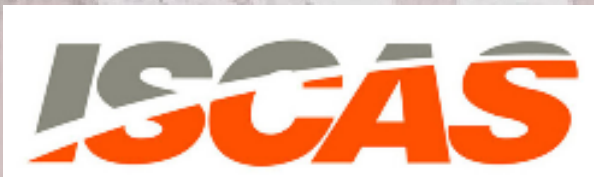


# The Performance of Selfish Mining in GHOST

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*Institute of Software, Chinese Academy of Sciences*



# Blockchain has been widely adopted



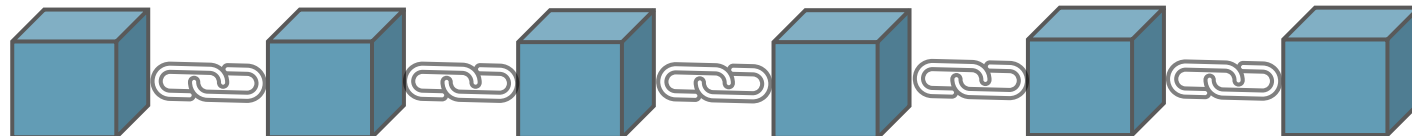
Cryptocurrency  
payment



Supply chain  
management

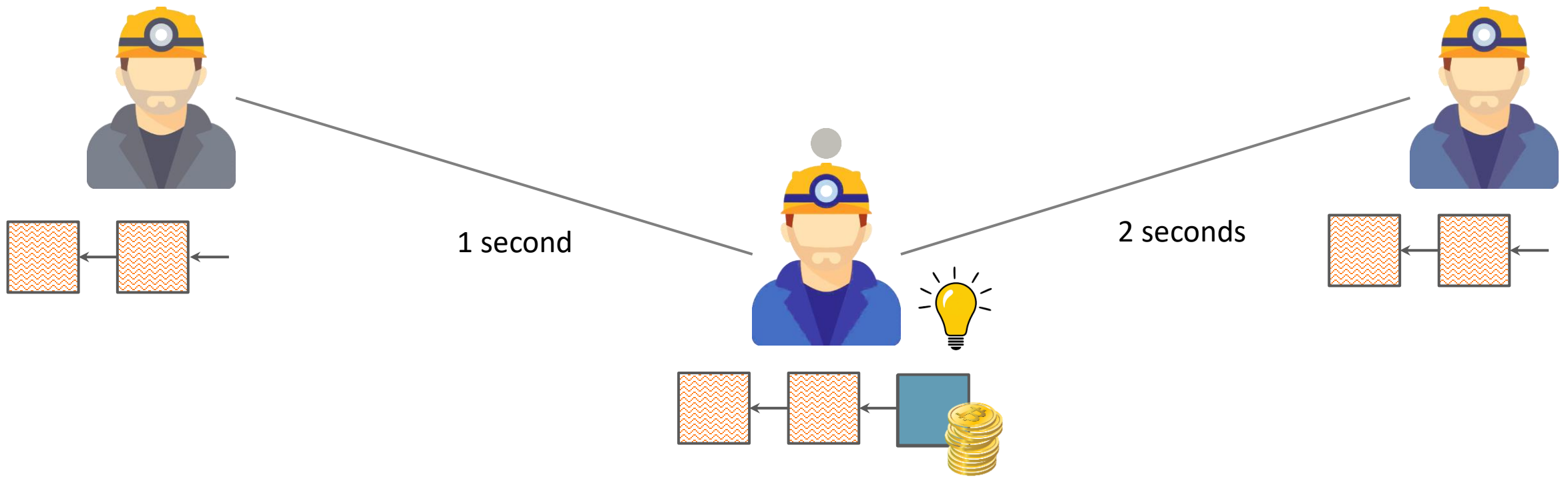


Electronic  
government



# Nakamoto consensus

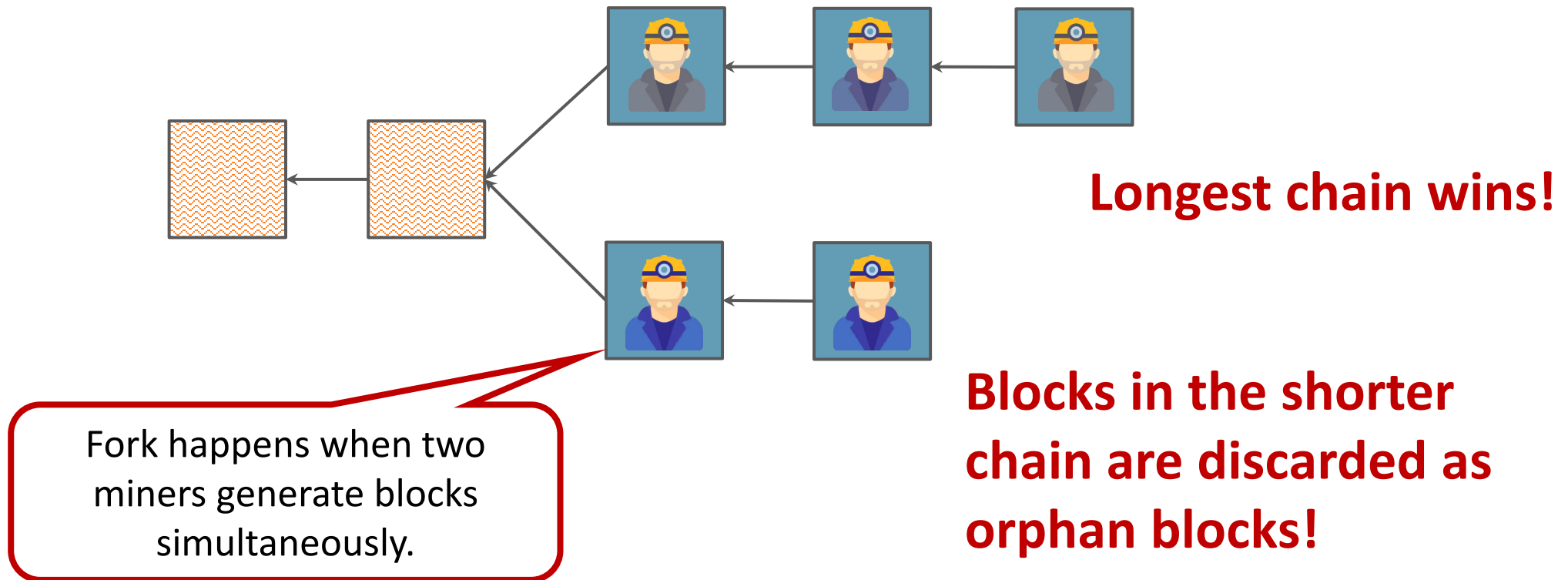
- **Proof of Work** is utilized to determine who can generate the new block.



