

## Trilha - Segurança

**Wanderley Caloni** 

Sócio-Desenvolvedor da







# Como Não Desenvolver Pôquer Online ou Como Explorar a Pseudo-Aleatoriedade





- Segurança da Informação
  - Sistema de Controle de Usuários e Aplicações
  - Criptografia de Discos







- Análise de Trojans
  - Engenharia Reversa
  - Crash Dump Analysis









- Mercado Financeiro
  - Alto Desempenho
  - Análise de Risco







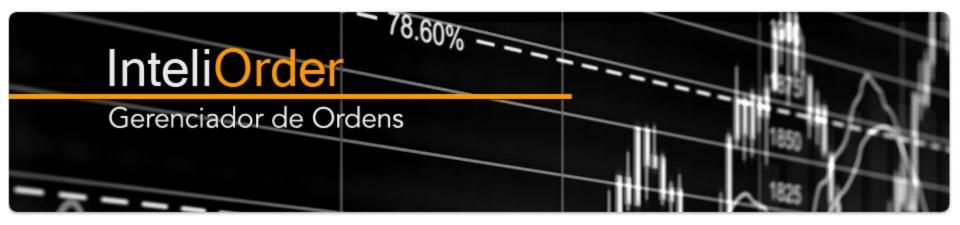


- Mercado Financeiro
  - Alto Desempenho
  - Análise de Risco
  - Algoritmos
  - Cotações
  - Mobile













## **InteliMobile**

Plataforma Móvel para iPhone







# InteliMarket

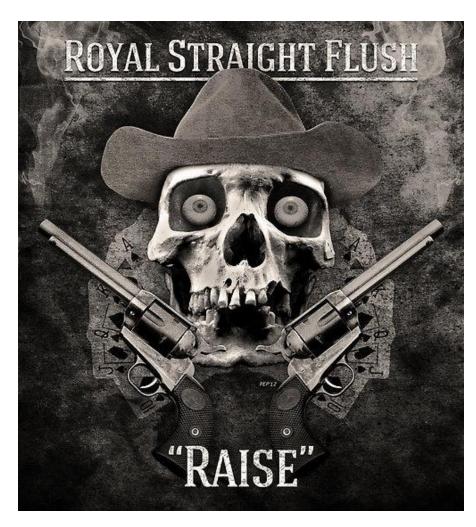
Flexibilidade em Market Data

- Balanceamento de Carga Certificado UMDF



## Pôquer Online



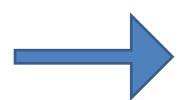




# Pôquer Online





































- Número de cartas: 52
  - Combinações: 52! = 8x10<sup>67</sup>



























## Chupinhado Inspirado por:



When Random Isn't Random Enough: Lessons from an Online Poker Exploit

February 09, 2014

Today I am going to retell a <u>story from 1999</u>, a story in which developers of a popular online poker platform implemented card-shuffling software with a handle of subtle but critical bugs.





# Chupinhado Inspirado por:





#### LAURA HAMILTON



## Chupinhado Inspirado por:



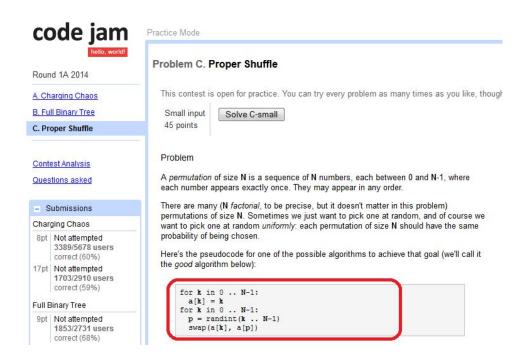
 http://www.lauradhamilton.com/random-lessons-onl ine-poker-exploit



