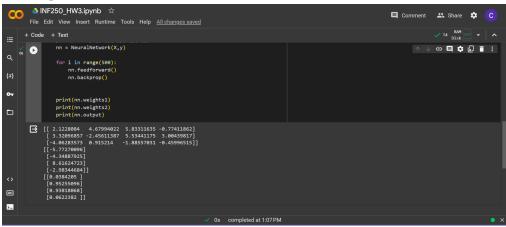
HW3: ML, Using Google's Colab, Verification "by hand," Teachable Machine

<u>01</u>

Backdrop 100 times:

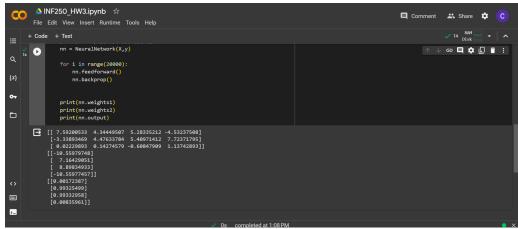
Backdrop 500 times:



Backdrop 1000 times:

Backdrop 5000 times:

Backdrop 20000 times:



Pattern: It seems that with the increase of the input range for each backdrop to perform, the output values get closer and closer to those desired (ie. 0, 1, 1, 0). Empirically, this may be due to the fact that the NN learns with each iteration of the backdrop.

<u>Q2</u>

Below, there are 4 screenshots that include my calculations based on the NN weights, 001, 011, 101, 111 (in that exact order). The highlighted parts are my Y output:

W020=	-10.5598	X1=	0	-5 33876	W020 part	Total = W020 + W	V120 + W220 + W320
W010=	7.592005	X2=	0	-5.55070	Wozo part	-6.36149	7120 : 44220 : 44320
			- 1			-0.30143	
W110=	-3.33893	X3=	1				
W210=	0.022299	0.022299	1 + e^=	1.977948		1+e^(total)=	0.001723817
W120=	7.164291	X1=	0	3.83738	W120 part		
W011=	4.344495	X2=	0				
W111=	4.476338	X3=	1				
W211=	0.142746	0.142746	1 + e^=	1.866974			
W220=	8.898349	X1=	0	3.135834	W220 part		
W012=	5.283352	X2=	0				
W112=	5.409714	X3=	1				
W212=	-0.60848	-0.60848	1 + e^=	2.837634			
W320=	-10.5598	X1=	0	-7.99594	W320 part		
W013=	-4.53238	X2=	0				
W113=	7.723718	X3=	1				
W213=	1.137429	1.137429	1 + e^=	1.320642			
W213=	1.13/429	1.13/429	T + 6 _v =	1.320642			

M020=	-10 5598	X1=	0	-0.36964	W020 part	Total - \	VU3U + VV	120 + W220 + W3	120
N010=	7.592005	X2=	1	0.30304	WOZO part	4.9922		20 - 11220 - 113	20
N110=	-3.33893	X3=	1						
W210=	0.022299	-3.31664	1 + e^=	28.56745		1+e^(to	tal)=	0.99325516	54
W120= W011=	7.164291 4.344495	X1= X2=	0	7.094327	W120 part				
W011= W111=	4.476338	X2= X3=	1						
W111= W211=	0.142746	4.619084	_	1.009862					
V211-	0.142740	4.015064	1+6	1.005002					
W220=	8.898349	X1=	0	8.825805	W220 part				
W012=	5.283352	X2=	1						
W112=	5.409714	X3=	1						
W212=	-0.60848	4.801235	1 + e^=	1.00822					
N320=	-10.5598	X1=		-10.5583	W320 part				
V013=	-4.53238	X2=	1						
V113=	7.723718	X3=	1	4.00					
N213=	1.137429	8.861147	1+e^=	1.000142					
020= 010=	-10.5598 7.592005	X1= X2=		1 -10.55	546 W020 part		al = W02	0 + W120 + W22	20 + W320
/110=	-3.33893	X3=		1		0.0			
/210=	0.022299	7.0	4 1 + e^=	1.0004	193	1+6	^(total)=	0.9	93329756
		,					(====)	313.	
/120=	7.164291	X1=		1 7.0845	77 W120 part				
011=	4.344495	X2=		0					
111=	4.476338	X3=		1					
211=	0.142746	4.48724	1 1 + e^=	1.0112	252				
220=	8.898349	X1=		1 8.8161	L24 W220 part				
012=	5.283352	X2=		0					
/112=	5.409714	X3=		1					
/212=	-0.60848	4.67487	3 1 + e^=	1.0093	327				
/320=	-10.5598	X1=			127 W320 part				
/013=	-4.53238	X2=		0					
113=	7.723718	X3=		1					
213=	1.137429	-3.3949	5 1 + e^=	30.813	305				
W020= W010= W110=	-10.5598 7.592005 -3.33893	X1= X2= X3=		1 -10 1).415 W020 part		otal = W0 4.77597	20 + W120 + W2	220 + W320
W210=	0.022299	4.275	37 1 + e^	= 1.01	3907	1-	e^(total)= 0.0	008359395
W120=	7.164291	X1=			3374 W120 part				
W011=	4.344495	X2=		1					
W111=	4.476338	X3=		1					
W211=	0.142746	8.9635	79 1+e^	= 1.00	0128				
W220=	8.898349	X1=			7978 W220 part				
N012=	5.283352	X2=		1					
W112=	5.409714	X3=		1					
W212=	-0.60848	10.084	159 1 + e^	= 1.00	0042				
	10.5500			4	4004 11/000				
W320=	-10.5598	X1=			4224 W320 part				
W013= W113=	-4.53238	X2= X3=		1					
	7.723718		772 1	1 1 01	2104				
/213=	1.137429	4.3287	772 1+e^:	= 1.01	3184				

[^]It's noticeable that put together, the Y output values produced are close to the ones desired [0, 1, 1, 0], and they closely match the output given from the run with 20000 iterations (see last backdrop screenshot).

Q3 https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com/models/52zJlgLlA/ ← link to my teachable model

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1FBqDXfgp6-77GsCnESeB3S4QAv8g3N5H?usp=sharing ← link to all the videos demonstrating the training process and final results **I will also include these videos as a .mov file in the zipped folder, as an alternative**