Miner's reward is proportional to its mining power

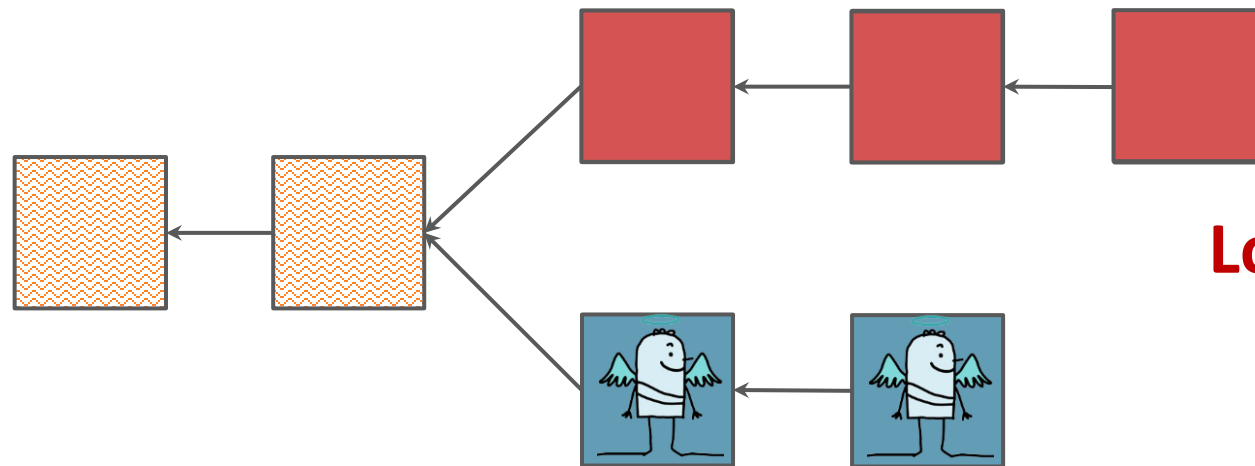
# Nakamoto consensus

- **The longest chain rule** is utilized to choose the main chain.



# Selfish mining in the longest chain rule

- The game between 1 selfish pool (**Alice**) and 1 honest pool (**Bob**)

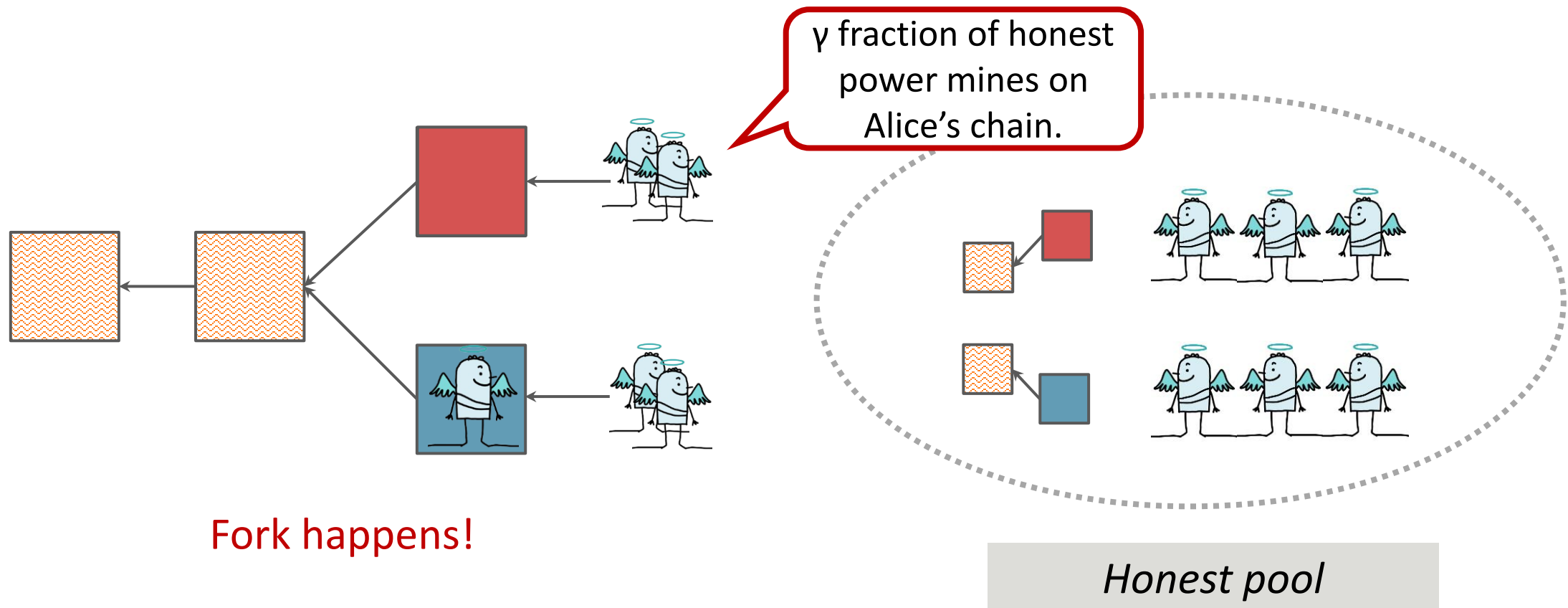


**Longest chain wins!**

**Bob wastes its power on orphan blocks!**

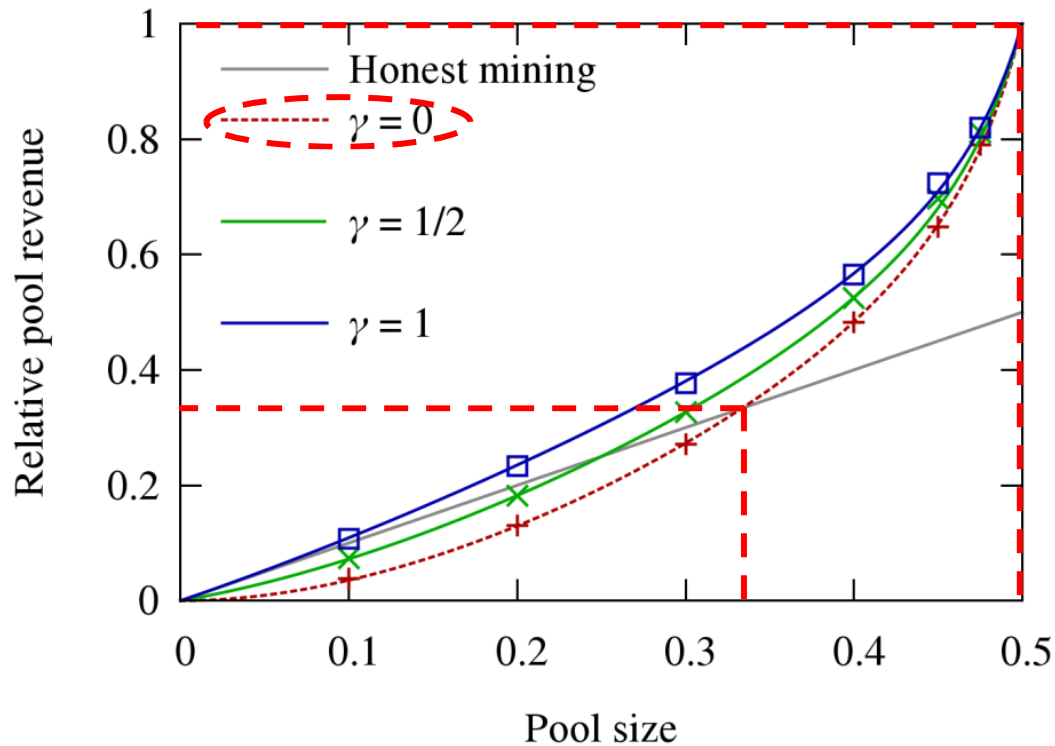
# Selfish mining in the longest chain rule

- The game between 1 selfish pool (Alice) and 1 honest pool (Bob)





