Donahue|Michael C. Williams|Joshua Leo...
7057 Blanchard Ryan|Daniel Travis|Saul Stein|Michae...
10759 Donald Pleasence|Jamie Lee Curtis|P.J. Soles|N...

```

	director	budget	revenue	profit_loss
10495	John G. Avildsen	113.0	115103979.0	115103866.0
7447	Oren Peli	15000.0	193355800.0	193340800.0
2449	Daniel Myrick Eduardo SÃ¡nchez	25000.0	248000000.0	247975000.0
7057	Chris Kentis	130000.0	54667954.0	54537954.0
10759	John Carpenter	300000.0	70000000.0	69700000.0

Conclusions

Question 1: It can be observed that movies with a higher budget range tend to be more popular with the audience.

Question 2: Profits have increased exponentially with each passing year especially after the beginning of the 21st century.

Question 3: The runtime of movies has decreased with each passing year. It experienced a hike during the 60s but has then steadily decreased over the years. The lowest was around 100-110 minutes. Presently, movies tend to last around the 110 minute mark.