# **MalBuster**

### Introduction

This room aims to be a practice room for Dissecting PE Headers and Static Analysis 1. In this scenario, you will act as one of the Reverse Engineers that will analyse malware samples based on the detections reported by your SOC team.

#### **Prerequisites**

This room requires basic knowledge of Malware Static Analysis. We recommend going through the following rooms before attempting this challenge.

- Intro to Malware Analysis
- Dissecting PE Headers
- Basic Static Analysis

#### Scenario

You are currently working as a Malware Reverse Engineer for your organization. Your team acts as a support for the SOC team when detections of unknown binaries occur. One of the SOC analysts triaged an alert triggered by binaries with unusual behaviour. Your task is to analyse the binaries detected by your SOC team and provide enough information to assist them in remediating the threat.

### **Investigation Platforms**

The team has provided two investigation platforms, a FLARE VM and a REMnux VM. You may utilize the machines based on your preference.

If you prefer FLARE VM, you may start the machine attached to this task. Else, you may start the machine on the task below to start REMnux VM.

The machine will start in a split-screen view. In case the VM is not visible, use the blue Show Split View button at the top-right of the page.

You may also use the following credentials for alternative access via Remote Desktop (RDP):

Username: administratorPassword: letmein123!IP Address: MACHINE IP

Lastly, you may find the malware samples on C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples.

WE ADVISE YOU NOT TO DOWNLOAD THE MALWARE SAMPLES TO YOUR HOST.

# **Challenge Questions**

### **Investigation Platform**

If you prefer REMnux, you may use the machine attached to this task by accessing it via the split-screen view.

Else, start the machine from the previous task to spin up the FLARE VM.

In addition, you can find the malware samples provided by the SOC team at /home/ubuntu/Desktop/Samples.

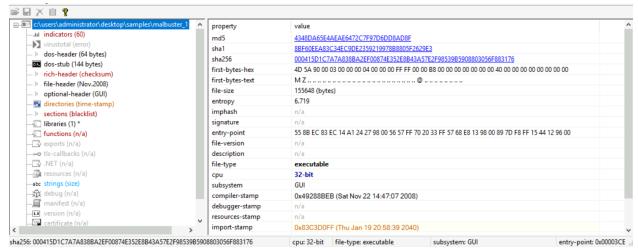
The machine will start in a split-screen view. In case the VM is not visible, use the blue Show Split View button at the top-right of the page.

WE ADVISE YOU NOT TO DOWNLOAD THE MALWARE SAMPLES TO YOUR HOST.

Good luck!

Answer the questions below:

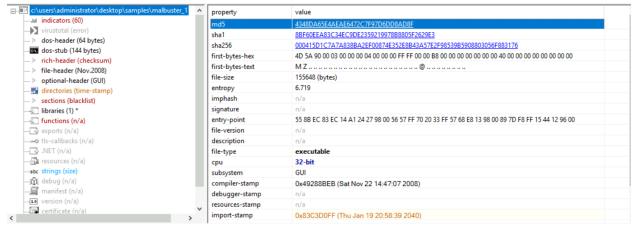
Based on the ARCHITECTURE of the binary, is malbuster\_1 a 32-bit or a 64-bit application? (32-bit/64-bit)



Opening sample 1 in PEStudio we can see, under the CPU section, this is a 32-bit application.

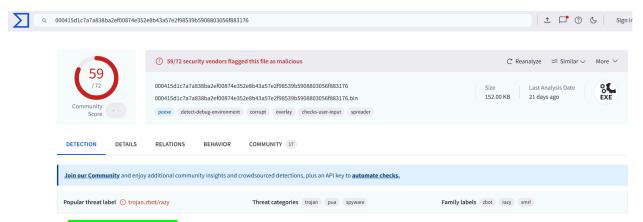
Answer: 32-bit

## What is the MD5 hash of malbuster\_1?



Answer: 4348da65e4aeae6472c7f97d6dd8ad8f

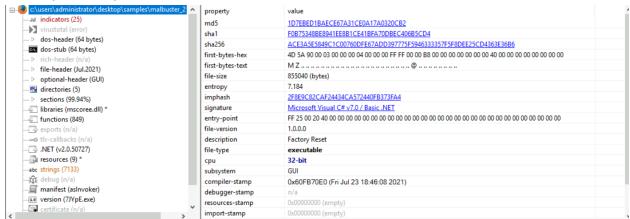
Using the hash, what is the popular threat label of malbuster\_1 according to VirusTotal?



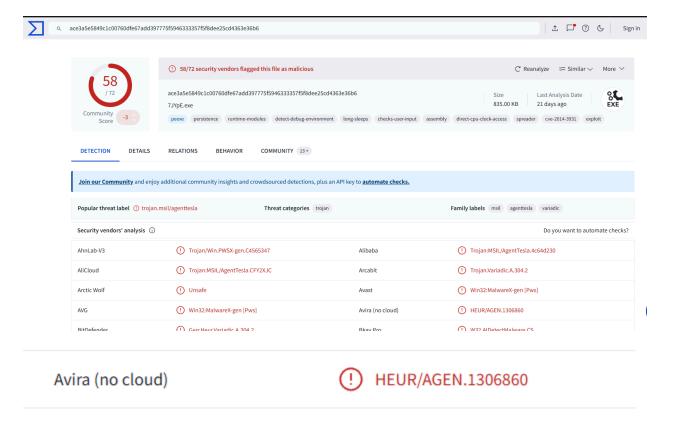
Answer: trojan.zbot/razy

# Based on VirusTotal detection, what is the malware signature of malbuster\_2 according to Avira?

First, open sample 2 in PEStudio.



