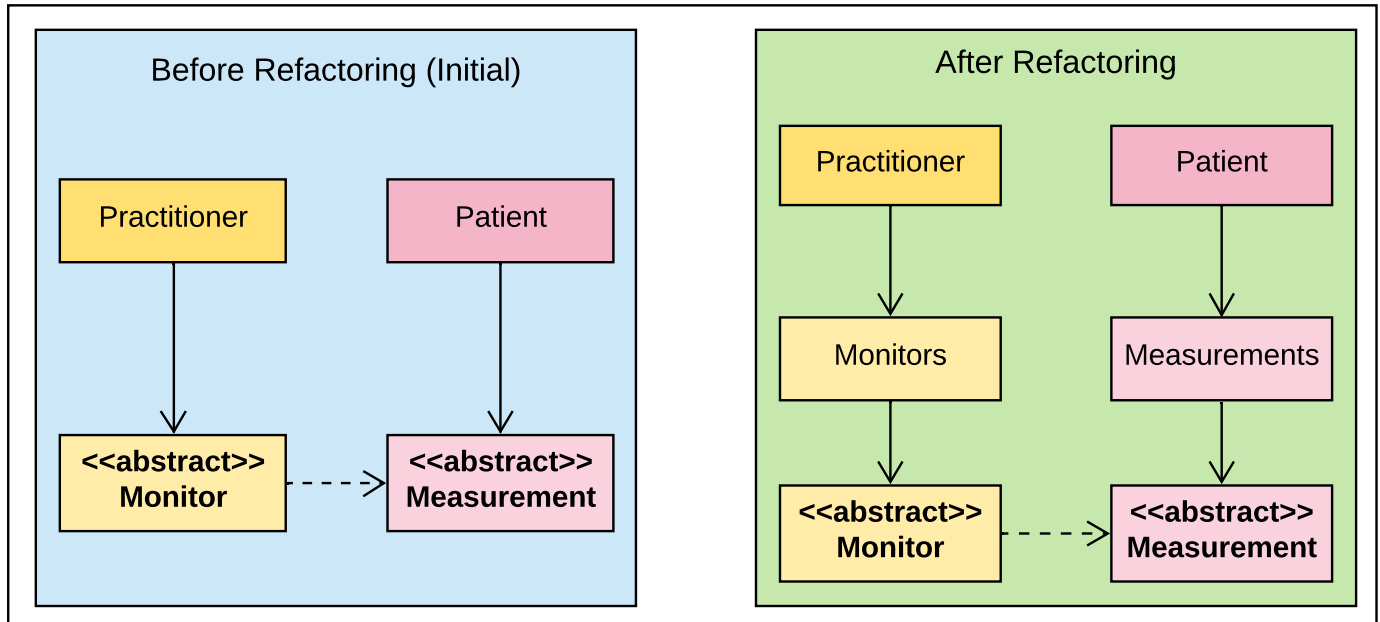


Design Rationale

From the previous assignment, we have design the software to be able to handle multiple types of monitors and measurements. By following **Open-Closed Principle (OCP)**, we design the Monitor and Measurement class as an abstract class to reduce the rigidity for any new extension. Therefore, when we want to monitor Blood Pressure (55284-4), we can easily extend (Measurement and Monitor abstract class) and define its specific behaviours without violating the **Liskov Substitutability Principle (LSP)**

There are several refactoring techniques were applied throughout the whole development process of the software. The major refactoring techniques were applied are **Push Down Refactoring Method**.

- Initially Patient were responsible on keeping track of multiple type of measurements, which result on Patient have a lot of responsibilities and method that mainly used for maintaning different types of measurement.
- We then realize that these responsibilities can be **Push Down** into another class (Measurements class) that are solely responsible for managing different type of measurements for a certain patient.
- The same thoughts and refactoring process are also applied to Practitioner class, and create a Monitors class which are responsible on managing different type of monitors.



Other than Push Down Refactoring Method, we also applied several other refactoring techniques such as:

- Self-encapsulate field refactoring method, there are several cases where duplicate code can be decrease by using self-encapsulate field, which make the code easier to track and maintains.
- Rename refactoring method, some method were renamed to have a clear definition of its responsilites and return types.