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6501-0203020

Задача 16. Динамическое программирование  
Оптимальное распределение ресурсов.

X	$f_1(x)$	$f_2(x)$	$f_3(x)$	$f_4(x)$
0	0	0	0	0
1	1	2	2	1
2	2	3	3,5	2
3	3,5	3	4	3,5
4	4	2	5	3
5	5	2	6	3

$$W_4(k) = \max_{k \geq x_4 \geq 0} \{f_4(x_4)\}$$

k	$x_4$	$W_4$
0	0	0
1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	3,5
4	3	3,5
5	3	3,5

$$W_3(k) = \max_{k \geq x_3 \geq 0} \{f_3(x_3) + W_4(k - x_3)\}$$

k	$x_3$	$\tilde{W}_3$	$W_3$
0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2
2	0	2	3,5
3	1	3	4,5
4	2	4	5,5
5	3	5	6

	0	3,5	
	1	5,5	
5	②	7	7
	3	6	
	4	6	
	5	6	

k	$x_4$	$f_4(x)$	$W_4$
0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
2	0	1	2
3	1	2	3,5
4	2	2	3,5
5	2	3	3,5

k	$x_3$	$W_3$
0	0	0
1	1	2
2	2	3,5
3	2	4,5
4	2	5,5
5	2	6



$$w_2(k) = \max_{k \geq x_2 \geq 0} \{ \underbrace{f_2(x_2) + w_3(k - x_2)}_{\tilde{w}_2} \}$$

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k	$x_2$	$\tilde{w}_2$	$w_2$
0	0	0	0
1	0	2	2
	1	2	
2	0	3,5	4
	1	4	
	2	3	
3	0	4,5	5,5
	1	5,5	
	2	5	
	3	3	
4	0	5,5	6,5
	1	6,5	
	2	6,5	
	3	5	
	4	2	
5	0	7	7,5
	1	7,5	
	2	7,5	
	3	6,5	
	4	4	
	5	2	

k	$x_2$	$w_2$
0	0	0
1	0	2
2	1	4
3	1	5,5
4	2	6,5
5	2	7,5

k	$x_1$	$\tilde{w}_1$	$w_1$
5	0	7,5	7,5
	1	7,5	
	2	7,5	
	3	7,5	
	4	6	
5	5	5	

$$1) x_1^* = 0$$

$$k_1^* = 5 - x_1^* = 5 - 0 = 5 \Rightarrow x_2^* = 1$$

$$k_2^* = k_1^* - x_2^* = 5 - 1 = 4 \Rightarrow x_3^* = 1$$

$$k_3^* = k_2^* - x_3^* = 4 - 1 = 3 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 3$$

$$k_4^* = k_3^* - x_4^* = 3 - 3 = 0$$

$$2) x_1^* = 0$$

$$k_1^* = 5 \Rightarrow x_2^* = 2$$

$$k_2^* = 3 \Rightarrow x_3^* = 2$$

$$k_3^* = 1 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 1$$

$$k_4^* = 0$$

$$3) x_1^* = 0; x_2^* = 1; x_3^* = 2$$

$$k_3^* = 4 - 2 = 2 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 2$$

$$k_4^* = 0$$

$$4) x_1^* = 1, k_1^* = 4 \Rightarrow x_2^* = 1; k_2^* = 3 \Rightarrow x_3^* = 2;$$

$$k_3^* = 1 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 1; k_4^* = 0$$



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$$2. a) F = (x_1 - 4)^2 + (x_2 - 3)^2 \rightarrow \max$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 6$$

