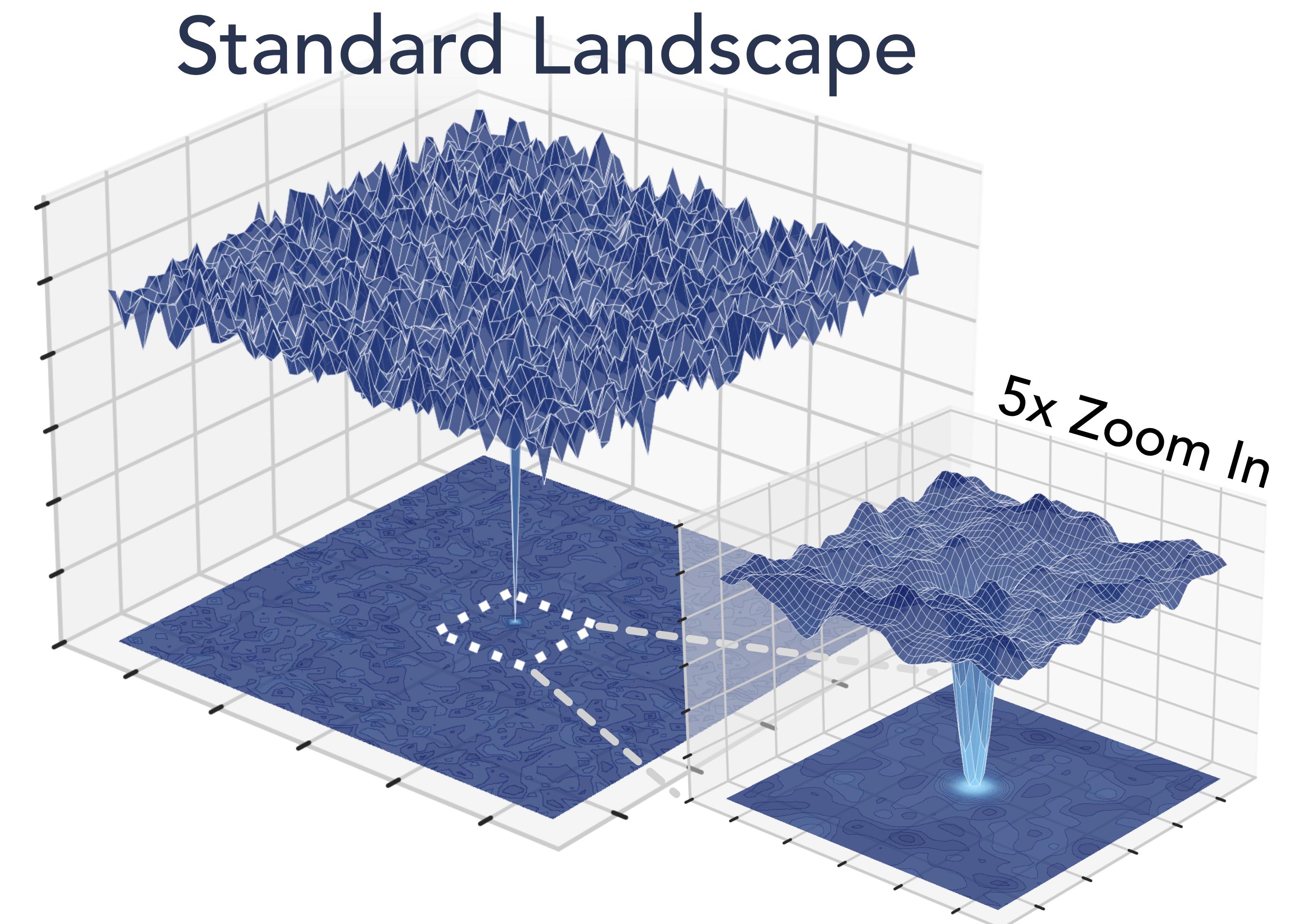


Ph 220: Lecture 11

Learning QNNs

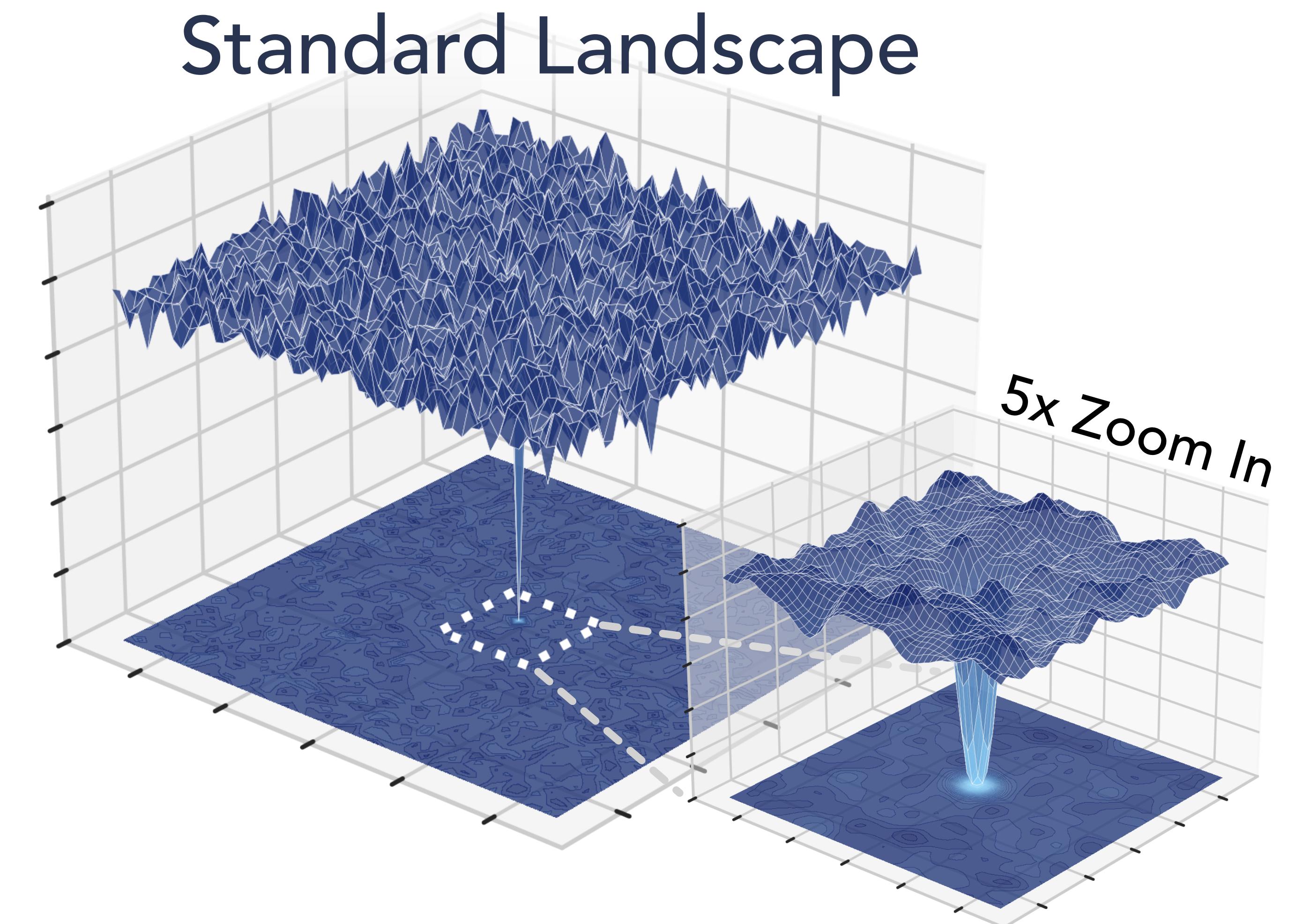
Bad Loss Landscape

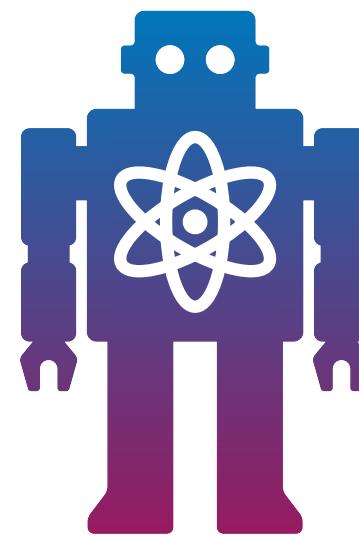
Shallow QNNs
have **extremely**
bad landscape.



Bad Loss Landscape

Gradient descent
and other methods
get stuck and fail.

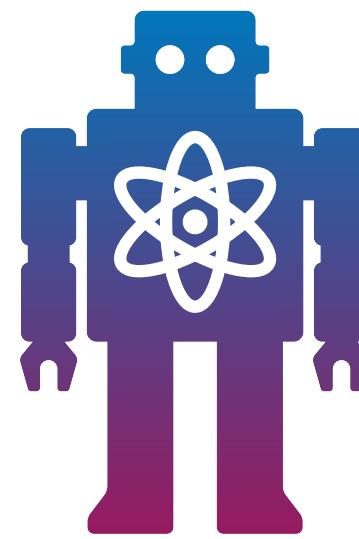




Shallow QNNs

Despite significant interest in Shallow QNNs, **no efficient learning algorithm** was previously known.