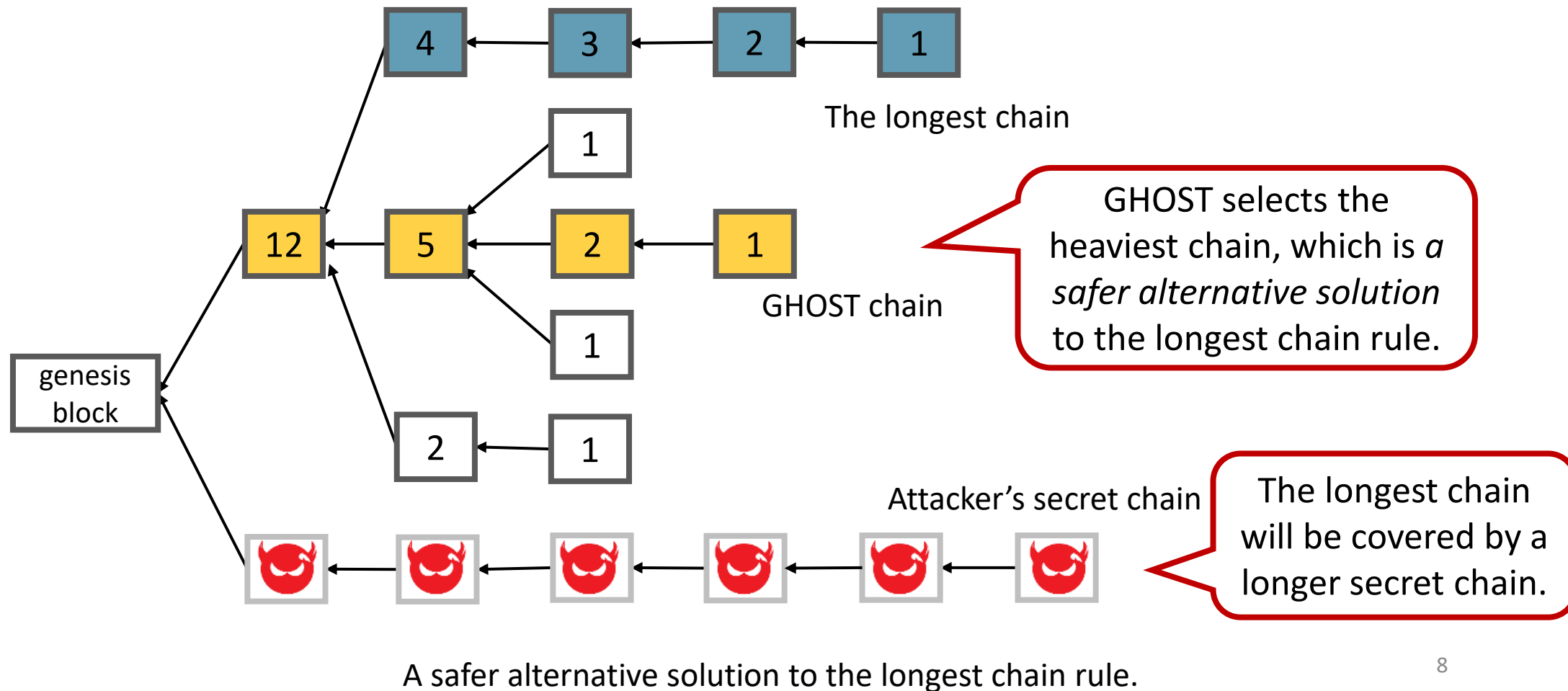
# Selfish mining in the longest chain rule



- When  $\gamma = 0$ , Alice with  $\geq 33\%$  mining power can gain more profit.
- No matter what  $\gamma$  is, with 50% mining power, Alice can gain almost all profit.

# GHOST (Greedy Heaviest Observed Subtree)

- Select the heaviest chain as the main chain.





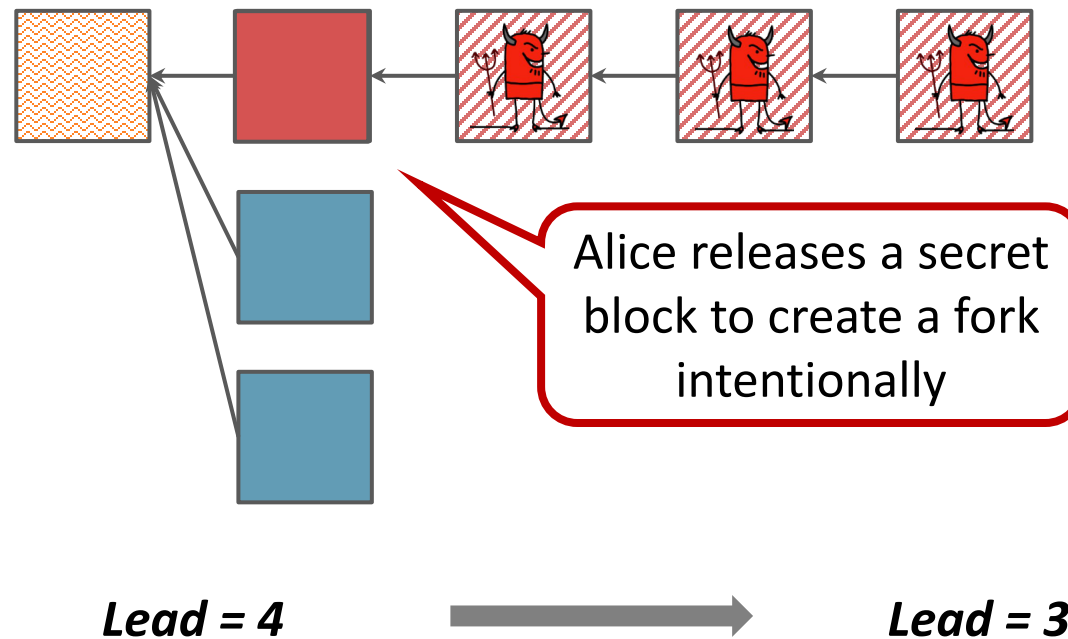


# Selfish mining in GHOST

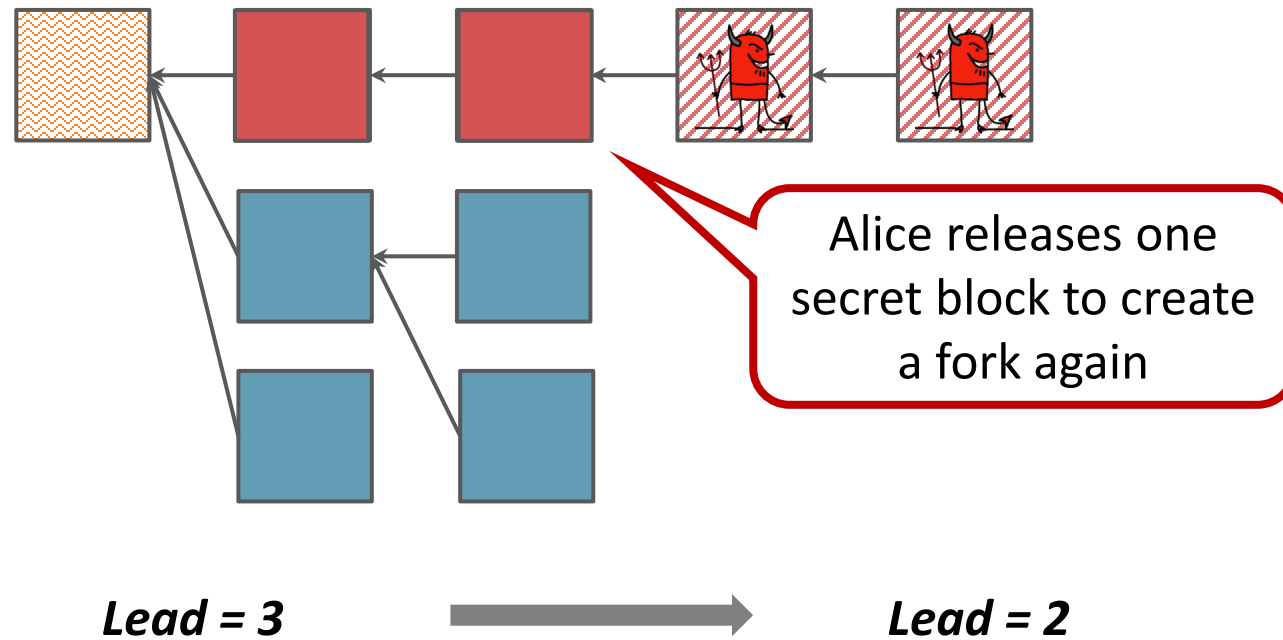
- RQ1: How does GHOST perform in selfish mining?
- RQ2: Does GHOST have better security than the longest chain rule under selfish mining?

