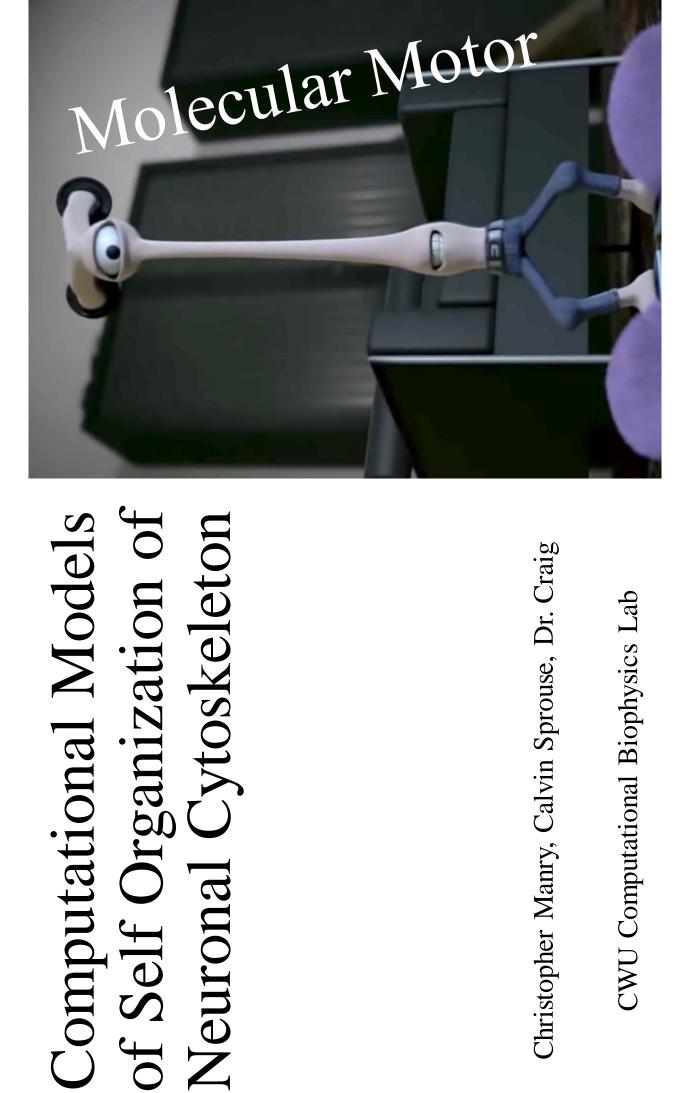
Below is an oral presentation I gave with my research group for SOURCE 2023. The primary goal of this presentation was to tell the story of our research in such a way that a broad undergraduate audience could understand. To create this presentation we started with a poster that we had brought to the Biophysical Society Meeting 2023 as it would contain nearly all the information we felt was relevant to the project. The only thing this poster was missing was adequate background for a non-professional audience. In adding that background some finer details about the model were cut. We made this decision with the belief that our audience would be more interested in contextualizing results in terms of the biological system. To deliver this broad background effectively our presentation is mostly image and video based using cartoon models to illustrate behavior leading up to clearly labeled plots to indicate results. This is the fourth official revision with each one having significant changes from its predecessor. Not to mention the many practice attempts and script changes. We gave this presentation at SOURCE 2023 in front of physics majors, chemistry majors, and biology majors which matched our expectations for a broad audience. The presentation went very well and I am very fortunate for having that experience of professional public speaking.

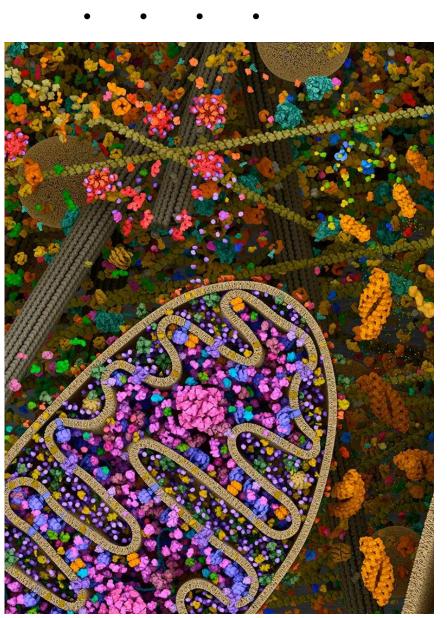


Christopher Manry, Calvin Sprouse, Dr. Craig

CWU Computational Biophysics Lab



Physics of Cell Biology



- Crowded
- Highly viscous
- Intricately-timed dynamic processes
- Physical principles determine biological