$$3x_1 - 2x_2 \leq 18$$

$$-x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 8$$

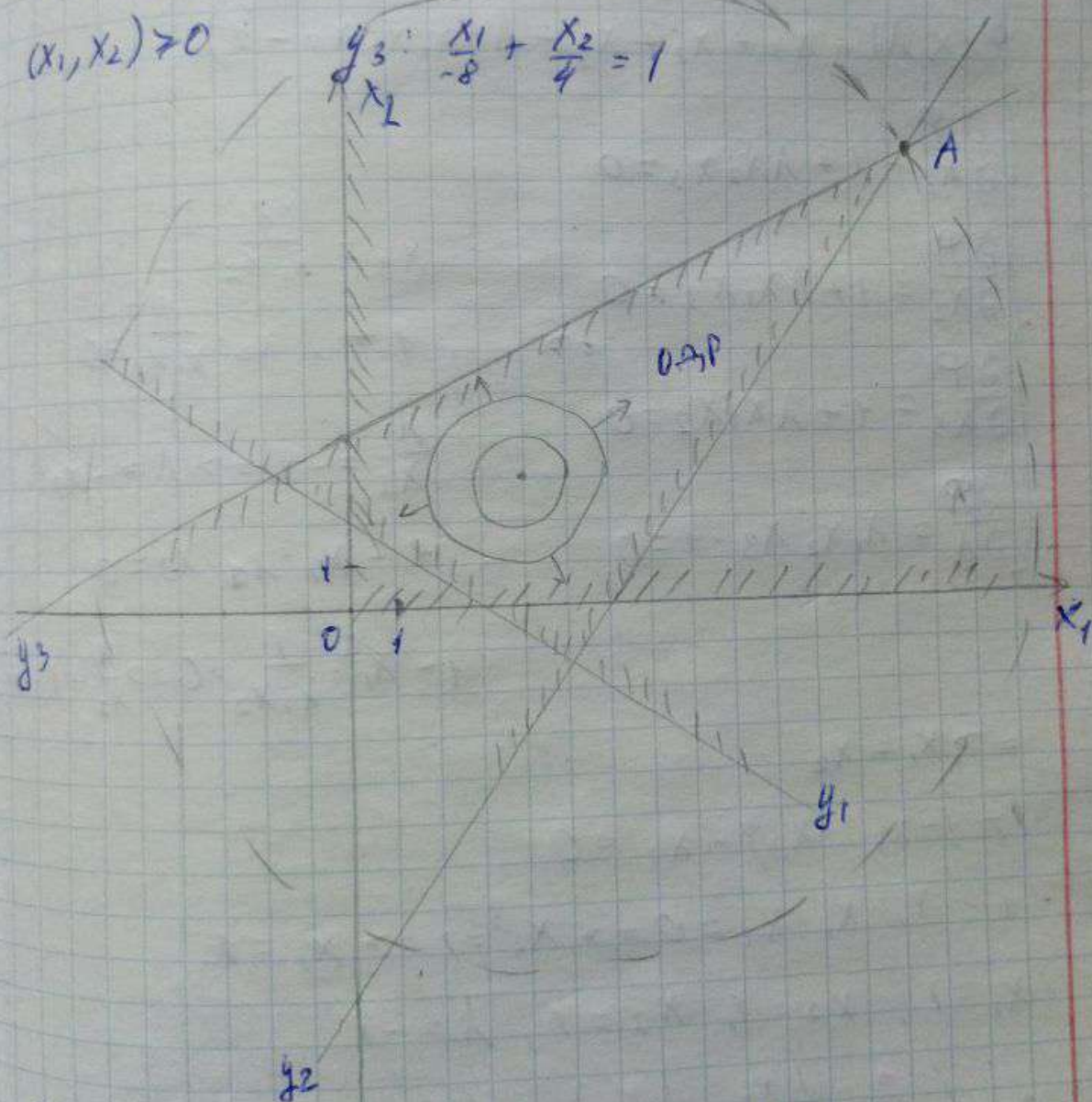
$$(x_1, x_2) \geq 0$$

$$g_1: \frac{x_1}{3} + \frac{x_2}{2} = 1$$

$$g_2: \frac{x_1}{6} + \frac{x_2}{-9} = 1$$

$$g_3: \frac{x_1}{-8} + \frac{x_2}{4} = 1$$

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$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 - 2x_2 = 18 \\ -x_1 + 2x_2 = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$2x_1 = 26 \Rightarrow x_1 = 13$$

$$2x_2 = 21 \Rightarrow x_2 = 10,5$$

Antwort:  $x_1 = 13; x_2 = 10,5; F = 137,25$



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$$5) x_1^* = 1; x_2^* = 2; k_2^* = 9 - 2 = 2 \Rightarrow x_3^* = 2; k_3^* = 0 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 0$$

$$6) x_1^* = 2; k_1^* = 3 \Rightarrow x_2^* = 1; k_2^* = 2 \Rightarrow x_3^* = 2; k_3^* = 0 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 0$$

$$7) x_1^* = 3; k_1^* = 2 \Rightarrow x_2^* = 1; k_2^* = 1 \Rightarrow x_3^* = 1; k_3^* = 0 \Rightarrow x_4^* = 0$$

Ответ:  $(0, 1, 1, 3), (0, 1, 2, 2), (0, 2, 2, 1), (1, 1, 2, 1), (1, 2, 2, 0), (2, 1, 2, 0), (3, 1, 1, 0)$

