

$$1) a) f(x) = x^2, \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$$

$$f(-x) = (-x)^2 = x^2 = f(x) \rightarrow \underline{f \text{ pară}} \Rightarrow b_m = 0, \quad \forall m \geq 0$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cdot \cos \frac{0 \cdot \pi \cdot x}{\pi} dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{2\pi^3}{3\pi} = \frac{2\pi^2}{3}$$

$$a_m = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos \frac{m \cdot \pi \cdot x}{\pi} dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cdot \underbrace{\cos mx}_{g'} dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{\sin mx}{m} \right)' dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(x^2 \cdot \frac{\sin mx}{m} \Big|_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} 2x \cdot \frac{\sin mx}{m} dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\pi^2 \cdot \frac{\sin m\pi}{m} - \frac{2}{m} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin mx dx \right)$$

$$\sin m\pi = 0$$

$$\cos m\pi = (-1)^m$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_m &= -\frac{4}{n\pi} \int_0^\pi \underbrace{x}_{f} \underbrace{\sin nx}_{g'} dx = \frac{4}{n\pi} \left(x \cdot \frac{\cos nx}{n} \bigg|_0^\pi - \int_0^\pi \frac{\cos nx}{n} dx \right) \\
 &= \frac{4}{n\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{n} \cdot \underbrace{\cos n\pi}_{(-1)^n} - \frac{1}{n} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\sin nx}{n}}_{=0} \bigg|_0^\pi \right) \\
 &= \frac{4}{n\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi}{n} \cdot (-1)^n \\
 \Rightarrow a_m &= \underline{\underline{\frac{4 \cdot (-1)^n}{n^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\frac{2\pi^2}{3}}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cdot (-1)^n}{n^2} \cdot \cos n\pi x$$

$$S(-1) = S(1) = \frac{f(-\pi+0) + f(\pi+0)}{2} = \pi^2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cdot (-1)^n}{n^2} \cdot \cos n\pi x$$

$$x^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cdot (-1)^n}{n^2} \cos n\pi x \quad (*)$$

derivate an

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$x = \pi \quad (*) \Rightarrow \pi^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cdot (-1)^n}{n^2} \cos n\pi \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \pi^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2} \quad (\Rightarrow) \quad 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{3}{\pi^2} - \frac{\pi^2}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$c) f(x) = e^{ax}, x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$f(-x) = e^{a(-x)} = e^{-ax} \neq f(x) \Rightarrow f \text{ nu este pară}$$

$$f(-x) = e^{-ax} \neq -f(x) \Rightarrow f \text{ nu este impară}$$

$$a_0 = \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 e^{ax} dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{e^a - e^{-a}}{a}$$

$$a_n = \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \cos(n\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 e^{ax} \cos(n\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 \left(\frac{e^{ax}}{a} \right)' \cos(n\pi x) dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \cos(n\pi x) \Big|_{-1}^1 + \int_{-1}^1 \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \cdot \sin(n\pi x) (n\pi) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^a}{a} \underbrace{\cos(n\pi)}_{(-1)^n} - \frac{e^{-a}}{a} \underbrace{\cos(-n\pi)}_{(-1)^n} + \frac{n\pi}{a} \int_{-1}^1 e^{ax} \sin(n\pi x) dx = \frac{(-1)^n (e^a - e^{-a})}{a} + \frac{n\pi}{a} \int_{-1}^1 e^{ax} \sin(n\pi x) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n = \frac{(-1)^n (e^a - e^{-a})}{a} + \frac{n\pi}{a} b_n \quad (1)$$

$$b_m = \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \sin(m\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 e^{ax} \cdot \sin(m\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 \left(\frac{e^{ax}}{a}\right)' \sin(m\pi x) dx =$$

$$= \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \sin(m\pi x) \Big|_{-1}^1 - \int_{-1}^1 \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \cdot \cos(m\pi x) \cdot (m\pi) dx$$

$$= - \frac{m\pi}{a} \int_{-1}^1 e^{ax} \cdot \underbrace{\cos(m\pi x)}_{a_m} dx \Rightarrow b_m = - \frac{m\pi}{a} \cdot a_m \quad (2)$$

$$a_m \stackrel{(1)}{=} \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a})}{a} + \frac{m\pi}{a} \cdot \left(-\frac{m\pi}{a}\right) \cdot a_m$$

$$a_m = \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a})}{a} - \frac{m^2 \pi^2}{a^2} \cdot a_m \Leftrightarrow a_m + \frac{m^2 \pi^2}{a^2} a_m = \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a})}{a}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow a_m \left(\frac{a^2}{1} + \frac{m^2 \pi^2}{a^2} \right) = \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a})}{a} \Rightarrow a_m = \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a})}{a} \cdot \frac{a^2}{a^2 + m^2 \pi^2} \Rightarrow a_m = \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a}) \cdot a}{a^2 + m^2 \pi^2}$$

$$b_m \stackrel{(1)}{=} -\frac{n\pi}{a} \cdot \frac{(-1)^m (e^a - e^{-a}) \cdot a}{a^2 + m^2 \pi^2}$$

$$b_m = \frac{(-1)^{m+1} (e^a - e^{-a}) \cdot n\pi}{a^2 + m^2 \pi^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^a - e^{-a}}{2a} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-1)^n (e^a - e^{-a}) \cdot a}{a^2 + n^2 \pi^2} \cdot \cos(n\pi x) + \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (e^a - e^{-a}) \cdot n\pi}{a^2 + n^2 \pi^2} \sin(n\pi x) \right)$$

$$e^{ax} = \frac{e^a - e^{-a}}{2a} + (e^a - e^{-a}) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(-1)^n a}{a^2 + n^2 \pi^2} \cos(n\pi x) + \frac{(-1)^{n+1} \cdot n\pi}{a^2 + n^2 \pi^2} \sin(n\pi x) \right) \quad \forall x \in [-1, 1] \quad \parallel$$

$$d) f(x) = |x|, \quad x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$f(-x) = |-x| = |x| = f(x) \Rightarrow f - \text{pară} \Rightarrow \boxed{b_m = 0}$$

$$a_0 = 2 \int_0^1 f(x) \cos(0 \cdot \pi x) dx = 2 \int_0^1 x dx = 2 \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = \underline{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_m &= 2 \int_0^1 f(x) \cos(m\pi x) dx = 2 \int_0^1 x \cdot \cos(m\pi x) dx = 2 \left(x \cdot \frac{\sin(m\pi x)}{m\pi} \Big|_0^1 - \int_0^1 \frac{\sin(m\pi x)}{m\pi} dx \right) \\ &= 2 \left(0 - \frac{1}{m\pi} \cdot \int_0^1 \sin(m\pi x) dx \right) = \frac{2}{m\pi} \cdot \frac{\cos(m\pi x)}{m\pi} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{2 \cdot (-1)^m}{m^2 \pi^2} - \frac{2}{m^2 \pi^2} = \\ &= \frac{2}{m^2 \pi^2} ((-1)^m - 1) \Rightarrow a_m = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{dacă } m - \text{par} \\ -\frac{4}{m^2 \pi^2}, & \text{dacă } m - \text{impar} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2k+1)^2 \pi^2} \cos((2k+1)\pi x) \quad , \quad \forall x \in [-1, 1]$$