# “Match the height” in the longest chain rule

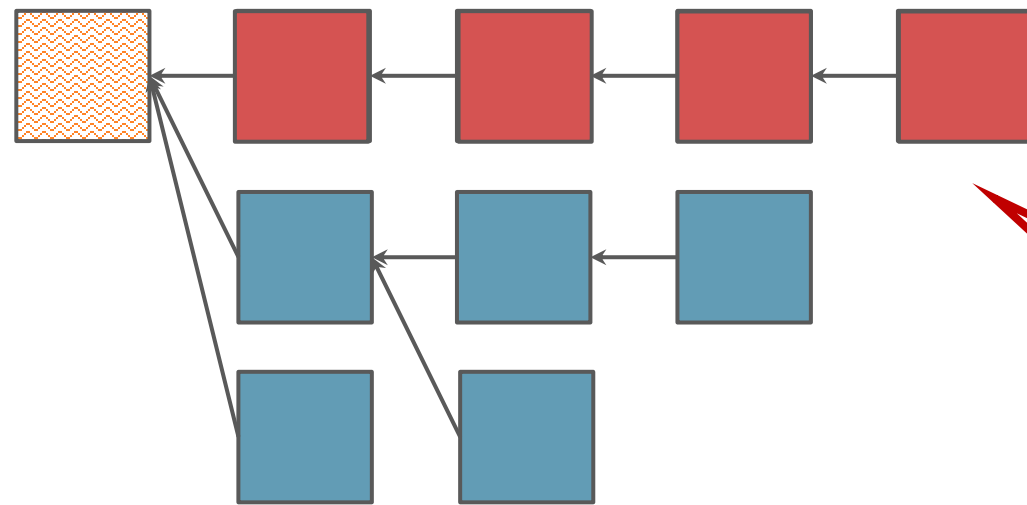
- Existing selfish mining strategies follow the idea of “match the height”.



# “Match the height” in the longest chain rule



# “Match the height” in the longest chain rule



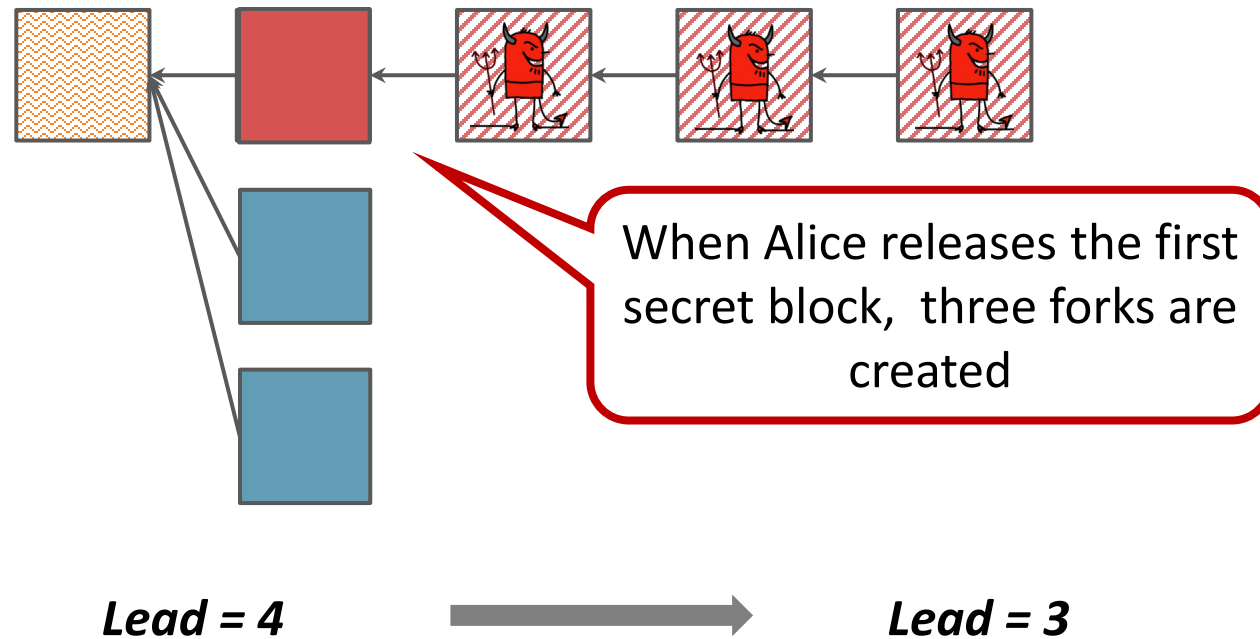
Alice releases both  
secret blocks to win  
the longest chain

