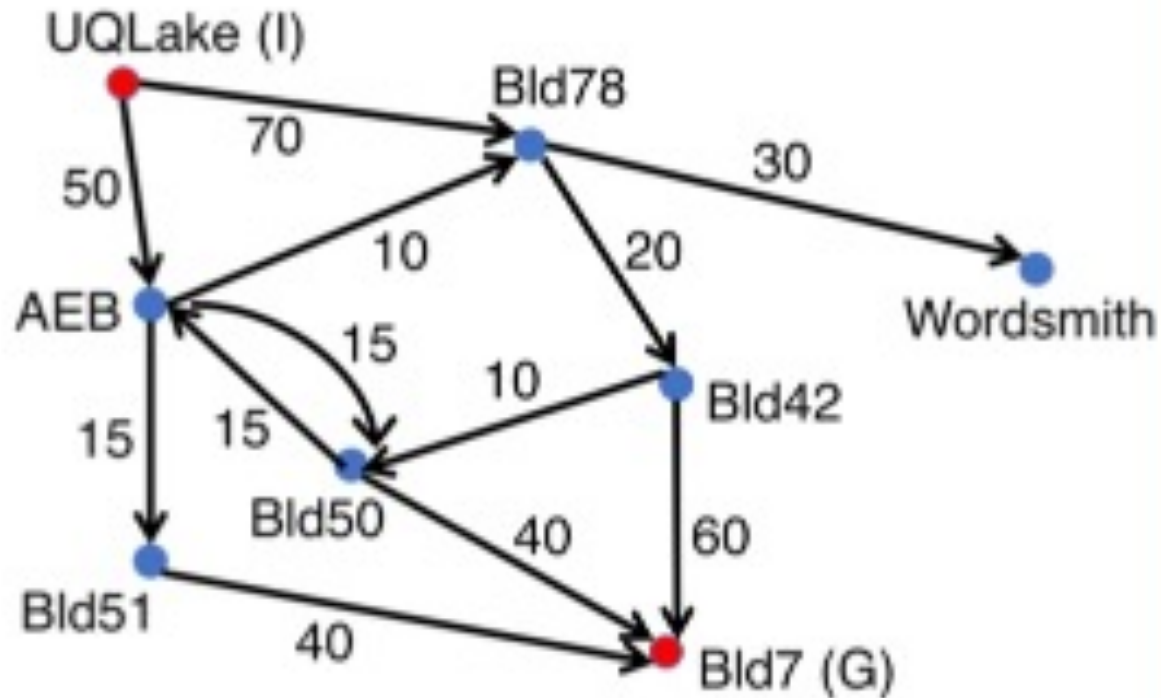


UQ-Map Search Example Problem

Initial state



Goal state

Heuristic values (to Bld7)

$h(\text{UQLake}) = 100$

$h(\text{Bld78}) = 50$

$h(\text{AEB}) = 53$

$h(\text{Wordsmith}) = 1000$

$h(\text{Bld42}) = 50$

$h(\text{Bld50}) = 38$

$h(\text{Bld51}) = 30$

$h(\text{Bld7}) = 0$

Searching with Priority Queues, ordered by $f(n)$

("best-first-search" in R&N)

Pseudocode

```

function BEST-FIRST-SEARCH(problem, f) returns a solution node or failure
  node  $\leftarrow$  NODE(STATE=problem.INITIAL)
  frontier  $\leftarrow$  a priority queue ordered by f, with node as an element
  reached  $\leftarrow$  a lookup table, with one entry with key problem.INITIAL and value node
  while not IS-EMPTY(frontier) do
    node  $\leftarrow$  POP(frontier)
    if problem.IS-GOAL(node.STATE) then return node
    for each child in EXPAND(problem, node) do
      s  $\leftarrow$  child.STATE
      if s is not in reached or child.PATH-COST < reached[s].PATH-COST then
        reached[s]  $\leftarrow$  child
        add child to frontier
  return failure

function EXPAND(problem, node) yields nodes
  s  $\leftarrow$  node.STATE
  for each action in problem.ACTIONS(s) do
    s'  $\leftarrow$  problem.RESULT(s, action)
    cost  $\leftarrow$  node.PATH-COST + problem.ACTION-COST(s, action, s')
    yield NODE(STATE=s', PARENT=node, ACTION=action, PATH-COST=cost)

```

Figure 3.7 The best-first search algorithm, and the function for expanding a node. The data structures used here are described in Section 3.3.2. See Appendix B for **yield**.