## Google Code Jam 2014

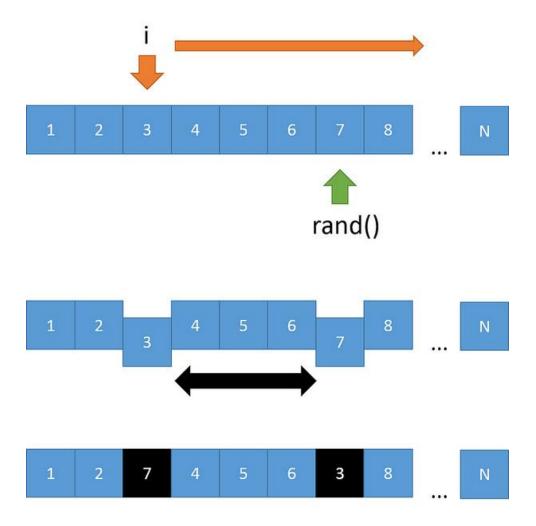


- https://code.google.com/codejam/contest/2984486/ dashboard#s=p2
- http://www.caloni.com.br/blog/archives/poker-face



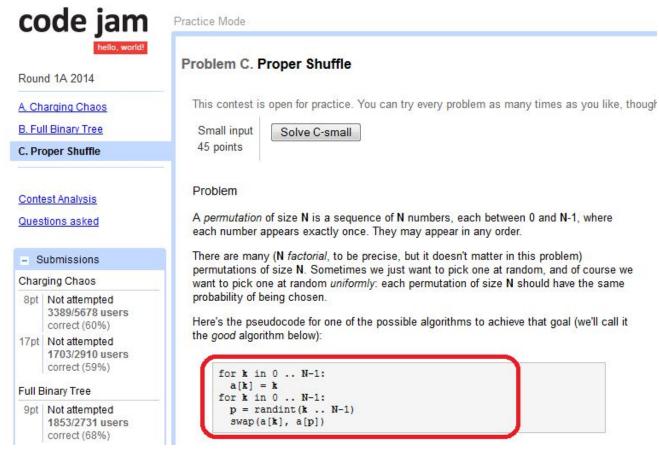






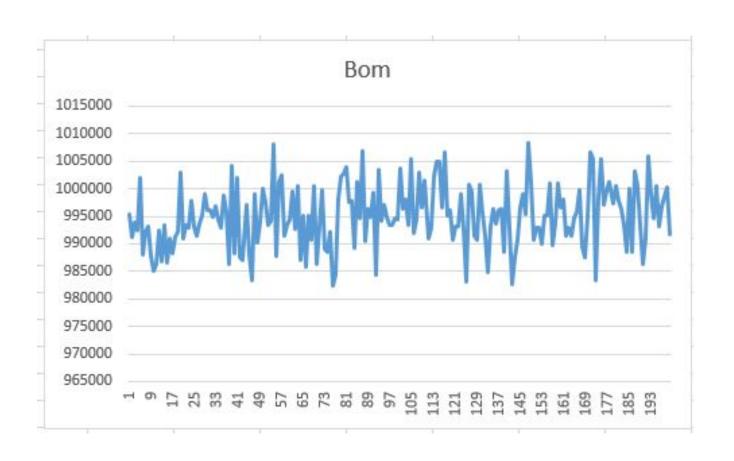






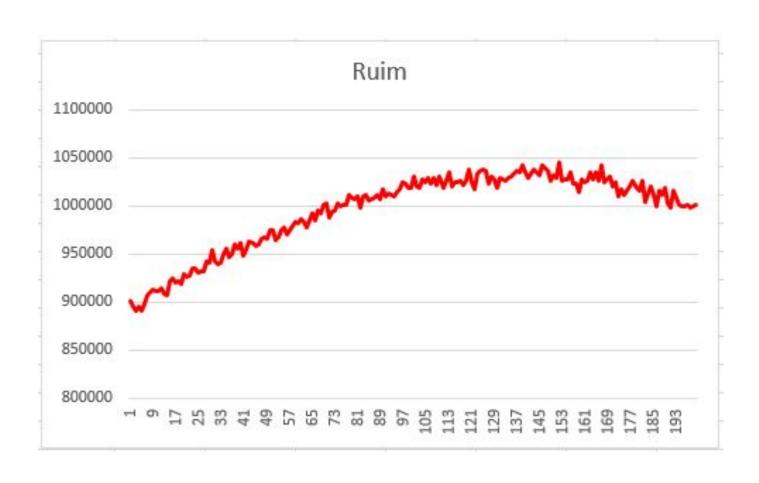














#### Caso Real



```
procedure TDeck. Shuffle;
var
ctr: Byte;
tmp: Byte;
random number: Byte;
begin
{ Fill the deck with unique cards }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do
Card[ctr] := ctr;
{ Generate a new seed based on the system clock }
randomize;
{ Randomly rearrange each card }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do begin
random number := random(51)+1;
tmp := card[random number];
card[random number] := card[ctr];
card[ctr] := tmp;
end;
CurrentCard := 1;
JustShuffled := True;
end;
```