*Lead = 2*

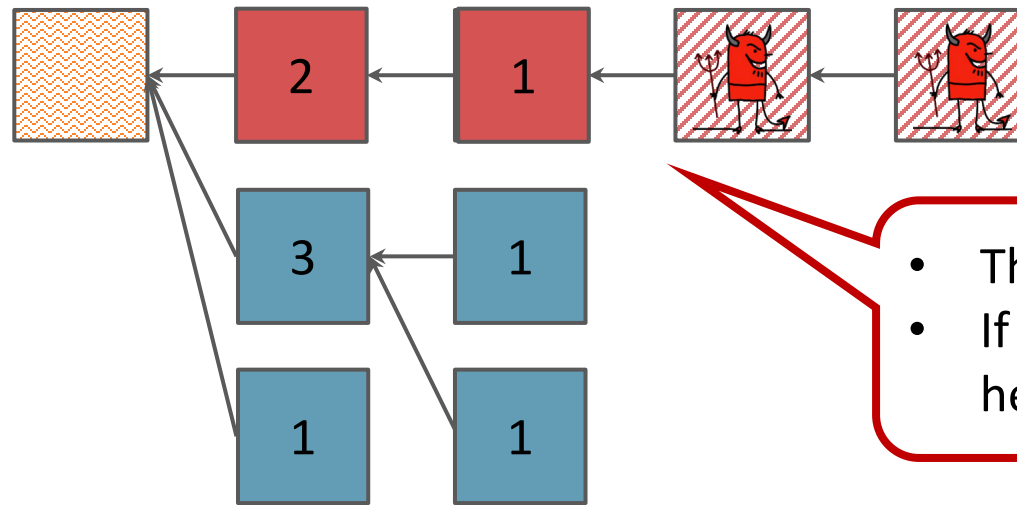


*Lead = 0*

# “Match the height” in GHOST



# “Match the height” in GHOST

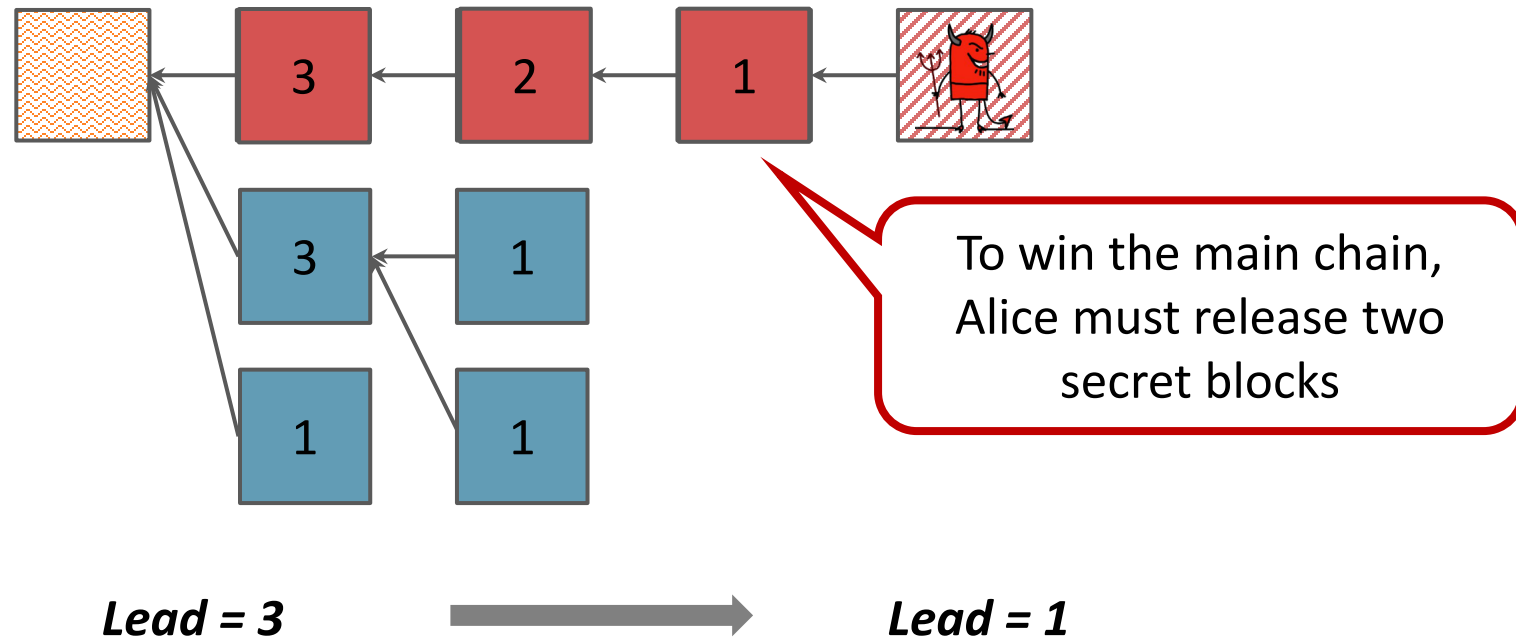


- There is only one heaviest chain.
- If Alice follows the idea of “match the height”, it can not win the main chain.

*Lead = 3*

**The idea of “match the height” can not be applied to GHOST.**

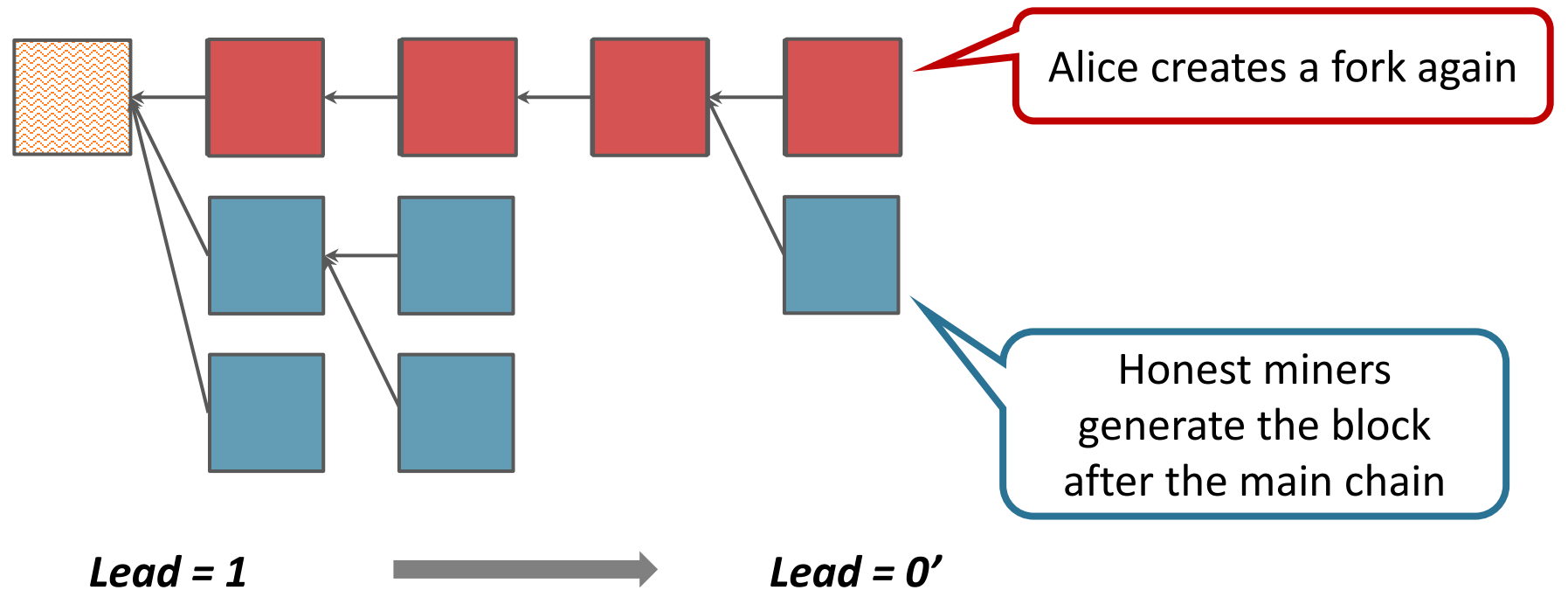
# “Match the weight” in GHOST



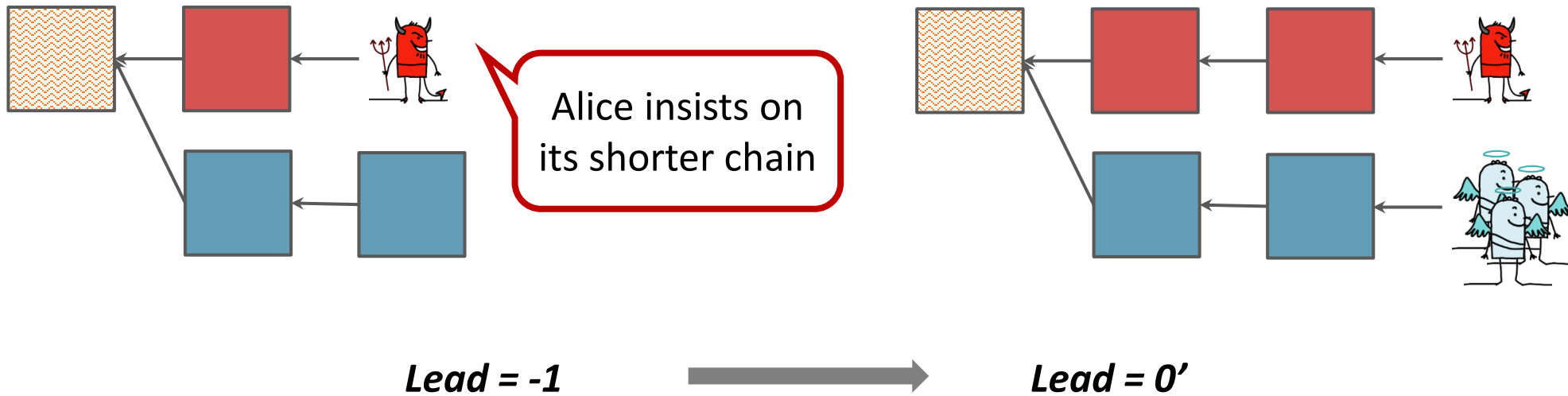
The selfish miner in GHOST follows the idea of “match the weight”.