Example Python Code

Best-first-search python code, priority queue ordered by $f(n)$ (from R&N 4Ed)

```

def best_first_search(problem, f):
    "Search nodes with minimum f(node) value first."
    node = Node(problem.initial)
    frontier = PriorityQueue([node], key=f)
    reached = {problem.initial: node}
    while frontier:
        node = frontier.pop()
        if problem.is_goal(node.state):
            return node
        for child in expand(problem, node):
            s = child.state
            if s not in reached or child.path_cost < reached[s].path_cost:
                reached[s] = child
                frontier.add(child)
    return failure

```

Priority Queue ordered by $f(n)$

UCS:

$$f(n) = g(n)$$

Path-cost from root to node n

GBFS:

$$f(n) = h(n)$$

Estimated cost from node n to goal

A*:

$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$

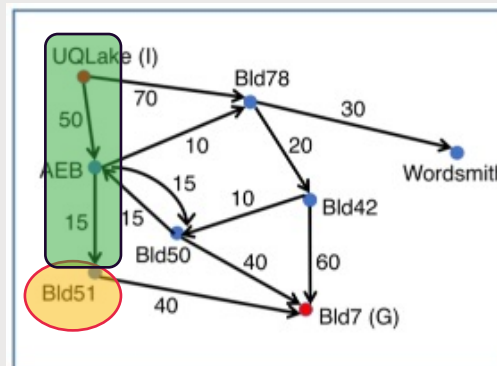
Example costs for node Bld51 (via UQLake \rightarrow AEB):



$$g(n) = 50 + 15 = 65$$

$$h(n) = 30$$

$$g(n) + h(n) = 65 + 30 = 96$$



Heuristic values (to Bld7)

$$h(\text{UQLake}) = 100$$

$$h(\text{Bld78}) = 50$$

$$h(\text{AEB}) = 53$$

$$h(\text{Wordsmith}) = 1000$$

$$h(\text{Bld42}) = 50$$

$$h(\text{Bld50}) = 38$$

$$h(\text{Bld51}) = 30$$

$$h(\text{Bld7}) = 0$$

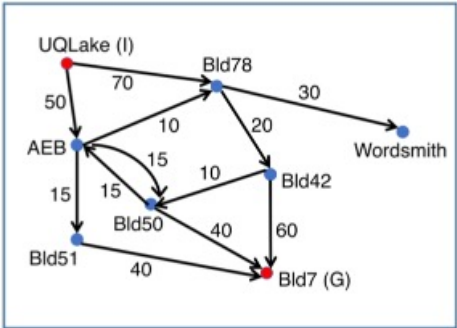
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0



UQL

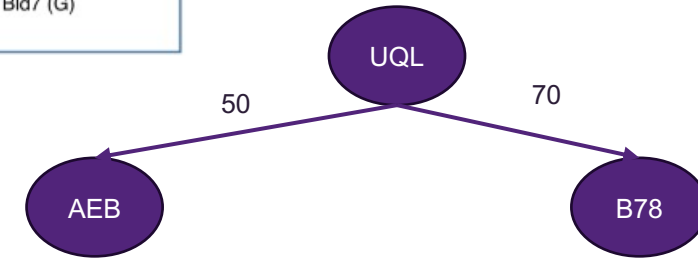
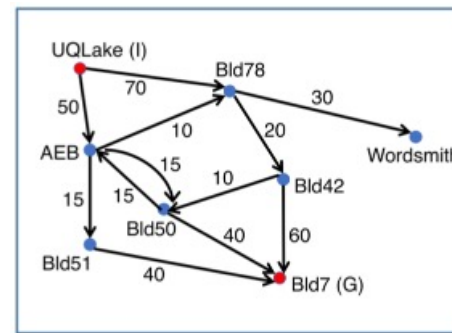
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70



