机器学习第四章作业

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1 第一题

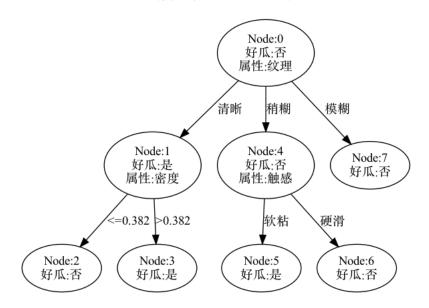
证明. 假设不存在与训练集一致的决策树,则在得到的决策树上至少存在一个节点,其上有多个不可划分的数据。而这与题意中不含冲突数据相矛盾,因此假设不成立。即必存在于训练集一致的决策树。

2 第二题

缺陷:可能会导致过拟合的现象,泛化性较弱

3 第三题

代码实现基于信息熵划分选择的决策树算法,得到的决策树如下图所示:代码见附录部分。



4 第七题

与图 4.2 等价的、不使用递归的决策树生成算法:

```
# 输入: 训练集 D
# 属性集 A
array[0] = [D, A]
for D, A in array:
  生成节点node;
   if D中样本全属于同一类别C:
     将node标记为C类叶节点
     continue
   elif A = 空 or D中样本在A上取值相同:
     将node标记为叶节点,其类别标记为D中样本数最多的类
     continue
   从A中选择最优划分属性a
  for a_v in a每个取值:
     为node生成一个分支,令D_v表示D在a上取值为a_v的样本子集
     if D_v == null:
        将分支节点标记为叶节点, 其类别标记为D中样本最多的类
        continue
     elif
        array.append([D_v, A \ {a}])
# 输出: 以node为根节点的一棵决策树
```

5 第九题

基尼值为:

$$Gini(D) = 1 - \sum_{k=1}^{|y|} \widetilde{p}_k^2 \tag{1}$$

则基尼指数为:

$$Gini_index(D, a) = \rho * \sum_{\nu=1}^{|V|} \widetilde{\nu} Gini(\widetilde{D}^{\nu})$$
 (2)

A 代码

```
import numpy as np
from datasets import watermelon, watermelon_labels
from pydotplus import graphviz
class Node:
    def __init__(self, attr_init, label_init, attr_down_init):
        self.attr = attr_init
        self.label = label_init
        self.attr_down = attr_down_init
def data_load():
    data = watermelon
    labels = watermelon_labels
    return data, labels
def tot_entropy(data):
    num = len(data)
    pos_count = 0
    for i in range(num):
        if data[i][6] == '好瓜':
           pos_count += 1
    entro = -(np.log2(pos_count / num) * pos_count / num + np.log2((num -
       pos_count) / num) * (num - pos_count) / num)
    return entro
def entropy(data, label, label_index):
    num = len(data)
    pos_count = 0
    tot = 0
    for i in range(num):
        if data[i][label] == label_index:
            tot += 1
            if data[i][6] == '好瓜':
                pos_count += 1
    if pos_count / tot == 0 or pos_count / tot == 1:
        return 0
    entro = -(np.log2(pos_count / tot) * pos_count / tot + np.log2((tot -
       pos_count) / tot) * (tot - pos_count) / tot)
    return entro
```

```
def gain(data, label):
    num = len(data)
    label_box = {}
    for i in range(num):
        if data[i][label] not in label_box:
            label_box[data[i][label]] = 1
        else:
            label_box[data[i][label]] += 1
    gain_res = tot_entropy(data) - sum([label_box[i] / num * entropy(data,
       label, i) for i in label_box])
    return gain_res
def generate_tree(data, labels):
    new_node = Node(None, None, {})
    labels_count = {}
    if labels:
        for i in range(len(data)):
            if data[i][6] not in labels_count:
                labels_count[data[i][6]] = 1
                labels_count[data[i][6]] += 1
        print(labels_count)
        if len(labels_count) == 1 or len(labels_count) == 0:
            label = max(labels_count, key=labels_count.get)
            new_node.label = label
            print('label:", label, labels_count)
            return new_node
        index = 0
        for i in range(len(labels)):
            if gain(data, i) > gain(data, index):
                index = i
        print(index, labels)
        new_node.attr = labels[index]
        value_count = {}
        for i in range(len(data)):
            if data[i][index] not in value_count:
                value_count[data[i][index]] = 1
            else:
                value_count[data[i][index]] += 1
        for value in value_count:
            new_node.attr_down[value] = generate_tree([data[i] for i in range(
               len(data)) if data[i][index] == value],
                                                       [labels[i] for i in range
                                                           (len(labels)) if i !=
```

```
index])
   return new_node
def plot_tree(root):
   g = graphviz.Dot()
   Tree2Graph(0, g, root)
   g2 = graphviz.graph_from_dot_data(g.to_string())
    g2.write_png('tree.png')
def Tree2Graph(node_id, g, node):
    if node.label is not None:
        g.add_node(graphviz.Node(node_id, label=node.label))
        return
    g.add_node(graphviz.Node(node_id, label=node.attr))
   for value in node.attr_down:
        g.add_edge(graphviz.Edge(node_id, node_id + 1, label=value))
        Tree2Graph(node_id + 1, g, node.attr_down[value])
        node_id += 1
def main():
   data, labels = data_load()
    for i in range(len(data)):
        data[i] = [data[i][j] for j in range(len(data[i])) if j != 6 and j !=
           7]
   labels = labels[0:5]
   root = generate_tree(data, labels)
   plot_tree(root)
if __name__ == '__main__':
   main()
```