

Margin behavior and other properties

#### **Block elements**

If a box is defined as a block, it will behave in the following ways:

- The box will break onto a new line.
- The box will extend in the inline direction to fill the space available in its container. In most
  cases this means that the box will become as wide as its container, filling up 100% of the
  space available.
- The width and height properties are respected.
- Padding, margin and border will cause other elements to be pushed away from the box

Unless we decide to change the display type to inline, elements such as headings (e.g. <h1>) and all use block as their outer display type by default.

### Block elements

#### Inline elements

If a box has an outer display type of inline, then:

- . The box will not break onto a new line.
- The width and height properties will not apply.
- Vertical padding, margins, and borders will apply but will not cause other inline boxes to move away from the box.
- Horizontal padding, margins, and borders will apply and will cause other inline boxes to move away from the box.

The <a> element, used for links, <span>, <em> and <strong> are all examples of elements that will display inline by default.

## Inline elements

# Introduction to the CSS basic box model

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/CSS\_Box\_Model/Introduction\_to\_the\_CSS\_box\_model https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building\_blocks/The\_box\_model

# Niederst Robbins, J., 2018. Learning Web design: a beginner's guide to HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and web graphics. Chapter 14

# Sources