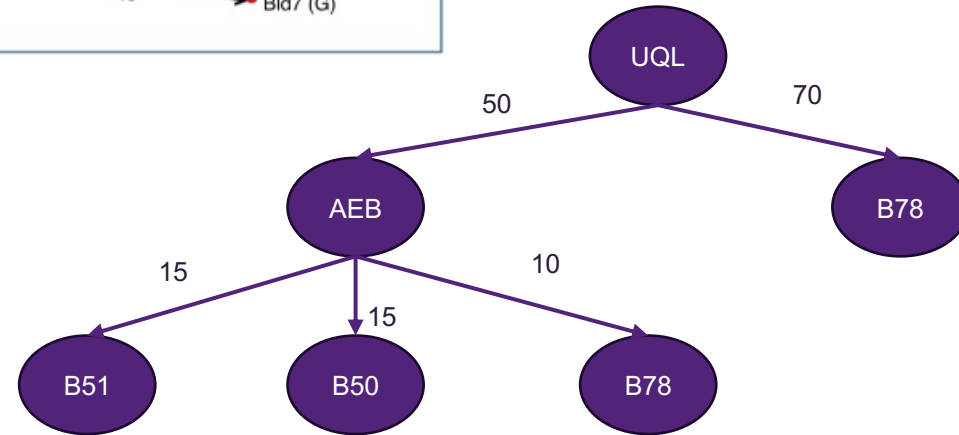
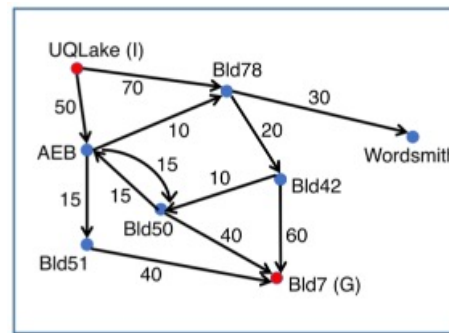
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B78	60

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70 60
B51	65
B50	65



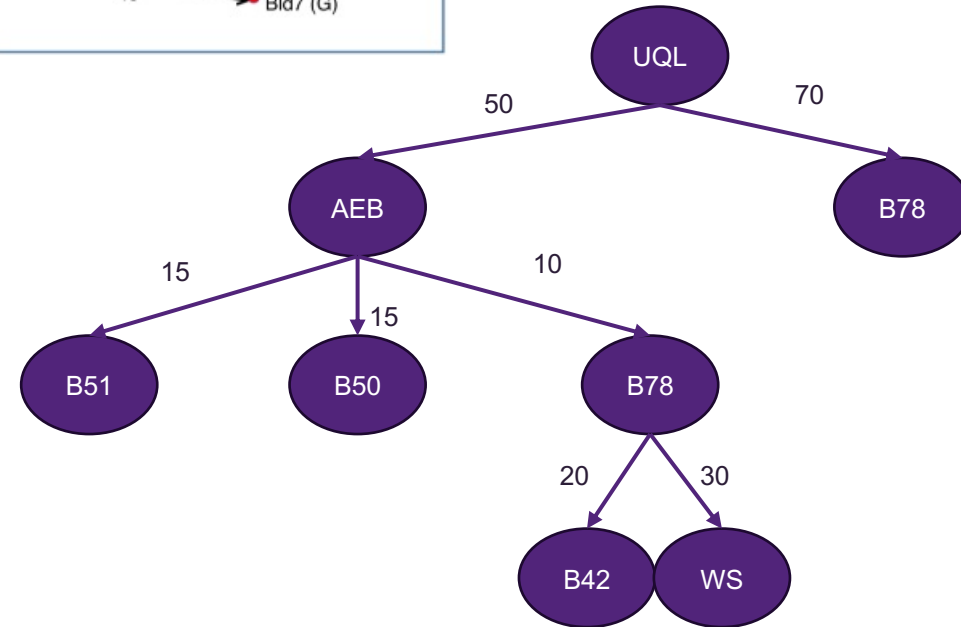
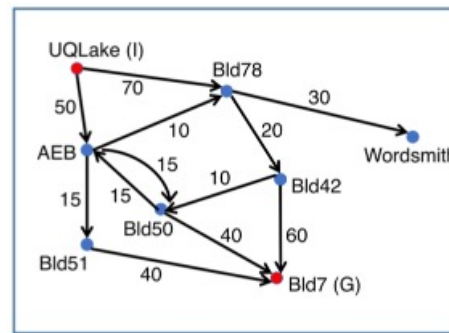
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90