#### Caso Real



- Falha #1: errando por um
- Falha #2: não-uniforme
- Falha #3: semente de 32 bits
- Falha #4: relógio-semente



## #1: errando por um



```
procedure TDeck.Shuffle;
var
ctr: Byte;
tmp: Byte;
random number: Byte;
begin
{ Fill the deck with unique cards }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do
Card[ctr] := ctr;
{ Generate a new seed based on the system clock }
randomize;
{ Randomly rearrange each card }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do begin
random number := random(51)+1;
tmp := card[random number];
card[random number] := card[ctr];
card[ctr] := tmp;
end;
CurrentCard := 1;
JustShuffled := True;
end;
```



### #2: não-uniforme



```
procedure TDeck. Shuffle;
var
ctr: Byte;
tmp: Byte;
random number: Byte;
begin
{ Fill the deck with unique cards }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do
Card[ctr] := ctr;
{ Generate a new seed based on the system clock }
randomize;
{ Randomly rearrange each card }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do begin
random number := random(51)+1;
tmp := card[random number];
card[random number] := card[ctr];
card[ctr] := tmp;
end:
CurrentCard := 1;
JustShuffled := True;
end;
```

```
for k in 0 .. N-1:
   a[k] = k
for k in 0 .. N-1:
   p = randint(k .. N-1)
   swap(a[k], a[p])
```

```
for k in 0 .. N-1:
    a[k] = k
for k in 0 .. N-1:
    p = randint(0 .. N-1)
    swap(a[k], a[p])
```



#### #3: semente de 32 bits

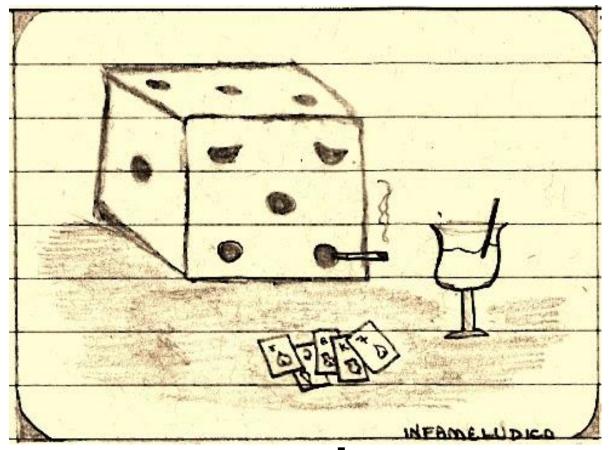


```
procedure TDeck. Shuffle;
var
ctr: Byte;
tmp: Byte;
random number: Byte;
begin
{ Fill the deck with unique cards }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do
Card[ctr] := ctr;
{ Generate a new seed based on the system clock }
randomize;
{ Randomly rearrange each card }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do begin
random number := random 51)+1;
tmp := card[random number];
card[random number] := card[ctr];
card[ctr] := tmp;
end;
CurrentCard := 1;
JustShuffled := True;
end;
```



