```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import random
In [2]: f = open("pa3train.txt","r")
        train = [line.strip() for line in f]
        train = [[int(i) for i in line.split()] for line in train]
        f1 = open("pa3test.txt","r")
        test = [line.strip() for line in f1]
        test = [[int(i) for i in line.split()] for line in test]
        f2 = open("pa3dictionary.txt","r")
        dictionary = [line.strip() for line in f2]
In [3]: # 1: label1 -1: label2
        train 12 = [line for line in train if <math>line[-1] == 1 or line[-1] == 2]
        train 12 = [line[:-1]+[1]] if line[-1] == 1 else line[:-1]+[-1] for line
        in train_12]
        test 12 = [line for line in test if line[-1] == 1 or line[-1] == 2]
        test_12 = [line[:-1]+[1] if line[-1] == 1 else line[:-1]+[-1] for line i
        n test 12]
```

Q1

```
In [4]: # Perceptron:
    def perceptron(data, num_pass):
        data_s = data*num_pass
        w = [0]*(len(data_s[0])-1)

    for i in range(len(data_s)):
        x = data_s[i][:-1]
        y = data_s[i][-1]
        temp = y*np.dot(w,x)
        if temp <= 0:
            w = np.add(w,np.multiply(y,x))</pre>
    return w
```

```
In [5]: for i in range(1,5):
             print(i, "pass")
            w = perceptron(train_12,i)
             train_result = [1 if np.dot(line[:-1],w) > 0 else -1
                             if np.dot(line[:-1],w) < 0 else random.choice([-1,1]</pre>
         for line in train 12]
             train_error = sum([train_result[i] != train_12[i][-1] for i in range
         (len(train 12)))/len(train 12)
             print("train error :",train_error)
             test result = [1 \text{ if } np.dot(line[:-1],w) > 0 \text{ else } -1
                            if np.dot(line[:-1],w) < 0 else random.choice([-1,1])</pre>
        for line in test 12]
             test error = sum([test result[i] != test 12[i][-1] for i in range(le
        n(test 12))))/len(test 12)
             print("test error :",test_error)
        1 pass
        train error : 0.04036697247706422
        test error : 0.05305039787798409
        2 pass
        train error : 0.03761467889908257
        test error: 0.058355437665782495
        3 pass
        train error: 0.02110091743119266
        test error: 0.04509283819628647
        4 pass
        train error : 0.015596330275229359
        test error: 0.04774535809018567
In [6]: # voted perceptron
        def votedperceptron(data, num pass):
             data s = data*num pass
             wcpair = []
             w = [0]*(len(data s[0])-1)
             c = 1
             wcpair += [(w,c)]
             for i in range(len(data s)):
                 x = data s[i][:-1]
                 y = data s[i][-1]
                 temp = y*np.dot(w,x)
                 if temp <= 0:
                     wcpair += [(w,c)]
                     w = np.add(w, np.dot(y, x))
                     c = 1
                 else:
                     c += 1
             wcpair += [(w,c)]
             return wcpair
```

```
In [7]: for i in range(1,5):
             wcpair = votedperceptron(train 12,i)
             print(i, "pass")
             train_result = [sum([ c if np.dot(w,line[:-1]) > 0 else -c for w,c i
         n wcpair]) for line in train 12]
             train result = [1 \text{ if } i > 0 \text{ else } -1 \text{ if } i < 0 \text{ else } random.choice([1,-1])
         j) for i in train result]
             train error = sum([train result[i] != train 12[i][-1] for i in range
         (len(train_12))])/len(train_12)
             print("train error :",train_error)
             test_result = [sum([ c if np.dot(w,line[:-1]) > 0 else -c for w,c in
         wcpair]) for line in test 12]
             test result = [1 \text{ if } i > 0 \text{ else } -1 \text{ if } i < 0 \text{ else } random.choice([1,-1])
         j) for i in test result]
             test_error = sum([test_result[i] != test_12[i][-1] for i in range(le
         n(test 12))])/len(test 12)
             print("test error :",test error)
         1 pass
         train error : 0.06697247706422019
         test error: 0.08753315649867374
         train error : 0.04036697247706422
         test error: 0.0610079575596817
         train error : 0.030275229357798167
         test error: 0.04509283819628647
         4 pass
         train error : 0.024770642201834864
         test error: 0.04509283819628647
In [8]: | def averagePerceptron(wcpair):
             return sum([np.dot(c,w) for w,c in wcpair])
```

```
In [9]: for i in range(1,5):
            wcpair = votedperceptron(train 12,i)
            w = averagePerceptron(wcpair)
            print(i, "pass")
            train_result = [1 if np.dot(w,line[:-1]) > 0 else -1
                             if np.dot(line[:-1],w) < 0 else random.choice([-1,1]</pre>
         []) for line in train 12]
            train error = sum([train result[i] != train 12[i][-1] for i in range
         (len(train_12))])/len(train_12)
            print("train error :",train_error)
            test_result = [1 if np.dot(w,line[:-1]) > 0 else -1
                            if np.dot(line[:-1],w) < 0 else random.choice([-1,1])</pre>
        for line in test 12]
            test_error = sum([test_result[i] != test_12[i][-1] for i in range(le
        n(test_12))])/len(test_12)
            print("test error :",test_error)
        1 pass
        train error : 0.07706422018348624
        test error : 0.11671087533156499
        2 pass
        train error : 0.05321100917431193
```