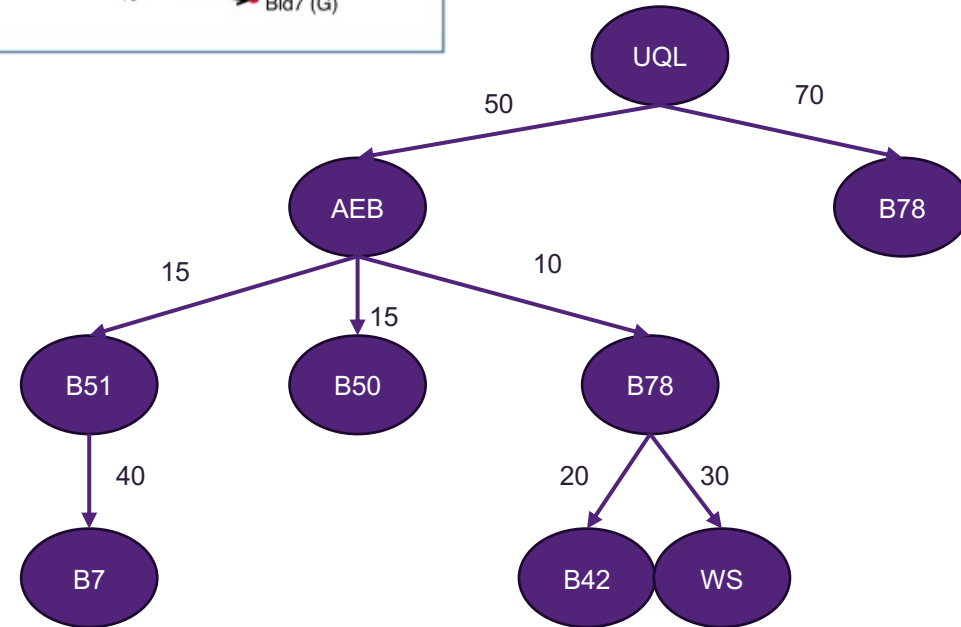
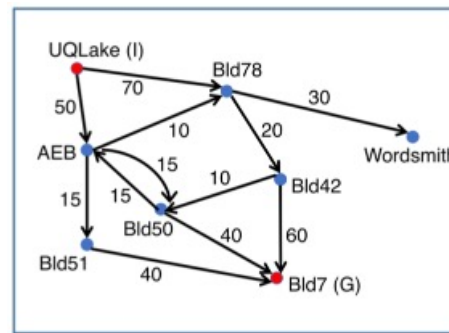
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105