function

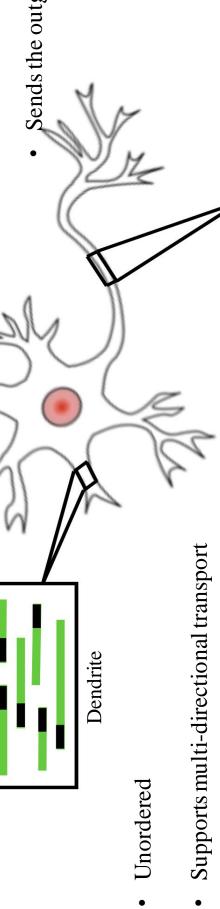


Microtubule Organization in the Neuron



Supports one-way transport

• Sends the outgoing signals

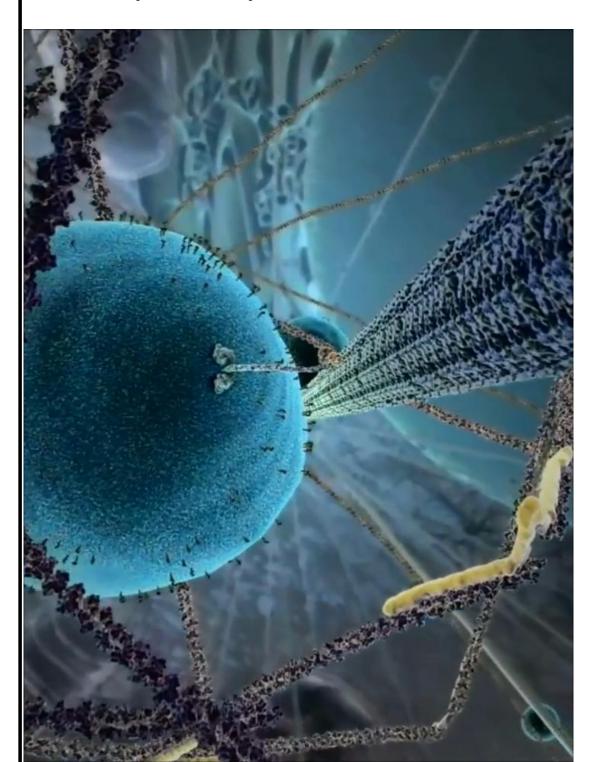




Axon



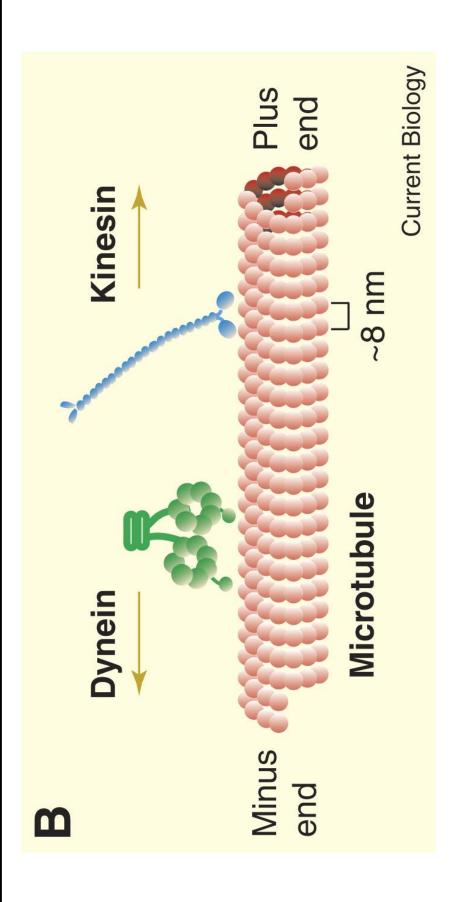
The Role of Motor Proteins



- A motor protein carries cargo along a microtube
- The motion of the "feet" has been smoothed; on the cellular level it is random with a tendency towards forward motion