train error: 0.05321100917431193
test error: 0.08222811671087533
3 pass
train error: 0.03669724770642202
test error: 0.0610079575596817
4 pass
train error: 0.03394495412844037

test error: 0.050397877984084884

Q2

```
In [10]: w_avg = averagePerceptron(votedperceptron(train_12,3))

sort = sorted([(w_avg[i],i) for i in range(len(w_avg))])
    lowest = [(i[1],dictionary[i[1]]) for i in sort[:3]]
    print("lowest:",lowest)
    highest = [(i[1],dictionary[i[1]]) for i in sort[-1:-4:-1]]
    print("highest:",highest)

lowest: [(78, 'he'), (469, 'team'), (393, 'game')]
    highest: [(438, 'file'), (466, 'program'), (203, 'line')]
```

Q3

```
In [11]: train_lto6 = [[line[:-1]+[1] if line[-1] == i else line[:-1]+[-1] for li
    ne in train] for i in range(1,7)]
    C = [perceptron(1,1) for l in train_lto6]
```

```
In [12]: test report = []
          for line in test:
              t = [np.dot(line[:-1],C[i]) > 0  for i  in range(6)]
              if (sum(t) == 0 \text{ or } sum(t) > 1):
                  test_report += [("Don't know",line[-1])]
              else:
                  test_report += [(t.index(1)+1,line[-1])]
In [13]: confusion_matrix = np.zeros([7,6])
          for t in test report:
              i,j = t
              if i == "Don't know":
                  j -= 1
                  confusion_matrix[6][j] += 1
              else:
                  i = 1
                  j = 1
                  confusion matrix[i][j] +=1
In [14]: N = [sum([t[-1] == i \text{ for } t \text{ in } test\_report]) \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(1,7)]
In [15]: for i in range(7):
              for j in range(6):
                  confusion_matrix[i][j] = confusion_matrix[i][j] / N[j]
In [16]: | print(confusion_matrix)
          [[0.71891892 0.00520833 0.03428571 0.02173913 0.
           [0.01081081 0.65625
                                   0.03428571 0.02717391 0.01282051 0.01851852]
                       0.015625
                                   0.37142857 0.
           [0.
                                                          0.
                                                                      0.027777781
           [0.01621622 0.00520833 0.
                                               0.69021739 0.
                                   0.07428571 0.00543478 0.80128205 0.120370371
           [0.01621622 0.03125
           [0.00540541 0.01041667 0.03428571 0.
                                                          0.07051282 0.49074074]
           [0.23243243 0.27604167 0.45142857 0.25543478 0.11538462 0.34259259]]
```

- (a) The perceptron classifier has the highest accuracy for examples that belong to class 5.
- (b) The perceptron classifier has the least accuracy for examples that belong to class 3.
- (c) The perceptron classifier most often mistakenly classifies an example in class 6 as belonging to class 5. (i = 5, j = 6)