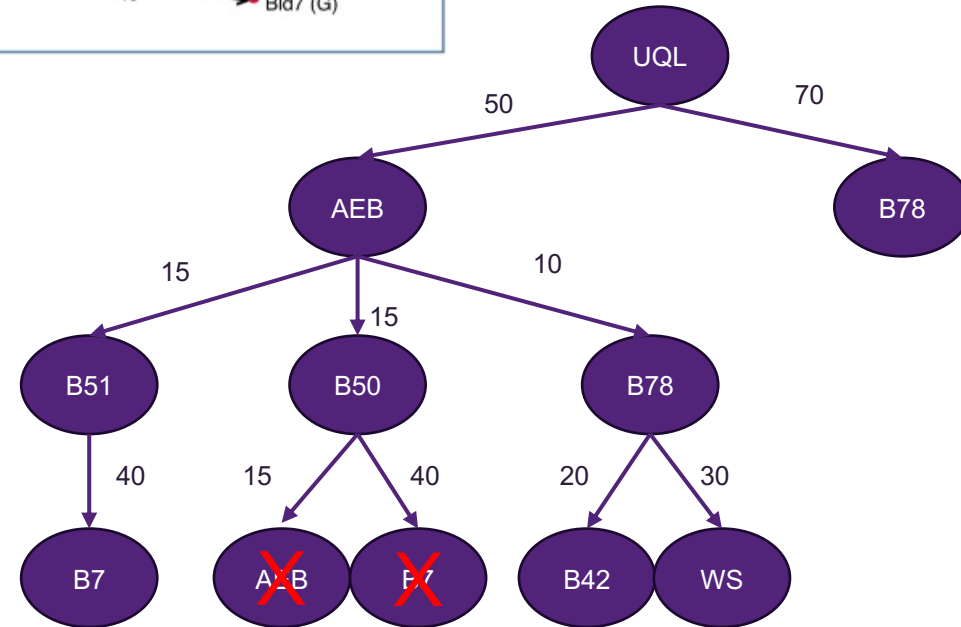
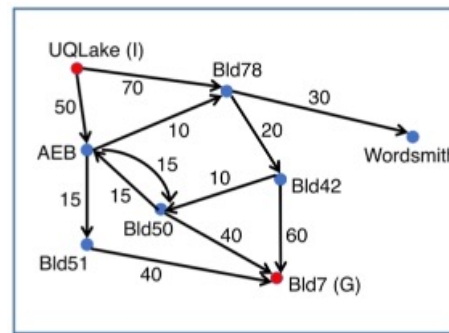
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105



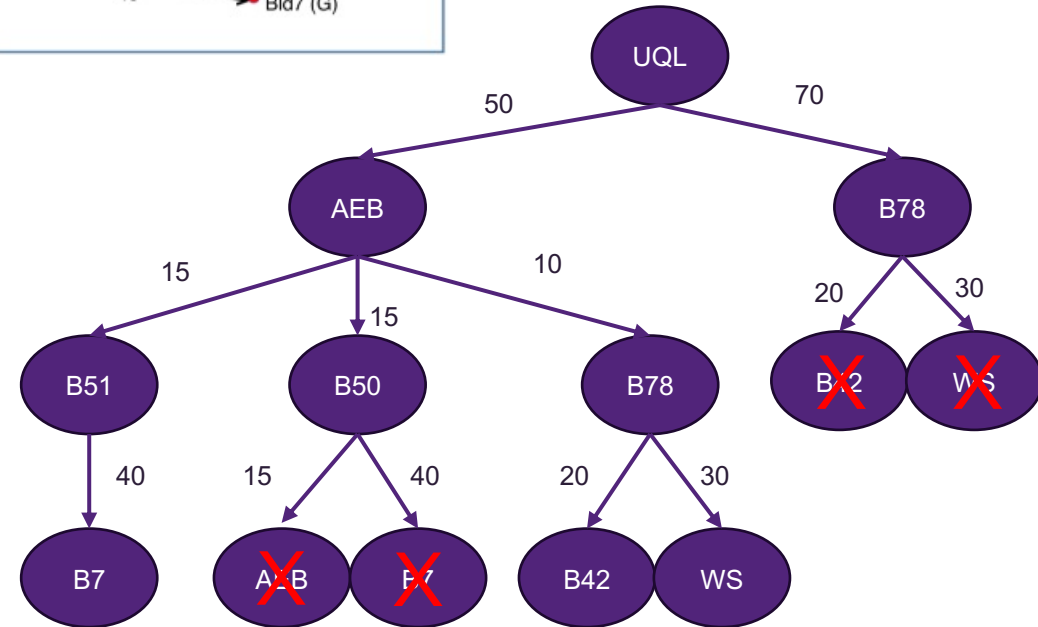
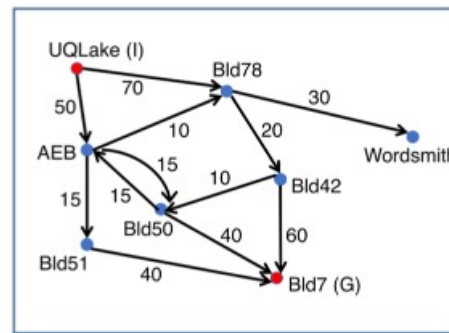
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70 60
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105