# “Match the weight” in GHOST

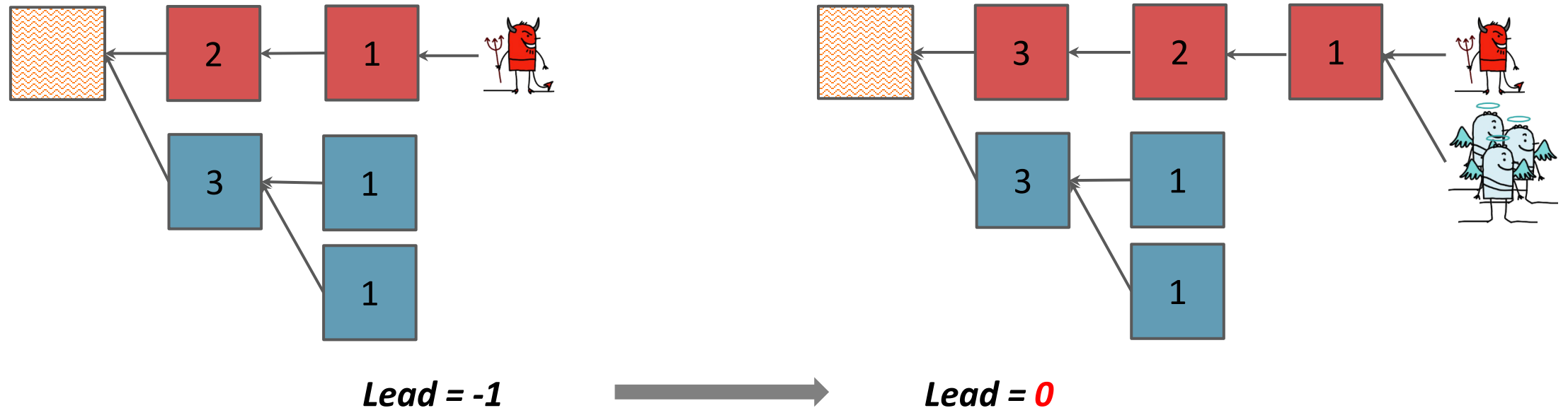


# Stubborn mining in the longest chain rule



**Note: even if Alice succeed to generate a new block and create a fork, no honest power mines on Alice's branch since it just catches up.**

# Stubborn mining in GHOST



Different from the longest chain rule, sometimes Alice can even win the main chain after mining on the lagged chain.

# Experiment setup

- Monte Carlo simulator is used to simulate the blockchain system, involving 3 variables.
- We simulate 1,000 miners equally sharing the total mining power as in [1], and fix  $\gamma$  as 0.5.

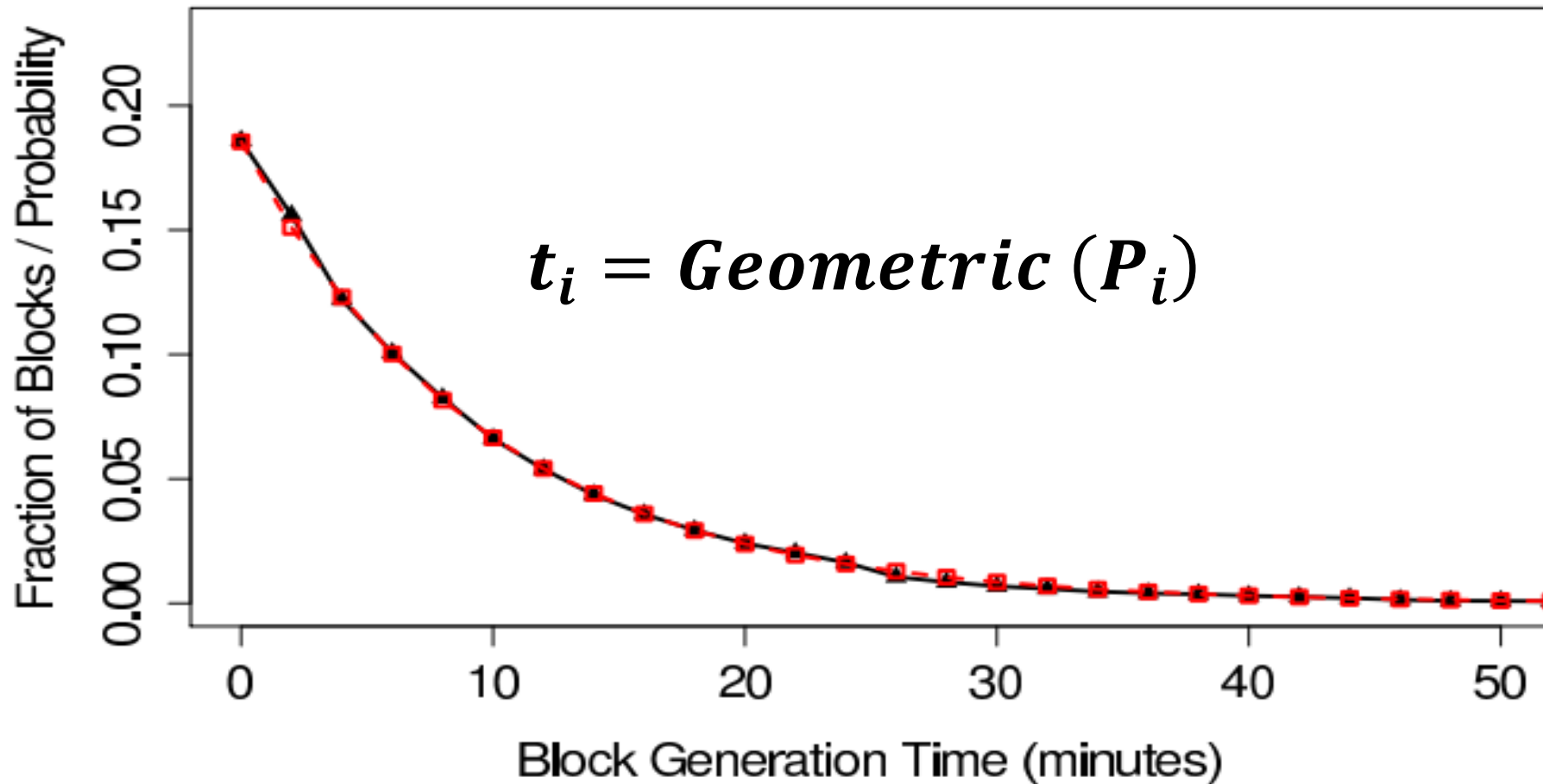
Meaning	Value
Block generation interval	1~15s
Selfish pool's mining power	1%~40%
honest pool's mining power	1-selfish power

A shorter interval means a faster block generation speed

E.g., when selfish power is 10%, selfish pool consists of  $1000 \times 10\%$  miners

# Block generation simulation

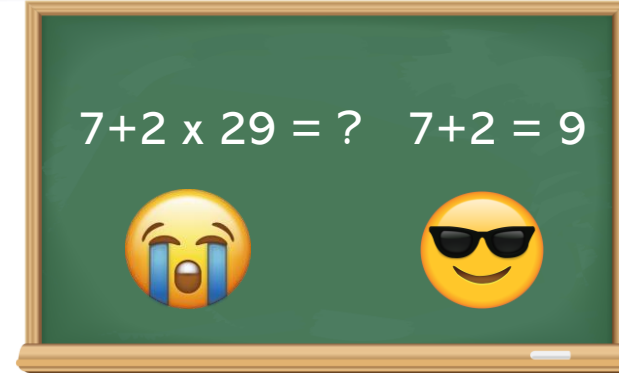
- Block generation with Proof-of-Work (PoW)