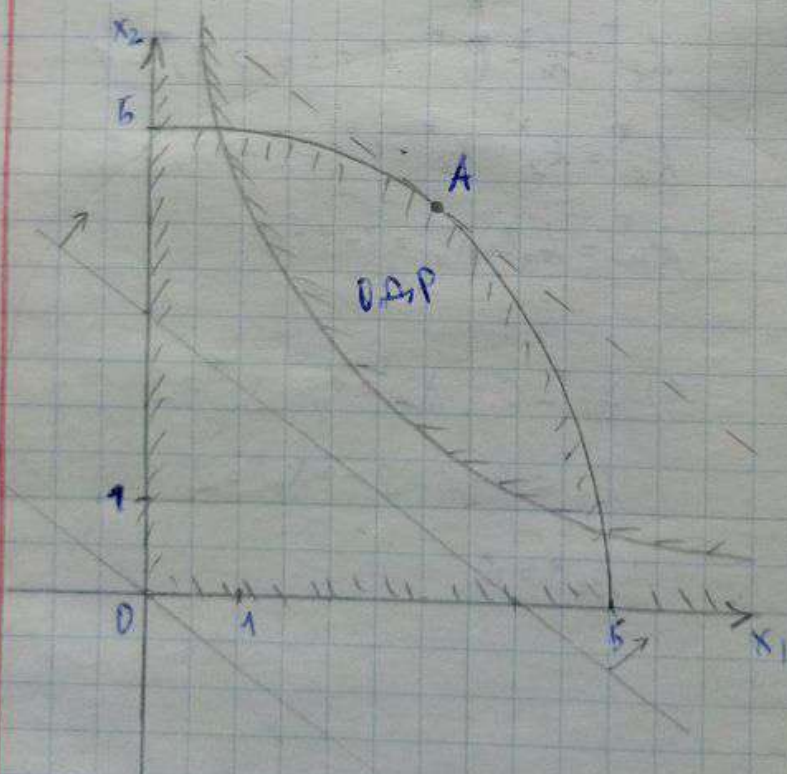
Задача 7. Нелинейное программирование

$$\text{н.л. } F = 3x_1 + 4x_2 \rightarrow \max$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 25$$

$$x_1 \cdot x_2 \geq 4 \quad x_2 = \frac{4}{x_1}$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$



$$F_{\max} = 12; 3x_1 + 4x_2 = 12$$

$$\frac{x_1}{4} + \frac{x_2}{3} = 1$$

$$x_2^2 = 25 - x_1^2$$

$$x_2 = \sqrt{25 - x_1^2}$$

$$x_2' = -\frac{x_1}{\sqrt{25 - x_1^2}} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$4x_1 = 3\sqrt{25 - x_1^2}$$

$$16x_1^2 = 9(25 - x_1^2)$$

$$16x_1^2 - 225 + 9x_1^2 = 0$$

$$25x_1^2 = 225$$

$$x_1 = 3 \Rightarrow x_2 = \sqrt{25 - 9} = 4$$

$$F = 3 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 4 = 25$$

Ответ:  $x_1 = 3, x_2 = 4, F = 25$



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$$5) F = (x_1 - 4)^2 + (x_2 - 3)^2 \rightarrow \min$$

$$\text{Ansatz: } x_1 = 4, x_2 = 3, F = 0$$

$$3. F = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \rightarrow \min$$

$$x_1 \cdot x_2 \cdot x_3 = 1 \quad n=3, m=1$$

$$\varphi(x, \lambda) = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \lambda(x_1 x_2 x_3 - 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_1} = 1 + \lambda x_2 x_3 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_2} = 1 + \lambda x_1 x_3 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_3} = 1 + \lambda x_1 x_2 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial \lambda} = x_1 x_2 x_3 - 1 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{x_1 x_2}$$

$$1 + \lambda x_2 \cdot \frac{1}{x_1 x_2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{x_1} = -1 \Rightarrow \lambda = -x_1$$

$$1 - x_1 \cdot x_2 \cdot x_3 = 0$$

$$1 - x_1^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x_1 x_2} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x_1}{x_2} = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = x_2$$

$$1 + (-x_1) \cdot x_2 \cdot x_1 = 0$$

$$1 - x_1 \cdot x_1 \cdot x_1 = 0 \Rightarrow x_1^3 = 1 \Rightarrow x_1 = 1$$

$$x_1 = 1, x_2 = 1, x_3 = 1, \lambda = -1$$

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda x_3 & \lambda x_2 \\ \lambda x_3 & 0 & \lambda x_1 \\ \lambda x_2 & \lambda x_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathcal{B}_1 = 0$$



$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_3} \end{pmatrix} = (x_2 x_3 \quad x_1 x_3 \quad x_1 x_2) = (1 \ 1 \ 1) \text{ Karadard SO}$$

$$Q' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad H^B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & Q \\ Q' & H \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D_3 = 0 - 1 - 1 - 0 - 0 - 0 = -2$$

$$D_4 = -3$$

$$(-1)^4 = -1$$

$$(1, 1, 1) - \text{m. min}$$