Search the hash on VirusTotal.



Answer: HEUR/AGEN.1306860

# malbuster\_2 imports the function \_CorExeMain. From which DLL file does it import this function?

Open the functions tab on PEStudio.



And \_CorExeMain is the first function on the list and to the right under the library section we see the DLL that imports the function.

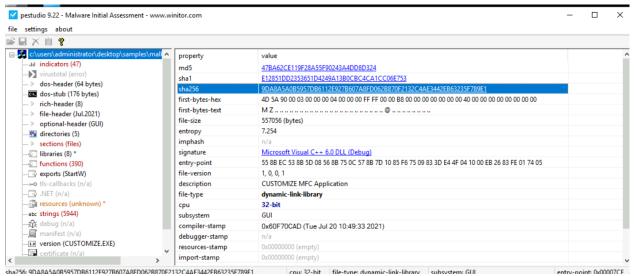
Answer: mscoree.dll

# Based on the VS\_VERSION\_INFO header, what is the original name of malbuster 2?



Answer: 7JYpE.exe

**Using the hash of malbuster\_3, what is its malware signature based on <u>abuse.ch</u>? Again, open sample 3 in PEStudio but this time we'll copy the SHA256 hash and take it over to <u>bazaar.abuse.ch</u> to search for the sample.** 



#### Search

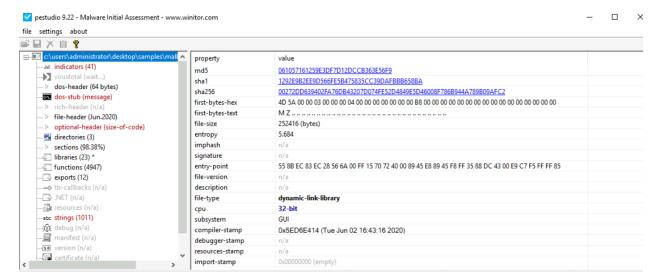
sha256:9DA8A5A0B5957DB6112E927B607A8FD062B870F2132C4AE3442EB63235F 789E1 on the Bazaar.



We can see the signature is tagged Trickbot.

Answer: Trickbot

Using the hash of malbuster\_4, what is its malware signature based on <a href="mailto:abuse.ch">abuse.ch</a>? Repeat the process of the last question but this time using sample 4.



Open the file in PEStudio and copy the SHA256 hash.

#### Search

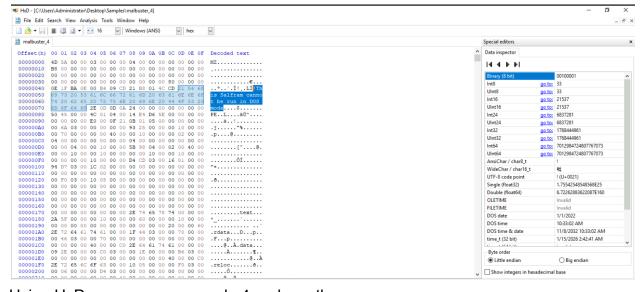
sha256:00272DD639402FA76DB43207D074FE52D4849E5D46008F786B944A789B09 AFC2 on bazaar.abuse.ch.



Signature is tagged as ZLoader.

Answer: **ZLoader** 

## What is the message found in the DOS\_STUB of malbuster\_4?



Using HxD we can open sample 4 and see the message.

Answer: !This Salfram cannot be run in DOS mode.

# malbuster\_4 imports the function ShellExecuteA. From which DLL file does it import this function?

Like an earlier question I went to PEStudio looking under functions to find ShellExecuteA and the DLL that imports it but when I did so I only got gibberish. So I switched to trying PEView.

	0000750C	00006398	Hint/Name RVA	0000	DragQueryFileW	
	00007510	000063AA	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetMalloc	
	00007514	000063B8	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetPathFromIDListW	
	00007518	000063D0	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetSpecialFolderPathW	
	0000751C	000063EA	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetPathFromIDListA	
	00007520	00006402	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetSpecialFolderLocation	
	00007524	00006420	Hint/Name RVA	0000	ShellExecuteExW	
	00007528	00006432	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHBindToParent	
	0000752C	00006444	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHBrowseForFolderW	
	00007530	0000645A	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetDesktopFolder	
	00007534	00006470	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHChangeNotify	
	00007538	00006482	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHFileOperationW	
	0000753C	00006496	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetFileInfoW	
	00007540	000064A8	Hint/Name RVA	0000	SHGetFolderPathW	
	00007544	000064BC	Hint/Name RVA	0000	CommandLineToArgvW	
	00007548	000064D2	Hint/Name RVA	0000	ShellExecuteA	
	0000754C	000064E2	Hint/Name RVA	0000	Shell_NotifylconW	
	00007550	000064F6	Hint/Name RVA	0000	ShellExecuteW	
	00007554	00000000	End of Imports	shell3	2.dll	
- 1	*****	******		^^^	0. 0 100	

Here we see all the imports from shell32.dll and the ShellExecuteA we're looking for is here.