# Block generation simulation



Big miner can generate blocks faster

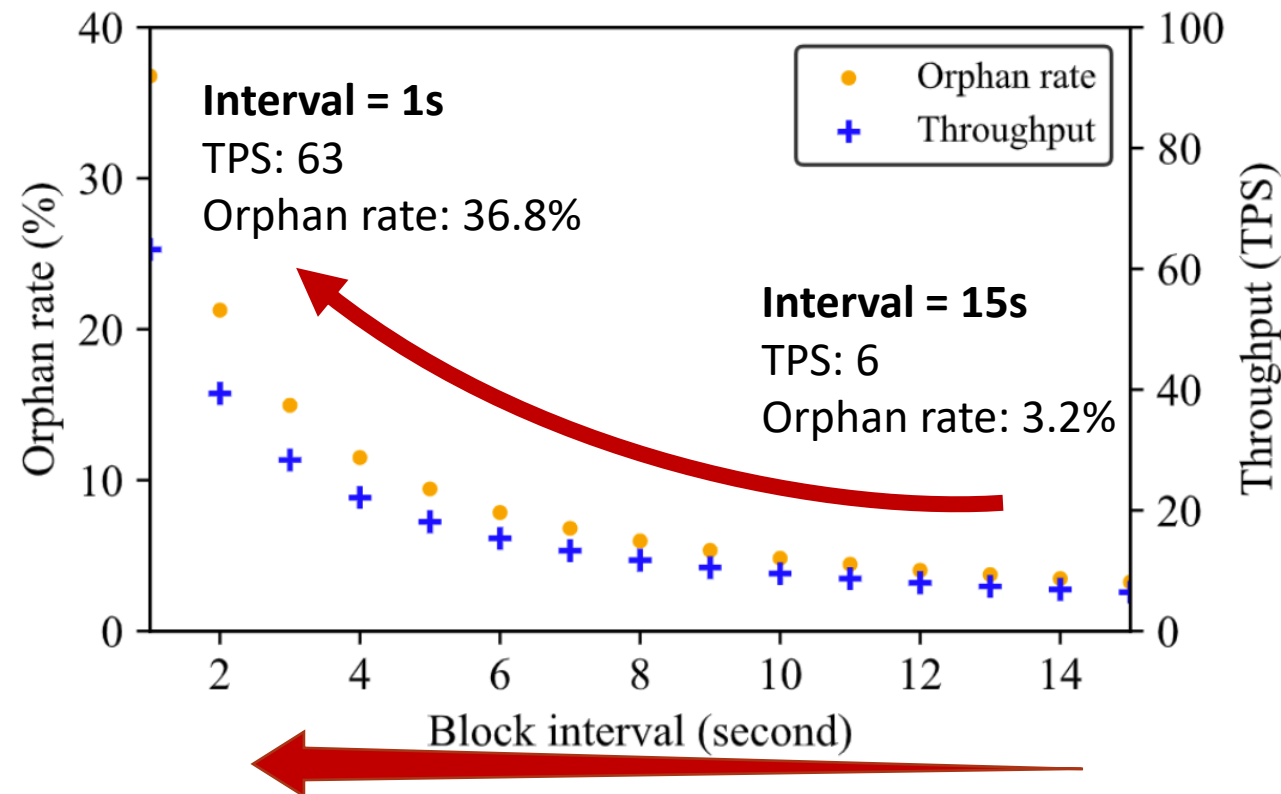


A shorter interval can make block generation faster

$$P_i = \frac{\text{the fraction of mining power owned by miner } i \text{ (0.1\%)}}{\text{block generation interval}}$$

# RQ1: How does GHOST perform in selfish mining?

- A shorter block generation interval results in a higher throughput and an increased orphan rate.

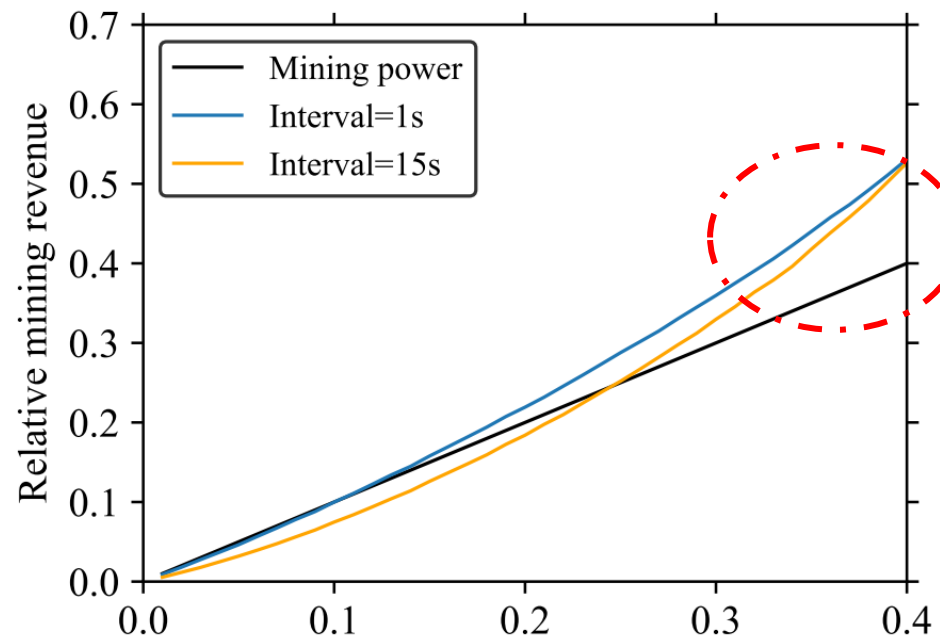


*System throughput and orphan rate with different block intervals*

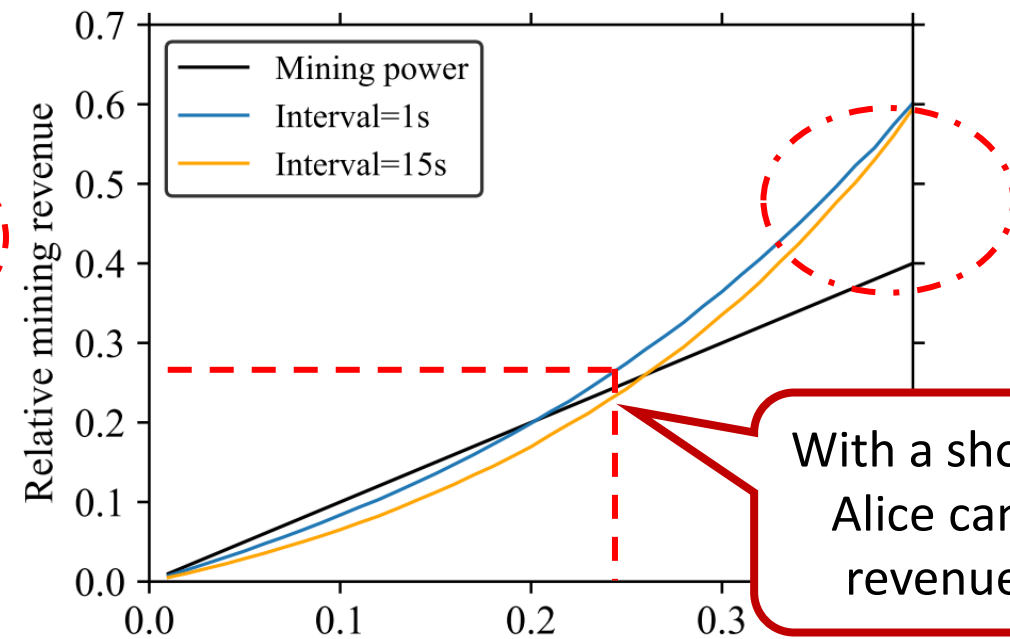


# RQ1: How does GHOST perform in selfish mining?

- GHOST can also suffer from selfish mining when Alice has enough mining power.