## #3: semente de 32 bits





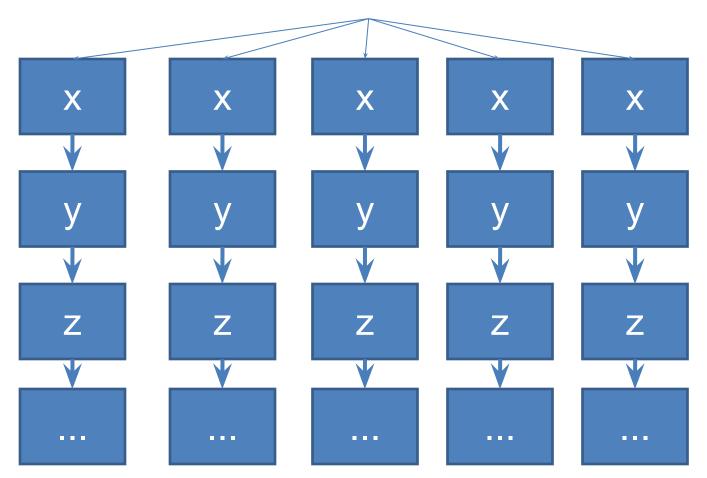
rand



## #3: semente de 32 bits



# srand





## #4: relógio-semente







## #4: relógio-semente



```
procedure TDeck. Shuffle;
var
ctr: Byte;
tmp: Byte;
random number: Byte;
begin
{ Fill the deck with unique cards }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do
Card[ctr] := ctr;
{ Generate a new seed based on the system clock }
randomize;
{ Randomly rearrange each card }
for ctr := 1 to 52 do begin
random number := random(51)+1;
tmp := card[random number];
card[random number] := card[ctr];
card[ctr] := tmp;
end;
CurrentCard := 1;
JustShuffled := True;
end;
```





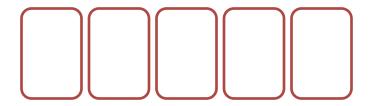
Rand()







Rand()





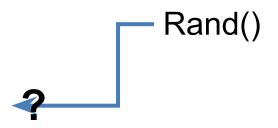


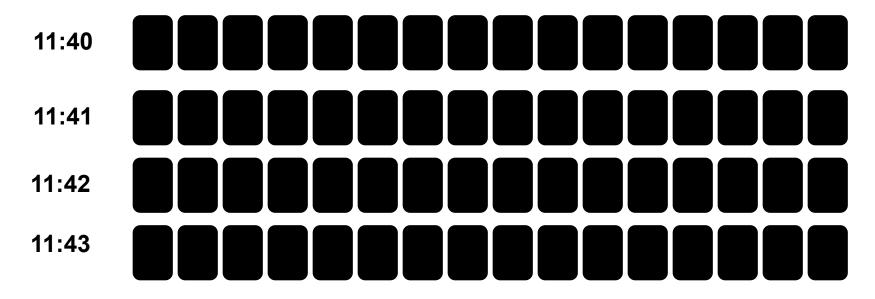


Rand()





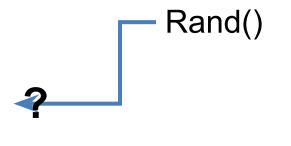


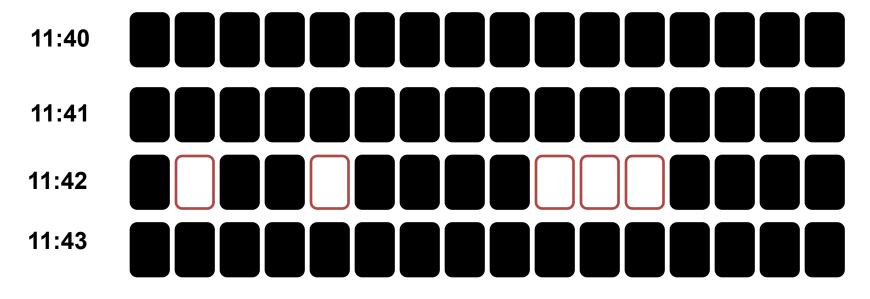








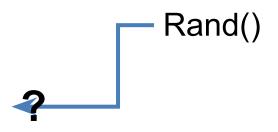


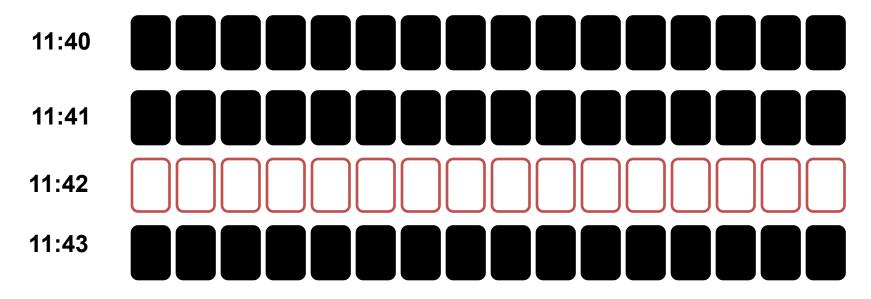
















### And in the end....



### Perguntas? Eu tenho várias.

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## And in the end....





.com.br