Answer: shell32.dll

## Using capa, how many anti-VM instructions were identified in malbuster\_1?

```
CAPABILITY
                                                           NAMESPACE
 xecute anti-VM instructions (3 matches)
                                                            anti-analysis/anti-vm/vm-detection
 reference anti-VM strings
check HTTP status code (2 matches)
                                                            anti-analysis/anti-vm/vm-detection
                                                            communication/http/client
                                                            data-manipulation/checksum/crc32
 ncode data using XOR (10 matches)
                                                            data-manipulation/encoding/xor
 encrypt data using RC4 PRGA (3 matches)
                                                            data-manipulation/encryption/rc4
                                                            data-manipulation/prng/lcg
                                                            data-manipulation/prng/mersenne
                                                            load-code/pe
                                                            load-code/pe
 arse PE exports
arse PE header (3 matches)
                                                            load-code/pe
```

Answer: 3

### Using capa, which binary can log keystrokes?

Running Capa on sample 3 we see that it has keylogging capabilities.

```
rator>capa.exe C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuste
loading : 100%
matching: 100%
                                                        47ba62ce119f28a55f90243a4dd8d324
 md5
  sha1
                                                        e12851dd2353651d4249a13b0cbc4ca1cc06e753
  sha256
                                                        9da8a5a0b5957db6112e927b607a8fd062b870f2132c4ae3442eb63235f789e1
                                                        C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_3
                                                      Input Capture::Keylogging [T1056.001]
Hide Artifacts::Hidden Window [T1564.003]
Indicator Removal on Host::Timestomp [T1070.006]
Obfuscated Files or Information [T1027]
Application Window Discovery [T1010]
File and Directory Discovery [T1083]
Query Registry [T1012]
System Information Discovery [T1082]
Command and Scripting Interpreter [T1059]
Shared Modules [T1129]
                                                               | MBC Behavior
 MBC Objective
 ANTI-BEHAVIORAL ANALYSIS
                                                                 Debugger Detection::Software Breakpoints [80001.025]
                                                                 Debugger Detection::Software Breakpoints [80001.025]
Keylogging::Application Hook [F0002.001]
Keylogging::Polling [F0002.002]
Encrypt Data::RC4 [C0027.009]
Encryption Key::RC4 KSA [C0028.002]
Generate Pseudo-random Sequence::RC4 PRGA [C0021.004]
Encoding::XOR [C0026.002]
Obfuscated Files or Information::Encoding-Standard Algorithm [E1027.m02]
                                                                  Delete File [C0047]
                                                                  Get File Attributes [C0049]
Read File [C0051]
Write File [C0052]
```

Answer: malbuster 3

Using capa, what is the MITRE ID of the DISCOVERY technique used by malbuster\_4?

```
oading : 100%
atching: 100%
                          061057161259e3df7d12dccb363e56f9
md5
 sha1
                          1292e9b2ee9d566fe5b475835cc39dafbbb658ba
 sha256
                          00272dd639402fa76db43207d074fe52d4849e5d46008f786b944a789b09afc2
                          C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_4
ATT&CK Tactic
                        | ATT&CK Technique
DEFENSE EVASION
                         Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion::System Checks [T1497.001]
                         File and Directory Discovery [T1083]
                             | MBC Behavior
MBC Objective
                             | Virtual Machine Detection::Instruction Testing [B0009.029]
                              Read File [C0051]
CAPABILITY
                                                      I NAMESPACE
execute anti-VM instructions
                                                        anti-analysis/anti-vm/vm-detection
                                                        data-manipulation/hmac
                                                        executable/resource
                                                        host-interaction/file-system
get common file path (2 matches)
                                                        host-interaction/file-system/read
```

Answer: T1083

## Which binary contains the string GodMode?

Using the command *strings.exe C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\\* | findstr /i god* to search all the samples for strings that contain "god" regardless of capitalization I got the answer.

```
C:\Users\Administrator>strings.exe C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\* | findstr /i god C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_2: get_GodMode C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_2: set_GodMode C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_2: GodMode C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_2: GodMode FINDSTR: Line 83013 is too long. FINDSTR: Line 83013 is too long.
```

Answer: malbuster\_2

# Which binary contains the string Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; SV1)?

Repeat the same process as the previous question but search for Mozilla/4.0 instead. Command executed: strings.exe C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\\* | findstr /i mozilla/4.0

```
C:\Users\Administrator>strings.exe C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\* | findstr /i mozilla/4.0
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_1: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; SV1)
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Samples\malbuster_1.viv: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; SV1)
FINDSTR: Line 83013 is too long.
```

Answer: malbuster\_1