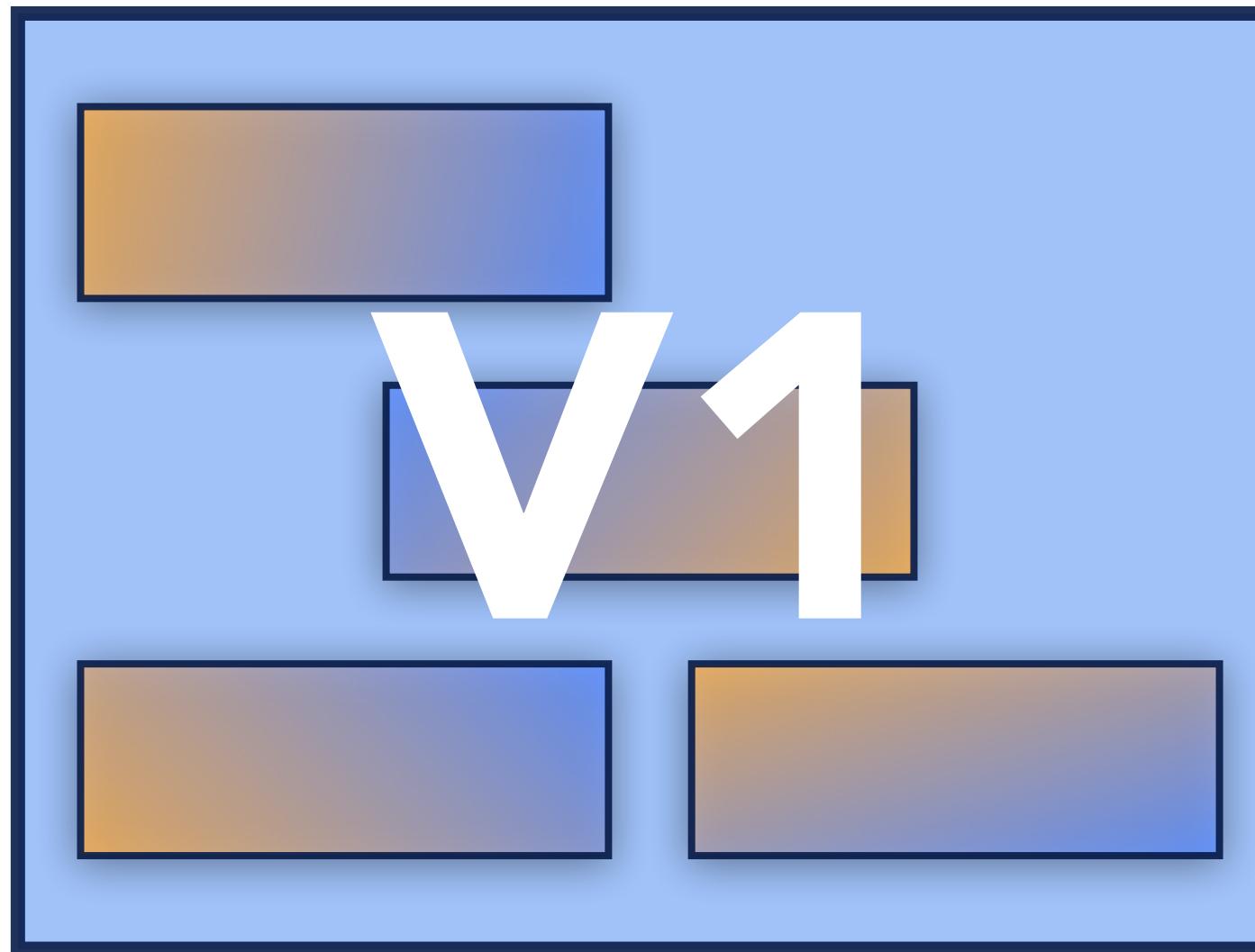


Question

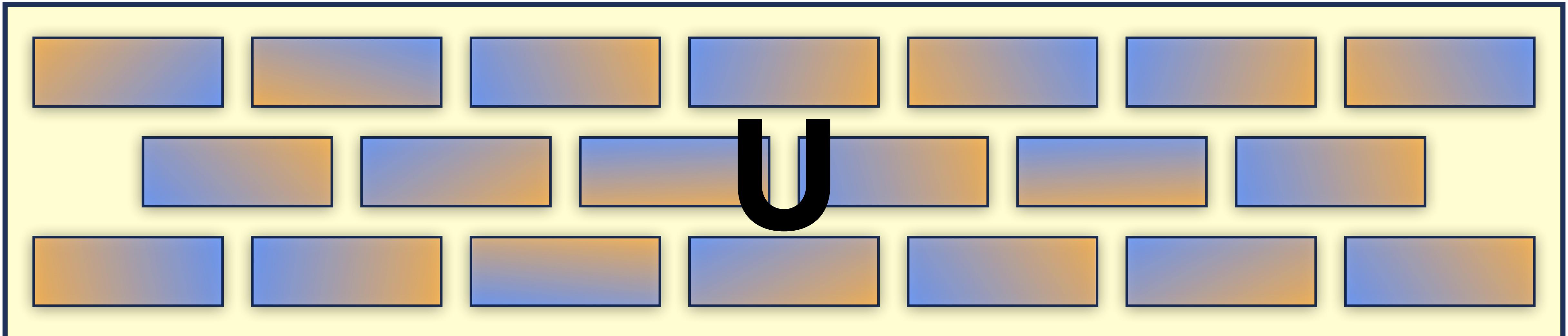
Are shallow QNNs fundamentally **hard to learn**?
(as a price of their beyond-classical power)



Parameterization by Local Inversion



Given an n-qubit unitary U .
V1 is a **local inversion** of U for qubit 1.



Parameterization by Local Inversion

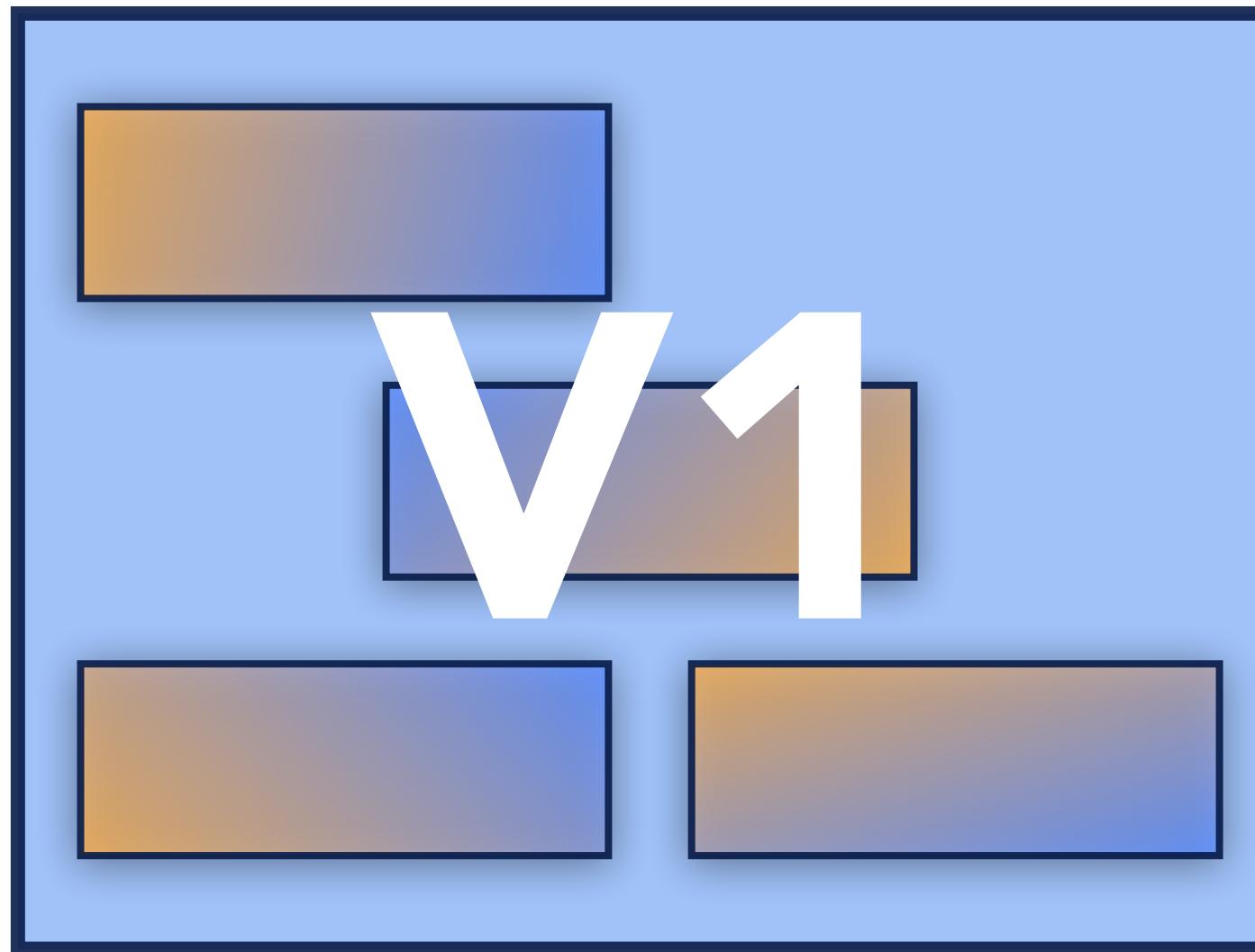
Identity
on qubit 1

Given an n-qubit unitary U .
 V_1 is a **local inversion** of U for qubit 1.

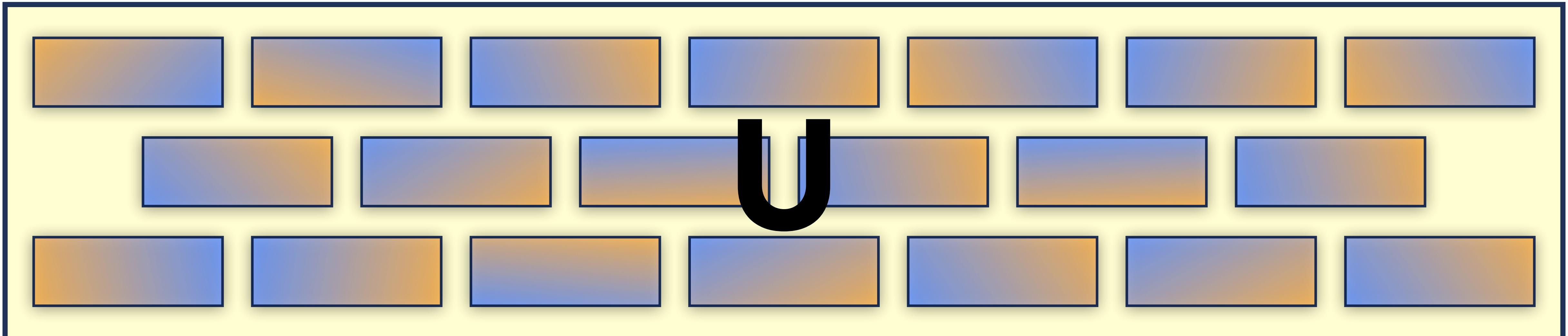


Arbitrary

Parameterization by Local Inversion



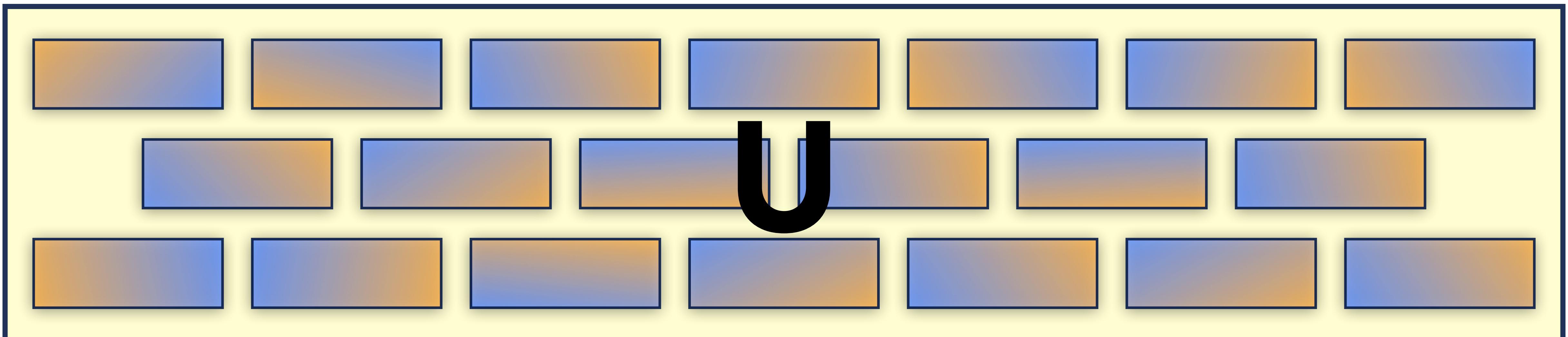
Given an n-qubit unitary U .
V1 is a **local inversion** of U for qubit 1.