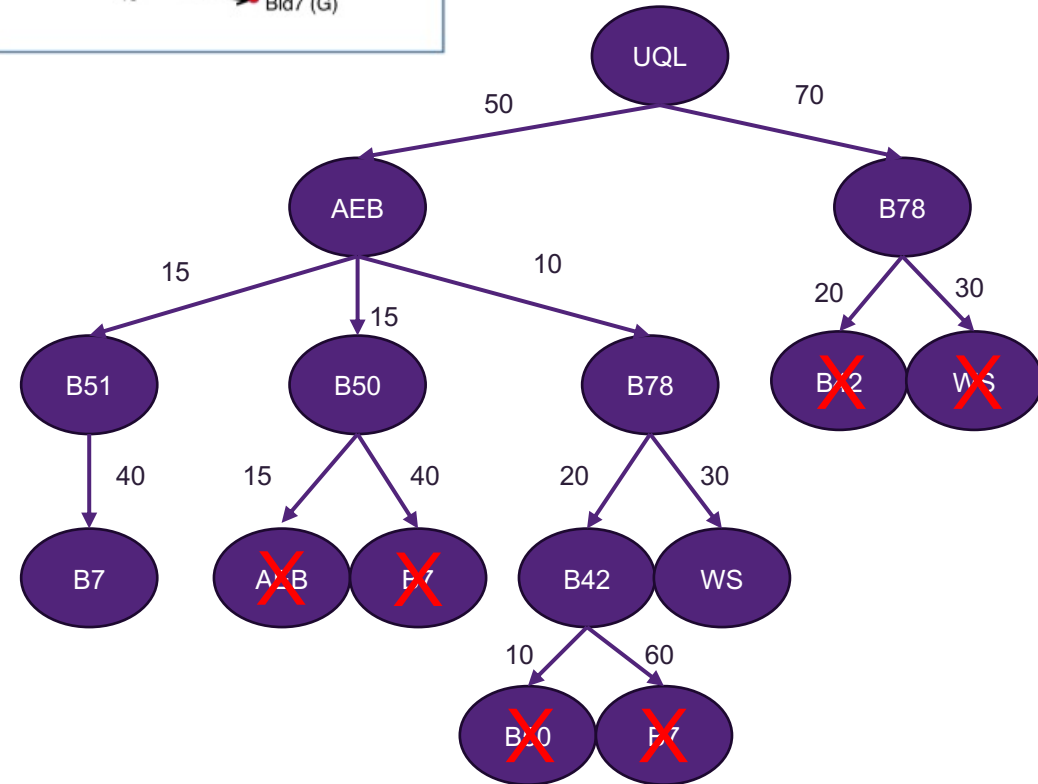
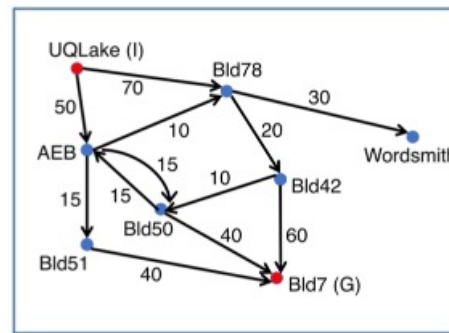
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70 60
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105