(a) Original selfish mining revenue

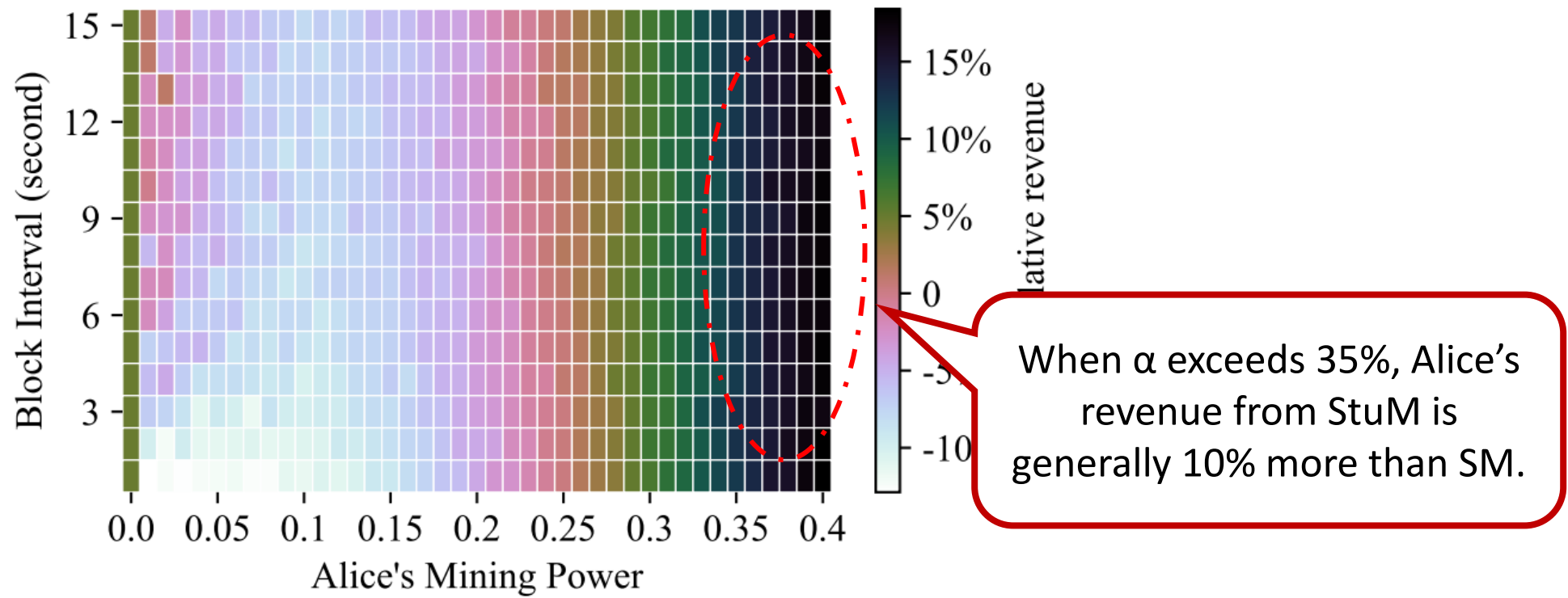


(b) Stubborn mining revenue

*Alice's selfish revenue with different mining power*

# RQ1: How does GHOST perform in selfish mining?

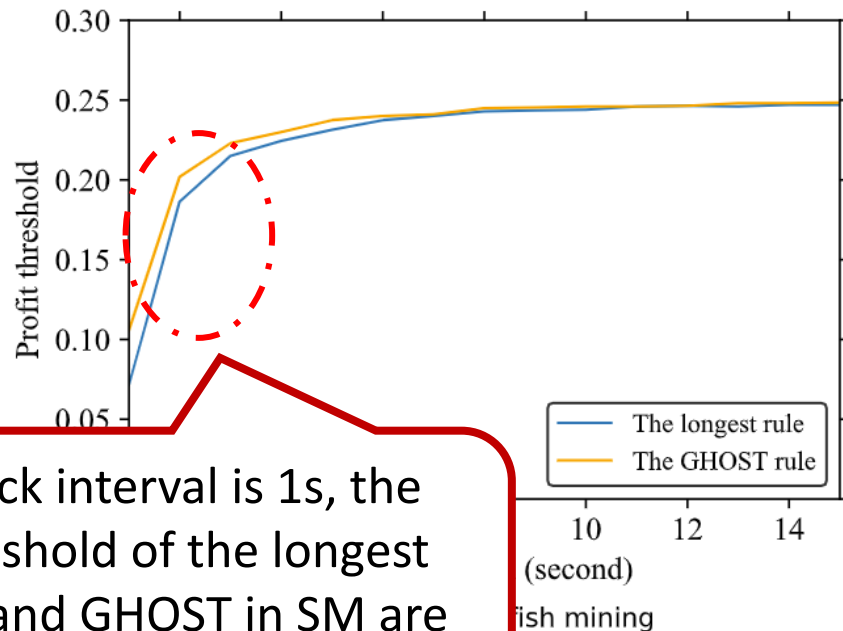
- with enough mining power, Alice can gain more revenue from StuM compared to SM.



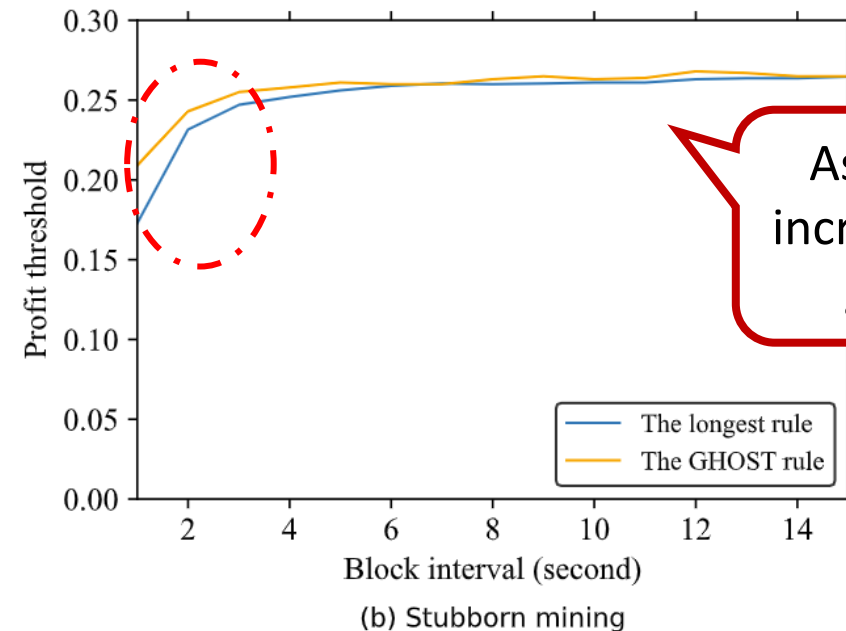
*Alice's StuM revenue compared to SM revenue*

# RQ2: GHOST vs. the longest chain rule?

- GHOST is more secure than the longest chain rule especially in the system with a short block generation interval.



When block interval is 1s, the profit threshold of the longest chain rule and GHOST in SM are 7.15% and 10.55%.



As the block interval increases, their security gap is narrowing.

*Profit threshold of two protocol in SM and StuM*

A blurred background image of a city skyline with various skyscrapers and buildings, likely New York City, viewed from a distance across a body of water.

# Conclusion

- We propose two selfish mining strategies for GHOST
- We evaluate these two selfish mining strategies on the blockchain simulation system
- We find that GHOST can still suffer from selfish mining, and its security boundary is higher than the longest chain rule with a short block interval.



Consortium blockchain open source community

**Q&A**

**THANK YOU!**