Parameterization by Local Inversion

Given an n-qubit unitary U .

local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n uniquely determine U .



Sewing local inversions

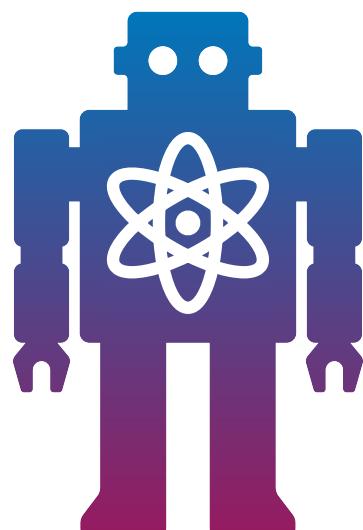
- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .

Initialize

$I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2$

$|\psi\rangle$

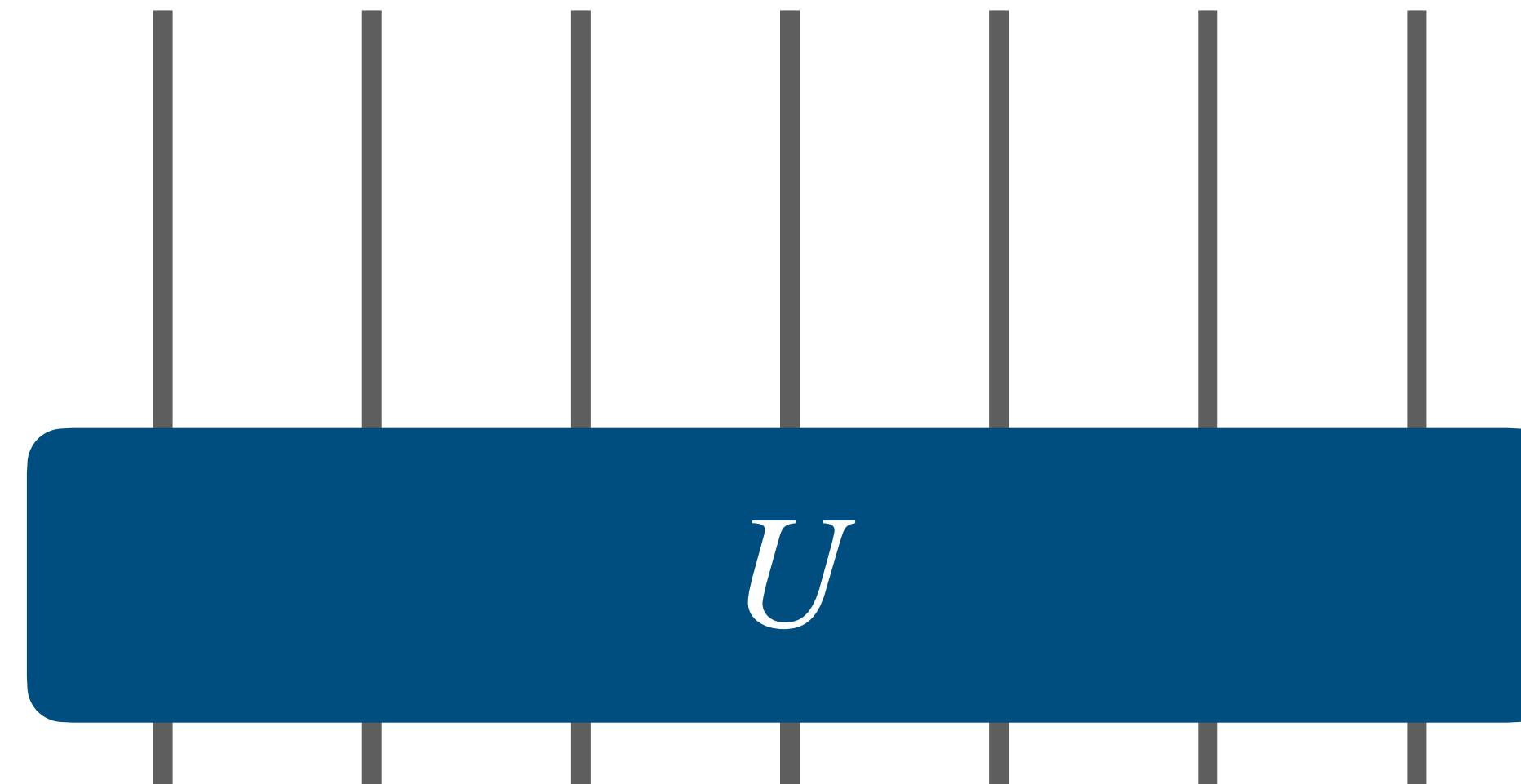
$2n$ qubits



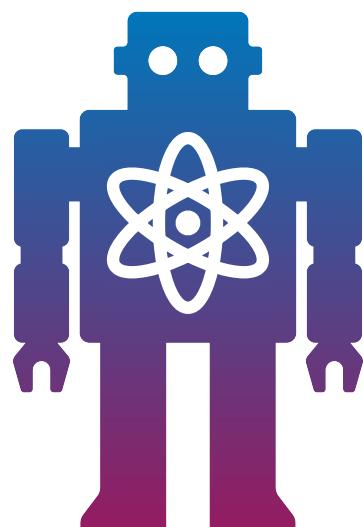
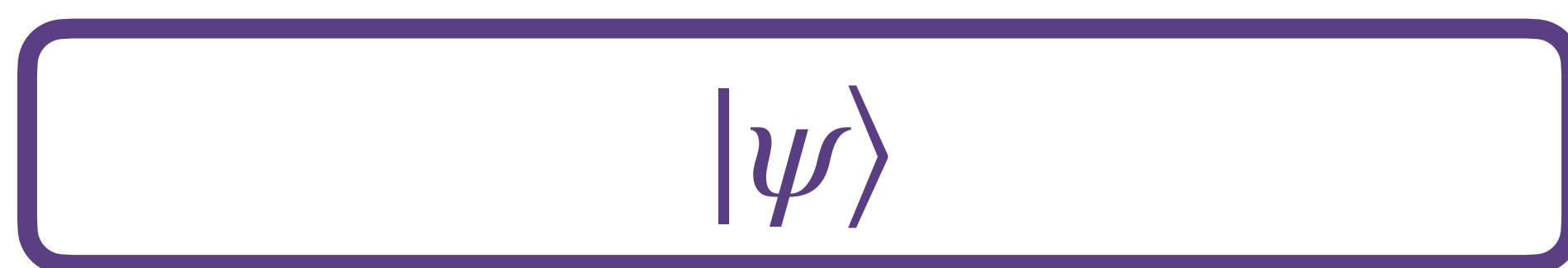
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .

Imagine

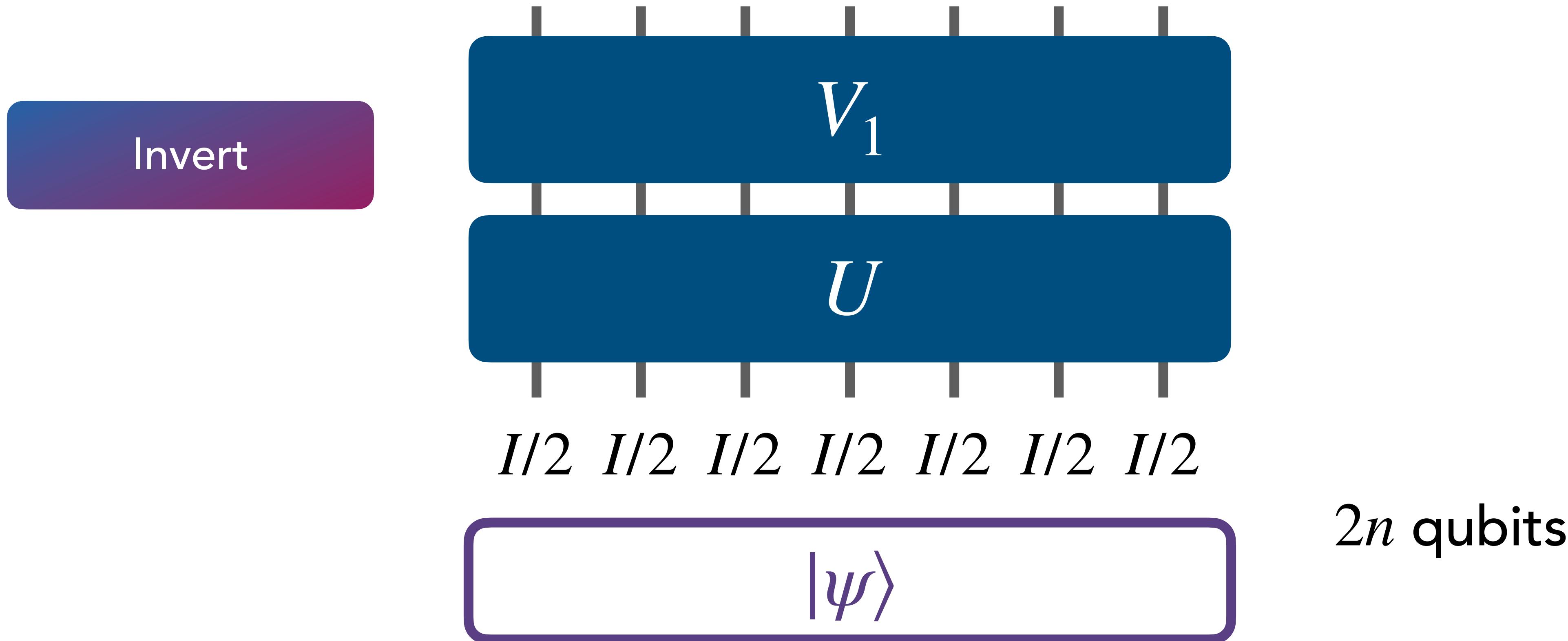


$I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2 \ I/2$



Sewing local inversions

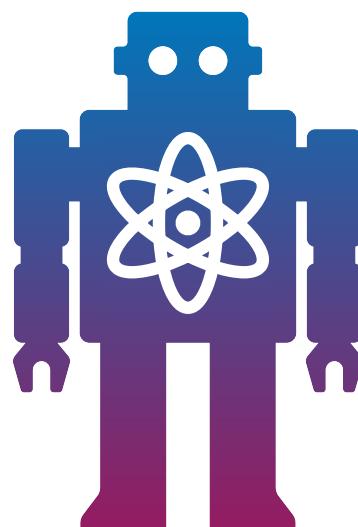
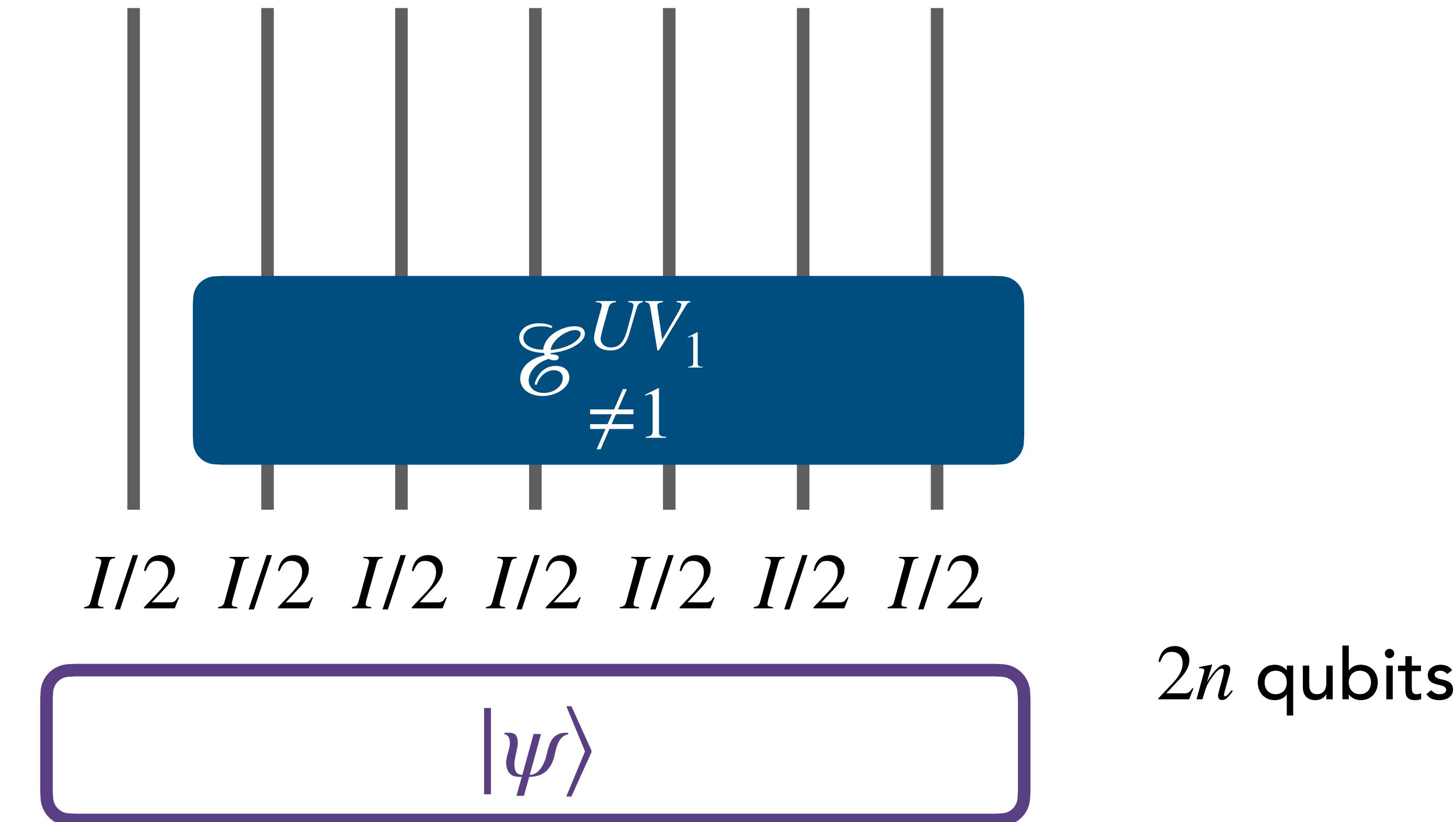
- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
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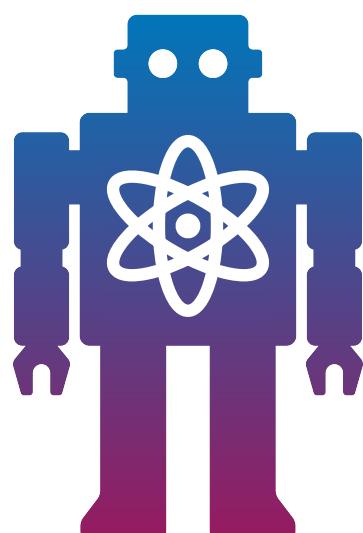
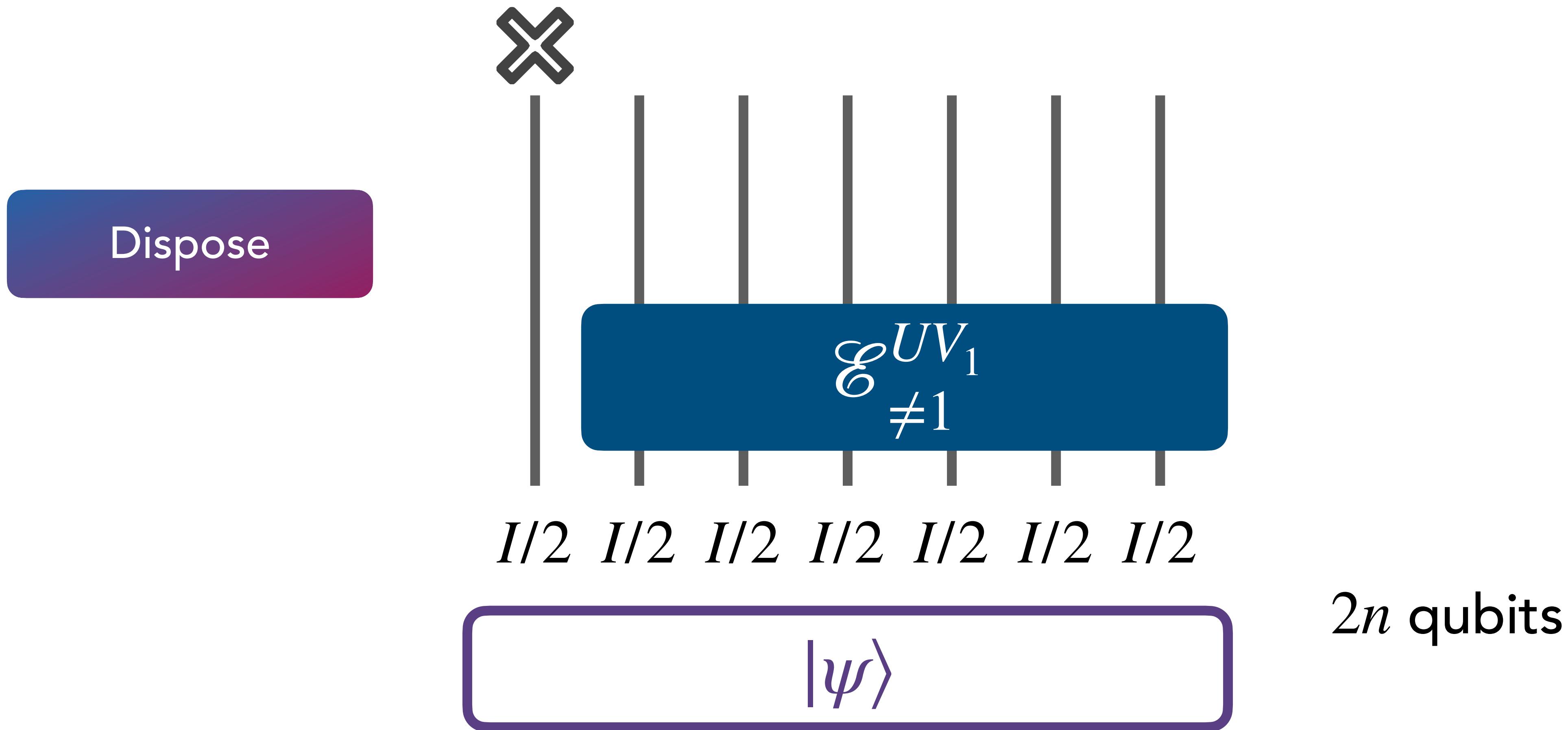
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .

Uncover



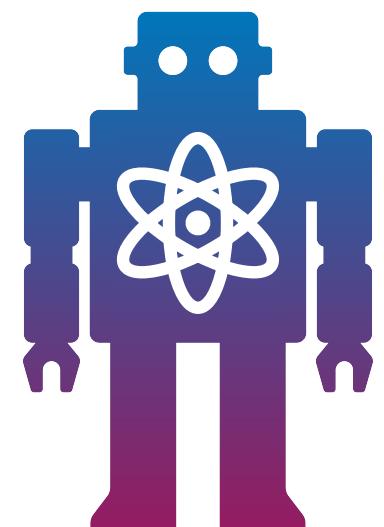
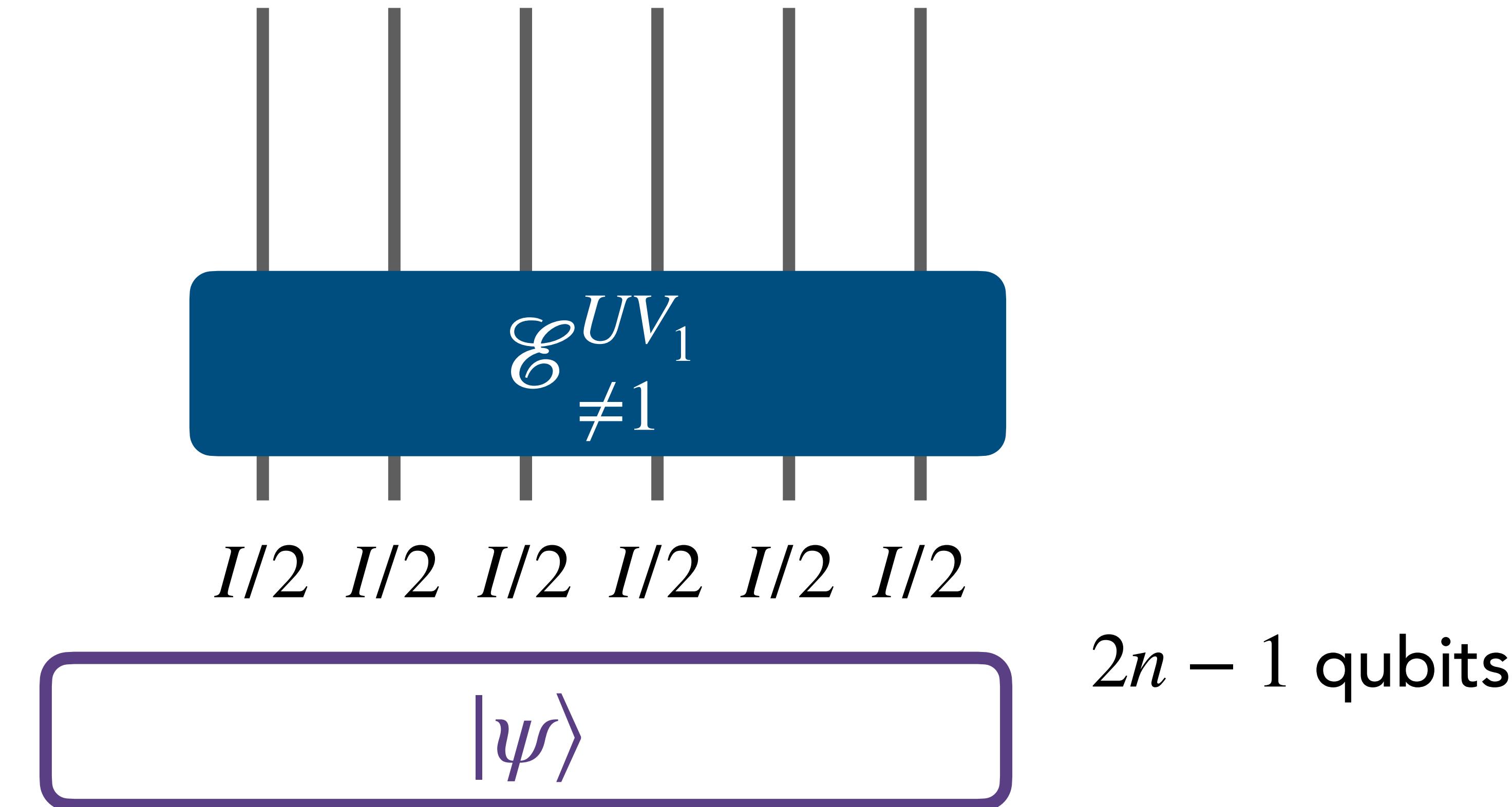
Sewing local inversions



Sewing local inversions

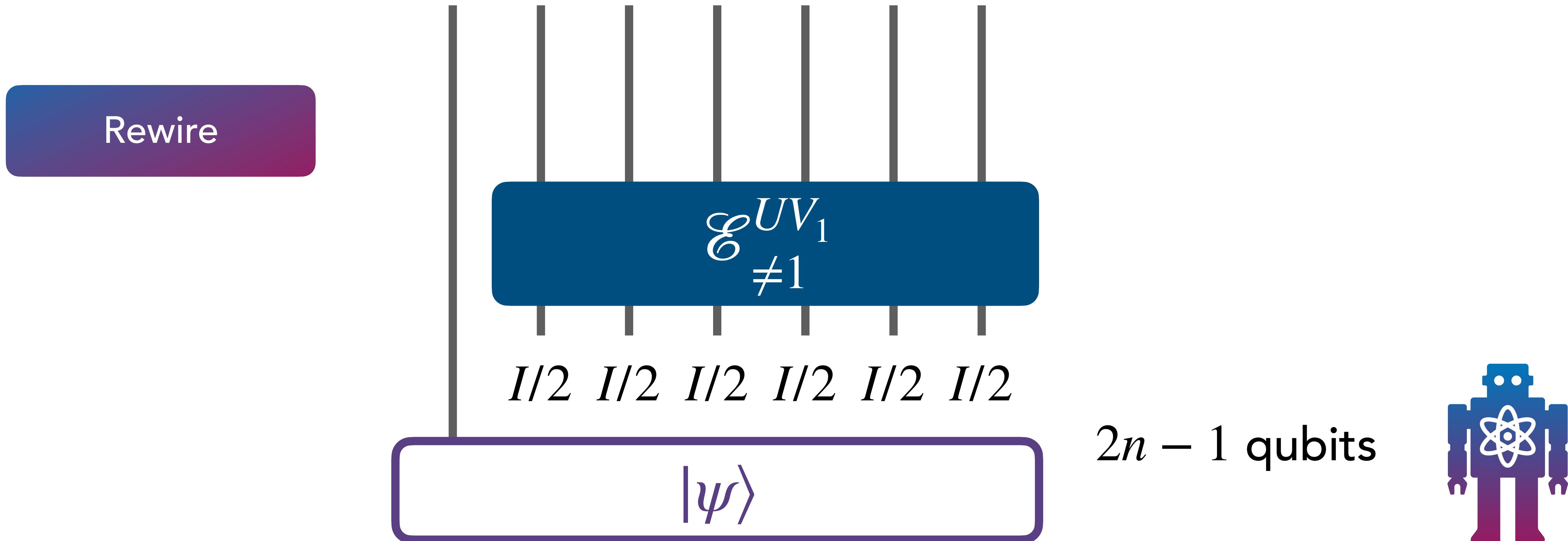
- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .

Dispose



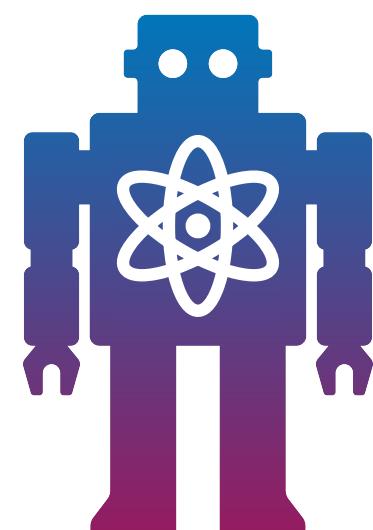
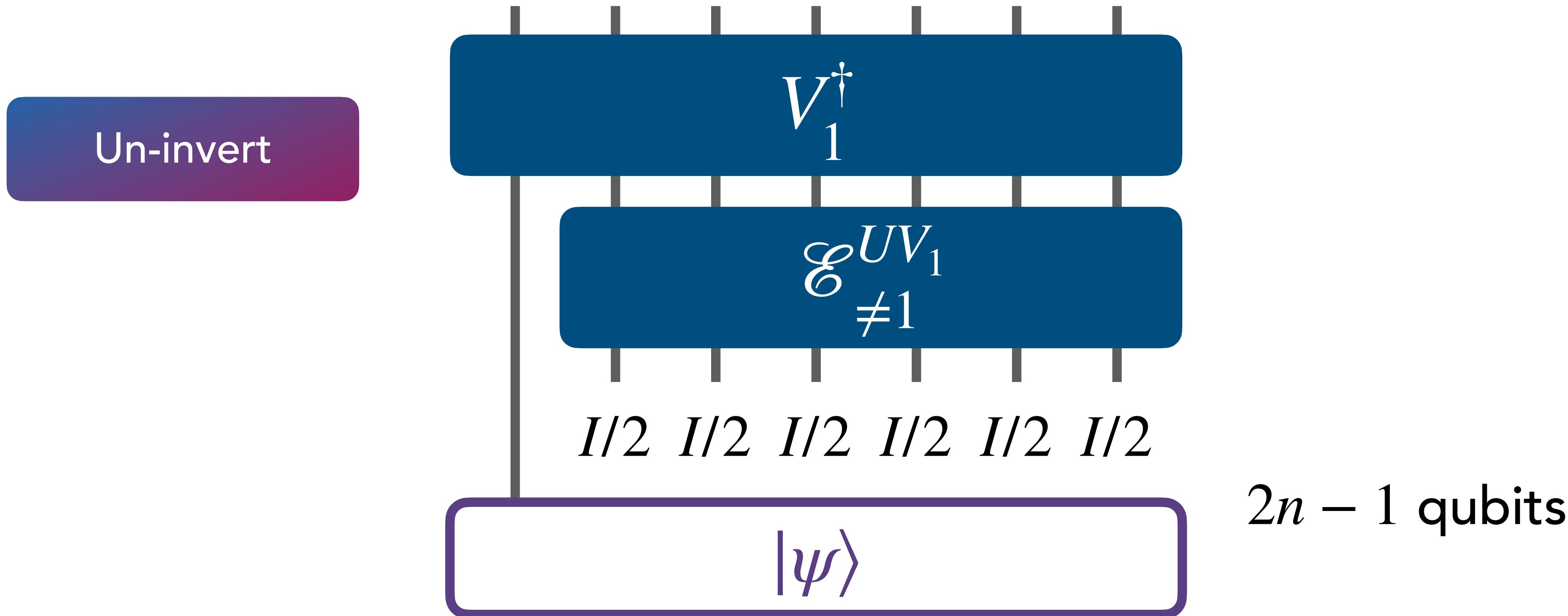
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .



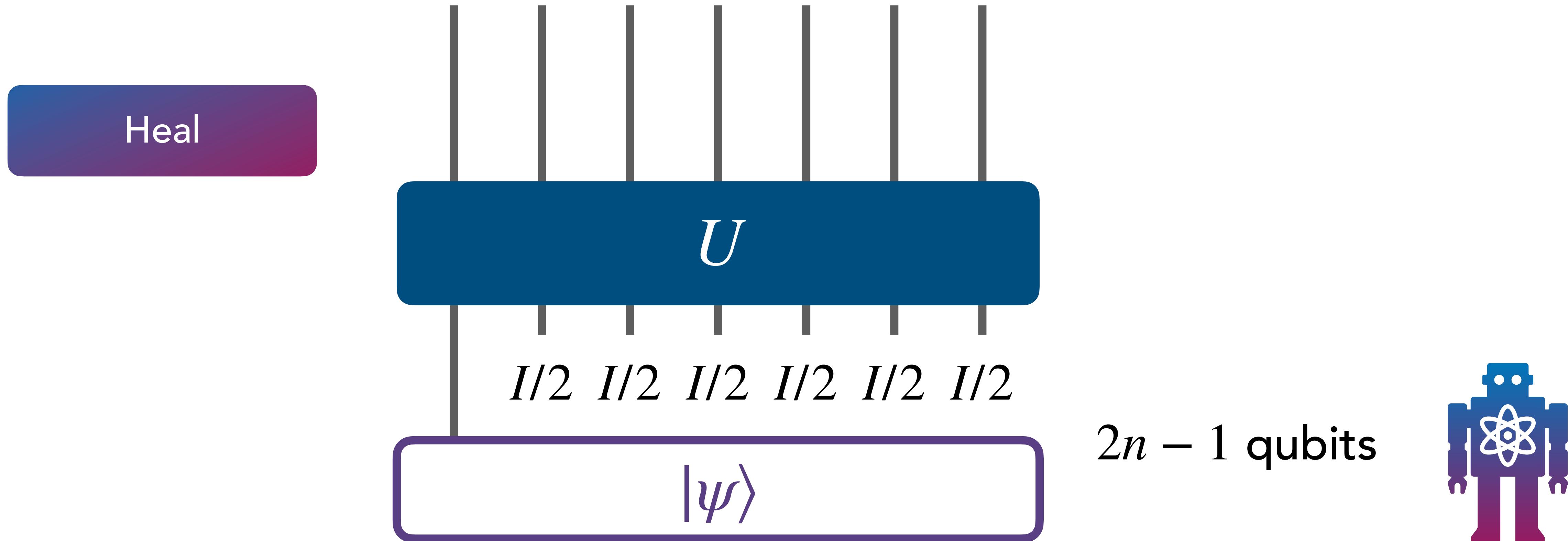
Sewing local inversions

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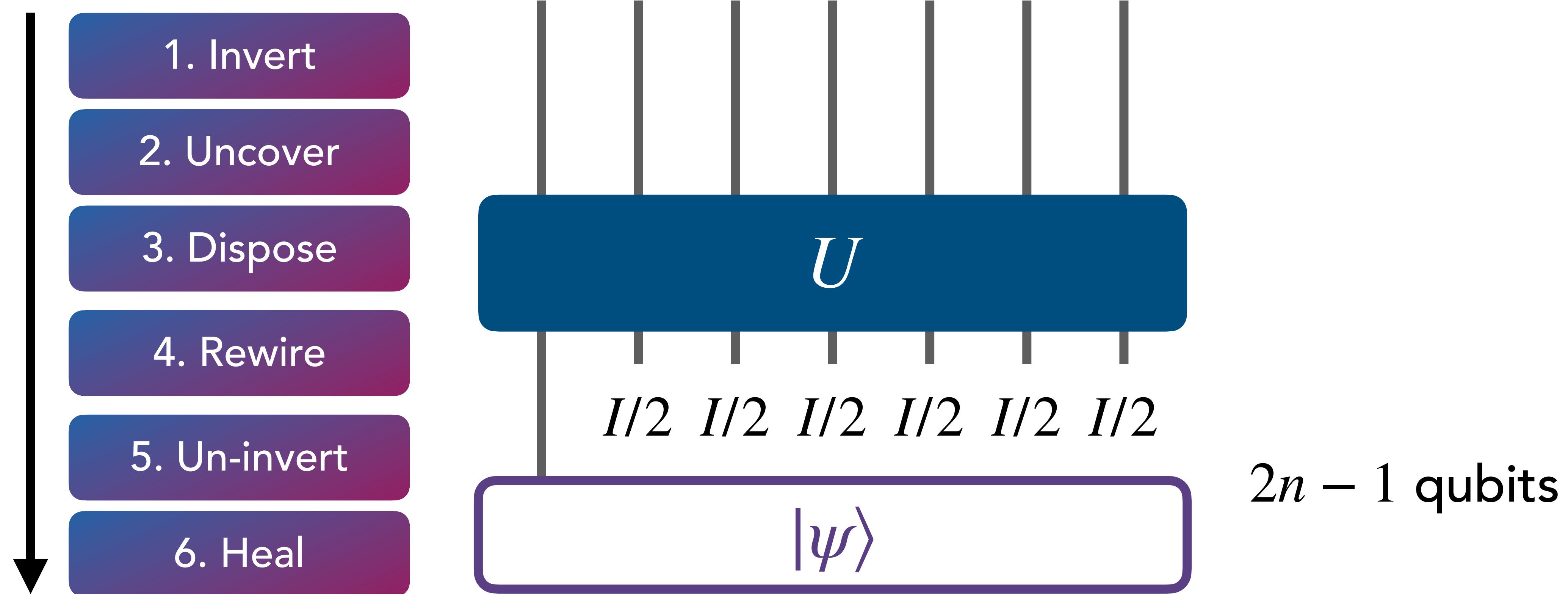
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
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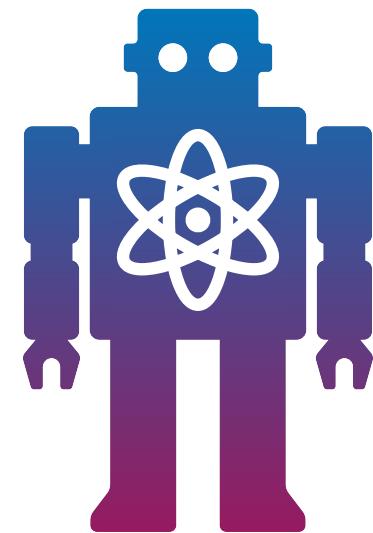
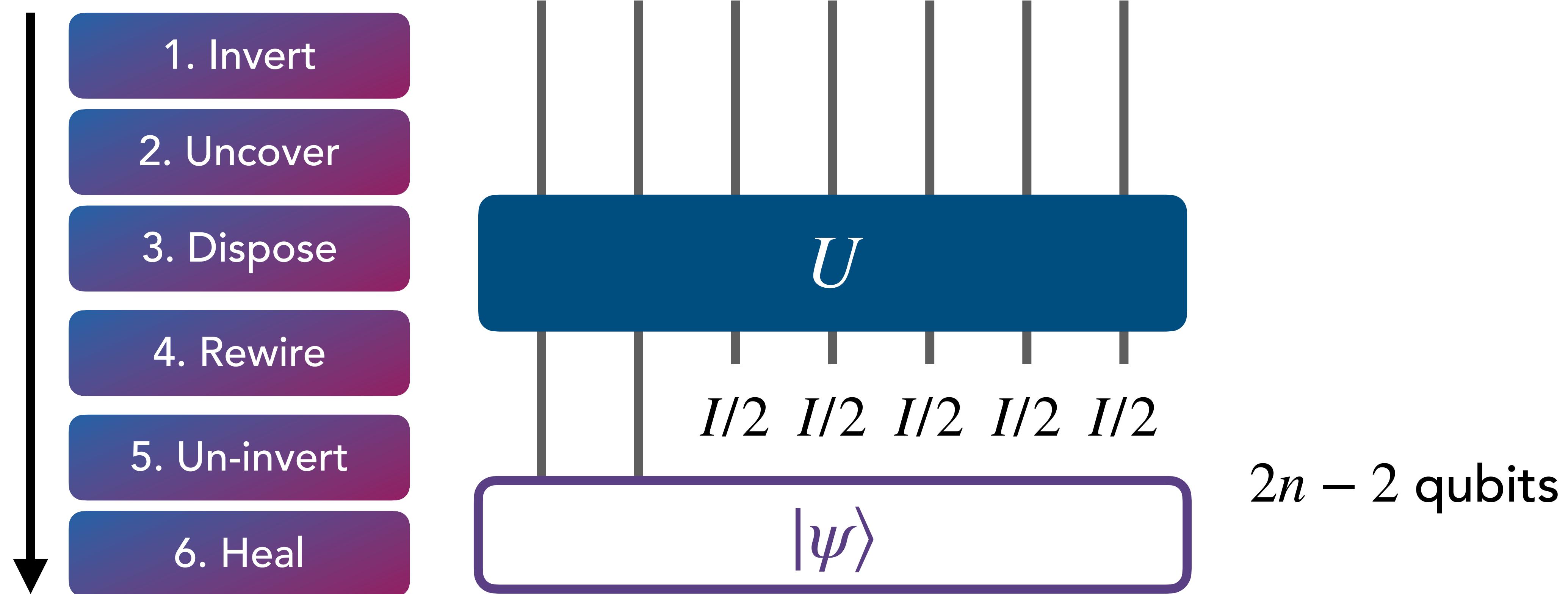
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .



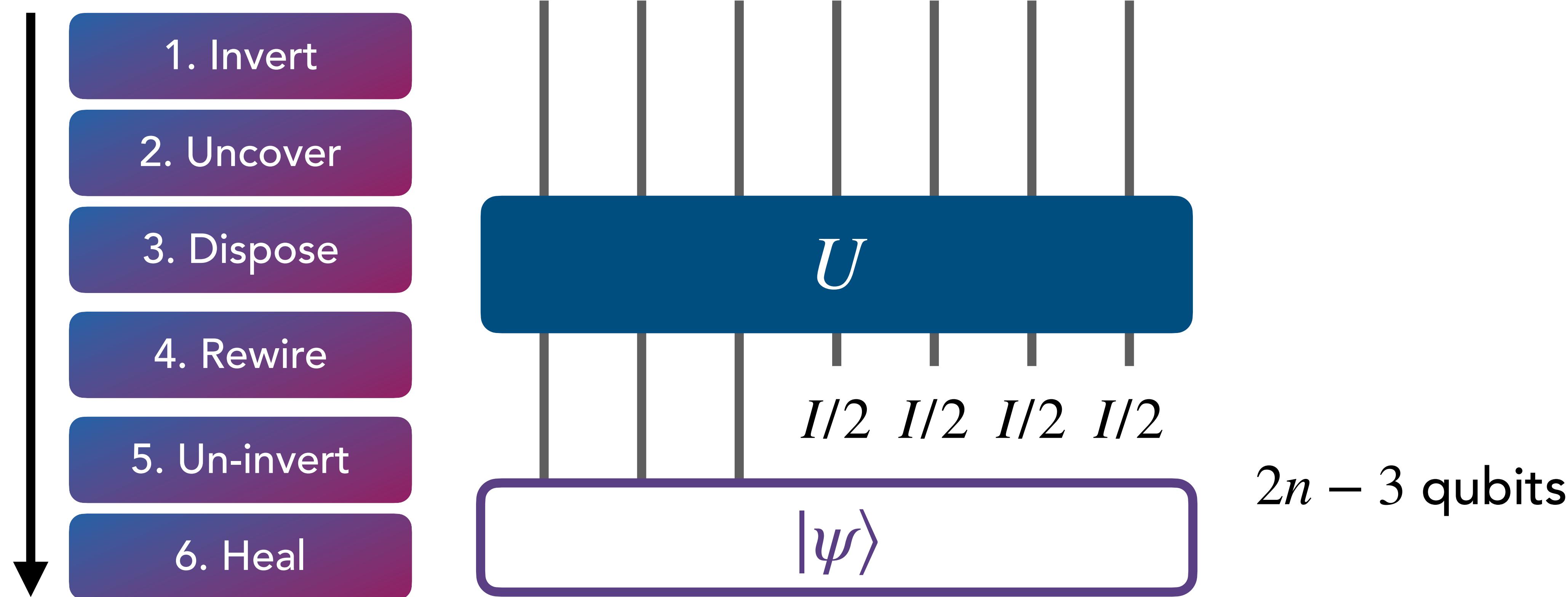
Sewing local inversions

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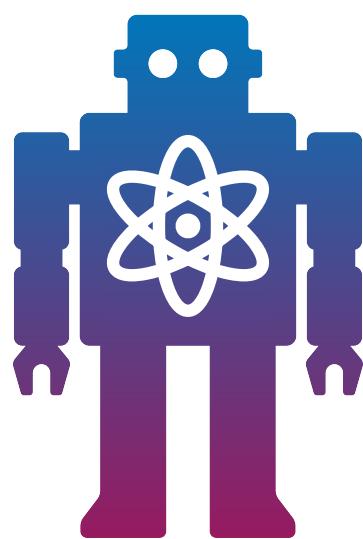
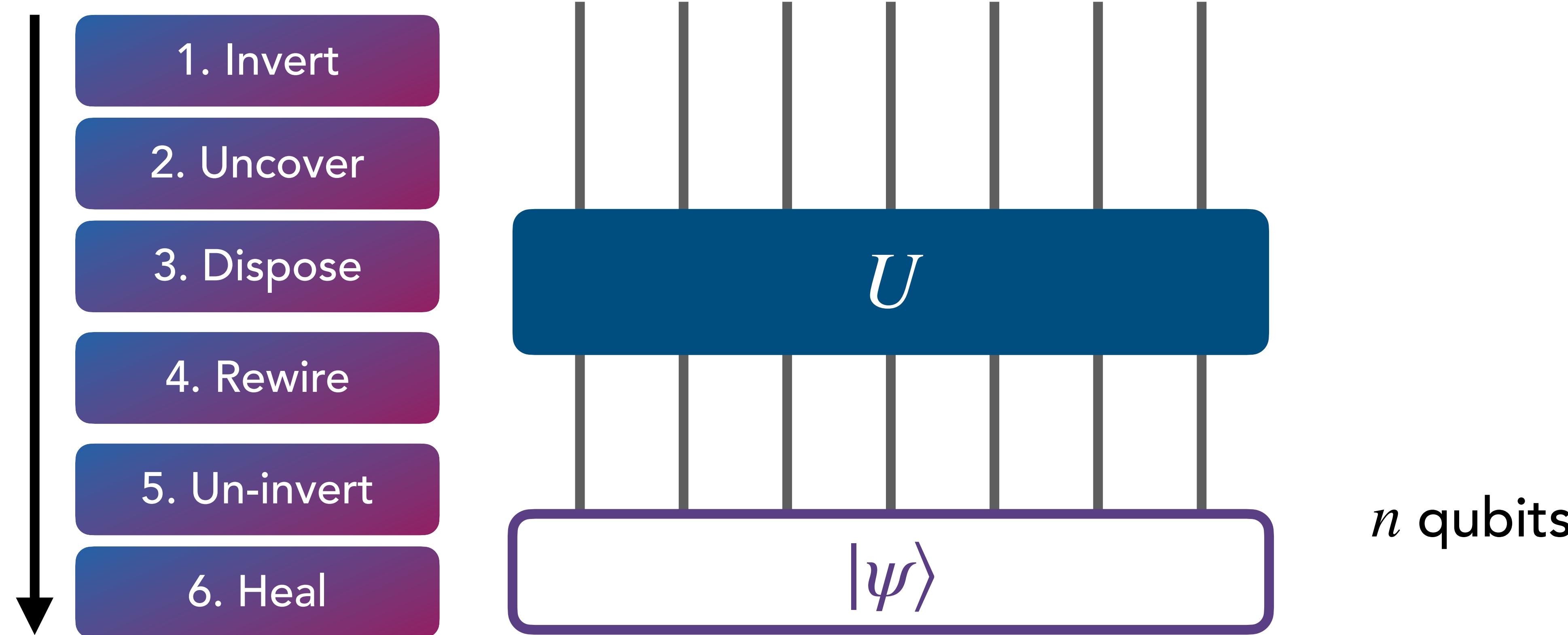
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We can sew them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .



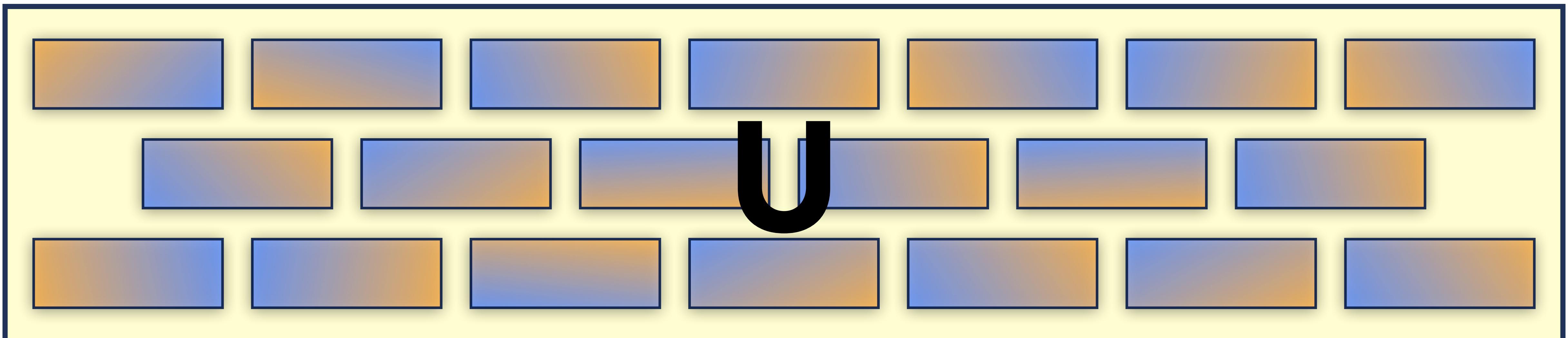
Sewing local inversions

- Given local inversions V_1, \dots, V_n of U on each qubit.
- We have sewn them together to form the n -qubit unitary U .



Key Algorithmic Idea

To train/learn an n-qubit QNN U ,



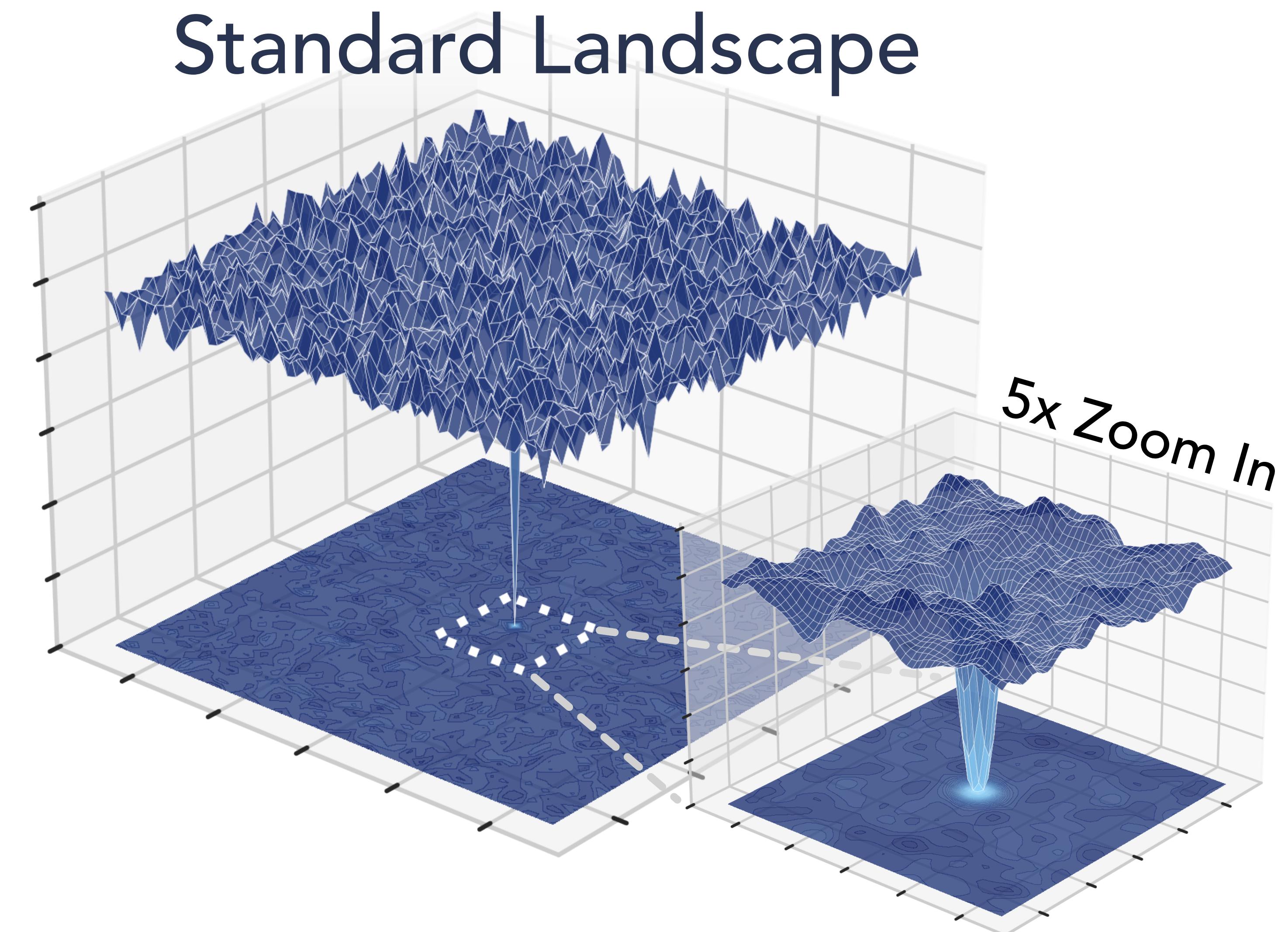
Key Algorithmic Idea

To train/learn an n-qubit QNN U ,
train/learn the **local inversions** V_1, \dots, V_n instead.