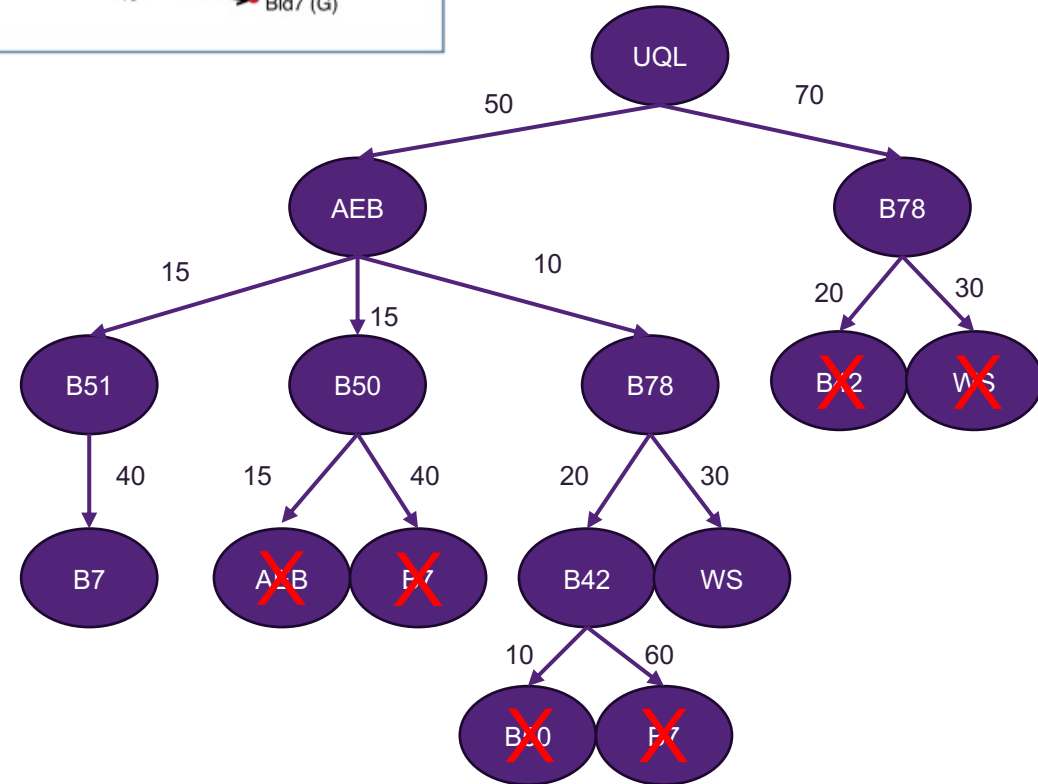
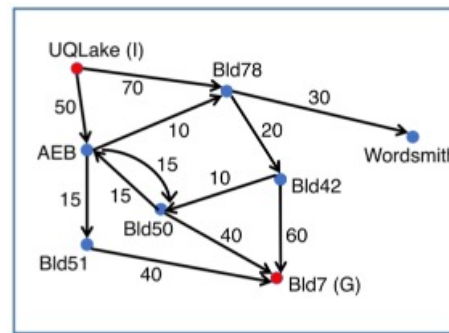
UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70 60
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105



UCS

Frontier (priority queue)
Nodes with priority $f(n) = g(n)$

Node	$f(n)=g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

Visited set/dictionary
Key = state
Value = path-cost, $g(n)$

State	$g(n)$
UQL	0
AEB	50
B78	70 60
B51	65
B50	65
B42	80
WS	90
B7	105

