# LASER INTERFEROMETER GRAVITATIONAL WAVE OBSERVATORY - LIGO -

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#### 1 Introduction

The Laser Interferometer Gravitational-Wave Observatory (LIGO) detects gravitational waves by measuring incredibly small distortions in spacetime using highly sensitive laser interferometers. One critical limitation to LIGO's sensitivity, particularly at low frequencies, is quantum noise, which includes shot noise and radiation pressure noise. Squeezed light injection — a technique that reduces quantum noise — is thus vital to LIGO's performance enhancements.

This project directly contributes to this effort by developing a detailed noise budget analysis for a Waveguided Optical Parametric Amplification (WOPA) experiment. In this experiment, several decibels of quantum squeezing at  $1064 \,\mathrm{nm}$  are generated by pumping a Periodically Poled Lithium Niobate (PPLN) waveguide with  $532 \,\mathrm{nm}$  light. The squeezed  $1064 \,\mathrm{nm}$  beam is then combined with a local oscillator (LO) to prepare it for eventual injection into an interferometer similar to those used in LIGO. Calculating the noise budget for frequency noise and phase noise in this system is essential to ensuring that we meet the squeezing levels (> 6dB) required for meaningful improvements in LIGO sensitivity.

## 2 Objective

The main goals of this project are:

- To calculate and quantify the noise budget, particularly focusing on frequency noise and phase noise contributions, for the WOPA setup described.
- To establish tolerances for phase stability that ensure more than 6 dB of observed squeezing.
- To provide practical recommendations to mitigate these noise sources for successful integration of the squeezed source into an interferometric gravitational wave detector like LIGO.

### 3 Approach

The project will be conducted in the following manner:

- Model the squeezed light source using the theoretical framework of quantum optics, particularly the impact of frequency noise and phase noise on the squeezed quadratures.
- Analyze the WOPA optical setup, including the PPLN waveguide, LO phase shifter, and detection optics, using parameters extracted from the experimental layout.
- Develop noise transfer functions that describe how laser frequency noise and LO phase noise couple into the measured squeezed quadrature.

- Simulate the noise degradation using the mathematical relationship between squeezing, anti-squeezing, and phase noise.
- $\bullet$  Validate noise budgets experimentally against squeezing degradation thresholds, setting allowable noise levels to meet  $> 6\,\mathrm{dB}$  observed squeezing.
- Propose methods to control phase noise, such as active feedback stabilization and passive noise reduction.

#### 4 Timeline

Timeframe	Milestone/Task	
Week 1–2	Familiarisation with WOPA setup. Extract parameters	
	from the experimental design, model the squeezed and anti-	
	squeezed quadrature variances.	
Week 3–4	Derive noise coupling transfer functions for frequency and	
	phase noise. Simulate squeezing degradation due to phase	
	noise. Calculate allowable RMS phase noise for $> 6\mathrm{dB}$	
	squeezing.	
Week 5–6	Simulate the impact of laser frequency noise and determine	
	necessary stabilisation specifications. Compare experimental	
	noise measurements to the theoretical noise budget and make	
	improvmrnts.	
Week 7–8	Finalise the noise budget document. Suggest design optimi-	
	sations for phase/frequency noise suppression.	
Week 9–10	Prepare final presentation/report and discuss implications for	
	integration into a LIGO-like interferometer.	

### References

- [1] Authors. Paper Title. Journal Abbreviation, Vol, Page numbers (YYYY).
- [2] Authors. Website Title. link.