The Type of Motor Proteins

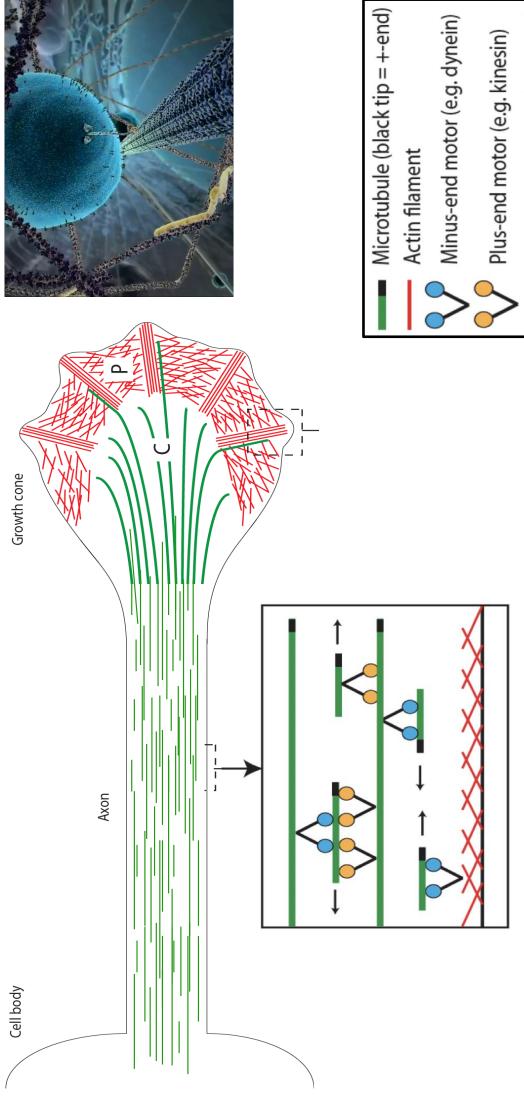




Each motor has a preferred direction to walk on the microtube. Kinesin walks in the same direction the microtube points while Dynein walks in the opposite direction.

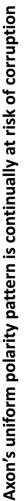
Microtubule Organization in the Axon

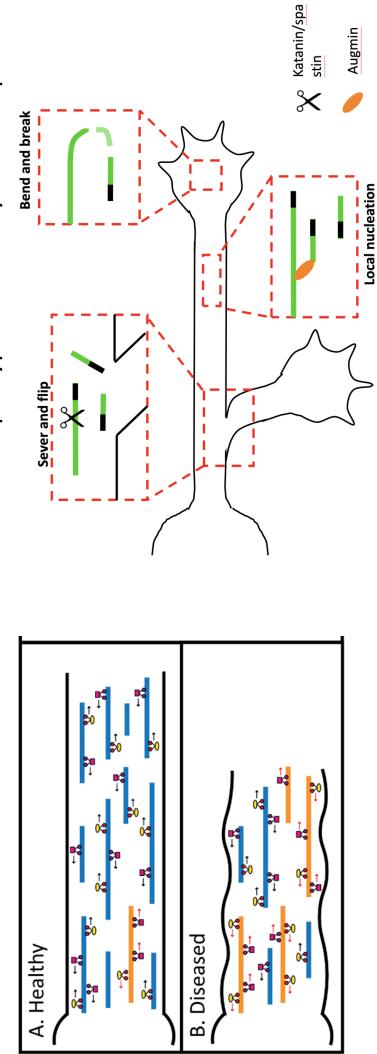






Corruption of the Polarity Pattern

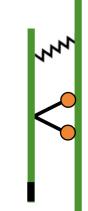


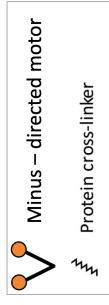


Damage to the polarity pattern may arise from a variety of sources. Significant local damage to the polarity pattern impacts cargo transport and creates traffic jams of molecular motor proteins.

Computational Model for Forces on Microtubes







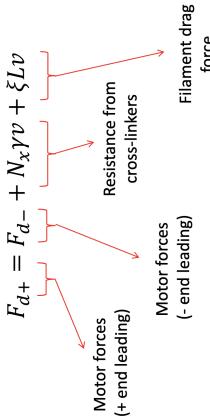
• Net 0 force assumption due to high

fluid viscosity

Essentially objects do not move

except when under active forces

Balance of forces:



nber of attached cytoplasmic dynein motors, $N_{
m d}$:

 $\frac{V_d}{t_t} = r_{d,on} - r_{d,off} N_{d,off}$

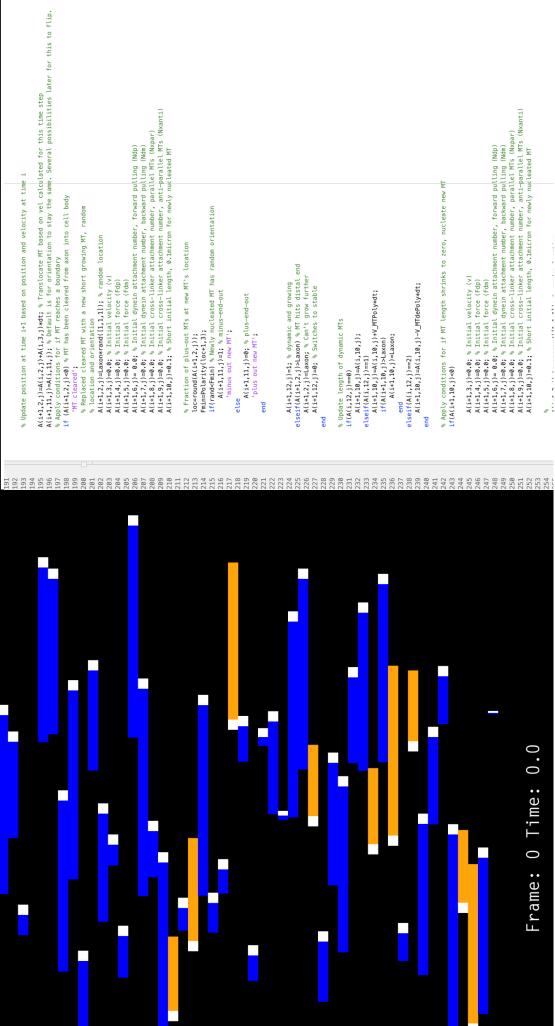
Detachment (Force-dependent)

chment

nds on # of (Force-de)

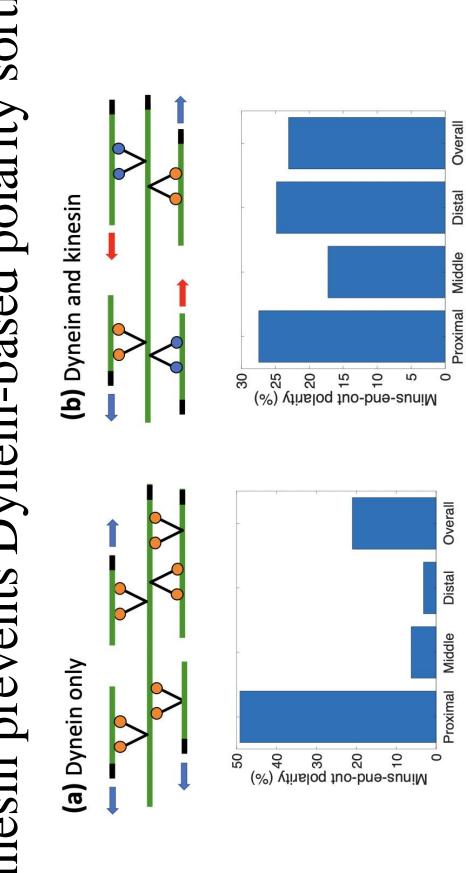


Computational Model for Forces on MTs



Result:

Kinesin prevents Dynein-based polarity sorting



Result:

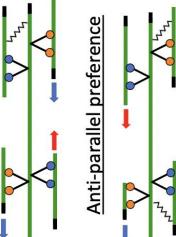


Certain types of crosslinkers impact polarity sorting more than others

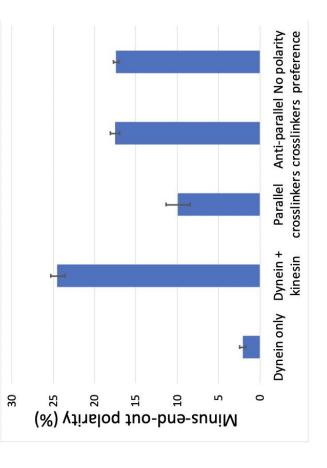
(c) Hypothetical Crosslinkers

Parallel preference

(d) Simulated distal polarity

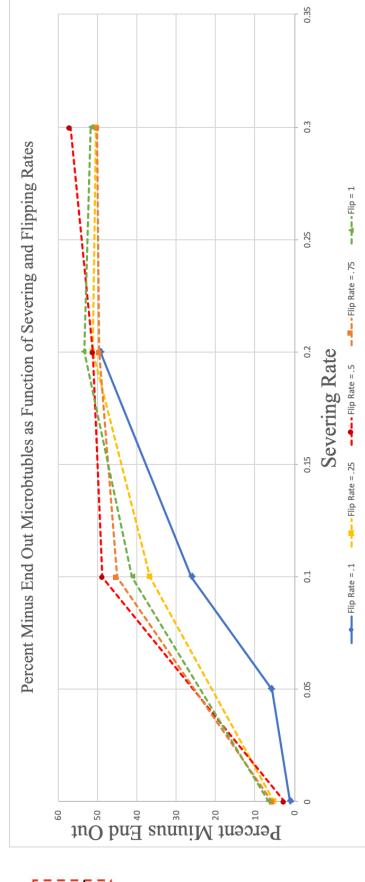


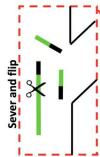


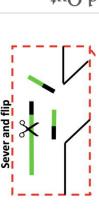


Result:

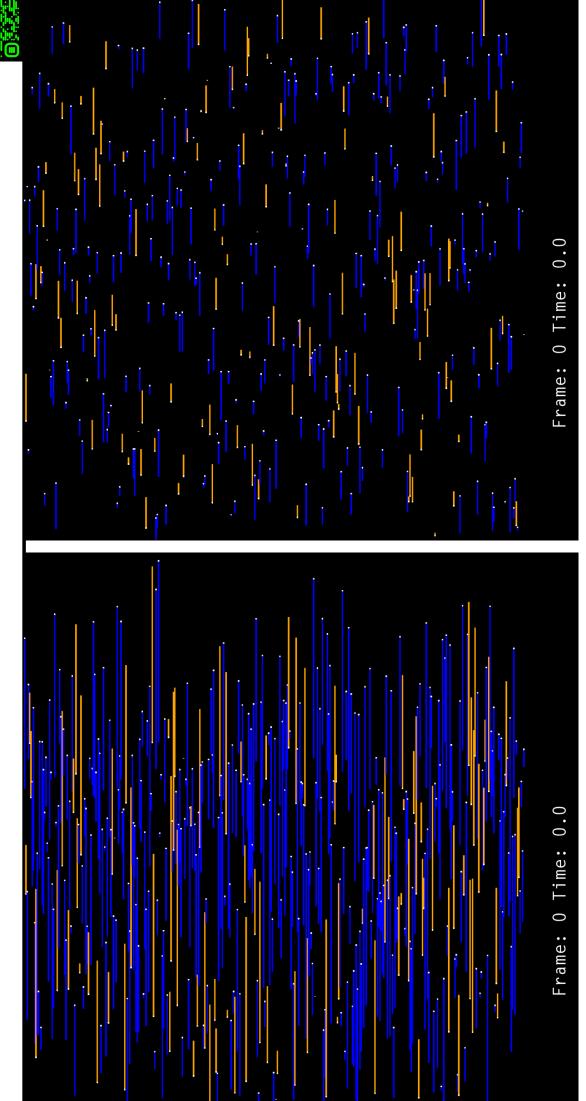
Severing and flipping are important in moderation for polarity sorting







Result:



Conclusion



- Our models show how severing and flipping impact polarity sorting, being necessary but only to an extent
- We can visualize this model to gain further intuition and demonstrate

experimentally testable predictions

Next Steps

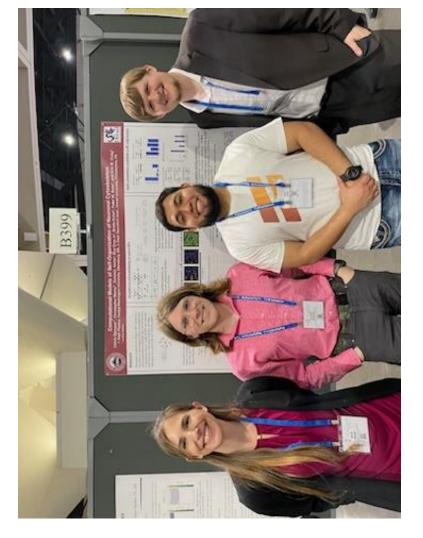
- Experimental test of model predictions. Related study: Rao et al., 2017.
- Investigate the impact of polarity flaws on neuronal function.
- *Eckel et al., 2022.* Related study:

Acknowledgements



Work for this project was supported by NSF Research at Undergraduate Institutions Award 1915477.







References



- 1. Rao, A.N. and Baas, P.W. (2017), Polarity Sorting of Microtubules in the Axon, Trends in Neuroscience, 41(2):77-88.
- Craig et al. (2017), Polarity sorting of axonal microtubules: a computational study, Mol. Biol. Cell, 28(23):3271–3285.
- Rao et al. (2017), Cytoplasmic dynein transports axonal microtubules in a polarity-sorting manner, Cell Reports, 19:2210-2219. 3
- Eckel et al. (2022). Microtubule polarity flaws as a treatable driver of neurodegeneration., Brain Research Bulletin, 192:208-215.

See more animations here