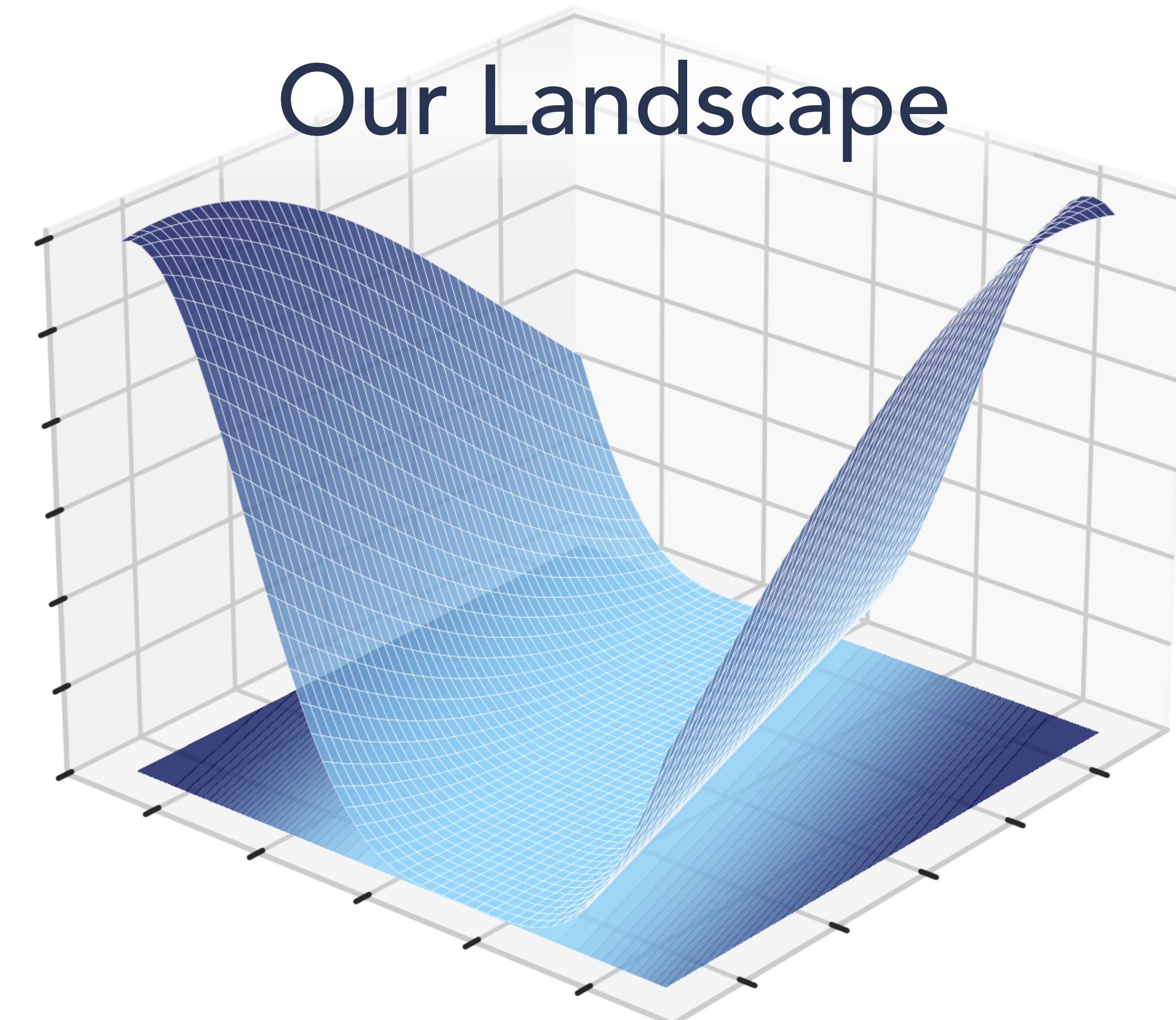
Optimization Landscape

When we learn a shallow QNN by optimizing parameterized quantum gates

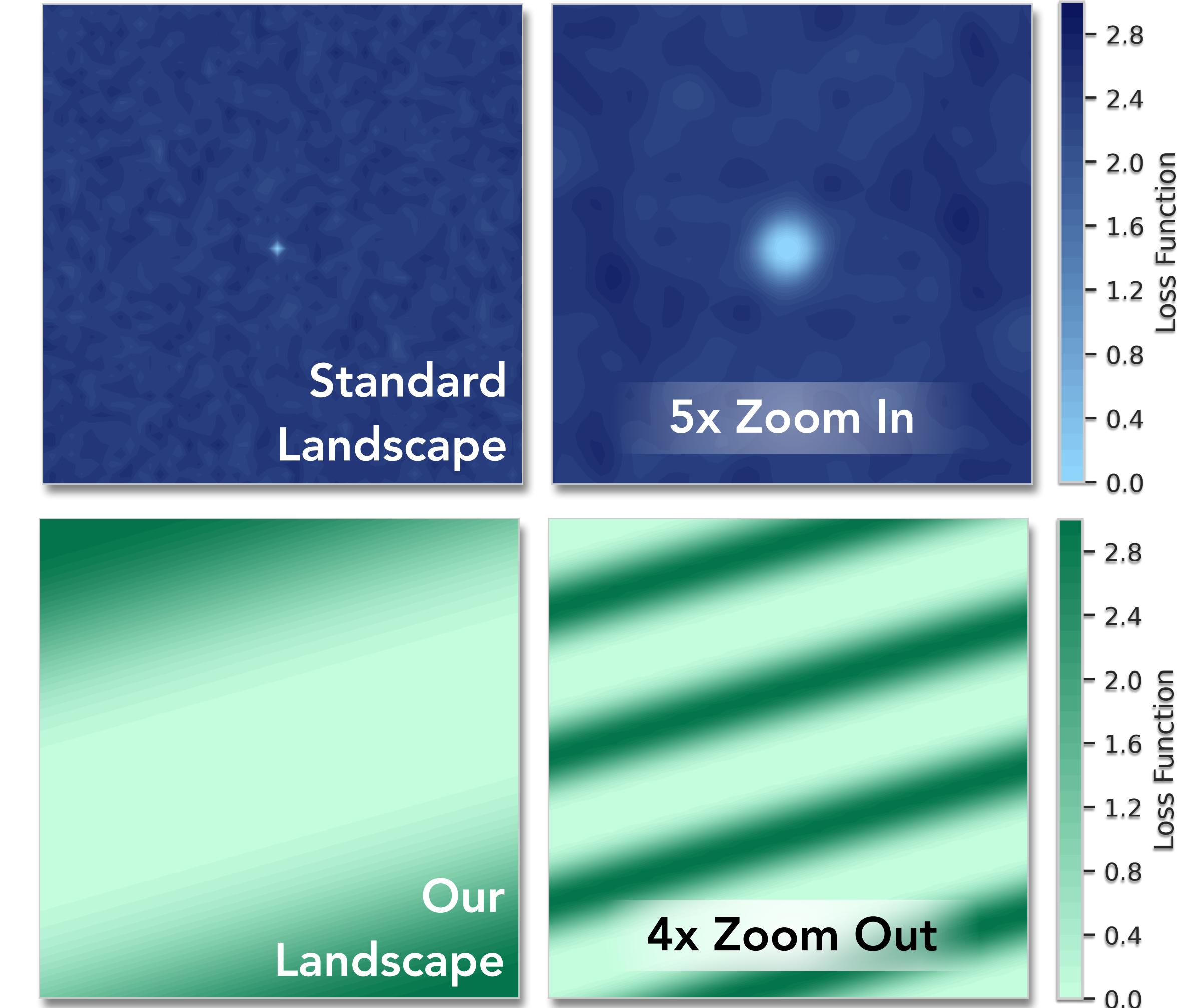
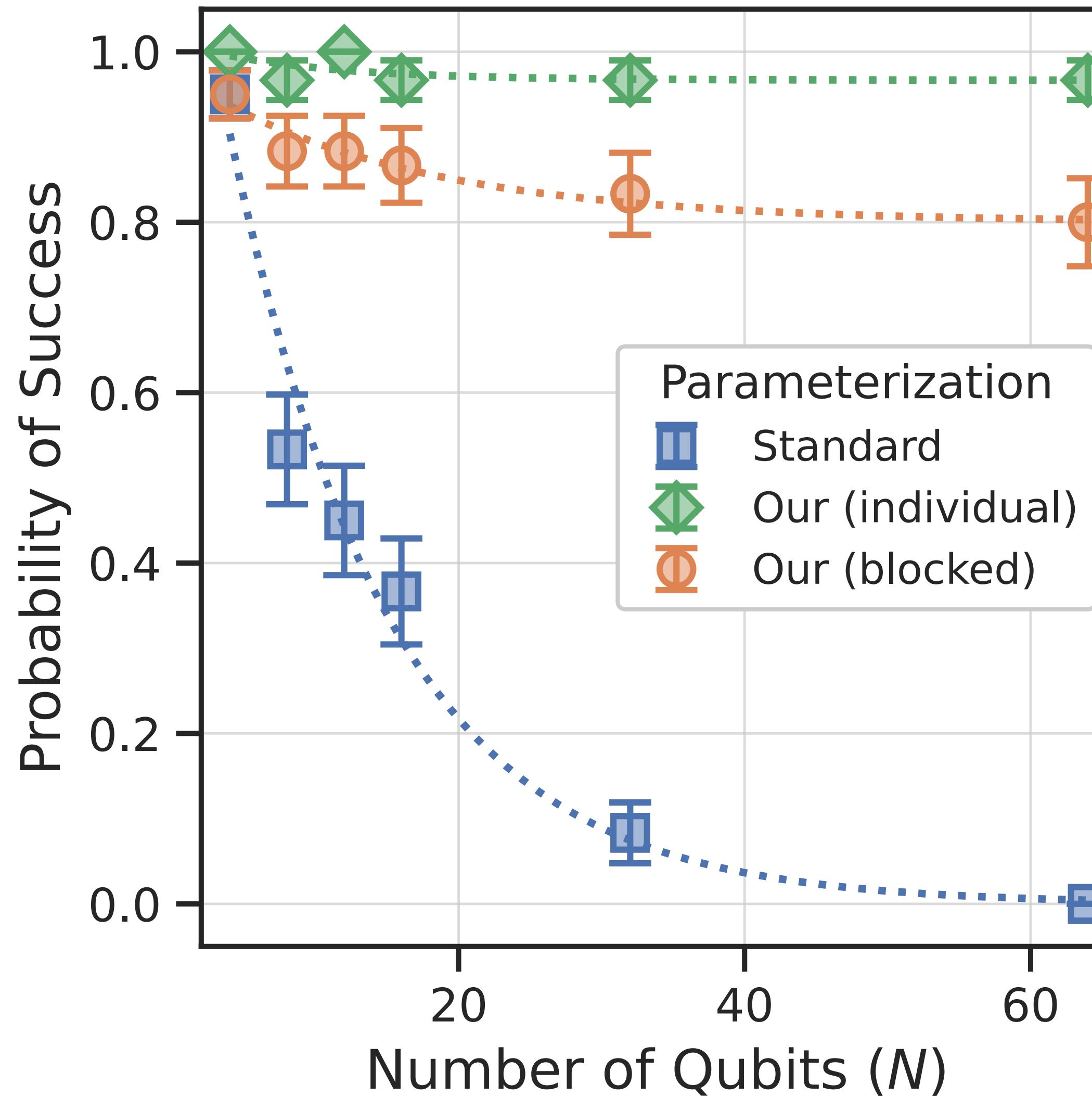


Optimization Landscape

When we learn a shallow QNN by optimizing local inversions of the QNN



Optimization Performance



Provably Efficient Learning

Theorem

Any n -qubit shallow QNN can be learned
to ε error in $\text{poly}(n, 1/\varepsilon)$ time.

